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Securing The Mission of Care

Today's Presenter

- Co-founder & CEO CynergisTek, Inc.
- Chair, HIMSS P&S Policy Task Force
- Chair, HIMSS P&S Steering Committee
- HIT Exchange Editorial Advisory Board
- HCPro Editorial Advisory Board
- HealthInfoSecurity.com Editorial Advisory Board
- Health Tech Industry Advisory Board
- Director of Security, DoD
- Excellence in Government Fellow
- US Marine Intelligence Officer, Retired



Mac McMillan FHIMSS/CISM CEO CynergisTek, Inc.



Medical Devices

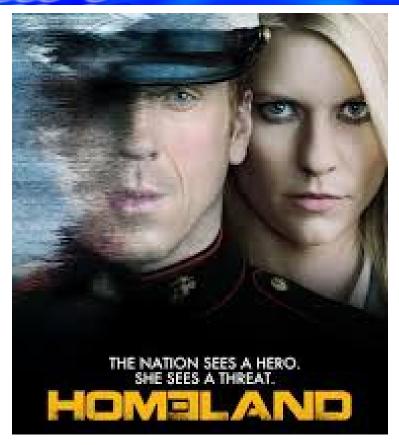
Discussion Items

- The Threat Is Real
- "Catch 22"
- The Government's Response
- The Question



"Broken Hearts"

- The series plot shows how dangerous a dedicated terrorist can be with the right information.
- Vice President Walden is assassinated by hacking his pacemaker and inducing a heart attack.





The Washington Post

October 21, 2013

The headline read:
"Yes, Terrorists could have hacked Dick Cheney's heart."

A real life example, in 2007 doctors disable the communication capability of Vice President Cheney's defibrillator to prevent hacking.





A History

1957 - 1993

• Pacemaker, Implants, Drug Pump, ICD and other medical devices are introduced

2002 - 2006

Remote monitors and wireless devices are introduced

2007 - 2012

• Researchers such as Jay Radcliffe, Nathaniel Paul and Barnaby Jack warn of risks with connected devices

2012

• Barnaby Jack demonstrates successfully hacking an insulin pump remotely

2013

• Barnaby Jack successfully hacks pacemaker, the Homeland Episode airs, DHS issues advisory after ¾ of 300 devices found insecure and FDA issues guidance for device makers and consumers



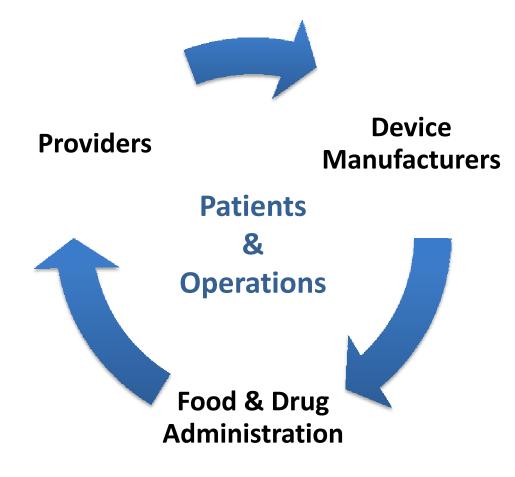
Networks & Devices At Risk

- If you did not think Malware was a threat, think again...
- 3.4 million BotNets identified
- Slightly less than half of all malware hosted in the United States
- 26% of Malware delivered via HTML, one in less than 300 emails infected
- Malware analyzed last year was undetectable in 40% of all anti-virus engines tested
- Starting in April 2014 Microsoft will no longer provide patches for WN XP and 2003. WN 2000, NT, etc. are already EOL

Various: Symantec, IBM, Solutionary Annual Threat Reports



"Catch 22"





Government Response

- Alert (ICS-ALERT-13-164-01). Medical Devices Hard-Coded Passwords, *June 13, 2013*
- Content of Premarket Submissions for Management of Cybersecurity in Medical Devices, June 14, 2013
- Radio Frequency Wireless Technology in Medical Devices, August 14, 2013
- Unique Device Identification System, Final Rule, September 24, 2013

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DHS Alert

- Alert discusses a hard-coded password vulnerability affecting roughly 300 medical devices across 40 vendors
- "If exploited could be used to change critical settings or modify device firmware"
- Affected devices include: surgical and anesthesia devices, ventilators, drug infusion pumps, external defibrillators, patient monitors & laboratory analysis equipment

