

Payment Reform: What's the Point?

Implementing Value-Based Payment and Improving Care in a New Environment

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March, 2017

APM MEASUREMENT



MEDICARE

ADVANTAGE 23 HEALTH PLANS 10 MILLION COVERED LIVES Public and private health plans voluntarily participated in a national effort to measure the use of alternative payment models (APMs) as well as progress towards the LAN's goals of tying 30% of U.S. health care payments to APMs by 2016 and 50% by 2018.

PARTICIPANTS

COMMERCIAL

26 HEALTH PLANS 90 MILLION COVERED LIVES 44% OF COMMERCIAL MARKET

MEDICAID

28 HEALTH PLANS AND TWO STATES 28 MILLION COVERED LIVES

REPRESENTING

MORE THAN

128 MILLION

AMERICANS AND...

...NEARLY 44%

OF THE COVERED

POPULATION IN

THREE MARKET SEGMENTS

2016 RESULTS



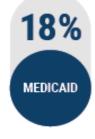
IN APM CATEGORIES 3 & 4



% OF HEALTH CARE DOLLARS



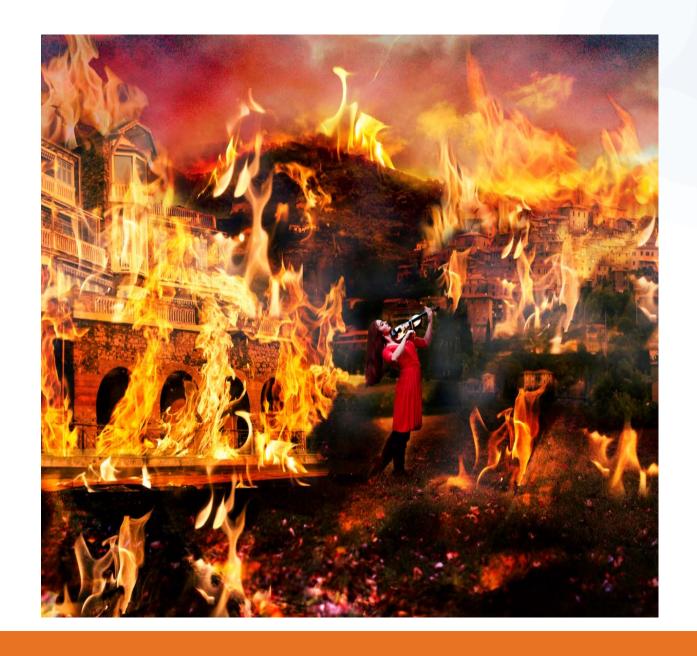




*Data from January 1, 2016 was collected over an 8-week period and aggregated to produce results based on the LAN's APM Framework.

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) announced in March 2016 an estimated 30% of traditional Medicare payments are tied to APMs that reward the quality of care over quantity of services provided. These results are separate from the results shown above.

* The results are based on contracts in effect on January 1, 2016 and represent estimated spending from January – December 2016.



National Goal: Better, More Affordable Care



Better Care. Healthy People/Healthy Communities. Affordable Care.

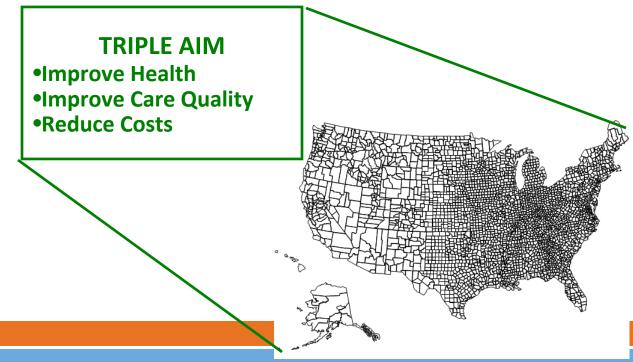
TRIPLE AIM

- •Improve Health
- •Improve Care Quality
- Reduce Costs

What's Needed to Make It Happen in 50 States and 3000+ Counties?



