Next Generation DM™

Financial Incentives & Preventive Molecular Medicine

David W. Moskowitz MD, MA (Oxon.), FACP
June 23, 2005
Jefferson Medical College
Philadelphia

© GenoMed, Inc. 2000-2005



GenoMed's Mission Statement

 To find the molecular basis of common diseases, and

 To use this information to improve patient outcomes as quickly, safely and inexpensively as possible.

Comparison w/ other DM cos.

- Cutting-edge medicine (genomics), not out-of-date consensus guidelines ("EBM")
- Ongoing clinical research
- Financial incentivization of MDs
- Constant contact w/ MDs & pts
- We own the Intellectual Property

Who pays for prevention now?

Nobody

- Health plans (BCBS) arose in 1920s to reimburse surgeons; have kept their close financial ties to hospitals ever since
- Health plans make a profit on their volume;
 have no incentive to decrease volume
- 20-50% annual turnover means plans will only help their competitors if they prevent disease, so none do

Why are financial incentives necessary?

- Physicians are fundamentally antiinnovative
 - "community standard" definition of malpractice;deviation = massive risk (loss of livelihood)
- Medicine is fundamentally anti-innovative
 - Except for surgery, devices, procedures, & new drugs, which make money & raise healthcare costs
 - NOT rigorously outcomes tested

Example of EBM

- Lung volume reduction surgery
 - Panned in NEJM: A Randomized Trial Comparing Lung-Volume–Reduction Surgery with Medical Therapy for Severe Emphysema
 - National Emphysema Treatment Trial Research Group N Engl J Med 2003; 348:2059-2073, May 22, 2003. "...Overall, lung-volume—reduction surgery increases the chance of improved exercise capacity but does not confer a survival advantage over medical therapy."
 - But reimbursed by CMS!!!!

Example of an EBM Reject

- Not published in NEJM or Lancet
- Not an RCT
- Not a \$50-100 M study

Instead,

- Published in Diab Tech &Ther 9/2002
- Consecutive case series, n=1000
- Done w/out support, i.e. for free
- Like pre-WW II medicine

ACE is the major aging gene

- ACE is rate-limiting step for angiotensin II production
- ACE D/D genotype = overactivity of ACE
 - D/D has 2 times as much activity as ACE I/I;
 - 1.5 times as much as ACE I/D
- ACE D/D is associated w/ ~150 diseases in whites (75%), ~40% of diseases in blacks
- ACEI = fountain of youth?

Diseases with Published Outcomes

- CRF due to NIDDM or HTN in white and black men (n=1,000)
- ASPVD due to HTN (case report)
- COPD (case report)

Recently published (Curr Top Med Chem 7/04):

– Psoriasis (2), pancreatic cancer (1), WestNile virus encephalitis (8)

In trials: Cancers, MS, chronic fatigue, Alzheimer's,

Parkinson's, etc.

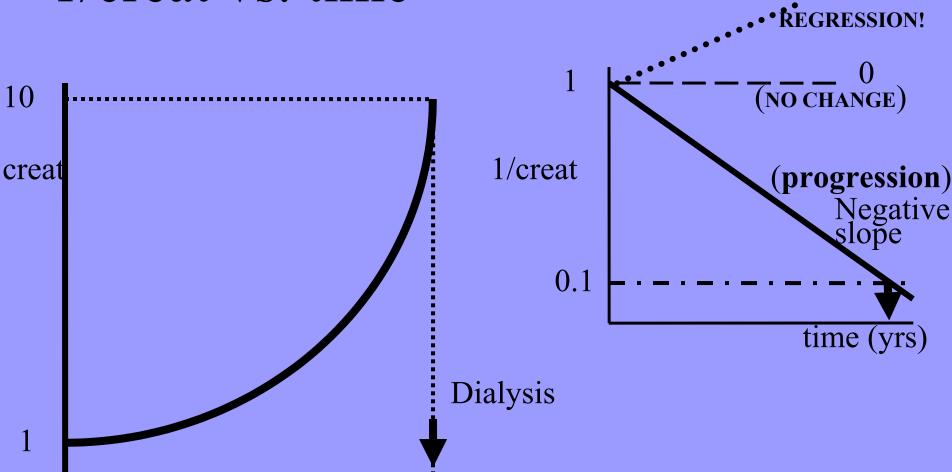
Preventing Kidney Dialysis due to Diabetes or Hypertension

GenoMed can Prevent 90% of Kidney Dialysis

- Due to diabetes or hypertension
- In whites, blacks, and Hispanics
- Our outcomes are the best in the literature
 - 1,000 St. Louis VA patients 1994-1997
 - Ref. Diab Technol & Ther 4(4):519-531, 2002.
 - No adverse events in over 3,000 patient-yrs
- Requires our patent-pending treatment to be started early: before creatinine is 2 mg/dl

