Compliance Strategies & Operational Considerations to Manage Disclosure Regulations



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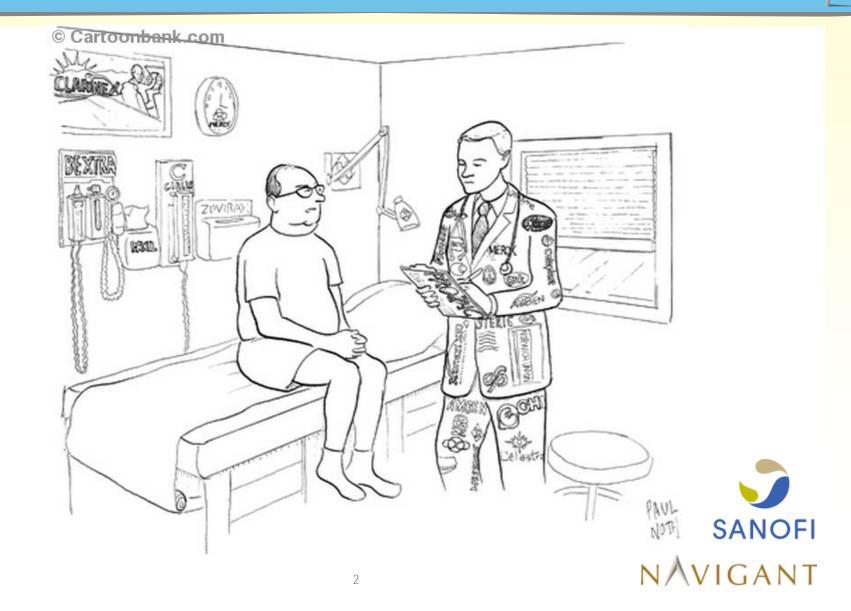
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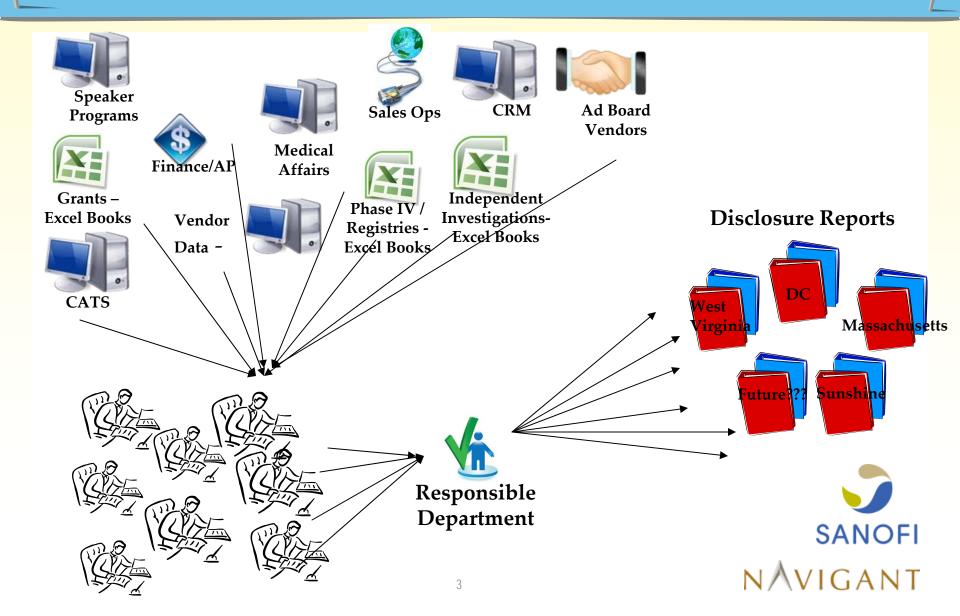
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Goal: Publicize and Minimize Conflicts of Interest



The Complexity of Transparency



Paddling Up the Transparency River







Data Collection and Reporting





Data Collection and Reporting

- » Reportable Information Covered Recipients
- » Reportable Information Payments or Transfers of Value
- » Data and Information Technology