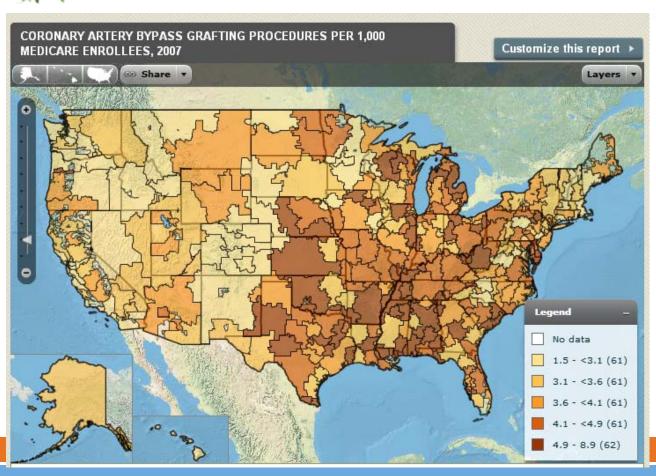
Better Care. Healthy People/Healthy Communities. Affordable Care.



The Opportunities to Improve Differ from Region to Region

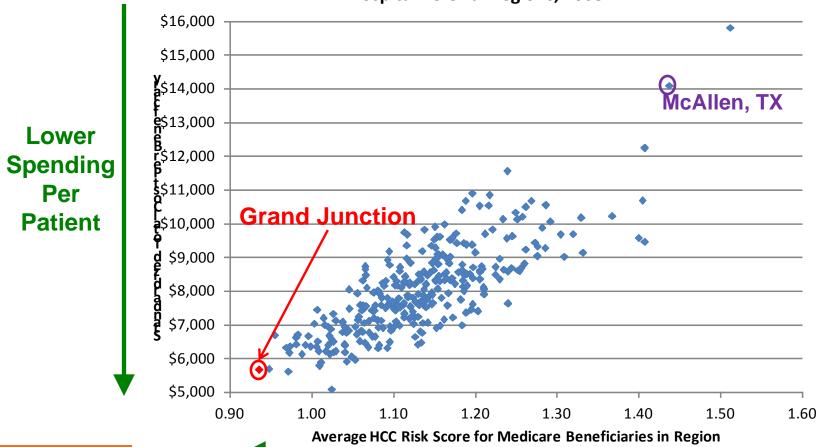


THE DARTMOUTH ATLAS OF HEALTH CARE



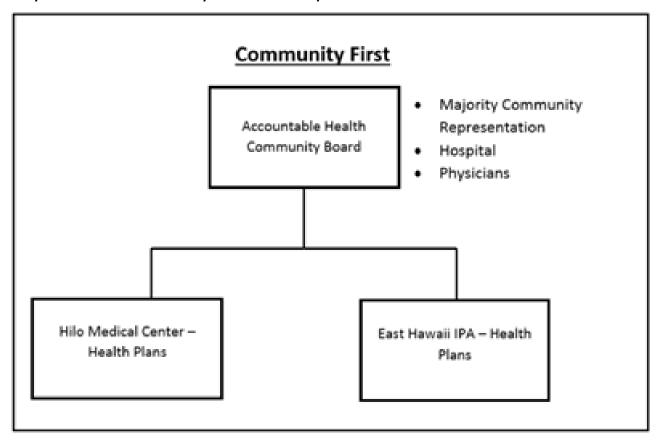
Is it Better Healthcare, Healthier Residents, or Both?

Average Medicare Spending vs. Average Beneficiary Health Status, Hospital Referral Regions, 2008



Hawaii: Community Governed ACO

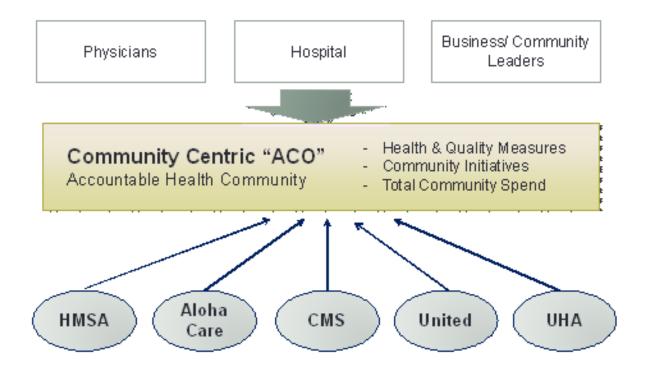
Community governance can be achieved without creating a separate ACO entity and incurring the administrative costs and complexity a small community cannot carry



