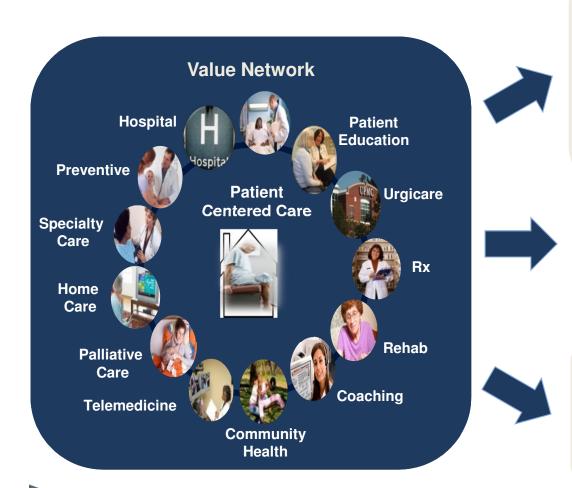
TPMC CHANGING MEDICINE

Mini Summit II: Health Plan Incentives and Support for the Medical Home

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Integrated Seamless Systems of Care



Right Clinical Model

- Standardized Protocols & Registries
- Care Transition Programs
- Patient Centered Medical Homes
- Chronic Care Management Models
- End of Life Palliative Programs
- In-Home Treatment and Support
- Telemedicine
- Lifestyle Coaching & Education



Consumer Support Tools

- Consumer Incentives
- Transparency: Cost/Quality
- Shared Decision Support Tools



Right Economic Incentives

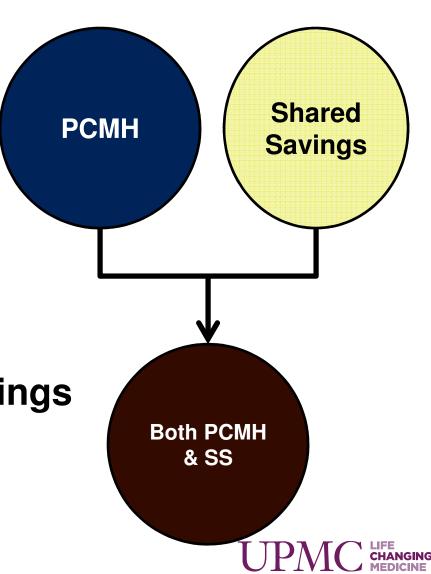
- Gainsharing
- Capitation and Bundled Payments
- Care Management Payment
- Performance Payment
- Benefit Designs



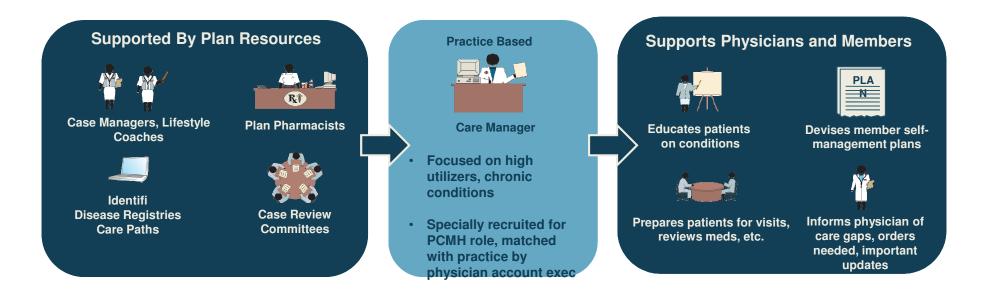


PCMH and Shared Savings Programs

- PCMH Programs
 - 159 practices (in model)
 - staggered starts since 2008
- Shared Savings
 - 242 practices (in model)
 - staggered starts July 2011
 - 130 coming online in FY14
- Both PCMH + Shared Savings
 - 114 practices
 - variety of start scenarios



Medical Home Program Takes Population Management to the Physician





Patient Centered Medical Homes Provide Coordinated Health Services Through an Interconnected Group of Physicians