Reportable Information – Covered Recipients

- » Obtain and validate the Covered Recipient's:
 - > Full name as listed in NPPES
 - > Primary business address
 - > National Provide Identifier ("NPI") as listed in NPPES
 - > Specialty
 - > State professional license number(s) and the State(s) in which the license is held (for at least one State where the physician maintains a license)
- » Reconcile with the National Plan & Provider Enumeration System (NPPES)
- » Obtain and validate
 - > Pharmaceutical/biological Related Covered Product's NDC number or if name has not been selected, the name registered on clinicaltrials.gov
 - Medical device/supply Related Covered Product's marketed name and therapeutic area or product category



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Reportable Information – Payments or Transfers of Value

» Obtain and validate:

- > Transaction date, total value (including tax and shipping), and form (e.g. cash/cash equivalent, in-kind items or services)
- Name of the covered recipient receiving a research payment or other transfer of value
- Name and primary business address of a non-covered recipient (i.e. a non-teaching hospital or clinic) receiving a research payment or other transfer of value
- > Name(s) of any related covered drugs, devices, biologicals or medical supplies and the relevant National Drug Code(s) for drugs and biologicals as applicable
- Information about each physician covered recipient principal investigator as applicable
- Name of the research study



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Reportable Information – Payments or Transfers of Value (cont.)

- » Methodology to determine
 - > Fair market value
 - In-kind item or service
 - Stock, stock options, or any other ownership interests
 - Dividends, profits or other returns on investment
 - > The eligibility for delayed publication of a research payment or transfer of value
 - > The total amount of the research payment, including all research-related costs for activities outlined in a written agreement, research protocol, or both



Data and Information Technology

» Identify:

- > Systems within your organization with spend or transfers of value going through them; and any other information to support reporting
- > Timing of data capture of these systems
- > Internal owners of these various systems
- > If data is duplicated in multiple systems
- What information needs to be captured from which data sources (i.e., via a data map)



Data and Information Technology (cont.)

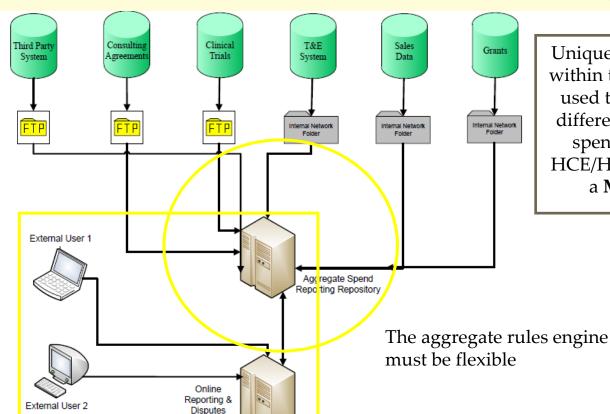
» Process:

- > To assign unique identifiers (e.g. a customer master number) to link data
- To aggregate data into a centralized repository
- > For testing, reconciliation and/or scrubbing to remove redundancies and ensure the data is accurate and complete
- For validating data integrity from third-party vendors that interact with Covered Recipients on behalf of your organization
- > To backup your systems and third-party data sources on a regular basis
- > For a secure means for transferring data from the vendor to your organization
- Review your data retention policies to ensure that they are sufficient to support reporting requirements



Illustration: Aggregate Your Data





Unique Identifiers within the data are used to map the different types of spend from a HCE/HCP and are a MUST.

The aggregation must be able to be scalable

Regardless of how good your system is, bad data in **always** leads to bad data out





