

Value Based Integrative Behavioral Health: COMPASS

Claire Neely, MD, FAAP, Medical Director Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement

Institute for Clinical Systems Improvement



A healthcare quality improvement collaborative in Minnesota focused on achieving the Triple Aim of improving the health of the population, the patient care experience, including quality, and the affordability of care.



Part of ICSI's work is to take well-studied, successful innovations to scale and to spread further to settings that differ from where the original intervention was proven.







Care of Mental, Physical, and Substance-use Syndromes

Supported by Cooperative Agreement Number 1C1CMS331048-01-00 from the Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

COMPASS
Partnering for Mind-Body Health



The COMPASS Consortium is a collaboration of 10 partners drawing on information from clinical trials and implementation projects to spread an integrated care model across varied settings.







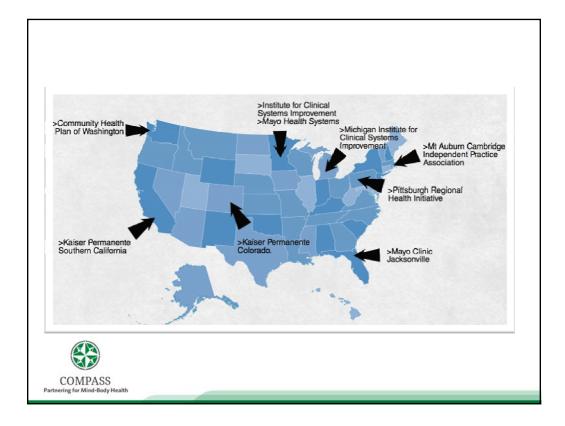


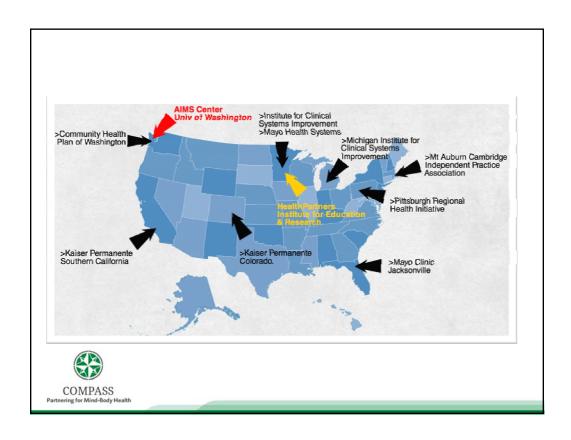


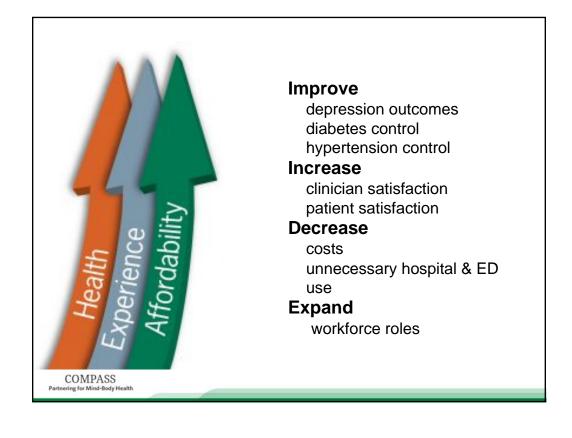






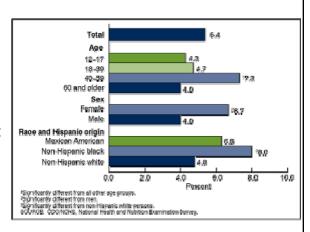






Depression

At any given time, 8% of American adults suffer from depression.
This costs \$84 billion per year in healthcare and lost productivity.



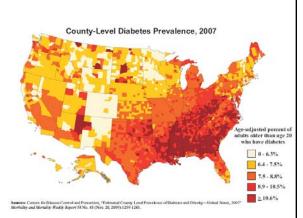


33% of US adults are living with some form of cardiovascular disease. By 2040, this will have risen to 40% with a cost of \$818 billion per year.



Diabetes

27% of US residents over 65 have DM, with an expected increase to 85% by 2034 increasing cost to \$334 billion per year.

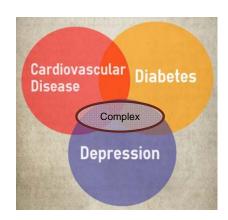




15% of patients with diabetes or heart disease have depression.

