THE MEDICAL NEIGHBORHOOD: PCMH PRIMARY CARE AS THE CATALYST TO COMPREHENSIVE AND EFFECTIVE COLLABORATION



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Why PCMN?



Connect primary care with their community based hospitals, specialists, and other health resources



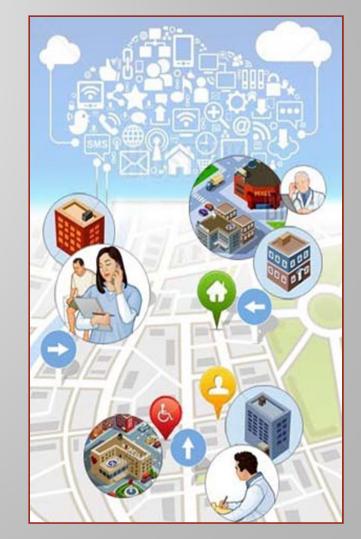
Helps patients have collaborative care from their health care providers



Helps patients manage their care more proactively

What Is The Collaborative PCMN CMMI Project?

- A three-year project funded by a CMS, Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI) -Health Care Innovation Award (HCIA)
- Expands the Patient-Centered Medical Home to a Medical Neighborhood connecting Primary Care to:
 - acute-care hospitals
 - specialists
 - community health resources
 - increasingly assists patients manage their health proactively



15 Participating Organizations



**90 total primary care practices

TransforMED's Project Affiliates:







- Phytel offers Insight and Coordinate solutions for automating population health management delivering advanced care coordination, patient engagement, and quality-based analytical tools for PCMH-N.
- VHA Inc. is a network of not-for-profit hospitals that work together to improve their clinical and economic performance. VHA includes more than 1,400 not-for-profit hospitals and 25,500+ non-acute health care organizations. Provides consultation and 12 blueprints around PCMH-N "leading practices."
 - Cobalt Talon helps healthcare companies
 transform data into a strategic asset by
 providing high-performance analytic and data
 management products and services designed to
 solve the complex issues facing the industry.

Project Goals By June 2015



Reduce the Total Cost of Health Care for Medicare and Medicaid Beneficiaries by \$49.5 Million

Improve Health of Eligible Population Demonstrated by an Average of 15% with at least 3% Improvement in Each Selected Quality Measure