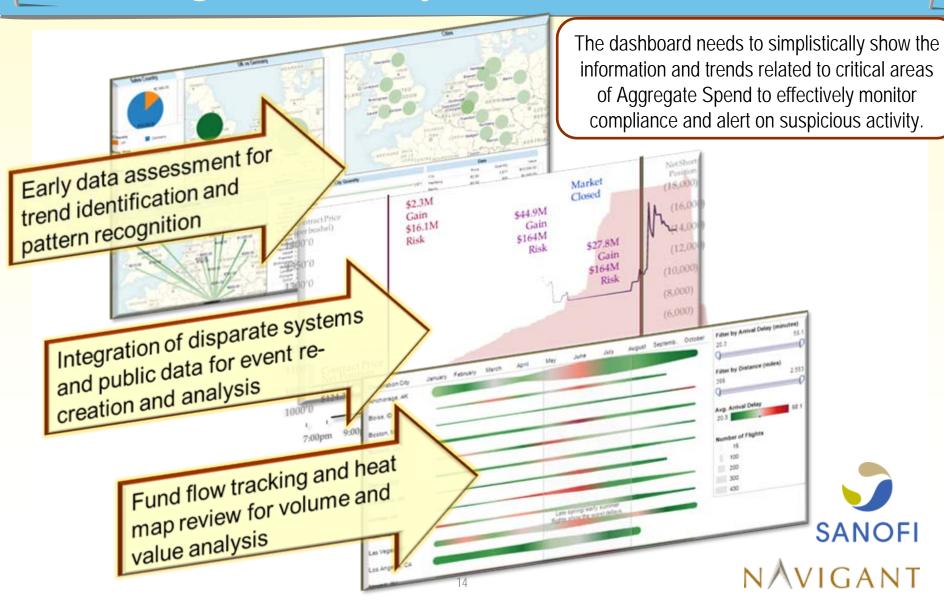
Portal

Manual Aggregation vs. Enterprise Integration

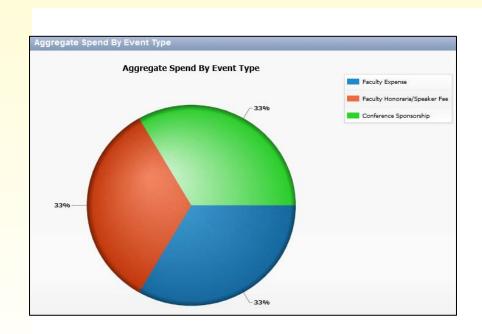
	Manual Data Aggregation	Enterprise Data Aggregation	Enterprise Integration Points
Web-Based	X	\checkmark	Can be accessed anywhere with an internet connection
Ease of Use	X	V	User friendly interface
Security	F	\checkmark	All data housed on secured servers
Ease of access to information	×	V	Easily access all information in one centralized location
Resource needs	£ 3	Ę	Infrastructure and support costs – long run vs. short run
Cost-Efficient		E /3	Only small amounts of custom coding after development needed



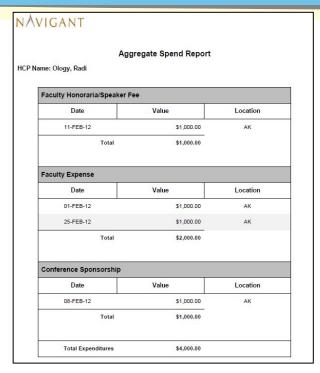
Dash Boarding and Reporting: Using Data Analytics and Visualization



Dash Boarding and Reporting: Internal and External Uses



- This feature can be used internally at various corporate levels
- Reports are customizable based on the business need
- It allows for a holistic view of where spend is going by event type



- Used externally for reporting to State and Federal Agencies
- Reporting needs to show the <u>facts</u> within the data
- Reports can be sent to physicians before being reported to SANOFI government agencies

HCP Communication & Dispute Resolution





Are HCPs Ready and Informed?

» 50% of HCPs Unprepared for Sunshine

- > Survey of 1,000 Physicians, half of the respondents did not know that the law required reporting of expenditures annually
- > Approximately 20% of respondents said they would <u>sever</u> their relationship with Manufacturers who reported inaccurate information to the public



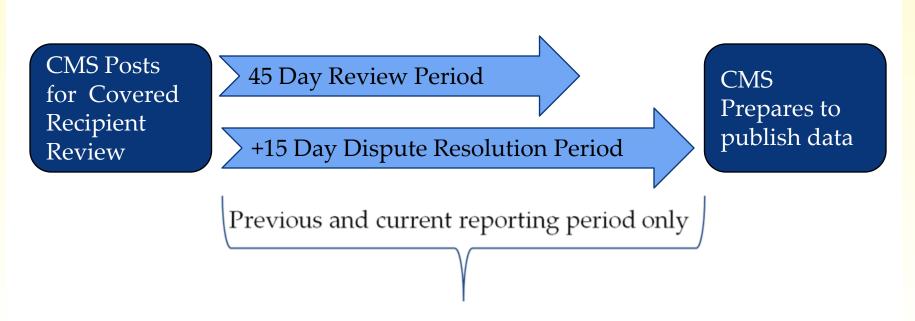
Are HCPs Ready and Informed? (cont.)