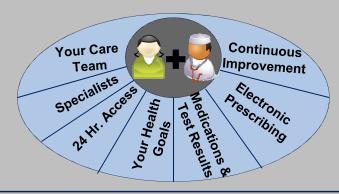
Overview

- Demonstrates significant potential to reduce admissions, ER visits and lengths of stay
- PCMHs are a component of ACO model
- Majority of providers require infrastructure support to effectively manage care

Strengths

- Multiple documented cases of utilization reductions and medical cost savings
 - UPMC reduces overall costs by 2%
 - Group Health reduced total costs by 2%

Patient Centered Medical Home



Tenets of a Patient Centered Medical Home

Enhanced Access to Care: Expanded office hours, same day appts., and new communication modes (e.g., email and online)

and non-physician extenders work together to manage care

Comprehensive Care: Practice coordinates all specialty & support care **Coordinated Care**: Practice monitors all care being provided

Population Management: Proactively reaches out to patients with chronic conditions

Patient Self-Management: Practice teaches patients techniques to manage conditions

Health IT: Generates and exchanges electronic health information to deliver care, measure performance, and communicate

Practice-Based Team Care: Physicians Evidence Based: Best practices and decision support tools

> Care Plans: Practice strives to help patients reach mutual goals

Patient-centered: Care based on needs and preferences of patients Shared Decision-Making: Patients participate in selecting treatment **Quality Measure**: Practice accepts

accountability for continuous improvement

Patient Feedback: Practice solicits feedback and includes in improvement activities

Sources: http://www.ccjm.org/content/78/9/571.full; http://www.rwjf.org/files/research/73739.5557.reforminaction.canimplementingpatient.pdf



UPMC Approach to Population Health

Creating Coherent View

- Integrates multiple sources
- **Real-time alerts**
- Care manager notes



- Fully integrated, provider-driven approach
- Innovative economic incentives





Prioritizing High-Risk Patients

- **Proprietary** stratification logic
- Customizable risk models





- One point of contact
- Multiple outreach methods
- Matched to member



Right Intervention

- · Prioritized work list
- · CRM tracking
- 700+ interventions

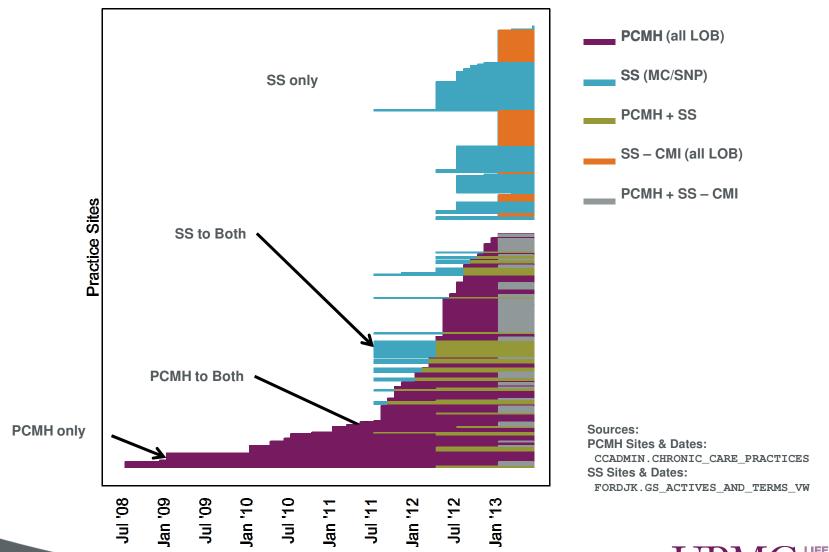








How Has This Rolled Out?





