The Importance of April 14, 2003: Where you should be regarding HIPAA privacy policies and procedures and training



Presented by:

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Boundary Information Group



- Virtual consortium of health care information systems consulting firms founded in 1995
- Company website: www.boundary.net
- BIG HIPAA Resources: www.hipaainfo.net
- Senior Consultants with HIPAA leadership experience since 1992; administrative and clinical system experience
- Services include:
 - Strategic planning
 - Systems selection and implementation management
 - Workflow improvement
 - EMR, clinical and financial IS selection and operating improvement
 - HIPAA policies, procedures, and forms
 - Expert witness

Workgroup on Electronic Data Interchange

- - Nonprofit Trade Association, founded 1991
- ◆ 190 organizational members
 - Consumers, Government, Mixed Payer/Providers,
 Payers, Providers, Standards Organizations, Vendors
- Named in 1996 HIPAA Legislation as an Advisor to the Secretary of DHHS
- Website: www.wedi.org
- Strategic National Implementation Process (SNIP) – snip.wedi.org
- WEDI Foundation formed in 2001
- Steven Lazarus, WEDI Past Chair and Foundation Trustee

Where Should we be Today on our Privacy Policies and Procedures?

- Before April 14, 2003, Privacy policies and procedures should:
 - Be drafted
 - Take into account state pre-emption
 - Approved/revised for operational reasonableness
 - Approved by all administrative and governance steps required in your organization
 - Have a legal review for HIPAA and other Federal and State Laws
 - Be published and accessible to all members of the workforce

Policies and Procedures

- Privacy Administration
- ◆ §164.530(i) and 164.520(b)
- Process for developing, adopting and amending of privacy policies and procedures, making any necessary changes to the Notice of Privacy Practices, and retaining copies

Policies and Procedures

- Including overriding principles (policy)
- Detail practices
 - Identify responsible individual or department
 - Define specific operational processes
 - Require enough detail so that the workforce knows what to do
 - Develop to fit the clinical and business operations of the covered entity
- Must not just repeat or summarize the Regulations
- Privacy policies and procedures must reflect state laws that are more restrictive

Privacy Policies and Procedures

- Must address <u>every</u> aspect of HIPAA Privacy
- Must be consistent with the Notice of Privacy Practice
- Must replace previous policies and procedures which were in conflict, incomplete, or unclear

Privacy Policies and Procedures



- The procedures must be operational the workforce must know what to do
- PHI must be safeguarded Security
- Incidental disclosures are not incidental if they are routine for you
- Private patient action in State court may be more damaging than OCR's penalties
 - consider how the patient views your policies and procedures
- Too little "training" for effectiveness

Training for Privacy: General

- Must be on your policies and procedures
- Must be completed by the entire workforce
- Must be documented
- Must include safeguards for PHI Security



- Videotape
- Workbooks
- Classroom with live instructor
- E-learning Internet or Intranet
- May utilize multiple media approaches

Training Goals

- Compliance No OCR actions
- Effective
 - Workforce knows what to do
 - Receive few patient complaints
 - All OCR or private actions resolved without penalties or court action
 - Gaps are routinely identified and addressed
- Privacy incidents are categorized and reported in the "internal" annual HIPAA compliance report

- Define workforce categories
 - Few workforce categories
 - Easy to administer
 - Assign workforce to courses
 - Less customization to create and maintain
 - Many workforce categories
 - May be difficult to administer
 - Complex management of workforce to training content choices
 - Potential to highly customize content to workforce categories



- Identify source of workforce lists, identifications and passwords
- Include employees, physicians, volunteers, long-term contract renewal (e.g., Medical Director in a health plan)
- Use Human Resource application if capable
 - Names
 - Job categories
 - Identifications and passwords from another source
- Keep passwords and identifications secure



- Use to document learning for compliance
- Set passing score
- Consider Continuing Education credits (can not change content significantly and maintain credits)

Achieving Effective Privacy

- Need good Security to achieve Privacy
- Privacy Regulation requires Security
- Reminders, periodic training, and "incident monitoring" reporting and management will be needed to achieve effective Privacy

Recommended Actions if not Fully Ready on April 14, 2003

- Complete compliance readiness ASAP -- 30 to 60 days
- Redo Privacy policies and procedures, and training, for operations effectiveness (if needed)
- Revise Privacy polices and procedures, and training, in light of Security final rule
- Measure and report training completeness
 - Set goal at 100%
 - Make executives, department heads and supervisors accountable
 - Include a training administration system in your training management resources

HIPAA READINESS

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Company website: www.boundary.net

HIPAA website: www.hipaainfo.net

HIPAA training: www.trainforhipaa.com

HIPAA Regulations and Policies and

Procedures: www.hipaahelper.net

