

HIPAA Transactions: Requirements, Opportunities and Operational Challenges

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Healthcare Costs



- Health Care Costs > \$1.2 Trillion
 - 14% of the GNP
 - Rising 2X the inflation rate
 - Administrative inefficiencies estimated at 10-20%

EDI – Electronic Data Interchange



- Computer to Computer
- Electronic Transmission of
- Inter-Industry Business Information

Workgroup for Electronic Data Interchange (WEDi)



- ■1991 by Dr. Sullivan, Sec. HHS
- ■1993 WEDi White Paper
 - Standardization of EDI in health care reduce costs > \$1 Billion per month
 - Government should not regulate
 - Industry and marketplace should drive standards adoption

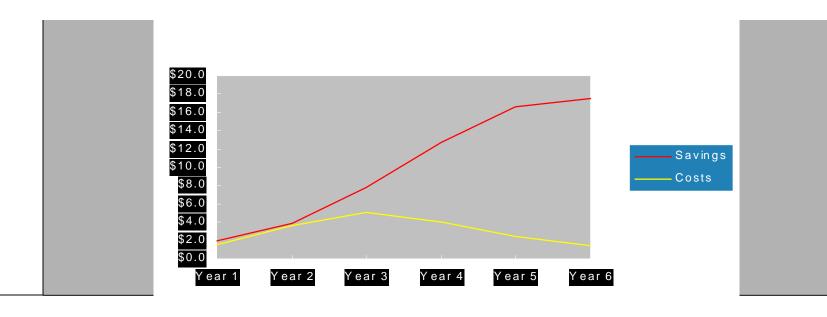
WEDi Cost Benefit Analysis



1993 WEDI Report - Net Savings Potential (\$ Billions)

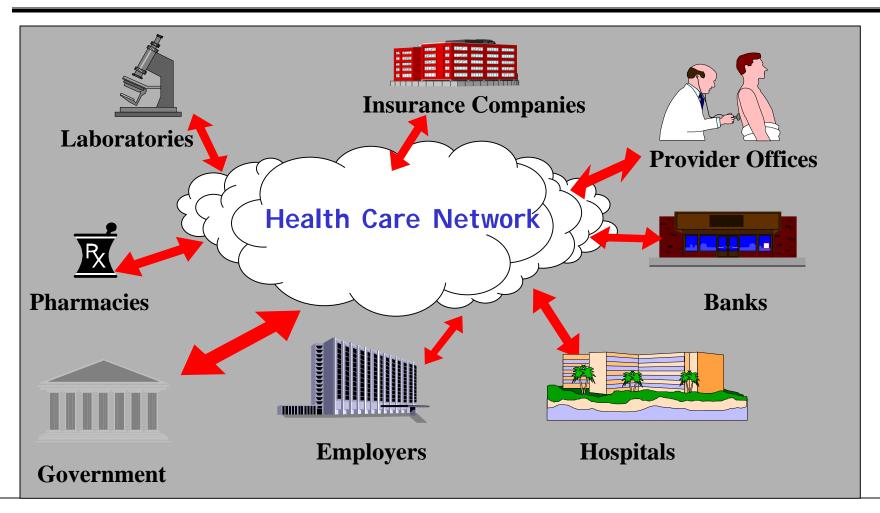
Savings
Costs
Net Savings

Year	1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Total
\$1	.9	\$3.9	\$7.8	\$12.7	\$16.6	\$17.5	\$60.4
\$1	.5	\$3.6	\$5.1	\$4.0	\$2.5	\$1.4	\$18.1
\$0).4	\$0.3	\$2.7	\$8.7	\$14.1	\$16.1	\$42.3



EDI Network





Healthcare Information – Key to Success



Connect and communicate

- Eligibility Information
- Referrals & Treatment Authorization
- Claims & Encounters
- Remittance Advice
- Claims Status
- Enrollment
- Prescription, Lab, Comparative Data

EDI Benefits – Revenue Cycle



- Automated & standardized processes = faster submissions and quicker payment
- Reduce claim denials
 - Eligibility & authorization
 - Standardized coding

EDI Benefits - Operational



- Front office cost reduction
 - Automate eligibility
 - Automate claims status & claims resubmission
 - Lower costs for authorization and referrals

EDI Benefits - Operational



- Back office cost reduction
 - Improve coding efficiencies
 - Automate EOB posting focus on exceptions & process improvement
 - Reduce/eliminate re-work & back-end processes