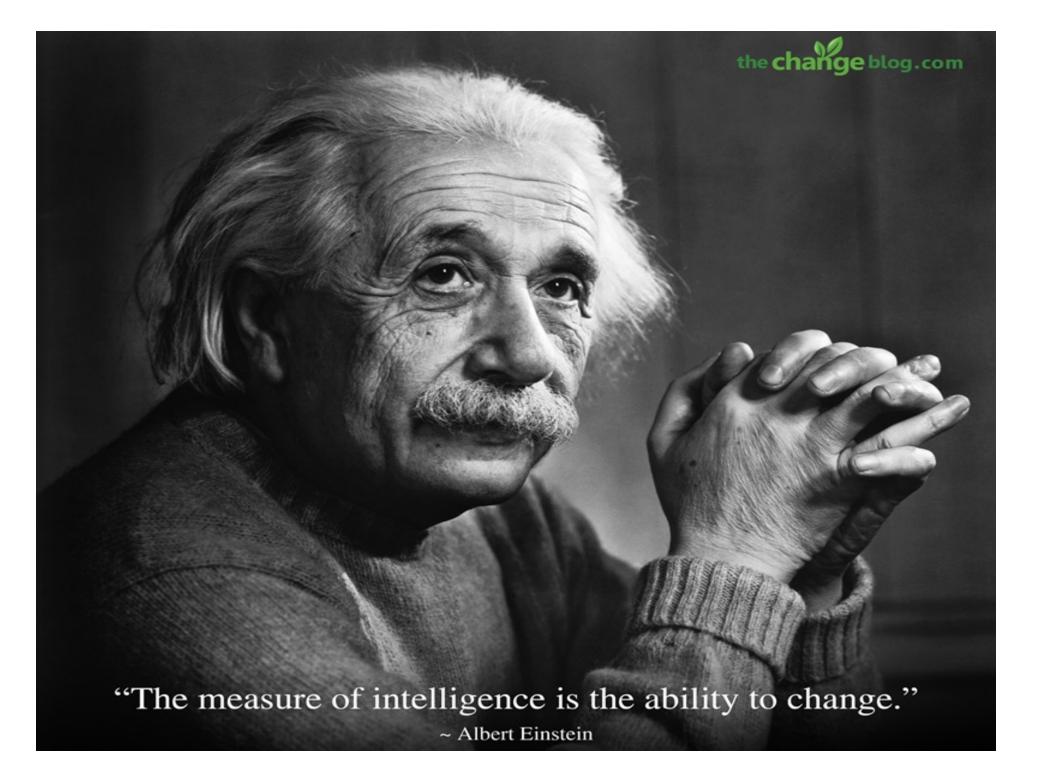




A 25% Improvement in Patient Experience

Demonstrate Ability to Scale to Additional Practices within Each Community





Journey to PCMN



- Greater Baltimore Medical Center, Towson, Maryland
 - 300 bed community non-profit hospital
 - 50 employed primary care providers
 - Level 3 PCMH Primary Care Network 2010-13
- Accountable Care Organization 2012
 - 100 primary care providers
 - Caring for 100,000 lives in Baltimore Region
 - Utilizing E-clinical Works as electronic medical record

Connected Primary Care Network

- Aligned employed physicians
- Created one Lead PCMH physician over all practices
- Practice Coach
- Director of Population Health
- Lead Physician in every office
- Monthly meetings of Lead Physicians
- Standardization of policies and processes
- Cornerstone of Accountable Care Organization

Health Information Exchange



- Connect physicians with technology to improve patient care
 Member d CDICD
- Maryland-CRISP

CRISP

Chesapeake Regional Information System for our Patients

Mission

To advance the health and wellness of Marylanders by deploying health information technology solutions adopted through cooperation and collaboration.

<u>Vision</u>

Enable and support the Maryland healthcare community to appropriately and securely share data in order to facilitate care, reduce costs, and improve health outcomes.



Numbers at a Glance

Progress Metric	May '13
Live Hospitals	47
Live Labs and Rad Centers (non-hosp)	9
Live Clinical Data Feeds	98
Identities in MPI	~5.4M
Lab Results Available	~29M
Radiology Report Available	~8M
Clinical Documents Available	~4M
Opt-Outs	~2,000
Queries (past 30 days)	~14,000
Notifications (past 30 days)	~60,000
Participating physicians (query & notification)	~1,200



Chesapeake Regional Information System for Our Patients

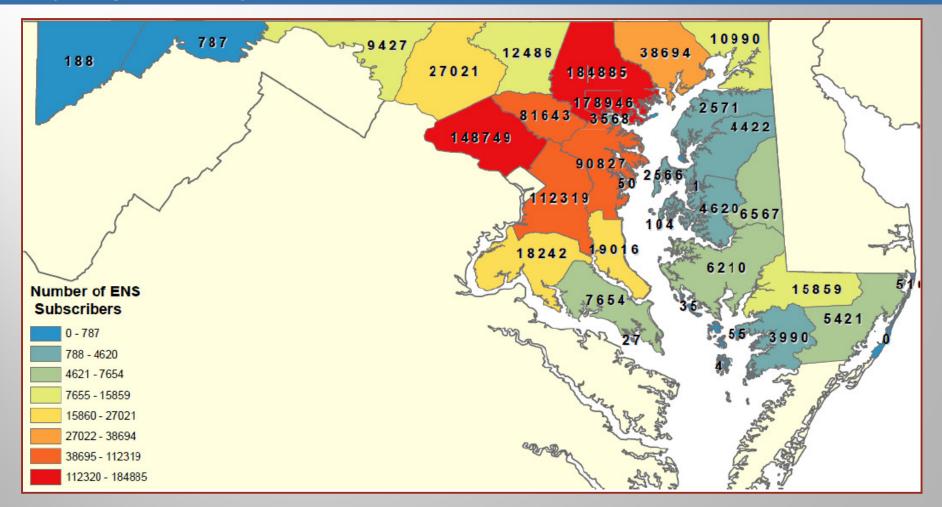
ENS enables CRISP participants to receive real-time notifications when one of their patients or members is hospitalized.



