McKenna & Cuneo, LLP

BEHOLD THE FUTURE:

THE PAST WAS ROCKY ENOUGH

Protecting The Public Sector Business

FRANK M. RAPOPORT (202) 496-7406

- **Public Sector Legal Problems**
- Statutory Discounts Audits/Investigations
- Formulary Competition
- Ethics/Gifts



STATUTORY DISCOUNTS

- Medicaid (15% AMP)
- PHS Hospitals, AIDs CLINICS (Section 602 discount)
- VA, DOD, State VA Homes
 - (24% NON-FAMP)
 - (nominal price issue)



- VA FSS Bureau of Prisons -VA FSS (most favored customer)
- State local governments?
- Medicare?



AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS

 VA Inspector General (\$150 million)
 Medicare/Medicaid AWP/WAC (doctors and pharmacists) -Marketing The Spread
 PBMs paid to switch drugs



AUDITS AND INVESTIGATIONS

- Repackaging/Relabeling to Avoid Best Price
- Price Certifications
- Gifts to P&T members, PBMs, Plan Sponsor Personnel
- Voluntary Disclosure Program



The Future Is The Past (cont.)

CLOSED FORMULARIES

- Determinations of Therapeutic Equivalency
- Branded vs Branded; Generic vs Generic
- Low Price vs Efficacy, Outcome and Safety



Federal Government Offices that Purchase Pharmaceuticals Through VA Contracts

- Department of Veterans Affairs
 22 VISNS
 - Department of Defense
 - Public Health Service
 - Indian Health Service

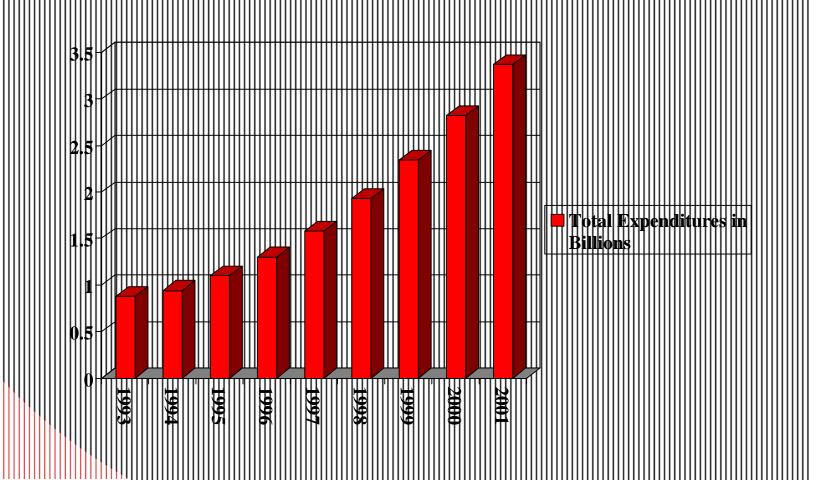


Federal Government Offices that Purchase Pharmaceuticals Through VA Contracts (cont.)

- Bureau of Prisons
- Tribal Contractors
- State Veterans Home
- Cooperative Purchasing?