EDI Benefits - Strategic

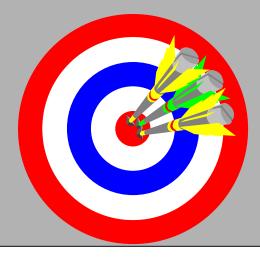


- Improve revenue predictability
- Enable health plan contract payment compliance
- Greater patient satisfaction
- Foster closer relationships between organizations

EDI – Clinical Benefits



- Increased Access to Information:
 - Clinical Outcomes
 - Practice Guidelines
 - Comparative Data
 - Other keys to decision-making process
- Result:
 - Higher Efficiency
 - Cost Effectiveness
 - Quality Care



Roadblocks to EDI Standards



- Major obstacle number of players.
 - 1 to 1.5 Million providers
 - > 20,000 hospitals
 - > 5,000 insurance companies
 - Thousands of other players (vendors, TPA's, etc.)
- EDI in Healthcare introduces challenges not found in any other industry.

HIPAA – to the Rescue



Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996

Administrative Simplification



"The government is here to help."

"Be careful what you ask for -- you just might get it...."

(Dr. William Braithwaite, Senior Policy Advisor, DHHS)

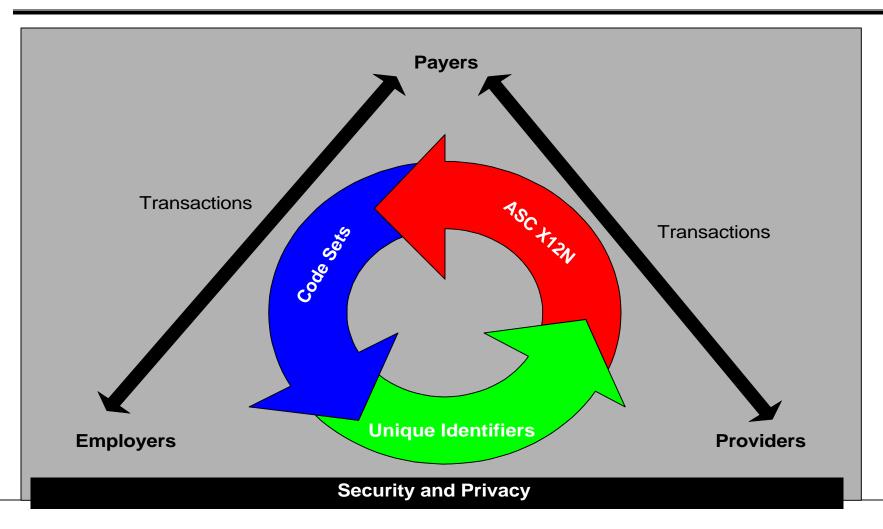
HIPAA — Administrative Simplification



- Sets standards
 - Transactions
 - Code sets
 - Identifiers.
- Mandates protecting privacy and securing the information

HIPAA - Administrative Simplification





HIPAA – Administrative Simplification



Impact & Scope

 Impact to all functions, processes and systems that store, handle or generate health information

Transactions Standards



Transaction	ASC Standard	Standard Date
> Claim	X12 837	Final - Aug 2000
> Enrollment	X12 834	Final - Aug 2000
> Claim Status	X12 276/277	Final - Aug 2000
> Eligibility	X12 270/271	Final - Aug 2000
> Payment/Remit	X12 835	Final - Aug 2000
> Referral	X12 278	Final - Aug 2000
≻ COB	X12 837	Final - Aug 2000
> Premium Payment	X12 820	Final - Aug 2000
> Attachment	X12 275/277-HL7	Draft - TBD
> First Report of Injury	X12 148	Draft - TBD

Code Sets Standards



<u>Uses</u>	Standard
Diseases, Injuries, Impairments & Manifestations	ICD-9 Vol. 1&2
Prevention, diagnosis, treatment & management (hospital inpatient)	ICD-9 Vol. 3
> Physician services, tests, DME, supplies,	CPT-4/HCPCS
devices, etc. (non-dental)	(no local codes)
> Dental services	CDT
Drugs & biologics	NDC (11 digits)
➤ Other transaction codes (e.g. place of	Transaction
service)	implementation
	guides

Standard Transactions: General Rule



If a covered entity conducts with another covered entity, using electronic media, a transaction for which a standard has been adopted, the covered entity must conduct the transaction as a standard transaction.

Who is Required to Use the Standards?