- The alerts are generated from the "ADT" messages CRISP receives from all Maryland hospitals.
- Participants can only subscribe to "active patient or members"
- If an individual has opted out of the HIE, an alert will not be triggered.
- There are currently over 1,000,000 patients subscribed to with in ENS resulting in over 2,000 notifications per day.



Individual Subscription by County





Maryland SIM Program and CRISP's Role

- DHMH and CRISP have partnered under Maryland's SIM Model Design Grant to develop a hospital service utilization reporting and mapping capability (building from the existing Encounter Reporting Service).
- Reporting and mapping capabilities will be designed to support the community integrated medical home model that is core to the Maryland approach.
- CRISP reporting and mapping capability will be enhanced to support broader "Camden Initiative-like" capabilities on a statewide scale.
- Additional data types will be incorporated into the CRISP reporting solution to enable broad understanding of population health status and trending.
- Highly granular mapping and reporting will be made possible through CRISP's address level data for encounters.



Hospital Services Utilization Reporting

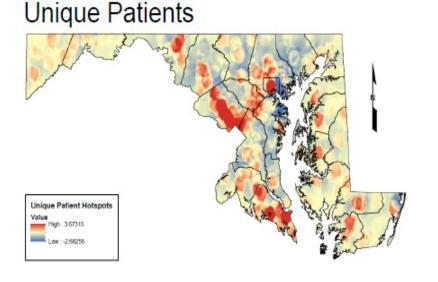
- As encounter messages flow into CRISP, reporting on aggregate hospital services, regional or community utilization, and trending analysis becomes possible.
- By consolidating, correlating, and reporting against real-time encounter data CRISP can produce rapid and comprehensive views of hospital data for purposes such as identifying (to the appropriate entity) "super-utilizers" in targeted geographies.



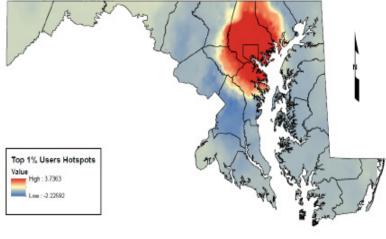
GIS Mapping Capability

Chesapeake Regional Information System for Our Patients

- Based on the indexed utilization information CRISP can produce visualizations of hospital utilization data in near real time.
- CIMH can leverage geographic data to better understand localized use of services and opportunities for the most efficient / targeted interventions.