VA Pharmacy Expenditures



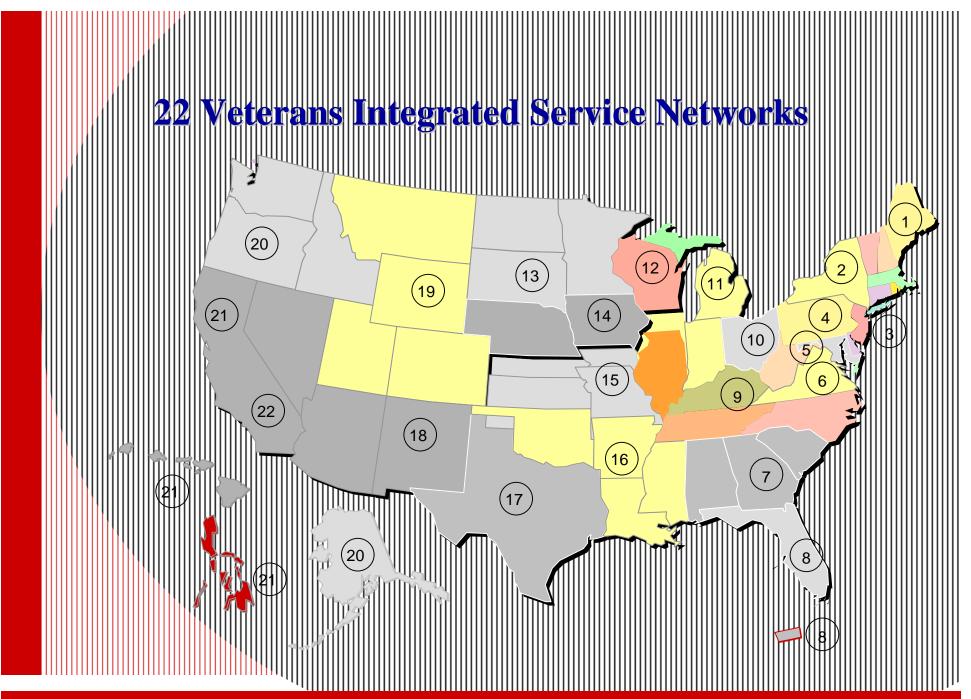
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Medicaid & PHS

- State Medicaid
- PHS Entities (Section 602)
- Disproportionate Share
 - **Hospitals (Section 602)**





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2001

Most Favored Customer Pricing Goal

"The Government will seek to obtain the offeror's best price (the best price given to the most favored customer). However, the Government recognizes that the terms and conditions of commercial sales vary and that there may be legitimate reasons why the best price is not achieved."

GSAR 538.270



CSP Sheets

 Bidder Must Disclose Sales and Discount Information on the CSP so that the VA can Evaluate the Offer Based upon Discounts, Terms, Conditions and Concessions Offered to Commercial Customers for Similar Purchases



CSP Sheets

- Failure to Disclose Current, Accurate, and Complete Information on CSP can Result in Liability
 - Information Must be Current, Accurate, and Complete as of 14 days Before Submission



Discounts

Rebates, Quantity Discounts, Purchase Option Credits, and any Other Terms or Conditions (other than concessions) which Reduce the Amount of Money a Customer Ultimately Pays for Goods or Services Ordered or Received



Disclosure Obligations - What to Disclose?

- Regular Discounts
- Rebates
- Bundling
- Free Goods
- Nominal Prices
- Administrative Fees
- Ad Hoc Discounting Policies

Remember: Update Discount Policies <u>After</u> Initial Submission & <u>Before</u> Close of Negotiations



Post-Award Audits Can Be Conducted

- Three Years After Final Payment for
 - Overbillings
 - Billing Errors
 - Compliance with Price Reduction Clause
 - Compliance with IFF

Basic Contract and Each Option Treated as Separate Contract

GSAR 552.215-71



Price Reduction Clause

• Contractor Must Make Same Offer to the Government



Neterans Health Care Act



Master Agreement and PPA

Covered Drugs Include:

- Single Source Drugs
- Innovator Multiple Source Drugs

 Drugs Marketed Under an Original NDA
- Biological Products
- Insulin



Master Agreement and PPA

- The Price During One-Year Term of PPA May not exceed 76% of the Non-FAMP Less and Additional Discount
- Non-FAMP is the Weighted Average Price Paid by Wholesalers, less any Cash Discounts, Chargebacks, or Similar Price Reductions



National Formulary?



National Formulary

- VA's Recent Initiative to Standardize Pharmaceuticals and Medical/Surgical Items
 - "The VA seeks to accomplish its greater goals of quality care, access, customer service and cost efficiency by creating national formularies for various drugs."