Integrated Data to Support Clinical Management Population Health Strategy and Clinical Support

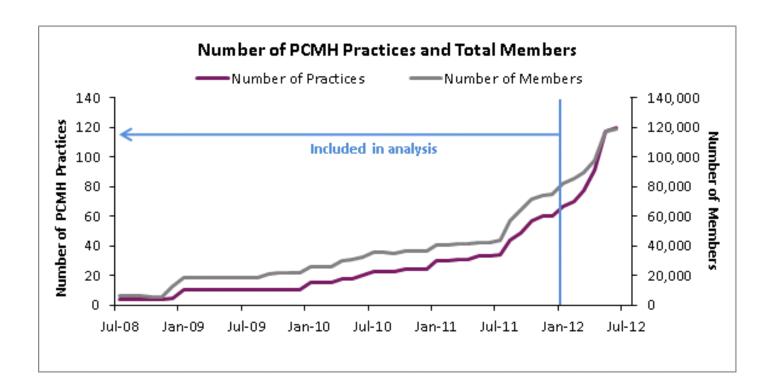
- Disparate data
- Medical Claims
- Behavioral Health Claims
- Pharmacy Claims (allows medication possession ratio MPR)
- Worker's Compensation Claims
- Short Term Disability
- Absenteeism Data from Time Cards
- On-Site Biometric Screening Results
- Health Risk Assessments (self-reported)
- Care Management Assessments/ Phone interaction
- Enrollment & Demographic Data
- Lab Values

GOAL: develop centralized registry of member clinical presentation and lifestyle profiles for clinical analysis



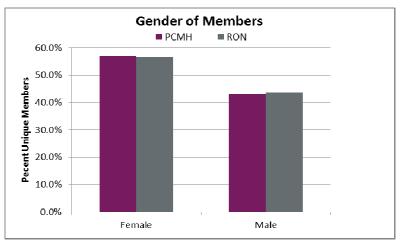
UPMC Health Plan

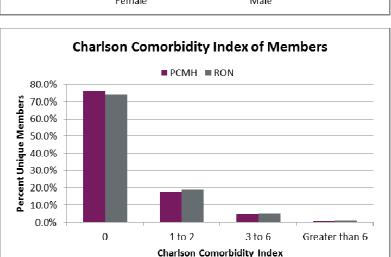
- History of UPMC Health Plan's Medical Home
 - Started in 2008 with six practices

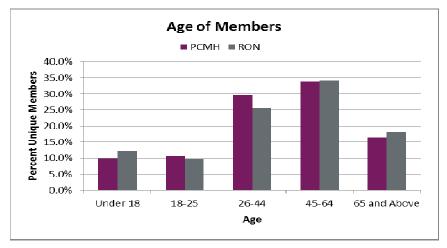


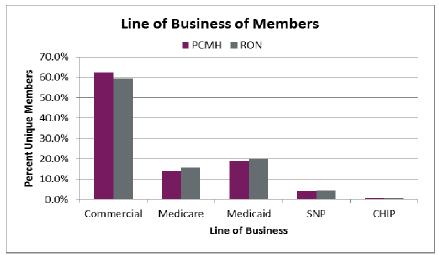


Patient Centered Medical Home Demographics



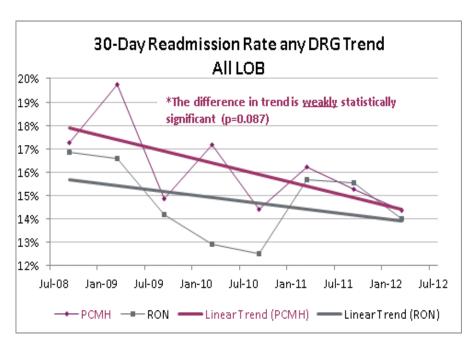


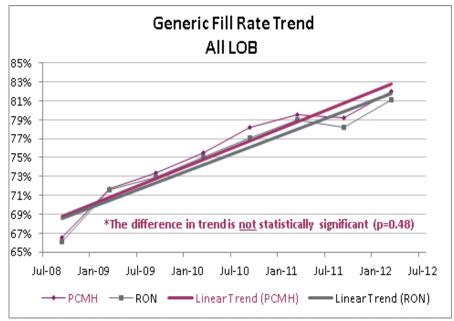






Utilization Trend







Is there any savings associated with these programs?