Health plans

Healthcare clearing houses

Healthcare providers that choose to submit or receive the transactions electronically

Transaction Standard



- All covered entities must comply
 - Includes using standards between different health care components within the same entity. E.g. provider component uses standard transaction to communicate with health plan component.

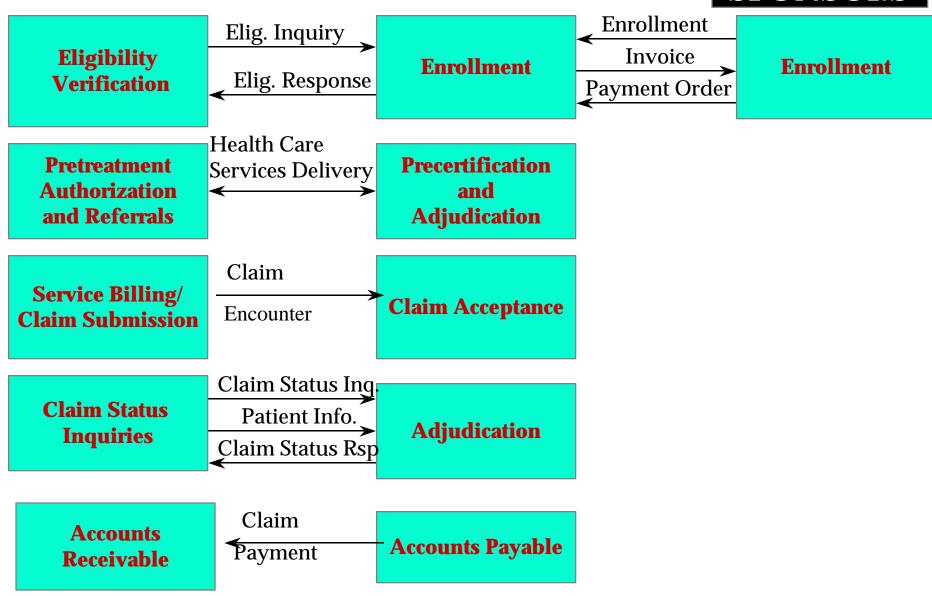
Transaction Standard



- Compliance may be achieved through a clearinghouse
- Includes DDE (Direct Data Entry)
- Excludes paper, telephone

PROVIDERS INSURANCE AND PAYERS

PLAN SPONSORS



Health Plan Requirements



- Required to accept the standard claim submitted electronically.
- Health plans may not require providers to make changes or additions to the standard claim.
- Health plans may not refuse a standard transaction or delay payment of a proper standard transaction.

Stored Data



- The transactions standards apply only when data are transmitted electronically.
- Data may be stored in any format as long as it can be translated into the standard transaction when required.

Clearinghouses



- May receive non-standard format or data content and translate into standard format or data content (e.g. billing service)
- Receive standard format or content and translate to non-standard format or content.

Administrative Simplification - Impact



- Health Plans must accept standards for all transactions they handle today, regardless of method (phone, fax, etc.).
- Healthcare Providers no longer permitted to use non-standard transaction formats (NSF, etc.)



- Sheer number of existing formats and trading partners
 - Health plan coordination
 - Testing and certification



- Content gaps
 - Formats
 - Systems
 - Impacts on data structures



- Business process changes
 - Information capture
 - Workflow
 - Reporting (e.g. time periods that cross "go-live" dates)



- Systems integration
 - Data flow
 - Acceptance & integration of standard formats (e.g. claims status)
 - Translators versus clearinghouses

Code Set Challenges



- Elimination of local codes
- HCPCS "J" codes to be replaced by corresponding NDC codes
 - NPRM expected to stop conversion to NDC codes
- History conversions/cross-walks

Code Set Challenges (cont'd)



Other coding practices will be affected, for example use of surgeon's CPT coupled with type of service for anesthesia will be disallowed – use of anesthesia CPT will be required

Implementation Risks



Y2K Syndrome

- We wind up the same the day after HIPAA as the day before
- Benefit dependent on operational integration
- HIPAA Hysteria
 - Focus on cost
 - Potential delay

Web Resources



WEDI & SNIP:

www.wedi.org/snip

AFEHCT

www.afehct.org

Web Resources



HIPAA Admin. Simpl. Information:

http://aspe.os.dhhs.gov/admnsimp

 ASC X12N home page & Implementation Guides:

http://www.x12.org

http://www.wpc-edi.com

Web Resources



- Transaction validation & certification
 - EHNAC <u>www.ehnac.org</u>
 - Claredi www.claredi.com

Questions?



Thank You

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