National Formulary

- Additional Savings for the Government Achieved Through National Buys
 - IV Solutions and Sets \$65 Million
 - Dietary Supplement \$20.7 Million
 - Pharmacy Standardization -\$178 Million



National Formulary

- Pharmacy Benefits Management ("PBM")
 - Staffed by Doctors of Pharmacy
 - Medical Advisory Panel ("MAP") – Consists of Nine VA Doctors
 - **Pharmoeconomic Center ("PEC")**



VISNs

- 22 Geographical Areas
 - Authority to Enter into a BPA with Contractors Based upon their MAS Contracts
 - National Formulary Contracts Override any Contract Entered into by a VISN



Refining The Solicitation Process

- Therapeutic Equivalency
- Oral Presentations of Clinical Data
- Comments on Draft Solicitations
- Award Primary and Secondary Drugs on a Single Contract



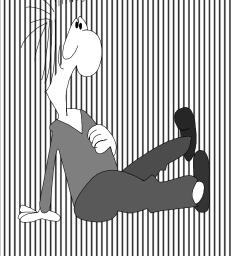
Clinical Drug Class Reviews

- Specific to VA Patient Needs
- Evidence Based
 - Pharmacology
 - Indications
 - Pharmacokinetics
 - Safety and Administration
 - Clinical Trials and Outcomes
 - Conclusions
 - Recommendations for Formulary Addition



Evaluation Criteria I H2 Receptor Antagonists Award Solely on Price

- Prespecified Dose and Package Sizes
- Award Based on Weighted Average price Per Dose





Evaluation Criteria I

Total Est. Annual Usage = 42 Million Average Daily Doses

Contract Period - 1 yr. + 1 yr. Option Period

• Offerors Shall Indicate Unique NDC Number



Formulary Award's Effect on Cost

\$20.00	╎╁╎┟┷╅╎╎╎╽				┼┼┼┼┼╢╓┼┟╧╧┪	Avg. Cost Per H2	₩₩
\$18.00						I I I I I M I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
\$16.00						Antagonist Prescript	
\$12.00							
\$10.00							Ш
\$6.00							Ш
\$4.00							Ш
\$2.00							
							Ш
\$0.00	╎╢╎╅╎╎╎╹		₩		╅┼┼┰┰╇╫╝╎╎╎╎╽		
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Evaluation Criteria II

LHRH Agonist (Prostate Cancer)

- Gov't Will Award Contract Most Advantageous, Price Alone Considered
 - Pricing Evaluation Based on Lowest Overall Cost Per Month Per Patient
- Contract Period 1 yr. + (4) 1 yr. Option Periods



Evaluation Criteria II

1	 G c)ser	elin	Ace	tate	Impla	nt	
1a	3.6	5 mg	5. , 1	Imp	olant	Syrin	ge	30%
1b	10	.8 n	ıg.,	1 In	nplan	t Syri	nge	70%
Tota	1 W	leig	ht					100%
2	Le	upr	olide	e Ac	etate	e for I	Depot 8	Suspensic
2a	7.5	i mg	3., 1	vial				15%
2Ь	7.5	5 mg	g., 6	vial	ls			15%
2c	22	2.5 r	ng.,	1 vi	ial			70%
Tota	1 W	leig	ht					100%



R

Evaluation Criteria III Multi-Source Prescription Drugs

- Best Value Procurement
 - Price More Important than Past Performance
 - No Award if Poor Performance Record
 - Past Performance
 - Evaluated to Assess Offeror's:
 - Reputation, Good Workmanship, Cooperative Behavior, Commitment to Cust. Sat., Business Concern for Interest of Customer
 - Gov't Will Evaluate Depth, Breadth, Relevancy and Currency of Work Experience



Evaluation Criteria IV Cimetidine Tablets

- Best Value Procurement
- Prespecified Dose and package Sizes
- Technical Evaluation Factors
 - Product Availability/Continuity of Supply
 - Quality Assurance Plan
 - Innovative and Flexible Packaging
- Past Performance:
 - 3 Most Recently Completed Contracts
 - 2 Current Contracts