» Other concerns from HCPs

- HCPs concerned that reputation could be damaged by inaccurate reporting
- Dispute Resolution (covered in the next section)
- > Who is going to be using this publicly available data. Some lessons learned on the CIA experience with public postings:
 - Affiliated medical facility
 - Estranged spouse
 - IRS
 - Physician threatens legal action for incorrect posting



How Can a Covered Recipient Dispute a Value?



Is this enough time to research and potentially correct a dispute?



Covered Recipients Education and Communication

» Plan:

- > For communicating data reporting requirements to the Covered Recipients with whom your organization interacts
- > To ask Covered Recipients to verify their personal information required for reporting (name, address, specialty, state license and NPI numbers)
- To document situations when a Covered Recipient declines a payment or other transfer of value
- To document requests from Covered Recipients to make payments on their behalf to another individual or entity
- > To address disputed information
- » Also, will you provide Covered Recipients an opportunity to review the information that will be reported prior to submission?



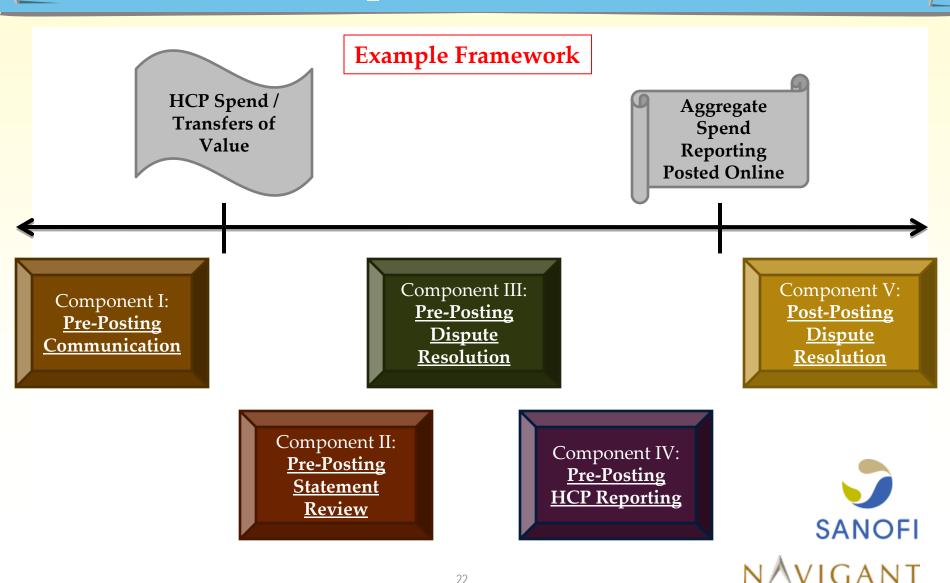


Employee Education and Communication

- » Do you have a plan to educate employees and third party agencies who interact with covered recipients regarding the new or updated policies and procedures?
- » Do you have resources available and dedicated to answering questions employees might have about the various interactions, and associated policies and procedures, with covered recipients?



HCP Inquiry & Dispute Resolution Process: **Potential Components**







Implications & Challenges

» Greater Transparency = Greater Scrutiny

- » Widespread public disclosure of Industry interactions with HCPs will shape how these relationships are viewed by the enforcement authorities, regulators, legislators, and the public.
- » Trust will become an increasingly important element of the relationships between Industry companies and HCPs
- » Anticipate new standards for "effective compliance" with emphasis on greater visibility and prompt response to impropriety



Organizational Structure: Resources, Roles and Responsibilities

- Executive sponsors and other key contributors in your organization to ensure successful collection and reporting of your data
- » Designation of who/which department is accountable for understanding your organization's policy and procedure matrix and ensuring that appropriate updates/revisions have been made
- » Business resources and existing controls that will be used to ensure that all relevant data is initially captured as completely and accurately as possible
- Designation of ownership of the relevant Vendor relationships to ensure they are as informed/ involved as possible at all times
- Responsible for testing and monitoring at Headquarters and in the Field to identify potential gaps in policies or processes and understand the "story" told by the data?