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Premarket Submissions for Management of Cybersecurity in Medical Devices

Draft - Contains Non-Binding Recommendations

- Provides recommendations for effective cybersecurity management
- Stresses a careful consideration of the balance between cybersecurity and usability
- Security considerations include:
 - Limited access to trusted users only
 - Ensuring trusted content
 - Use of fail safe and recovery features
 - Hazards analysis, mitigations and design considerations
 - Traceability matrix linking controls to risks
 - Plan for providing validated updates and patches
 - Certification that device is provided free of malware
 - Instructions for antivirus/firewall use when appropriate



Radio Frequency Wireless Technology in Medical Devices

Contains Non-Binding Recommendations

- Provides guidance for addressing considerations related to incorporating radio frequency wireless technology in medical devices, to include:
 - Considerations for selecting RF bands
 - Wireless quality of service issues
 - Wireless Coexistance issues
 - Security of wireless signals & data
 - Electromagnetic compatibility issues
 - Proper set up and operation
 - Considerations for maintenance
 - Labeling considerations for users



Unique Device Identification System Final Rule

Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act

- Requires medical device manufacturers to provide a unique identifier as part of the label on medical devices
- This is a post market surveillance effort designed to:
 - Reduce medical errors
 - Simplify integration of device use information
 - Provide for more rapid identification of deices with adverse events
 - Provide for more rapid resolution of problems
 - Facilitate effective safety communications with the FDA



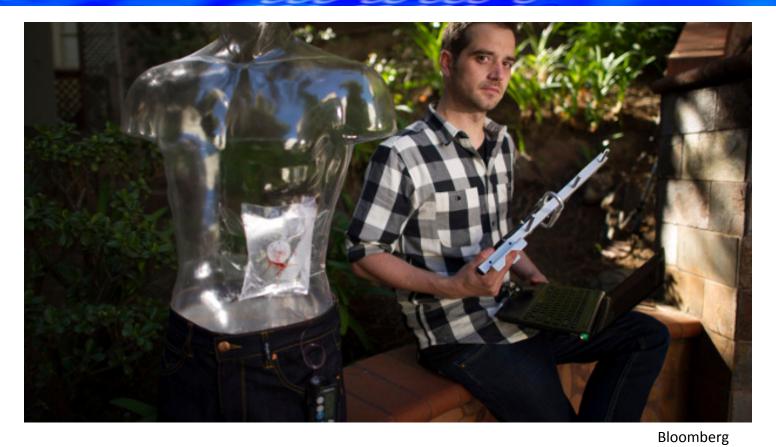
The Problem

 Most of the FDA's guidance on medical devices does not establish legally enforceable responsibilities. Instead, it describes the Agency's current thinking on a topic and provides recommendations, unless specific regulatory or statutory requirements are cited.

FDA Guidance Documents



The "Late" Barnaby Jack



A laptop, a directional antenna and a poorly engineered solution...

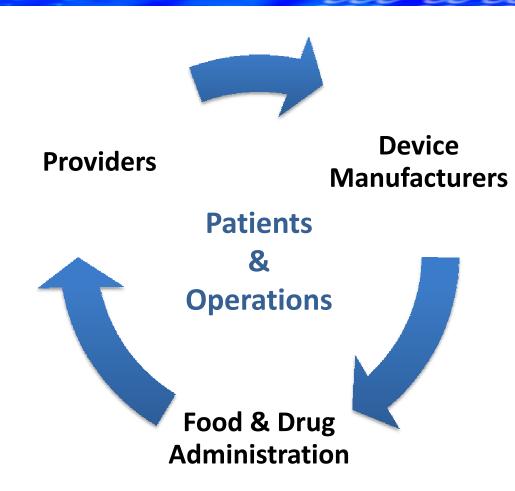


Common Shortfalls Cited Across Industry

- Lack of communication between Biomedical/Clinical Engineering and Information Technology
- Poor policies and procedures for medical device management
- Lack of segregation of devices on the network
- Lack of comprehensive/accurate inventory of medical devices
- Lack of policy/standards defining minimal requirements for deployment on network
- Non-existant or poorly defined patch management practices
- Devices running on EOL operating systems
- Medical devices not included in risk assessments
- Incomplete or missing MDS2 forms for devices deployed
- Medical devices not included in Entities HIPAA security program

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The Question What is it going to take?



"Just because we haven't heard of it yet doesn't mean its not a risk." Bruce Schnierer





Thank You



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