Clinical Results in Diabetic Kidney Disease



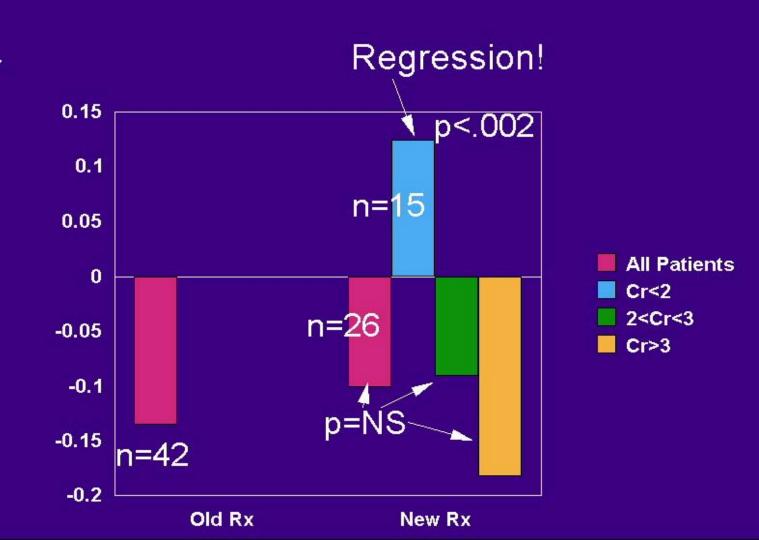


Positive slope

time (yrs)

Progression of CRF due to NIDDM: white men

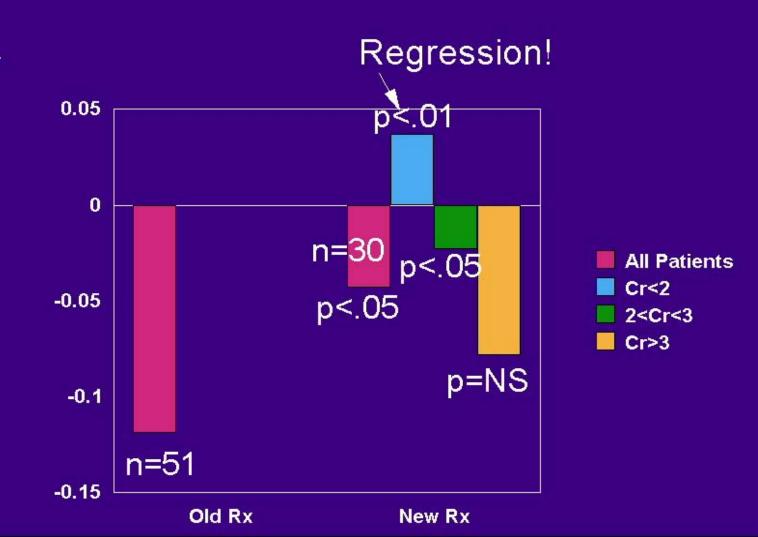
slope 1/cr vs. time



The blue bar means kidney disease has regressed, i.e. progression to end-stage kidney disease has been reversed.

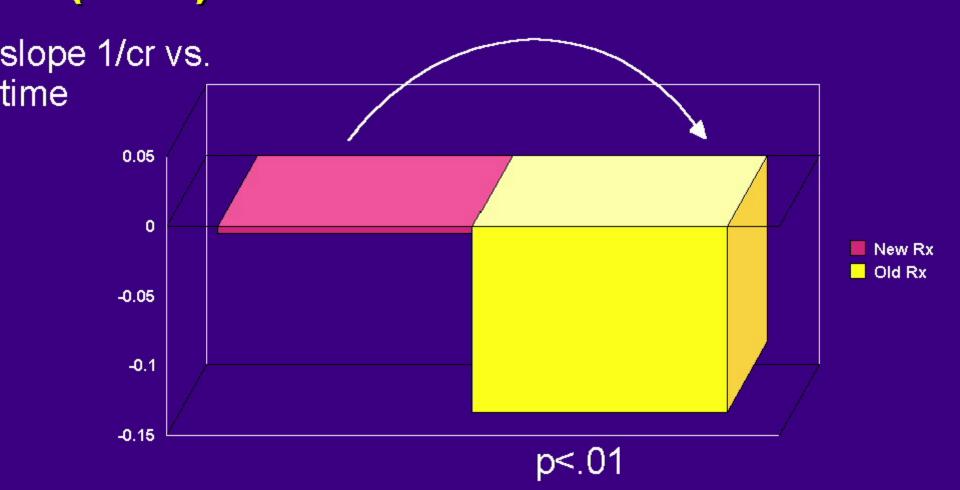
Progression of CRF due to NIDDM: black men

slope 1/cr vs. time



Dose and specific ACE inhibitor are crucial (& patentpending)