Evaluation Criteria V HMG-CoA Reductase Inhibitors

- Best Value Procurement
- Two Awards
 - Primary: 60% 80% of 80,000 Patients
 - Secondary : 20% 40%
- Oral Presentation
- Cost less Important Than Technical Factors
- Technical Proposal Limited to 30 Pages
 Including Index



Evaluation Criteria V HMG-CoA Reductase Inhibitors

- Technical Factors (of Unequal Weight)
 - Safety
 - Efficacy
 - Outcome Reduction in Cardiovascular Event
 - Rate of Mortality
 - Responsiveness To Special Need of VA Patients
 - Best Combined Value of Outcome, Safety and Efficacy
 - Pharmacy Factors Ability To Supply CMOP In Set Dose Amount



Outcome

- Reduction of the Condition that the Drug Treats
 - Reduction in Cardovascular Event Rate or Mortality
 - Reduction in Mortality due to Congestive Heart Failure or Post Myocardial Infarction
 - Based Upon FDA Approvals and Published Studies



Compliance

Evaluation of the Method of Administration of the Drug

Compliance Drops as the Frequency of Drug Intake per Day Increases



Bfficacy

The Effectiveness of the Drug as Evidenced in Clinically Relevant Studies



Safety

Drugs Are Evaluated for Adverse Reactions and the Government Ranks the Offered Drugs on the Basis of Severity of Adverse Drug Reactions



VA Population

 The Government Seeks to Award a Contract to the Drug that Can Be Administered to the Most VA Patients with the Best Combined Outcome, Safety, and Efficacy.



Pharmacy Factors

The Offeror's Ability to Provide the Specific Packages of Drugs Within an Identified Time Frame



Bristol Myers Squibb Protest

- Solicitation Cost Evaluation Model Is Irrational
 - Fails to Produce Proper Cost Comparison
 - Model Uses Wrong Ratio Between Simvastatin and Pravastatin
 - BMS Says 2:1 not 3:1
 - VA Methodology Skews Costs by \$23 Million
 - VA Methodology Allegedly Overstates Cost of Pravachol by \$8.5 Million



Bristol-Myers Squibb Protest

Technical Criteria Are Flawed

BMS contends that by ranking Efficacy ahead of Outcome, the VA is in effect, putting the lesser goal of reduced cholesterol ahead of the greater goal of reduction in cardiovascular event rate. BMS contends that this inversion prejudices pravastatin, because pravastatin produces greater outcome benefits through means other than reduction in LDL-C levels.



Bristol-Myers Squibb Protest

GAO Decision

"The agency explains that the MAP believes as a matter of medical policy that the safety associated with the use of the particular statins and their relative efficacy in reducing LDL cholesterol levels are more important in the treatment of hypercholesterolemia that the statins' abilities to produce certain other desired outcomes. The agency's determination here is a reflection of its medical policies and judgments, which we will not consider under our bid protest function."



ACE Inhibitors - Solicitation No. M5-Q4-97

- VA Awarded Lisinopril National Formulary Status
 - Lisinopril Tablets Comprise 41% of Tablets
 Annually Dispensed by VA
- Award Based on "Lowest Overall Cost" to Government



ACE Inhibitors

- Two Procurements
 Lisinopril (Sol. No. M5-Q4-97)
 - Zeneca v. Merck
 - Lowest Overall Cost
 - Another ACE Inhibitor (Sol. No. M5-Q3-97)
 - BMS v. Novartis
 - Best Value Procurement



Bristol-Myers Squibb Protest -Solicitation No. MI5-Q4-97

- Bifurcated ACE Inhibitor Procurement is on a "Brand Name" or Directed-Source Basis
 - VA Cannot Justify Limiting Competition to the two Manufacturers of Lisinopril
 - VA Improperly Conducted two
 - Procurements Because Lisinopril has 41% of Market
- BMS Withdrew this Protest and Contract was Awarded to Merck



ACE Inhibitors - Solicitation No. M5-Q3-97

- Technical Factors (cost less important)
 - Outcome
 - Compliance Method of Drug Administration
 Efficacy
 - Safety
 - Responsiveness to Needs of VA Population
 - Pharmacy Factors
- Oral Presentation
- Final Proposal Limited to 30 Pages
- Pricing Evaluation
 - Offered Unit Prices Evaluated on Weighted Average



