



HIPAA FINAL SECURITY

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Basic HIPAA Security

- Maintain reasonable & appropriate administrative, technical, & physical safeguards to --
- (A) ensure the integrity and confidentiality of the information;
- (B) protect against any reasonably anticipated—
 - —(i) threats or hazards to the security or integrity of the information; &
 - —(ii) unauthorized uses or disclosures of the information; &
- (C) otherwise to ensure compliance with this part by the officers & employees of such person.

HIPAA For Dummies

- Civil sanctions for violation of standards
 - -Except if you did not know &
 - -Exercising <u>reasonable diligence</u> you <u>would not have known</u> of violation
- Penalty waived if violation due to reasonable cause & not willful neglect
- 30 days+ to cure & technical advice
- \$100 for each violation or \$25,000/year

HIPAA For Crooks

- Knowingly: unlawful use or disclosure
- \$250,000 + 10 years in jail if with intent to sell, transfer or use health information for commercial advantage, personal gain, or malicious harm

Bad HIPAA Conspiracy

- Could a non-person conspire with a covered entity to cause a violation of HIPAA for crooks?
- Defendant charged with conspiracy to violate HIPAA need not be able to violate HIPAA

Bad HIPAA Misprison of a Felony

- Could a non-person, having actual knowledge of commission of a HIPAA felony, fail to notify HHS & take affirmative steps to conceal?
- Defendant charged with misprison of a HIPAA felony need not be able to violate HIPAA

Bad HIPAA Obstruction of Justice

- Could a non-person obstruct justice by interfering with the enforcement of HIPAA?
- Defendant charged with obstruction of justice need not be able to violate HIPAA

Bad HIPAA "Knowingly"

- Has actual knowledge of actions
- Deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard of truth
- Mere intent to act instead of specific intent to violate law
- Not innocent mistake or negligence

Bad HIPAA "Intent"

- Has actual knowledge that actions would violate HIPAA
- Need not intend specific result
- Result of actions inevitable
- Voluntary act or omission

Business Associate

Covered entities are not required to provide training to business associates or anyone else that is not a member of their workforce.

Security Rule Preemption

- The general rule is that the security standards in this final rule supersede contrary State law.
- Covered entities may be required to adhere to stricter State-imposed security measures that are not contrary to this final rule.

Security for Management

Standard: Security awareness and training. Implement a security awareness and training program for all members of its workforce (including management)

Covered Entity As Business Associate: Double Trouble

(3) A covered entity that violates the satisfactory assurances it provided as a business associate of another covered entity will be in noncompliance with the standards, implementation specifications, and requirements of this paragraph and § 164.314(a).

Why is this man smiling? Practice Safe HIPAA! www.healthlawyer.com



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