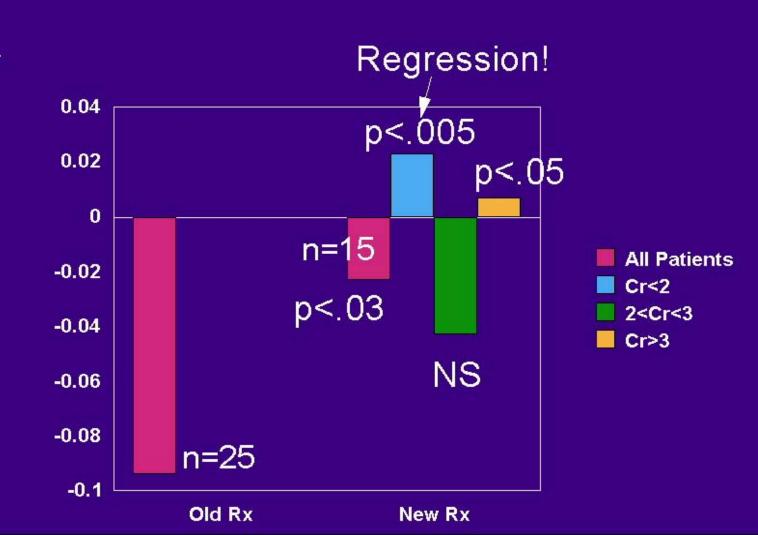
Inadvertent Cross-over Design
From New Rx to Conventional Rx
Black men w/ CRF due to NIDDM
(n=21)



Chronic Kidney Disease due to High Blood Pressure

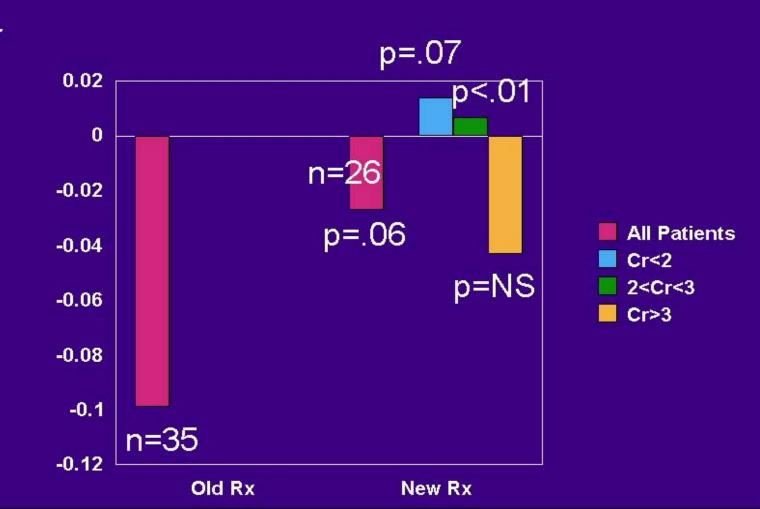
Progression of CRF due to HTN: white men