Written Standards

- » Does your organization have policies in place that govern the continuum of its relationships with Covered Recipients (physicians and teaching hospitals)?
 - » Food and Beverage?
 - » Entertainment?
 - » Gifts?
 - » Speakers?
 - » Consultants?
 - » Fee for Service/Fair Market Value?
 - » Preceptorships?
 - » Travel and Expense Reimbursement?
 - » Education (Accredited and Non-Accredited)?
 - » Grants?
 - » Charitable Donations?
 - » Market Research?
 - » Research?
 - » Clinical Investigations?
 - » Use of third-party vendors who interact with Covered Recipients on behalf of your organization?
 - » Royalties and Licensing?



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Written Standards (cont.)

- Procedures, including detailed review and approval processes related to services provided by, and/or grants and charitable donations provided to, Covered Recipients and to maintain documentation:
 - » Of legitimate and unmet business need
 - That service providers are selected based on their credentials and other justifiable factors
 - That service fees represent fair market value for the service provided, and FMV based on appropriate criteria and are applied consistently across the organization
 - » Of whether the education is non-accredited or accredited; and, whether your organization was involved with selecting the speaker or provided an identifiable set of individuals to be considered as speakers for the continuing education program
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Written Standards (cont.)

- » Procedures, allowing for consistent designation regarding the nature of payments made to Covered Recipients (e.g., General Ledger codes)
- » Procedures, including an established means for allocating the value of a meal/snack/beverage across multiple Covered Recipients, clearly documenting:
 - » Whether the Covered Recipient accepted or declined the meal/snack/beverage;
 - The total number of people who accepted the meal/snack/beverage;
 - The total value of the meal/snack/beverage including tax and tip; and
 - » Identifying a standard process for managing and documenting policy exceptions

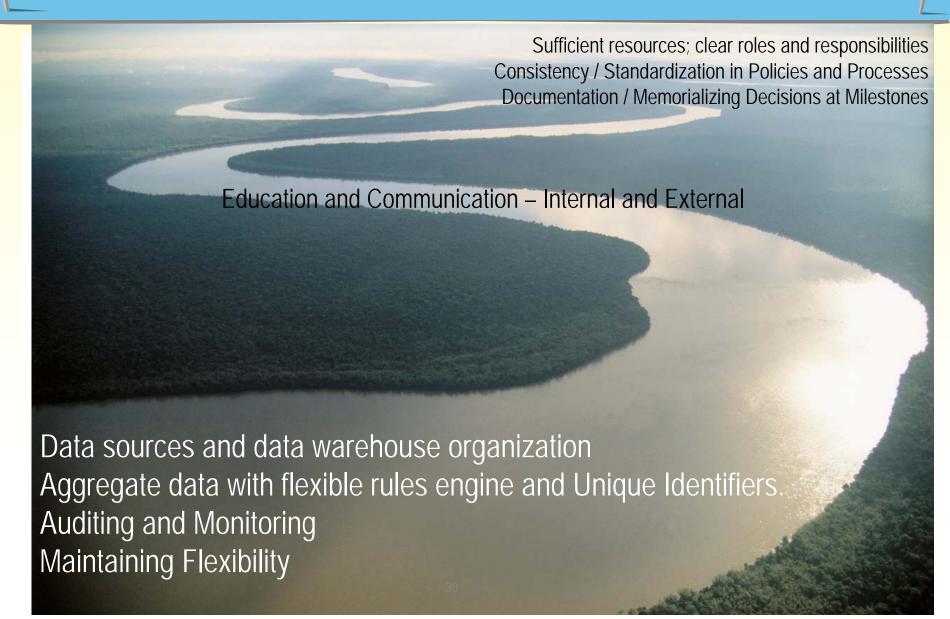


Auditing and Monitoring

- » To assess whether activities conducted align with policies and procedures
- » To test your data to determine if there are any gaps in your policies, procedures or training
- To allow time to resolve any deficiencies prior to the start of data collection on August 1, 2013
- Plus maintain focus on other risk areas within your overall A&M plan



Critical Success Factors: Avoiding Sunburn Traveling on the Delta Queen Disclosure



Diagnostic: https://technologysolutions.navigant.com/pls/apex/f?p=133



