# Performance Measurement Sets

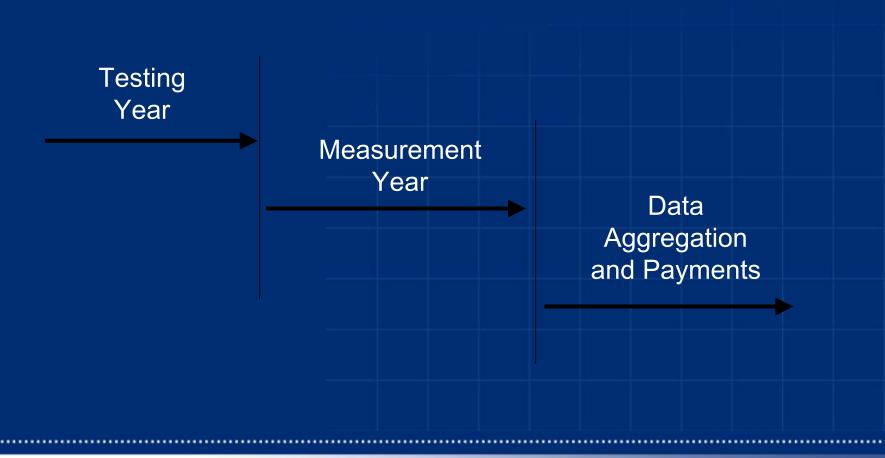
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- Strategic selection of measures:
  - important to public health in California
  - within the control of physician groups
  - economical to collect (i.e., admin data only)
  - stable and meaningful to consumers
  - valid and evidence based
  - tested with physician group data before implementing



## Pay for Performance: Timeline Cycle





- Align what matters:
  - Align P4P with measures required by accreditation, HEDIS, public and private purchasers and regulators



#### System reform:

- Encourage system re-engineering over incremental improvement
- Move from an individual disease management approach to cross-cutting measures
- Reward better outcomes, customer service, structure and efficiency for greater change and consumer relevance



- Predictability and stability:
  - Phase in multiple part measures
  - Move from process toward outcomes
  - Leave each measure in the set for at least 3 years



#### **Bottom Line**

- The measures must make sense to physicians
- If physicians don't believe a measure will improve quality, no amount of incentive payment will change behavior



# So many measures, yet so few "qualify"...

- NQF
- AQA
- RAND
- HEDIS
- AMA



#### 2006 Clinical Measures

- Preventive Care
  - ✓ Breast Cancer Screening
  - ✓ Cervical Cancer Screening
  - ✓ Childhood Immunizations
  - ✓ Chlamydia screening
- Acute Care
  - ✓ Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection

- Chronic Disease Care
  - ✓ Appropriate Meds for Persons with Asthma
  - ✓ Diabetes: HbA1c Testing & Control
  - ✓ CholesterolManagement: LDLScreening & Control
  - ✓ Nephropathy Monitoring for Diabetics
  - ✓ Obesity Counseling



#### Clinical Measures

- To-date, most measures have been:
  - HEDIS-based
  - Process measures
  - Primary Care
  - Underuse measures
- To align with core objectives, measure development focuses on:
  - Outcomes measures
  - Specialty measures
  - Overuse and misuse measures



### 2006 Patient Experience

- Communication with doctor
- Overall ratings of care
- Care Coordination
- Specialty care
- Timely Access to care



#### CAS Questions for Patient Experience Measures

Г	Measures Individual Questions Items from CAS 2005			
		(fielded by CCHRI)		
•	Communication with doctor (4 items from CAS)	(Q8) How often did doctors or other health providers <u>listen carefully</u> to you? (Q9) How often did doctors or other health providers <u>explain things</u> in a way you could understand? (Q10) In the last 12 months, how often did doctors or other health providers treat you with <u>courtesy and respect</u> ? (Q11) How often did doctors or other health providers <u>spend enough time</u> with you?	10%	
•	Overall rating of care	(Q23) Your rating of your <u>personal doctor</u> or nurse (0-10 scale)	5%	
	(2 items from CAS)	(Q14) Your rating of <u>all health care</u> from providers (0-10 scale)	5%	
•	Specialty care	(Q27) How much of a problem was it to see a specialist that you needed to see?	5%	
	(2 items from CAS)	(Q32) Your <u>rating of the specialist</u> you saw most often (0-10 scale)		
•	Timely care and service (8 items from CAS)	(Q2) How often did you get an appointment as soon as you wanted? (Q3) When you called during regular office hours, how often did you get the advice/help you needed? (Q4) When you needed care right away, how often did you get care as soon as you wanted? (Q25) When you needed after hours care, how often did you get the care/help you needed? (Q7) How often did you see the person you came to see within 15 minutes of your appointment time?  In the last 12 months, when you needed care from your personal doctor or nurse, how often did you get care as soon as you wanted: (Q18) For regular or routine care (non-urgent care)? (Q19) For care right away for a serious illness or injury (urgent care)? (Q20) For a preventive health exam (such as a check-up, pap exam, cholesterol screening)?	10%	



## 2006 Information Technology

- Measure 1 clinical data integration at group level (i.e. population mgmt.)
- Measure 2 clinical decision support (point of care) to aid physicians during patient encounters

For full credit, demonstrate <u>four</u> activities, with at least two in Measure 2



### IT Measure 1: Population Management

- Patient registries
- Actionable report
- HEDIS results



### IT Measure 2: Point of Care Technology

- Accessing lab results electronically
- Producing electronically generated prescriptions
- Electronically checking drug-drug interactions
- Accessing clinical notes from other physicians or hospital electronically



## IT Measure 2: Point of Care Technology

- Receiving preventive or chronic care patient reminders
- Accessing clinical findings
- E-mailing messages, clinical data or referrals between PCPs, patients and/or specialists



# 2006 Bonus Opportunities

- Individual Physician Feedback Program
- Improvement over previous year's performance



### Measurement Domain Weighting

	2003	2004	2005	2006
Clinical	50%	40%	50%	50%
Patient Experience	40%	40%	30%	30%
IT Investment	10%	20%	20%	20%
Individual Physician Feedback program			10% "extra credit"	10% "extra credit"
Improvement				X



### 2006 Testing Measures

- Testing = Specification essentially complete; testing data collection
  - Colorectal Screening
  - Misuse of Rescue Inhalers
  - Medicare Clinical Measures



#### 2006 Development Measures

- Development = Create or change specifications for testing in following year
  - Redesign of IT Domain to Systemness Domain
  - Depression Management in Primary Care
  - Overall Quality Score
  - Efficiency Domain