When depression is present with chronic disease:

- ✓ costs are higher
- ✓ complications higher
- ✓ premature death

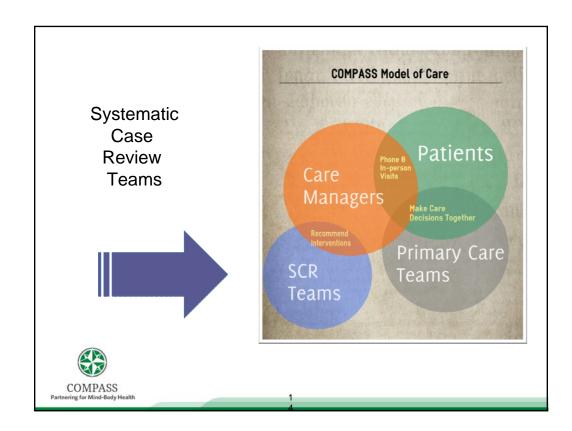






Patient-centered medical home adds care managers to assist primary care teams.



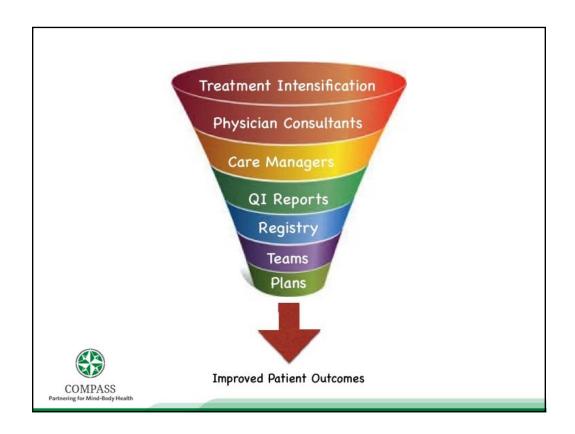


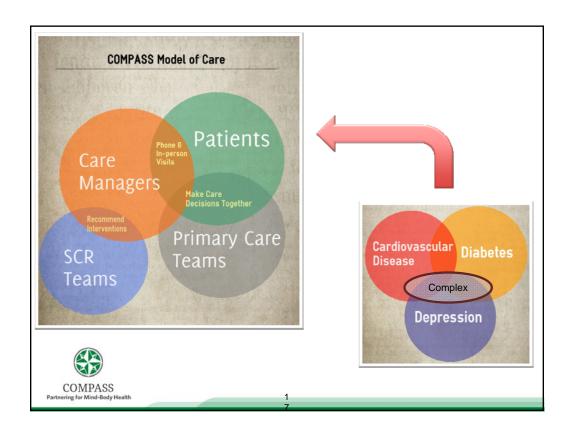


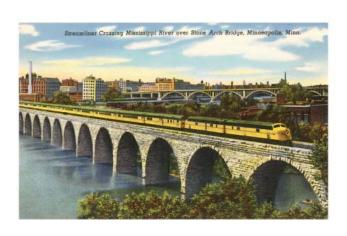
A Systematic Case Review Team can review 40+ cases during their 2 hour, weekly, meeting.

There are 27 SCR Teams participating in COMPASS.







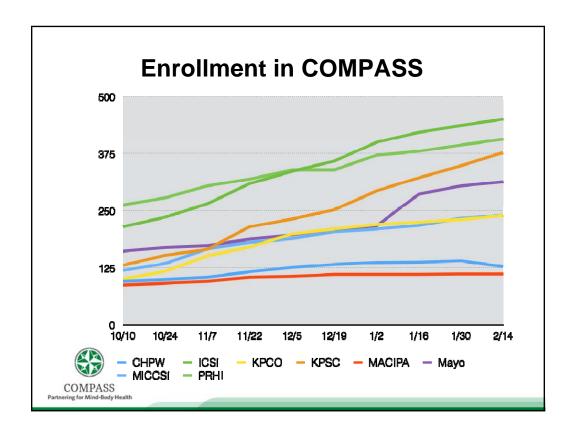


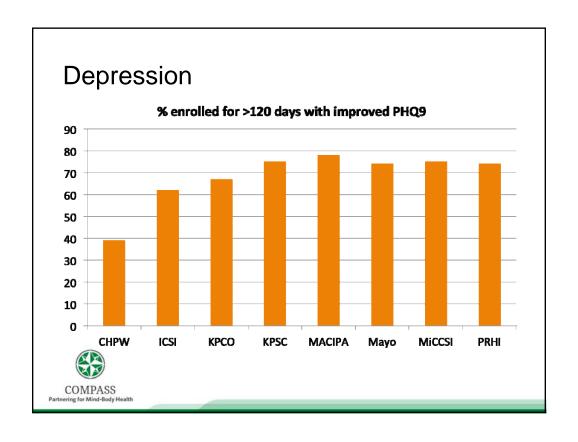
Primary care may have the knowledge to manage these patients, but is on a track that does not easily allow change.

