

Second Annual National Emergency Management Preparedness Summit

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February 4, 2008
Washington, D.C.



SPEAKERS

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TOPIC

Hazard Mitigation:
*Preventing Damage
Before Disaster Strikes*

OVERVIEW

- Definition of hazard mitigation
- Factors shaping future risk
- The planning process
- Potential sources of funding

DEFINITION OF HAZARD MITIGATION

What is HAZARD MITIGATION?

Actions taken to reduce or eliminate the long-term risk of hazards to people and property

- Intended to break the cycle of damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage
- Contrasted with immediate preparedness, response and recovery activities



WHY PLAN?

- Protect lives and property
- Be “disaster ready”
- Leverage funding

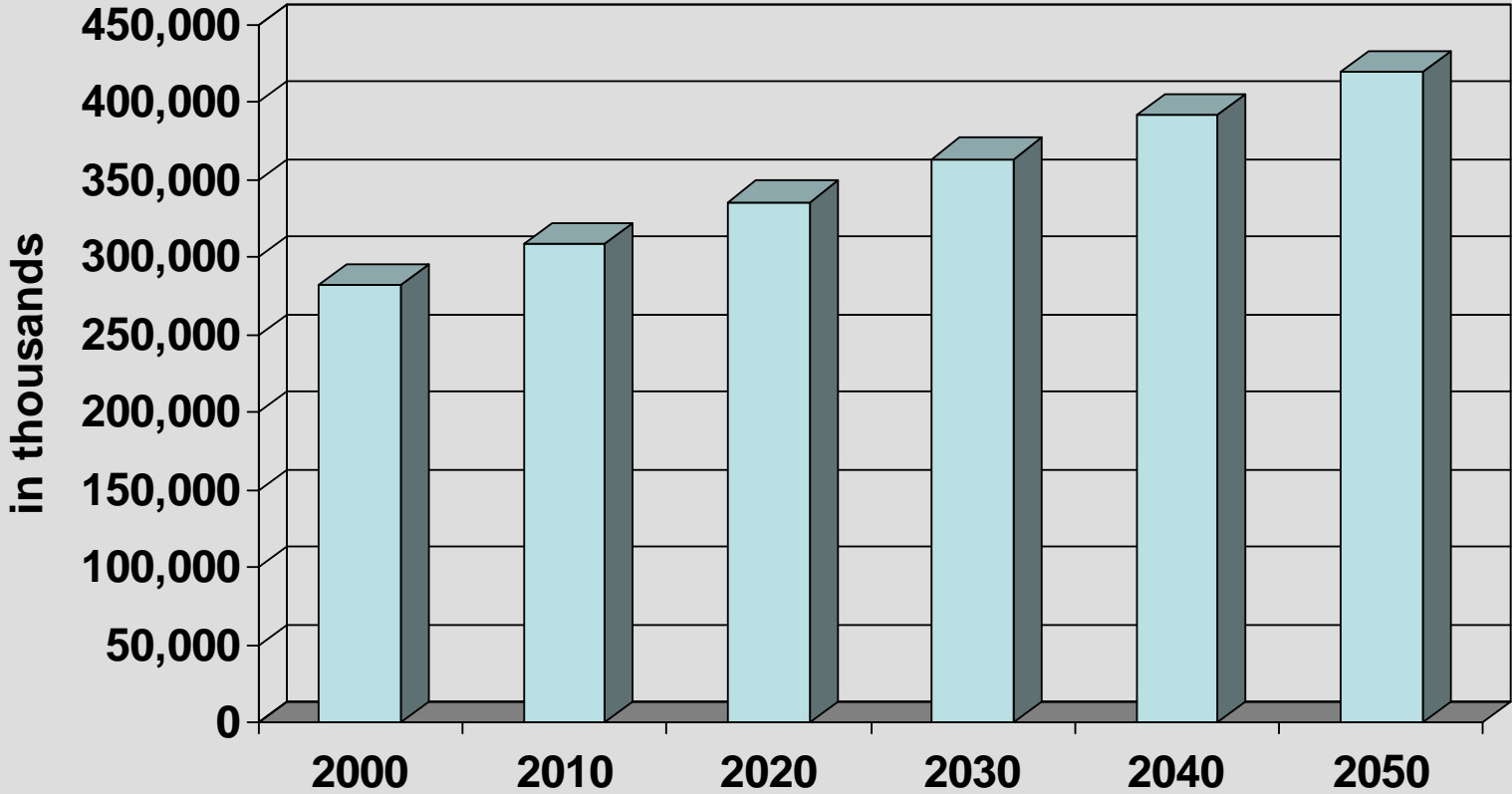


FACTORS SHAPING
FUTURE RISK

RISK FACTORS

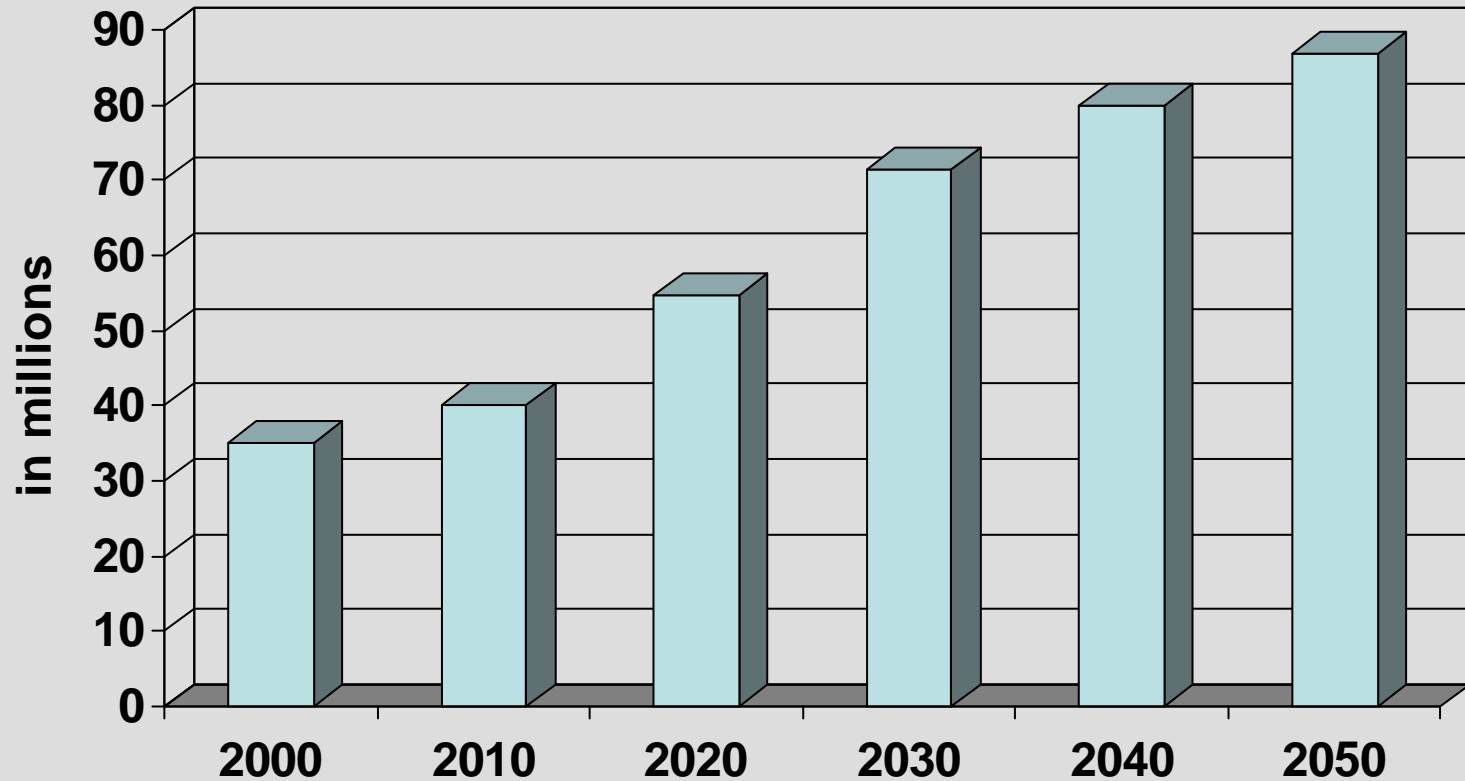
- Human Factors
- Environmental and Natural Factors
- Emerging threats

US Populaton, 2000 to 2050



Source: US Census Bureau, 2005

US Population, 65+ Years of Age, 2000 to 2050



Source: 65+ in the United States, US Census Bureau, 2005

EMERGING THREATS



Daife K. Schwallier - Sept. 11, 2001 about 9:16AM from the Four Eyes office window



POTENTIAL NATURAL HAZARDS

Severe Weather

- Hurricanes
- Tropical Storms
- Tornadoes
- Severe Winter Storms



Climatic

- Drought – water supply disruption

Geologic

- Ground subsidence

Hydrologic

- Flooding

POTENTIAL HUMAN HAZARDS

Structure fire

Infectious agents

- Pandemic influenza

Terrorism

- Explosive blast
- Chemical, biological, radiological attack

Hazardous materials

- External source
- Internal source
 - Biological release
 - Chemical release
 - Radiological release

Energy supply disruption

THE PLANNING PROCESS

FEMA REGULATIONS

- Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000 conditions certain FEMA grant funds on having FEMA-approved hazard mitigation plans in place.