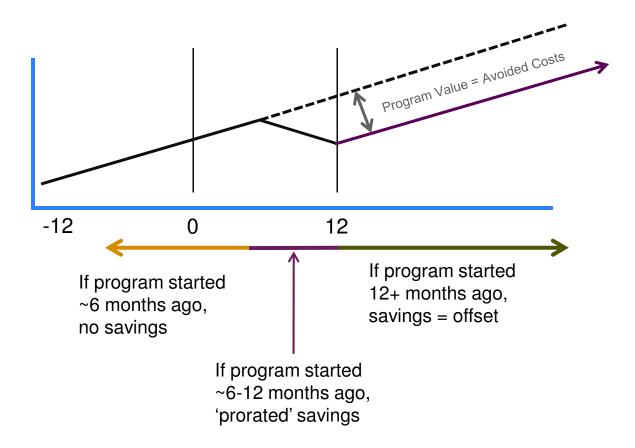
Effect on Cost compared to RON using Mixed Effect Model				
Practice Program Type	Medical Cost	Pharmacy Cost	Medical + Pharmacy Cost	
PCMH only	nonsignificant decrease	significant decrease	nonsignificant decrease	
SS only	No change	significant decrease	No change	
PCMH + SS	nonsignificant decrease	significant decrease	significant decrease	

When Does the Savings Start?					
Practice Program Type	Med/RX/Both	Savings PMPM	Delay to Onset of Savings	Duration of Modeled Savings	Significance (strong/weak)
	Med	\$0.19 Savings	5 Months	+ 19 Months	
PCMH only	Rx	\$0.12 Savings	0 Months	+ 24 Months	s
	Total	\$0.31 Savings	0 Months	+ 24 Months	w
	Med	\$0.24 Increase	0 Months	+ 14 Months	
SS only	Rx	\$0.47 Savings	0 Months	+ 14 Months	s
	Both	\$0.21 Savings	0 Months	+ 14 Months	
	Med	\$1.48 Savings	up to 12 Months	up to 14 Months	s
PCMH + SS	Rx	\$0.45 Savings	4-5 Months	up to 14 Months	s
	Both	\$1.91 Savings	up to 12 Months	up to 14 Months	S

"D" - Delay of savings onset depends on whether Shared Savings or PCMH program started first.



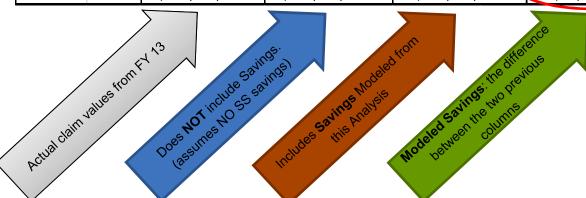
Savings Expectations





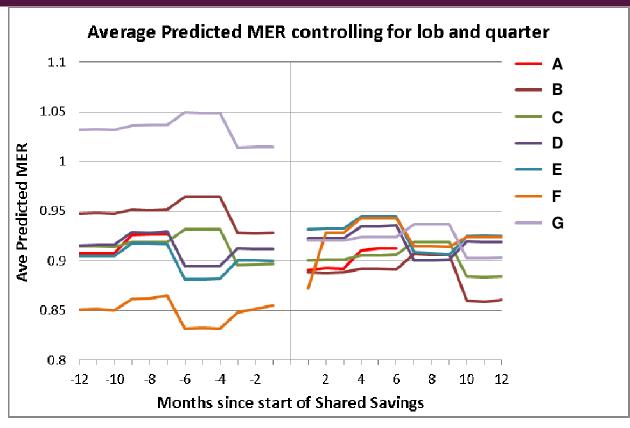
What is the expected value of Shared Savings in Medicare and SNP in FY 14?