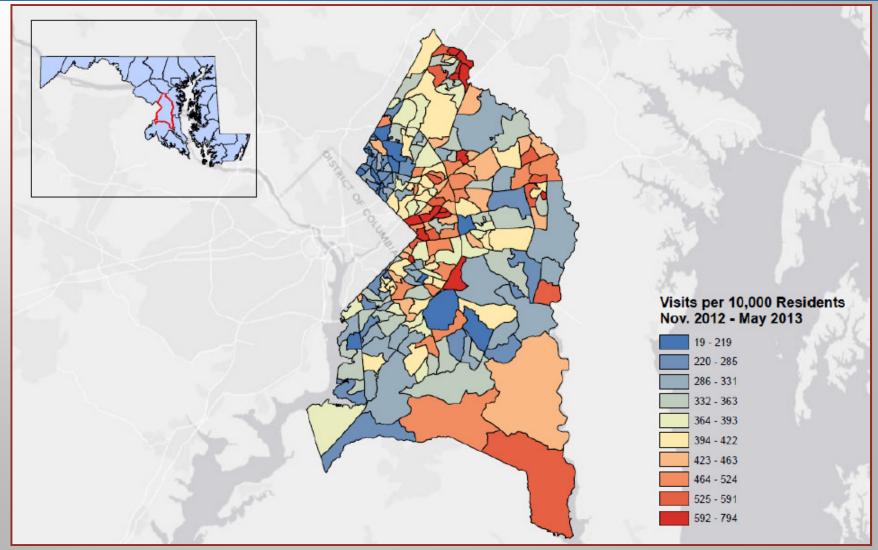


Top 1% Patients





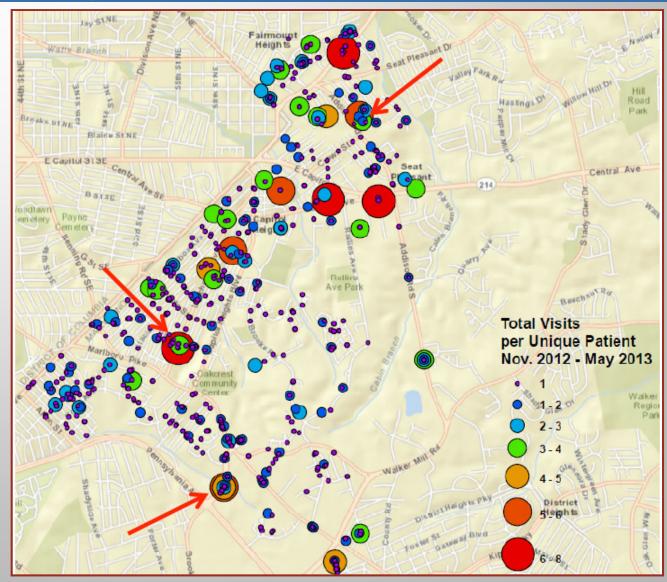
Inpatient Utilization, Prince George's





Inpatient Utilization Capitol Heights Area (Obscured Data)

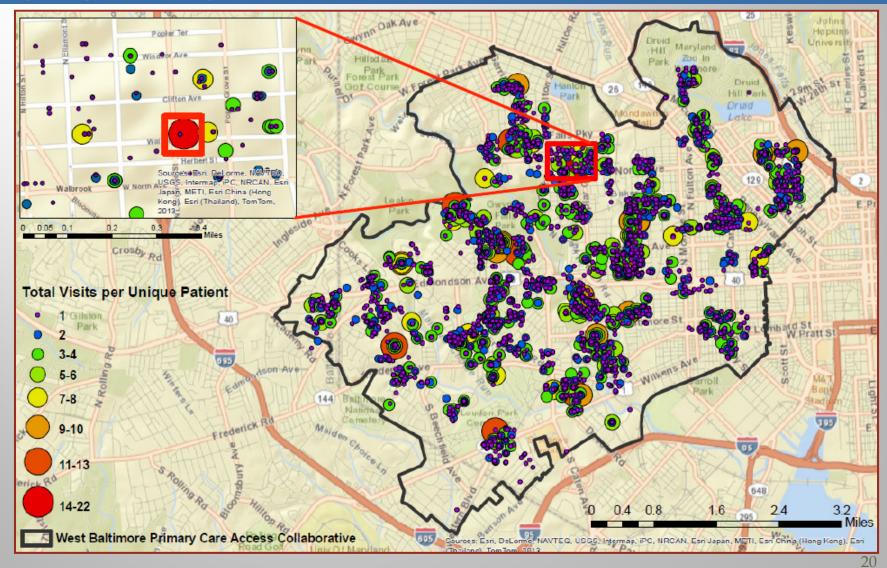
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Inpatient Utilization West Baltimore HEZ (Mocked Up Dots)



Utilization Reports

Utilization Report Summary

Class: Inpatient Event: Discharge Date Range: 10/1/13 - 12/31/13 Practice: Hunt Valley

Patient Name	DOB	Provider	Number of Discharges
John Smith	1/1/1965	Mark Lamos	7
John Smith I	2/7/1970	Robin Motter-Mast	5
John Smith II	3/2/1967	Andrea Olaru	4
John Smith IV	4/5/1945	Deb Jones	3
John Smith∨	5/8/1954	Mark Lamos	3

Care Team runs two reports:

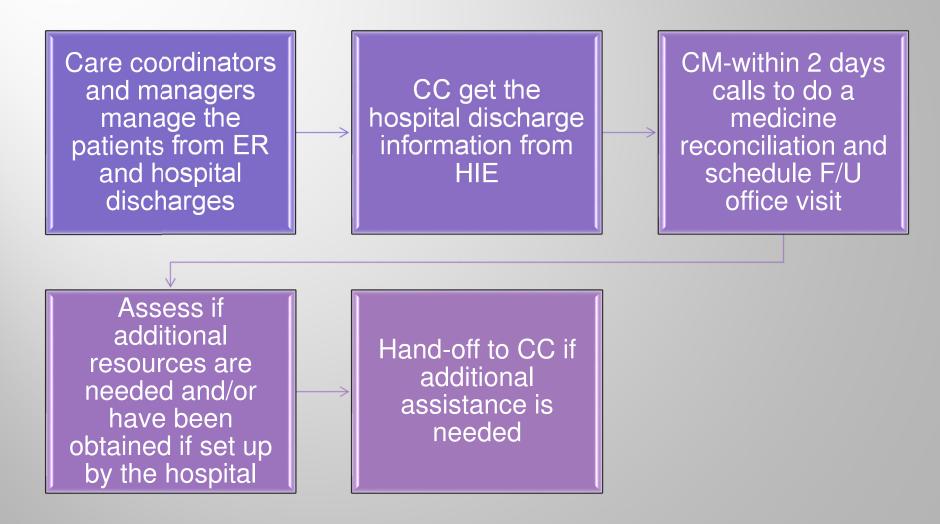
- Monthly Utilization (twice a month)
- Previous 48 hour (daily)



Transition of Care

- Notified if any GBMA PCP patient is admitted and discharged from any ED or IP facility in Maryland
- □ Averaging ~630 discharges/month (21/day)
- Care Managers and Coordinators following up with 7 Primary Care Practices and 2 aligned ACO practices.

Transition of Care



CRISP

BEFORE CRISP

- GBMC was only aware of ER visits and inpatient discharges days after they occurred
 - The provider did not engage the patient until they arrived at a follow up appointment

AFTER CRISP

- Real time notification of ER and hospital utilization
- Transition of care process implemented
 - Make sure all patients have a follow-up appointment with their PCP.
- Helps us keep track of high ER utilizers and multiple hospitalizations

Patient Story

- November of 2012 a 54 y.o. male was seen in the E.R. c/o dizziness.
- He was found to have a glucose in the 600's and HbA1c of 13.
- He was admitted to the hospital.
- He was contacted quickly, and scheduled for an outpatient follow up visit.
- At his visit, he met the Care Manager, and he was care planned.
- As of October 2013, his sugars are in the low 100's and his HbA1c is 5.9.

Patient Story

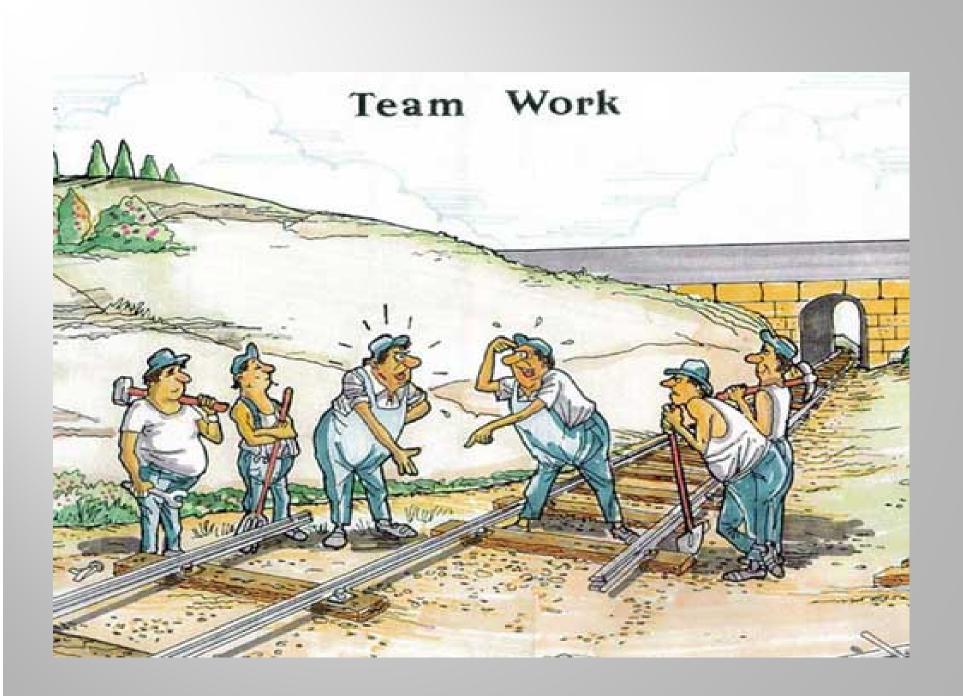
OUTCOME

- The PCP consulted with the Care Manager and quickly came up with a treatment plan for the patient.
 - The patient has not been back to the ER.
 - His diabetes is well managed, and he has met his treatment goals.