Novartis Pharmaceuticals Protest Solicitation No. M5-Q3-97

- Contract Awarded to BMS
 - VA Conducted Defective Technical Evaluation
 - VA Did Not Evaluate Specific Technical Subfactors in RFP
 - VA Did Not Follow Evaluation Criteria in RFP
 - Novartis Argues a Careful Technical Evaluation Did Not Occur
 - VA Did Not Consider/Credit Documented Technical Advantages in Novartis' Offer



Alpha Blockers (Pfizer v. Abbott)

- Best Value Procurement
 - One Award
- Priced Based on Proposed Aggregate Price for All Line Items
 - Prices Not Part of Evaluations
 - Additional Strengths
 - Packaging Sizes
 - Optional Line Items
 - Additional Consideration for Scored Tablets
 Will be Integrated
- Awardee to Provide Standard Starter Kits at No Additional Cost



Pfizer, Inc. Protest

- Solicitation Fails to Consider Differences Between Competing Drugs
 - Pfizer Argues Longer "Half-Life" than Competitor's
 - Pfizer Drug Can be Administered in A.M. and P.M.
 - Higher Switching Costs if Competitor's Product Selected
 - Starter Packs
 - Pfizer Five-Week Supply
 - Competitor's Three-Week Supply



Pfizer, Inc. Protest

GAO Decision

"While the drug formulations solicited are not identical, the record makes clear that, after a detailed examination of product and test reports, the VA reasonably determined that the drugs are essentially equal for treatment of HTN and BPA. Under these circumstances, the agency determination that price should be the determinative factor is unobjectionable, and this determination obviated the need for inclusion of any technical factors in the evaluation scheme."



Nifedipine Procurement (Bayer v. Pfizer)

- Price Only Procurement
- One Award
 - Two Formulations of Long-Acting Nifedipine
- Prices Evaluated According to a Weighted Average Formula
 - The Weighted Average Does Not
 - **Incorporate Additional Strengths Offered**



Pfizer, Inc. Protest

- The Two Formulations of Nifedipine Should Not Compete
 - The MAP Should Defer to FDA's Judgement
 - Bayer's Formulation is Only Approved for Hypertension
 - Pfizer's Formulation is Approved for Hypertension and Angina
 - Other Differences Between the Two Drugs
 - Dosing Range
 - Condition of Administration
 - Rate of Delivery and Resulting Plazma Drug Level



Pfizer, Inc. Protest

- Other Factors, Even if the Two Drugs are in Competition
 - Potential Adverse Effects From
 Switching
 - Increase in Overall Costs By Using Bayer's Product
- Comptroller General Denied Protest

 VA Within Discretion



Hoechst Marion Roussel Protest

RFP Issued for Diltiazem

Award of Single Requirements - Type Contract for a Base Year and Four One-Year Options



RRP

• Price and Past Performance – Price More Important

• Some, but Not All, of Commercially Available Dosage Strengths Evaluated

• Any Additional Strength May be Added After Award by Mutual Agreement



HMR

- RFP Does Not Accurately Reflect Agency's Needs
- Any Post-Award Modification is Improper Sole-Source Award
 - Payment of Cost of Recalibrating Machines is Prohibited Remuneration Under the Anti-Kickback Act



Comptroller General

- The VA's Failure to Permit
 Offerors to Propose Larger Doses
 is Improper
 RFP Does Not Adequately Reflect
 - Agency's Needs
- VA May Not Award a Contract with the Intention of Materially Modifying it after Award



Comptroller General

Sustained VA's Evaluation Scheme Concerning Efficacy

Declined to Rule Upon Allegations Concerning the Anti-Kickback Act



Summary of Evaluation Criteria

Lowest Evaluated Price

- Lowest Evaluated Price and Past Performance
- Best Value
 - Balance of technical merit,
 management capability and cost factors providing "best value" to Government
 - Demonstrate Productivity Benefit Yielding Greater Cost Savings