Shared Savings Projections (Fiscal Year 2014)					
		FY 2013	Projected FY 14	Estimated FY 14	FY 14
		112013	costs (no savings)	(with model Savings)	"Program Value"
#Practices		164	294		
#Members		32,227	34,824		
Yearly MM	1	386,720	417,892		
Modical	PMPM	\$444.58	\$750.97	\$720.36	\$30.61 (-4.2%)
Medical	Total	\$753,602,026.21	\$313,826,231.06	\$301,033,261.46	\$12,792,969.60
Dv	PMPM	\$116.28	\$180.05	\$173.97	\$6.08 (-3.5%)
Rx	Total	\$197,098,251.90	\$75,240,978.96	\$72,702,452.56	\$2,538,526.40
Med + Rx	PMPM	\$560.86	\$931.02	\$894.3	\$36.69 (-4.1%)
ivied + KX	Total	\$950,700,278.11	\$389,067,210.02	\$373,735,714.02	\$15,331,596.00





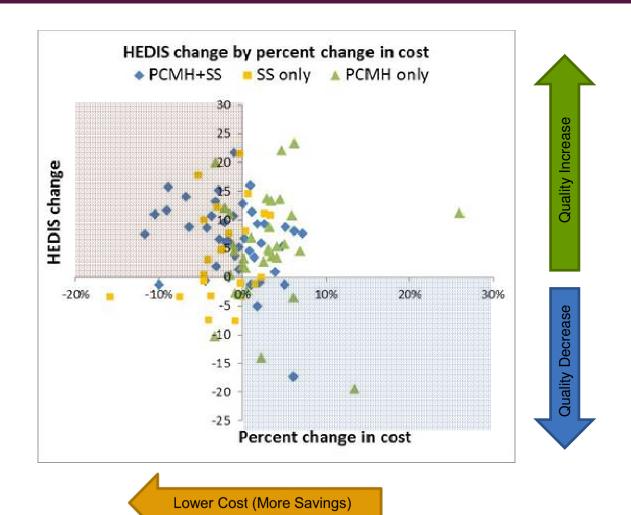
How has the MER changed over time?



Fixed Effect Model of MER by SS Group							
SS Group	MER		MER Revenue		enue	Total Paid	
	р	direction	р	direction	р	direction	
Α			0.027	decrease			
В			0.0001	increase	0.065	increase	
С	0.06	decrease					
D			0.0001	increase			
Е							
F	0.008	decrease	0.002	decrease	0.0003	decrease	
G		·	0.002	increase			



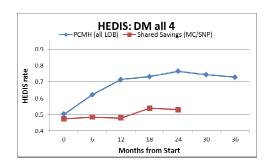
What is the impact on Quality?

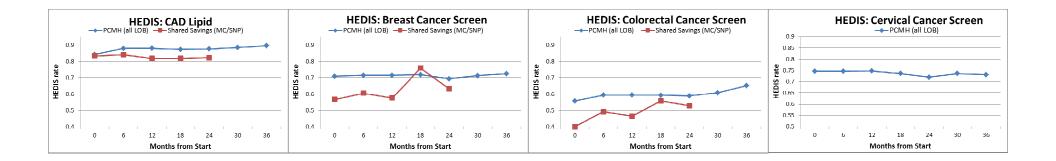




Is the Quality Performance Sustainable?

- Cost has limited utility
 - "background" values change and become difficult to compare
- HEDIS is (more) reliable over time
 - absolute measures w/ similar meanings
- Is the quality change maintained?







Any Characteristics Associated with Savings?

• PCMH

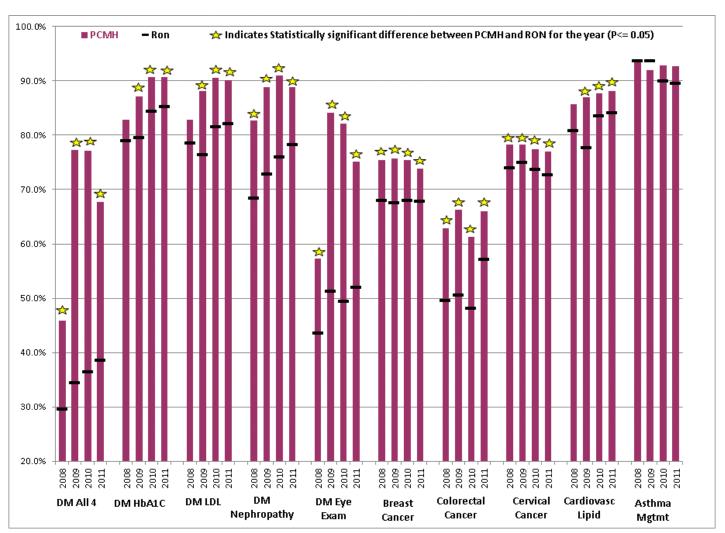
Practice Characteristics for PCMH		
Characteristic	More Savings	
CCI	Higher Average CCI is Better	
Over 65	Higher Proportion is Better	

