#### Development of your Company's Record Information System and Disaster Preparedness

#### **The National Emergency Management Summit**

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Track 2.07

# Principal Purposes

- Efficient and effective management;
- Good business practices;
- Destruction and elimination;
- Adherence to laws and regulations;
- Avoidance of fines, sanctions, obstruction of justice charges;
- Avoidance of spoliation of evidence;
- Safeguard and back-up records;
- Protection of individuals and their information.

# **Business Requirements**

- Products or services;
- Dependence on product designs, blueprints, specifications, formulas;
- Use of plans, operational models and manuals;
- Use of data banks of individual information;
- Training and safety under OSHA, etc.;
- Purchasing methods and protocols;
- Intellectual property, sales and marketing literature;
- Information technology, accounting and management;
- Other business rules of the organization.

# State Law Regulatory Agencies

- Banking
- Utilities
- Real Estate
- Tattoos
- Health Care
- Uniform Preservation of Business Records Act
- Data Breach Notification Acts

#### Federal Laws

- Section 6801 and 6805(b)(2) of the Gramm-Leach-Billey Act, 15 USC Section 6801;
- Section 552 of the Freedom of Information Act;
- Section 552(a) of the Privacy Act;
- The National Archives in Records Administration, 44 US Code Chapter 21;
- The Federal Records Act, 44 US Code Chapter 21;
- The Federal law on disposal of records, 44 US Code Chapter 23;
- The Internal Revenue Code;
- The Paper Reduction Act, 44 US Code Chapter 35;
- The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPPA), 42 US Code 1320d-2(d)(2);
- The Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, Public Law 107-204;
- The Administrative Procedures Act, 5 US Code Chapter 5;
- The PATRIOT Act;
- The Environmental Protection Act.

### International Laws

- The Safe Harbor Act which was adopted in 1998 by the European Union and also known as the European Union Data Protection Directive.
- The Canadian Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA).
- France: CNIL Guidelines.
- Ireland: Data Protection Acts of 1998 and 2003.
- Germany: Federal Data Protection Act.
- Italian: Personal Data Protection Code.
- Asian Pacific: Economic Conference privacy principles.

# The Seven Steps

- 1. Form the management team.
- 2. Create the response team.
- 3. Categorize all records.
- 4. Identify all retention requirements.
- 5. Prepare the record retention policy.
- 6. Prepare the backup and retrieval plan.
- 7. Train all parties on response and their roles in it.

### Formation of Management Team

- Legal Department
- Tax Staff
- Information Technology
- Senior Management
- Review record retention policies of other companies
- Create timelines, milestones, and targets
- Leadership "buy-in" and enforcement

# The Response Team

- The team leader = in-house counsel
- Information technology
- Litigation support specialists
- Outside counsel
- Attorney-client privilege
- Outside storage vendor
- Communications team

## The Response

- Quick and efficient implementation of the response plan
- Business copies and personal copies.
- All forms of media.
- All forms of electronic equipment
- Educate IT personnel
- IT backup schedules, retention and destruction protocols, networks, e-mail servers, and the electronic mapping
- Back up mapping and management
- IT for business purposes only
- "Blind" copies easily revealed
- Halt destruction
- FRCP rule 16(c) and 16(h) pretrial conferences

## The Response

- Relevance and Privilege
- Engage crisis communications group
- Use intrusion detection technology
- Internal notification of data security breaches
- Plan for data security breaches
- Adopt measures to contain and control breaches
- Formulate crisis communications content

## The Response

- Identify law enforcement agency contacts
- Prepare written procedures for notification of victims
- Conduct assessment of scope of breach
- Notify affected individuals as soon as possible
- Deploy crisis communications plan

### **Notification**

- By email
- Conspicuous notice on website
- Notice to major media outlets 75% of population
- At least ¼ page ads in newspapers for 3 weeks
- No less than 45 days within discovery of event

# Sort by Category and Format

- Letters
- Email
- Corporate Records
- Contract
- Business Records
- Written
- Electronic Folders

# Retention Requirements

- Statutes of Limitations
- 2. Business Needs
- 3. Historical Value
- 4. Legal and regulatory requirements
- 5. Business and industry practices

# Prepare the Policy

- Policy must be "reasonable"
- To be reviewed by a hostile third party
- Express desire to satisfy business and legal requirements
- Specify rational for each retention period
- Federal, international and state retention requirements
- Consider and plan for possible disaster scenarios
- Be conservative
- Identify all official records
- Identify official authority
- Reasonably comprehensive
- Avoid selective destruction
- Create back up plans
- Communicate back up plans to employees
- Develop comprehensive communication plan

# Spoliation of Evidence

- Never destroy records involved in litigation
- Spoliation worse than damaging documents
- Fines, penalties and more...

### Publishing, Training and Oversight

- Distribute policy to all company personnel
- Train on meaning, purpose, and operation
- Practice disaster simulations
- Practice dealing with all forms of media
- All must comply
- Periodically audit and revise
- Senior management engagement and approval

#### Documentation

- Approvals of proper executives
- General counsel, CIO, director of taxation, vice president or president
- Policies, procedures, audits, revisions
- Engage outside storage vendors
- Operational implementation

#### **Document Destruction**

- Have clear plans and processes
- Keep notes of what was destroyed, when, and by whom
- Avoid appearance of selective destruction
- No individual discretion
- Impose litigation "Holds"
- Create and follow business rules