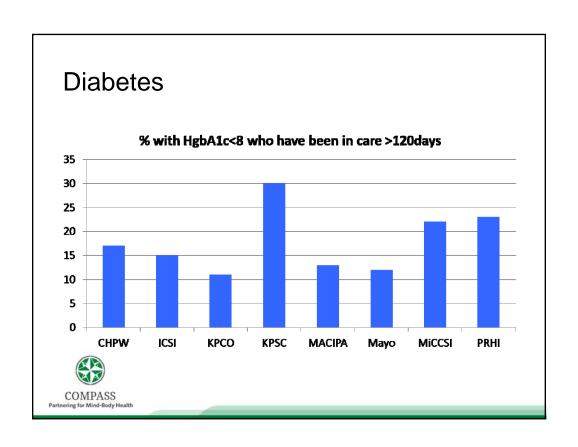
COMPASS nering for Mind-Body Health

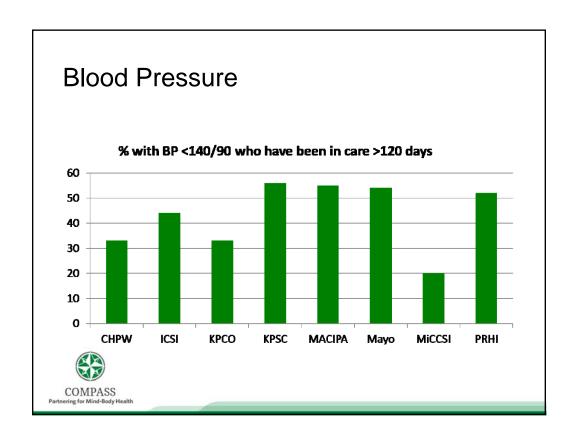


COMPASS nering for Mind-Body Health







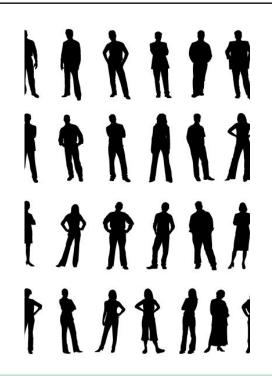




Not as many patients have enrolled as expected.

Not engaged in healthcare Not attending primary care





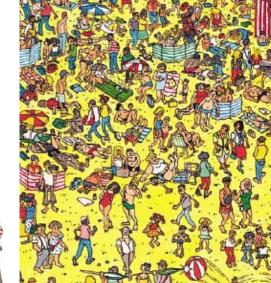
Lessons Learned

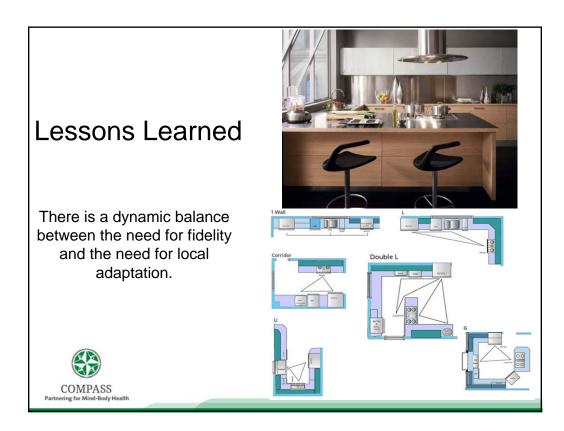
Practices have to actively search for patients and invite them into the health care system.

COMPASS









The skills and attitudes of care managers are as important as their professional degree.





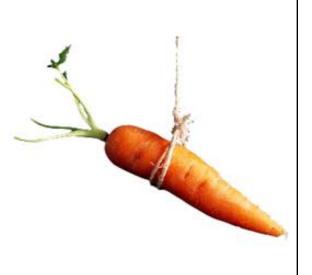
Many of the systematic case review teams are adding social workers.





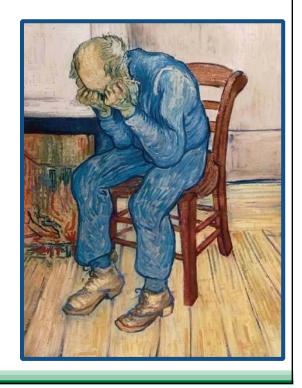
Lessons Learned

Some financial incentives help speed implementation. Some don't.





There continues to be a stigma around depression for both patients and healthcare providers.





THANK YOU