• SS (MC/SNP)

Practice Characteristics for Shared Savings			
- Drilldown for Medicare and SNP Savings -			
Characteristic	More Savings		
CCI	Lower Average CCI is Better		
Female	Higher Proportion is Better		
Distance 10	Less than 10 miles from Pgh is Better		



Patient Centered Medical Home Quality Results





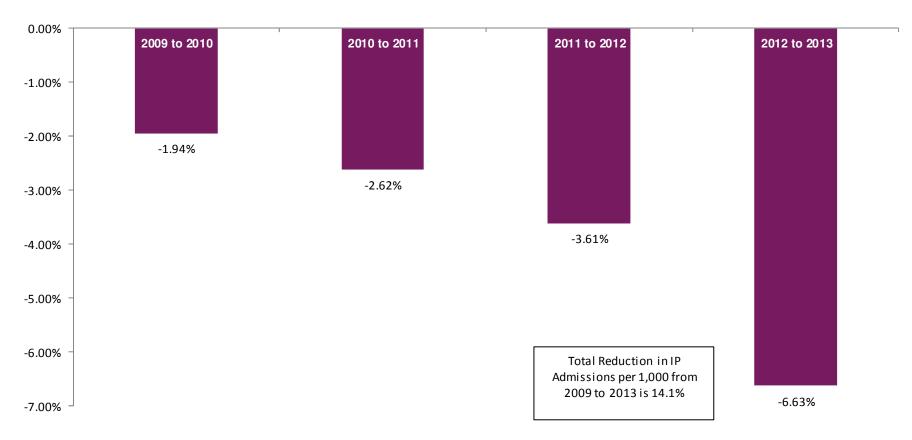
Shared Savings Groups Performance Improvement Year over Year Results

- PCP visits increased 10%
- Inpatient readmissions decreased 14.1%
- HEDIS quality scores increased 24%.
- Overall cost of care decreased 2.5%



Inpatient Admissions Reduction Shared Savings Group I

2009 - 2013 Inpatient Admissions per 1,000 Year over Year Reduction Shared Savings Group I



Note: All claims paid through December 31, 2013 with IBNR Applied.

Average Group Membership: 2009 - 12,708, 2010 - 14,815, 2011 - 16,211, 2012 - 18,680, 2013 - 20,689



The Bottom Line – Impact on Costs

Results vary by site – some preform and some don't

Site	Decrease MER	Increase MER
Practice A	71	51
Practice B	6	6
Practice C	14	8
Practice D	15	18
Practice E	4	3
Practice F	8	2
Practice G	14	14

Shared Savings MER

- We observe an overall decrease in MER, but-
 - No significant decreases in MER observed for any group in SNP
 - PHN and the Shadyside Virtual Group were the only shared savings groups with statistically <u>significant</u> savings (Medicare driven)
 - CMI had a 3 point decrease in MC (not significant) which due to their size can float the overall results
 - The lack of statistical significance raises the question of repeatability and sustainability of the savings we observe



The Bottom Line – Impact on Costs

Medical Costs

- Savings is observed without delay in SS, after 5 months in PCMH, and up to 12 months when the site is both
- Compared to RON, there is no difference in medical

Pharmacy Costs

 Significant savings in Pharmacy without delay in all programs and significantly better than RON

Total Costs

No difference compared to RON, except when site is PCMH + SS
 Quality

- Quality (HEDIS) improves significantly in all programs