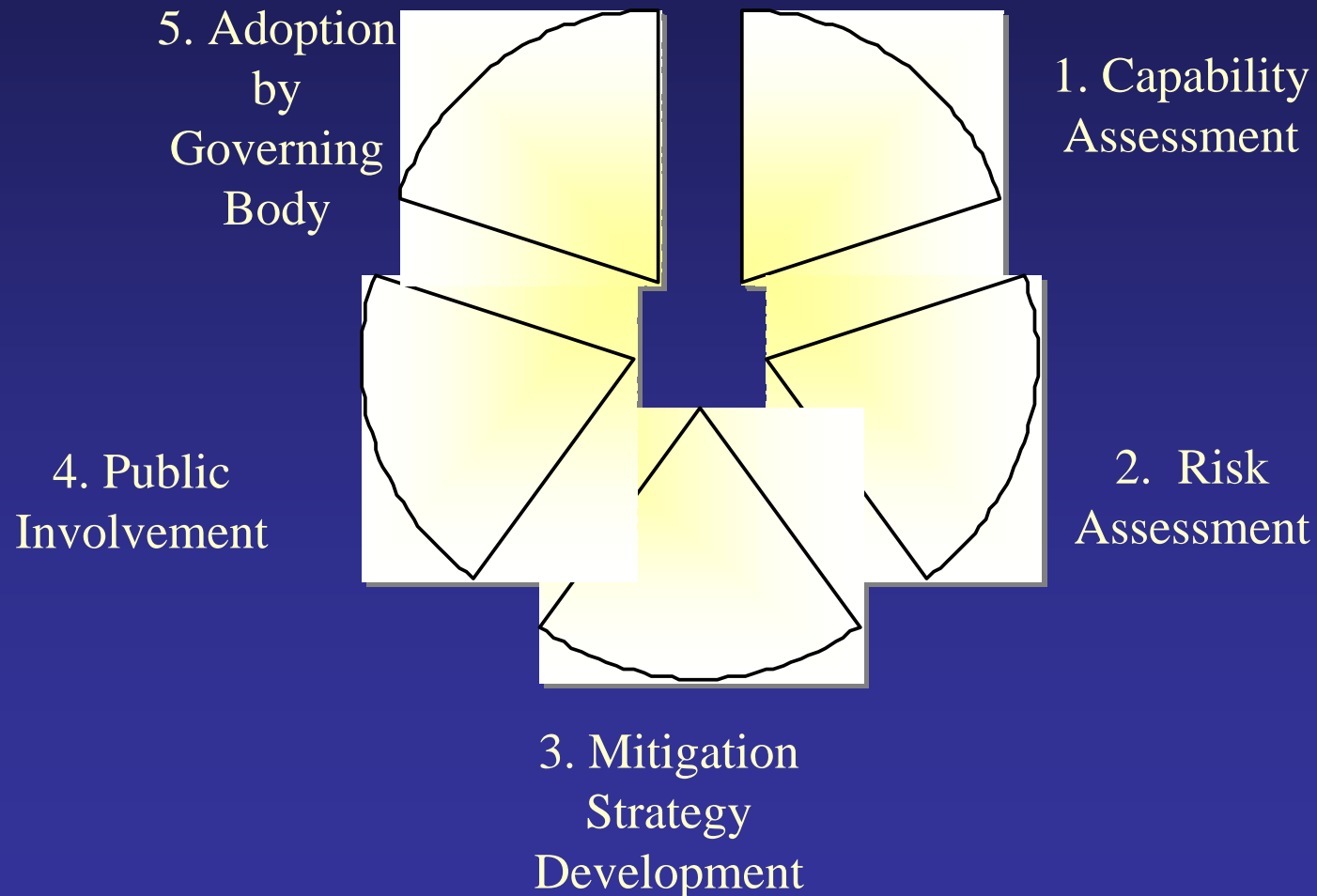


Hazard Mitigation Grant Program
Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grants