BENEFIT

- CRISP helped us identify a high risk patient and potentially high utilizer.
- Proactive instead of reactive patient care.

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ACO/GBHA

Greater Baltimore Health Alliance (GBHA)

- Chartered in 2011 to integrate delivery of both employed and community-based clinical services
 - Network of approximately 100 primary care providers
- Goal: Improve access for patients, maximize quality, reduce cost of care
- Approved as an Accountable Care Organization (ACO) through the Medicare Shared Savings program in July 2012

Care Team

- Manage population health of the entire network
- Provide access to Care
 Manager and Care
 Coordinator for every
 practice
- Entire team meets together at least monthly



Care Team

Mitigate coverage issues

Teach new members of the team about their roles

Standardize work

Level workload

Work together to provide resources to the GBMA neighborhood

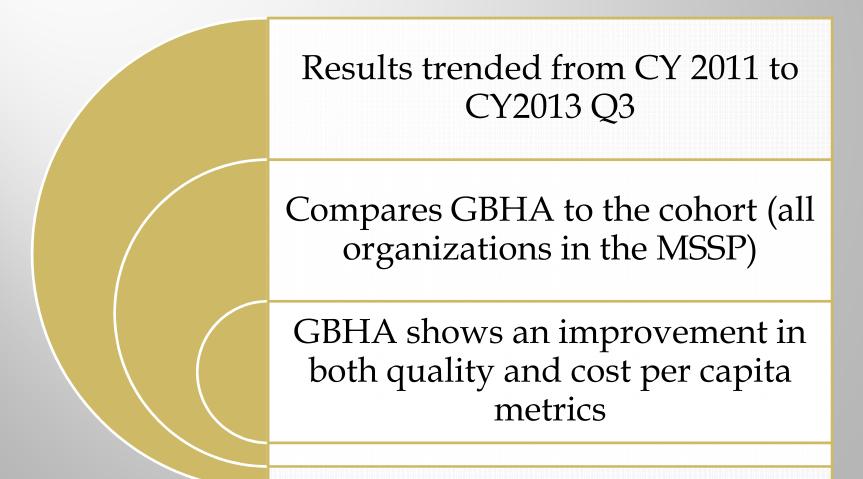
Specialists

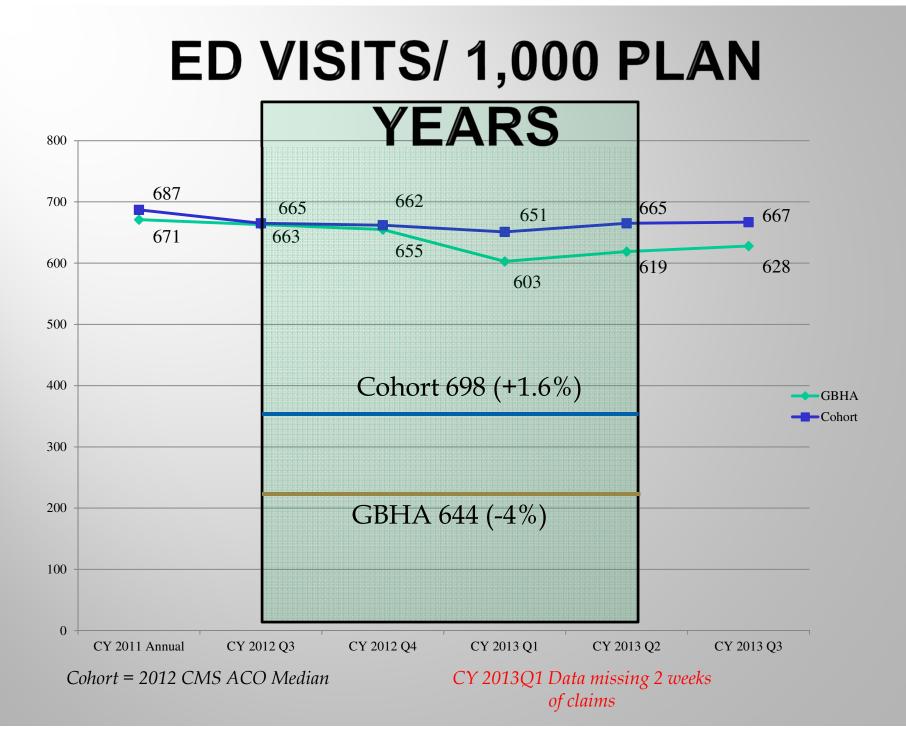
Created a Board of Physician Specialists