Expanded Listing of Drug Categories for National Standardization and Contracting

- Exchange Resins
- Hypoglycemic Agents
- Orally Inhaled Corticosteroids
 - **Topical Corticosteriods**
- · Acyclovir/Fancyclovir/Valacyclovir
- Potassium Chloride Supplements
 - Thephylline Products
 - **Opthalmic Beta Blockers**
- Long-acting Morphine Products



Expanded Listing of Drug Categories for National Standardization and Contracting

- Tubex/Carpujet Product Lines
- OTC Multisource Products
- Quinolones
- Controlled Substances
- Tricyclic Antidepressants (dosage review)
- Diagnotic Test Strips (to be referred to radiology service lab medicine)
- Radiologic Contrast Media (to be referred to radiology/cardiology services)



Expanded Listing of Drug Categories for National Standardization and Contracting

- Proton Pump Inhibitors
- Selective Serotonin Reuptake
 Inhibitors
 - Glucose Test Strips
 - Beta Agonist Inhalers
- Nasal Inhaled Steroids



Disease Management Protocols Completed

- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- Hypertension
- Diabetes non-insulin dependent
- Hyperlipidemia
- HIV/AIDS antiretroviral therapy

www.dppm.med.va.gov



Upcoming Procurements

Generic 2000 Group

AcyclovirHydroxyureaAzothyopreneRentoxiphyllineEtodolacRifampinFurosemideSedegileneGlipizideSucralfate



Upcoming Procurements

Generic 2000 B Group

Albuterol tabletDillofenalAmitriopylineHCTZBupropionImipramineBuspironeIsoorbideCarbidopa/LevidopaKetoconazone creamCarisopridolMeclizineCapsaisinClonidine



Disease Management Protocols in

Development

- Congestive Heart Failure
- Depression
- Coronary Artery Disease: Pharmacologic Management Post MI
- Chronic Stable Angina
- BPH/Advanced Prostate Cancer
- Glaucoma
- Peptic Ulcer Disease
- Degenerative Joint Disease





BID Protests

- Baxter Health Care Corporation B-230580.5 (4/26/90)
- Baxter Health Care Corporation B-238306 (5/14/90)
- SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals B-252226.2(8/4/93)
- Merck & Co., Inc. GAO Bid Protest B-248655 (5/19/92)
- SmithKline Protest to PEC in Texas against Eli Lilly over Placement on DOD Formulary
- Bristol Myers Protest vs. Merck (HMG)
- TAP Protest vs. Zenaca (LDHG)



BID Protests cont'd

- Pfizer Protest (Alpha-Blockers)
- Bristol Myers Protest (ACE)
- Novartis Protest (ACE)
- Bayer Pfizer (Nifedipine)
- HMR (Diltiazem)



BID Protests

- Time For Filing A Bid Protest
 - Defects or Ambiguities in the Solicitation Before Proposals are Due
 - Pre-award 10 days
 - Post-award 10 days
 - Automatic Stay
 - Request Debriefing Within 3 Days of Notification (Negotiated Procurements Only)
 - 10 Days After Debriefing
 - 5 Days After Debriefing



THE FUTURE UNDER MEDICARE

Pharmacists and PBMs have a fiduciary responsibility to Act in the Best Interests of patients and not to accept gifts or payments to influence those acts
 PBMs Under Medicare as Government Contractors



THE FUTURE UNDER MEDICARE (Cont.)

- Every beneficiary in geographic region would have some PBM
- Different formularies for different regions
- Closed vs open formularies
- Federal funding and Federal oversight



THE FUTURE UNDER MEDICARE (Cont.)

- QUI TAM actions by insiders involving common practice of drug manufacturers, insurers, and PBMs, and physicians
- Close scrutiny from media, Congress and interest groups, and access to previously confidential information



THE FUTURE UNDER MEDICARE (Cont.)

 Formulary control programs involving secret payments will not survive media or Congressional scrutiziation