WHAT A HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN DOES

- Identifies hazards
- Assesses risks and vulnerabilities
- Describes actions to mitigate hazards, risks, and vulnerabilities identified
- Establishes a strategy to implement those actions
- Serves as basis for future grant funding

5-STEP PLAN PROCESS

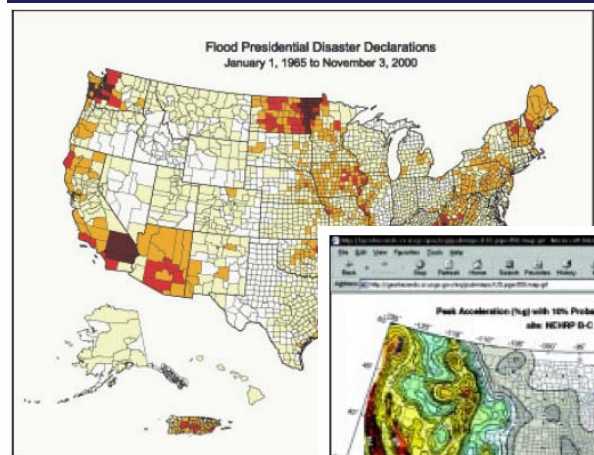


STEP 1: CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

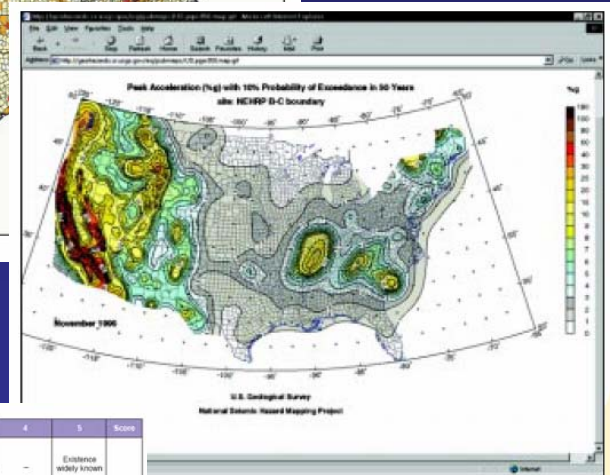
Collect information on:

- Current planning efforts
- Building design standards and guidelines
- Building and fire inspection processes
- Mitigation projects

STEP 2: RISK ASSESSMENT



Source: FEMA



zards.cr.usgs.gov/eq/pubmaps/US.pga.050.map.gif

Criteria	Vulnerability Point Values					Score	
	0	1	2	3	4		5
Asset Visibility	-	Existence not well known	-	Existence locally known	-	Existence widely known	
Target Utility	None	Very Low	Low	Medium	High	Very High	
Asset Accessibility	Harmful location, secure perimeter, armed guards, tightly controlled access	Fenced, guarded, controlled access	Controlled access, protected entry	Controlled access, unguarded entry	Open access, restricted parking	Open access, unrestricted parking	
Asset Mobility	-	Moves or is relocated frequently	-	Moves or is relocated occasionally	-	Permanent / fixed in place	
Presence of Hazardous Materials	No hazardous materials present	Limited quantities, materials in secure location	Moderate quantities, strict control features	Large quantities, some control features	Large quantities, minimal control features	Large quantities, accessible to non-staff persons	
Collateral Damage Potential	No risk	Low risk / limited to immediate area	Moderate risk / limited to immediate area	Moderate risk within 1-mile radius	High risk within 1-mile radius	High risk beyond 1-mile radius	
Site Population/Capacity	0	1-250	251-500	501-1000	1001-5000	= 5000	
							TOTAL

Natural Hazards

Manmade Threats

STEP 3: STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT

- Preventive measures
- Property protection
- Emergency service measures
- Structural projects
- Natural resource protection
- Public information programs
- Insurance protection

STEP 4: PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

- Provide opportunity for the public to make input into the draft plan
- Conduct open public meetings
- Survey customers, staff and stakeholders

STEP 5: ADOPTION by GOVERNING BODY

Plan Approval by

- Emergency Management Team
- Institutional Governing Body
- State
- FEMA



POTENTIAL

SOURCES OF FUNDING

POTENTIAL FUNDING SOURCES

Planning and project funds available on
75/25 cost share basis

- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program
- Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant Program
- Homeland Security Funding

FOR INFORMATION AND HELP

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