# alzheimer's R association

# Medicaid Long Term Care Reform: Issues for Consumers

Jane Tilly, Dr PH Alzheimer's Association

June 6, 2006

### **Reform Trends**

Rebalancing institutional & community services

Consumer choice

Long Term Care Insurance Partnerships

Comprehensive Medicaid waivers



### **Questions for Consumers**

#### Access

- How does beneficiary access to services change?
- Do caregivers receive adequate supports?

#### Quality

– How does quality assurance change?

#### Costs

– Do costs to consumers increase or decrease?



#### **Access Issues**

- Functional Eligibility for Services
- Access to nursing home & community services
- Caregiver supports



# **Functional Eligibility**

- People with dementia have special difficulties with ADLs & IADLs
  - Communication
  - Decision-making
  - Behavioral symptoms
  - Need for supervision
  - Need for verbal and physical assistance



### Recommendations for Functional Criteria

 Need for assistance w/ ADLs should include verbal assistance

Need for supervision to protect from effects of judgment and behavioral symptoms.

Medical or nursing needs should not be required.

No mental status tests to determine eligibility.



# Quality

- Managed care plans
  - Provide special enrollment assistance to people with dementia & caregivers.
  - Require plans to identify enrollees w/ dementia.
  - Dementia capable assessors, care managers, and providers.
  - Involve family in decision-making processes.
  - Require special QA provisions for people with dementia.



#### Costs

#### Funding Cap

#### Financial Eligibility for Services

#### Consumer co-payments



### Conclusions

 Every type of long term care reform has advantages & disadvantages.

• They may vary by type of disability.

 They are different for people with disabilities and their caregivers.



### **Dementia Care Website**

# www.alz.org/qualitycare

