

# The CalPERS Experience:

# Implications for the Future?

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#### **CalPERS and Recent Trends**

**Conclusions from 2001-03** 

**New Directions** 

# **CalPERS Health**

- Insures or arranges for coverage for 1.3 million active or retired public (local, state, educational) employees and their families
- "Multiple employer welfare arrangement"/ purchaser group for 1,450 public employers
- + 60% State/40% Local 79% Active/21%Retiree

#### CalPERS Health...

Rate Increases (under 65 HMO population)

9.2%	2001
6% (13.2%w/o benefit change)	2002
25%	2003

78% of enrollees in 7 HMOs (40 of 58 counties)

10 HMOs - 2001 7 HMOs - 2002 3 HMOs - 2003

- 22% in two self-funded PPO plans (58 of 58 counties)
  - Increasing care management
  - Significant discounts via commercial network
  - Rates converging toward HMO rate despite higher risks
- Self-funded Long Term Care Plan for 165,000

# CalPERS April '02 Announcement

- Historic 25% premium increase-
  - HMO only, under 65 population
  - PPO rates with recovery 20% less
- Consolidation <u>strategic decision</u> vs price tactic
- Dropping of two long-time HMO partners and two smaller HMO partners

Health Net 181,000

• PacifiCare 191,000

HPR & Universal 30,000

- Competitive market no longer serves CalPERS
  - Price leveraging ≠ Solution to long term cost /quality issues
- Employment based coverage cannot carry burden of financing health care in US
- Broader public policy debate is needed
  - In Washington, Austin, Sacramento...

#### Conclusions from 2001 - 03

- Sellers market replaced buyers market of '90s
- Margins vs Volume
- More acute California Cost Drivers
- Despite managed care presence, quality in California not different from US
- Enthovian Model Never Evolved
  - Choice of brand label not unique delivery systems
  - Focus on price leveraging & risk selection
- Managed care entities imperatives short term dominated
  - · Risk avoidance
  - Leveraging vs partnering with providers
  - Limited strategies to deal with cost or quality
  - Market, policy, legislative/regulatory environment not supportive of managed care

### Conclusions from 2001 - 03 (continued)

- CalPERS/Purchasers re-enforcing wrong incentives
  - · Price vs Value
  - Annual vs longer term perspective
  - Commoditization of networks & plans
  - Disengaged enrollees
- HMO/Benefit Design masked wide Q & \$ variations
- CalPERS population needs are changing
  - Low public service salaries increase importance of benefits
  - · Older workforce/tight labor market increases value of health coverage
  - 40% of actives 75% of retirees have chronic conditions
- Cost trend projection through 2010 in low teen
- Business as usual not acceptable

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### **CalPERS Future Directions** (work in progress)

CalPERS to become more "responsible purchaser".

Strong preference for comprehensive coverage.

Lower cost trend at the margin.

Better value/outcomes for money spent.

Improved risk management.

Increased role of enrollee in care and cost management.

More competition/focus to provider accountability.

Better care management (especially chronic, case, high risk profile).

Longer term partnerships with plans/providers and targeted performance-based compensation.

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## **Implications**

No quick fixes/long term

Re-engineering of payer and delivery systems

Tough to do in high cost/slow economic times

Data key to: comparability; accountability; consumer engagement

Motivation key to changing behavior

Can't do it alone

Public policy/public payer (Medicaid/Medicare) changes needed.