Basic Legal Issues in Implementing **Healthcare Incentives and** Pay for Performance Programs

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National Pay for Performance Summit Los Angeles, CA

Tuesday, February 7, 2006

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Overview

- Context for P4P
- Antitrust
- Physician Incentive Programs
- Collection and Exchange of Data



A Growing Trend

- Many variations; we focus on health plan payments to providers to reward quality
- Examples:
 - Integrated Healthcare Association (California)
 - Bridges to Excellence (Boston, Cincinnati, Albany)
 - ■Leapfrog Group
 - Medicare



Features

- Quality measures
 - **■Clinical measures**
 - Screening, immunization and other prevention
 - ■Patient satisfaction
 - Adoption of technology
- Payment
 - ■Incremental PMPM payment (typically < 5%)</p>
 - **■**Often competitive
- Scorecards





Antitrust

- The price-fixing concern
- Elements of payment
 - **■**Measures
 - **■**Weighting
 - ■Payment





Antitrust

- The case for collaboration
- The MedSouth clinical integration opinion
- The FTC/DOJ Report -Improving Health Care





Antitrust

- ■How far is too far?
 - **■**Measures
 - ■Weighting
 - ■Payment
 - Recommended or binding
 - **■**Possible anti-competitive effects





Physician Incentives

- Anti-kickback Laws
- Gainsharing
- Limitation of Care
- Physician incentive plans





Anti-kickback laws

- Both federal and state
- Prohibits the offer/receipt of remuneration for referrals
- Civil penalties and criminal exposure
- Exception for managed care





Gainsharing

 Alignment of financial incentives to improve efficiencies, increase quality of care, lower costs



Gainsharing

- Programs scrutinized by OIG
- Acceptable programs
 - identify specific cost-saving actions
 - must monitor quality to assure no adverse impact
 - no cherry-picking incentives
 - no hidden incentives for individual referrals





Limitation of Care

- Civil Monetary Penalties (CMPs)
- Prohibits remuneration intended to limit services to Medicare/Medicaid beneficiaries





Physician Incentive Plans

Compensation arrangement that may directly or indirectly have the effect of reducing or limiting services provided with respect to enrolled individuals





Physician Incentive Plans

- Contracts with CMPs
 - no inducement to reduce of limit services
 - stop-loss if physicians at substantial financial risk
 - quality assurance/satisfaction survey



Privacy/Confidentiality

- Protection of individually identifiable health information
 - HIPAA allows disclosure to contractor for data aggregation
- Permissible use of aggregate data
 - Reporting to provider and health plan
 - **■**Disclosure to others
 - Research
 - Public scorecards
 - Collateral uses





Data Collection & Integrity

- HIPAA requires reasonable measures to secure electronic data
 - encryption
 - physical safeguards
 - access controls
 - audits and monitoring





Data Collection & Integrity

- Issues
 - Who collects and verifies data?
 - How is accuracy of data assured?
 - Publication of data regarding a specific provider



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Questions

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