slope 1/cr vs. time



Progression of CRF due to HTN: black men

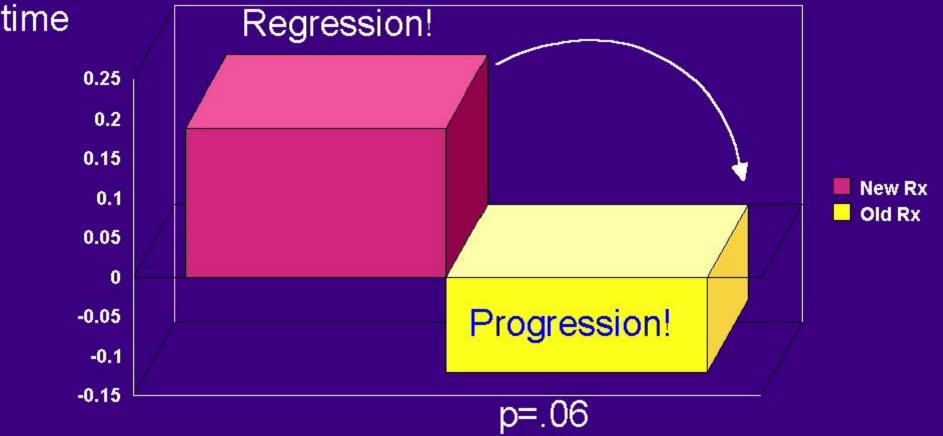
slope 1/cr vs. time



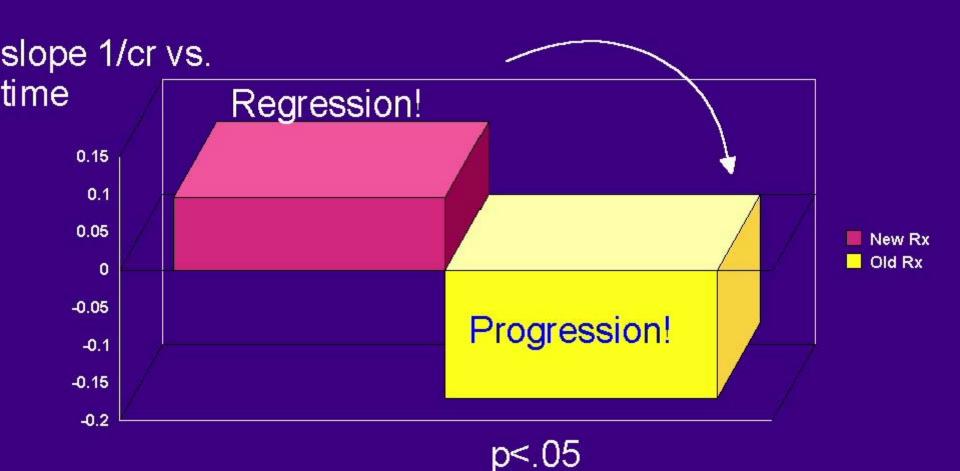
Again, dose of ACE inhibitor is crucial

Inadvertent Cross-Over Design From New Rx to Conventional Rx White men w/ CRF due to HTN

(**n=22)** slope 1/cr vs.



Inadvertent Cross-over Design From New Rx to Conventional Rx Black men w/ CRF due to HTN (n=13)



Preventing Dialysis: Population Health Statistics

- 20 million adults with diabetes, and 60 million with hypertension in US
- 11 million Americans (14% of 80 million) have serum creatinine ≥ 1.5 mg/dl (~25% of all IDDM/NIDDM pts, ~10% of all HTN patients)
- Diabetes has been leading cause of dialysis since late 1980s
 - The incidence of diabetes is increasing
 - Hispanics have even higher prevalence than blacks
- Among patients with diabetes or hypertension, blacks have 4-6 times higher risk of dialysis than whites

 Next Generation DMTM

Dialysis Facts

- Dialysis w/in 4 yrs once creatinine = 2 mg/dl
- Death w/in 4 yr for 55 yr old man starting dialysis; usually unable to work
- 200,000 dialysis pts cost \$18 B in 2001 (i.e. \$90K per patient per yr)
- 300,000 pts projected in 2010 ("ESRD epidemic") at a cost of >\$150K/pt/yr
- Healthcare plan must pay for first 3 yrs of dialysis
- ROI: spend \$ 800 /yr to avoid spending \$ 150,000 /yr

Typical Health Plan Population

For 100,000 adult patients:

- Assume 30% have NIDDM or HTN (30,000 patients)
- 14% of these will have Cr ≥ 1.5 (4,200 patients)

```
2,000 with 1.5 \le Cr \le 2
```

1,000 with $2 \le Cr \le 3$

1,200 with Cr > 3

Opportunity

- "Immediate": Delaying ESRD in CRF/HTN
 - Identify 480 patients with 3 < Cr < 4
 - 2.3 years until payoff begins
 - Annualized ROI: 17 to 20
- Longer-term: Preventing ESRD in HTN & NIDDM
 - Identify 3,000 patients with Cr < 3
 - 4 to 6 years until payoff begins
 - Annualized ROI: 3.8 to 11.5

GenoMed's Clinical Outcomes Improvement Program (COIP®)

Patients

– NIDDM, IDDM, or HTN & $1.5 \le Cr \le 4$ mg/dl

Physicians

- Learn GMED's approach
- Select suitable patients (with GMED's help)
- Obtain patient approval for participation in GenoMed's COIP®
- Prescribe GMED's Rx to willing patients
- Report patient outcomes to GMED
- Are paid \$25 per patient per quarter by GMED
- Cost: \$800/pt/y/fext Generation DMTM

GenoMed's Clinical Outcomes Improvement ProgramTM

- Additional Patients
 - Any pt w/ NIDDM, IDDM, or HTN
 - Goal: Delay <u>all</u> complications
 - COPD
 - Psoriasis
 - WNV
- Cost: \$800/pt/yr
- 2,000 pts → extra \$200K/yr

For questions, please contact:

```
David W. Moskowitz, MD, MA, FACP
Chairman, CEO, and Chief Medical Officer
GenoMed, Inc. (www.genomed.com)
St. Louis, Missouri
Ticker symbol: GMED (OTC Pink Sheets)
dwmoskowitz@genomed.com
```

Cell phone 314-378-7864

Office tel. 314-983-9938

FAX 314-754-9772