Collaborative Compacts

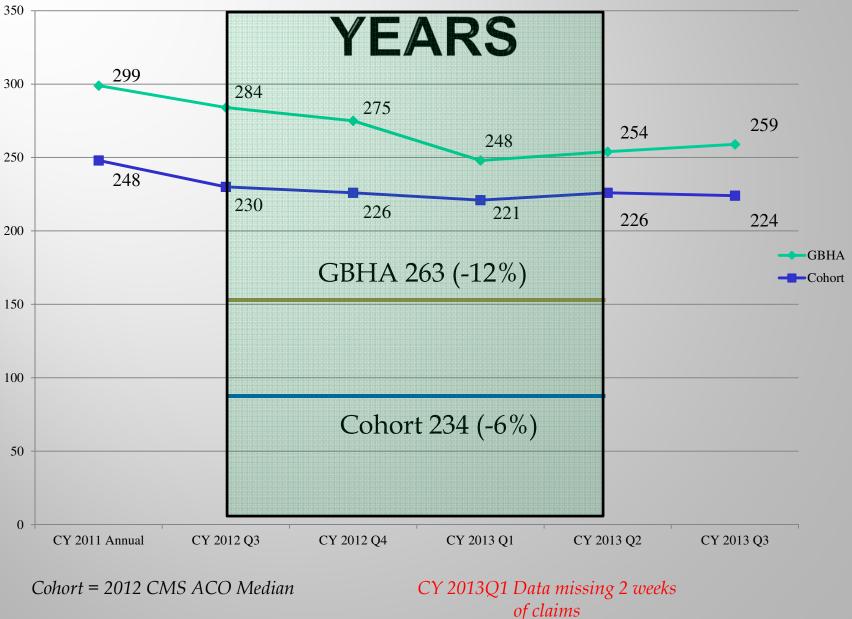
Referral Guidelines

Medicare Shared Savings Program ACO Results

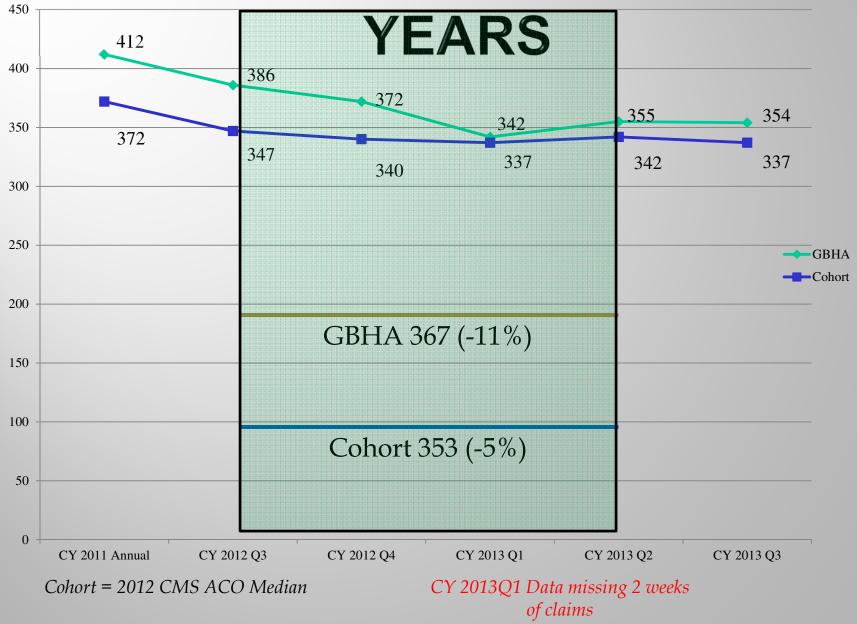




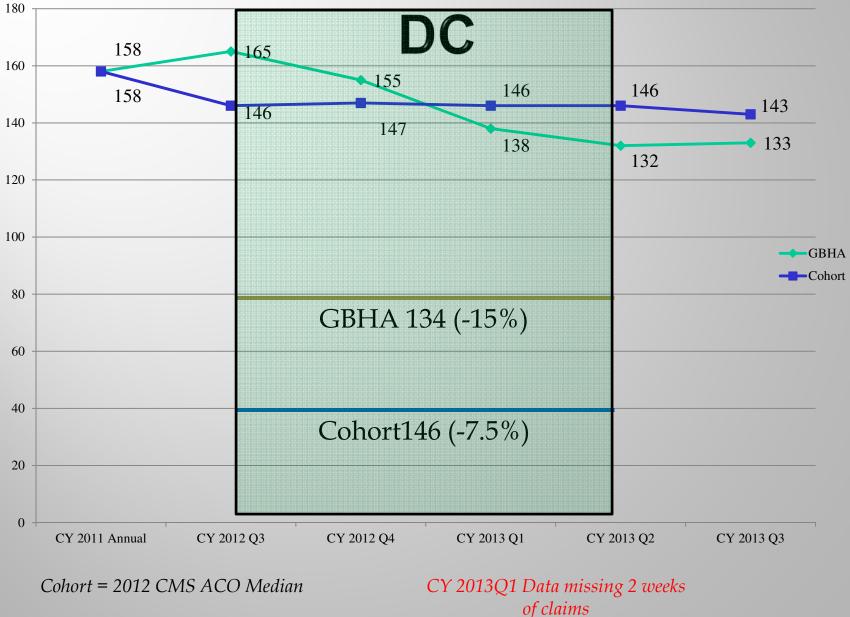
ED ADMITS/ 1,000 PLAN



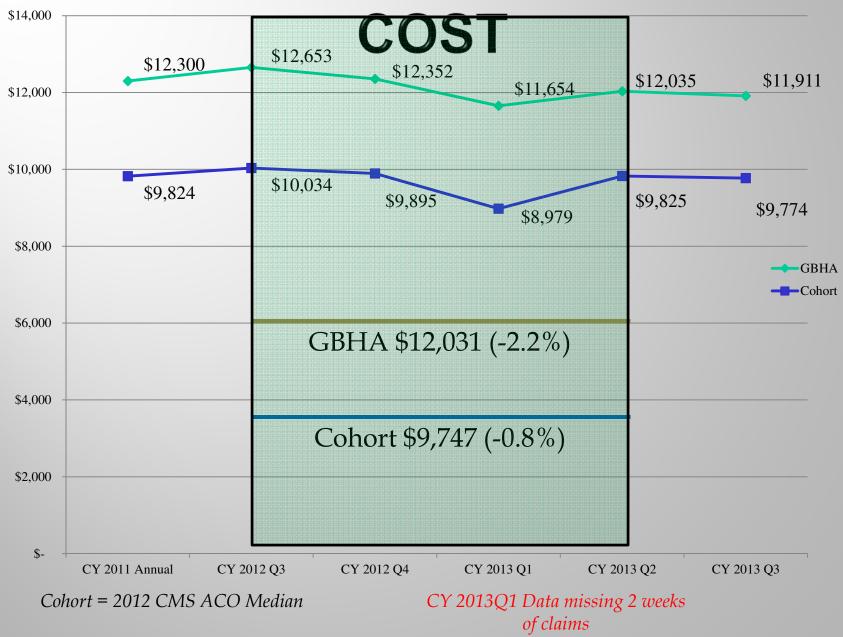
HOSPITALIZATIONS/ 1,000 PLAN



30-DAY READMISSIONS/1,000



TOTAL PER CAPITA



Next Steps to Enhance Collaboration

Initiate early communication from outpatient setting with ER/hospital

Decrease duplicating services

Expand HIE to non-aligned resources Specialists, nursing homes, PT/OT, home nursing services, pharmacies, local health departments

Exchange more utilization information between payers and healthcare organizations/providers

Take -a-Ways

 HIE has been very successful in Maryland
 Work with an ACO/Medical System focused on population health management



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