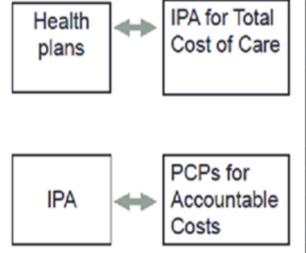
Hawaii:

Health Plan-enabled Community-centric ACO

Health Plan-enabled



Accountable Medical Home Numbers based on an actual EHI PCMH of 810 members



Total Medical Spend	\$3,000,000
Insurance Risk	(\$1,000,000)
Accountable Costs	\$2,000,000
10% Reduction	\$200,000
Analytics, Care Coordination, Administration	\$100,000
Lower Premiums	\$50,000
High quality, low cost physicians	\$20,000
Additional compensation	\$30,000

Washington

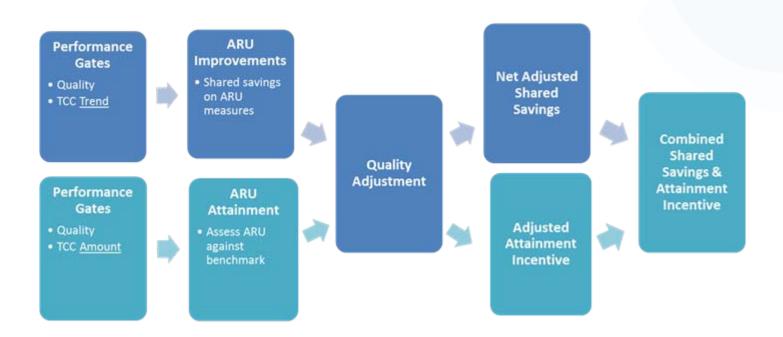
The state is implementing three value based payment models.

- 1. They have entered into accountable care contracts directly with two large integrated delivery systems for public employees and dependents. The accountable care network contract links provider payment with the potential for shared savings to quality, patient experience and total cost of care requirements. The State will also be introducing a bundle for total joint replacement surgery.
- 2. They are beginning to tie Medicaid contracting with managed care organizations (Medicaid health plans) to specific quality and outcome performance targets and a requirement that the MCOs institute value based contracting with providers over time.
- 3. The state is introducing a different provider payment model for FQHCs and some Critical Access Hospitals to incentivize care management and alternative non visit based delivery mechanisms, e.g. telehealth.

Some private employers moving in to VBP

- •Boeing doing direct contracting with provider accountable care organizations and COE for cardiac surgery outside of WA,
- •Starbucks introducing a private insurance exchange and value based benefit design, etc.

IHA Value Based P4P Incentive Design



To earn ANY award:

- Meet minimum level of quality
- Meet Total Cost of Care standards
- •Net improvement on resource use measures

To MAXIMIZE award:

- •Greater resource use improvement and attainment
- Higher quality



IHA's Value Based P4P at a Glance



\$550 million

paid out in total since 2004



200+

Medical Groups and IPAs































9.6 Million Californians





Facilitating payment reform in southeast Michigan

The Greater Detroit Area Health Council (GDAHC), in partnership with NRHI

- Approximately 80 participants: purchasers (employers); providers; patients; and payers
- Leaders need to commit to showing up for hard conversations;
- Leaders need to stay in the discussion;
- •Identify key change agents if not everyone comes to the table. Identify how to create "the ripple";
- •Identify an alternative payment model where payer and providers align around a model that creates a "win-win" for both—can't end up "killing" hospitals;

Develop 2 to 3 action plans for southeast Michigan

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Cross-sector perspectives

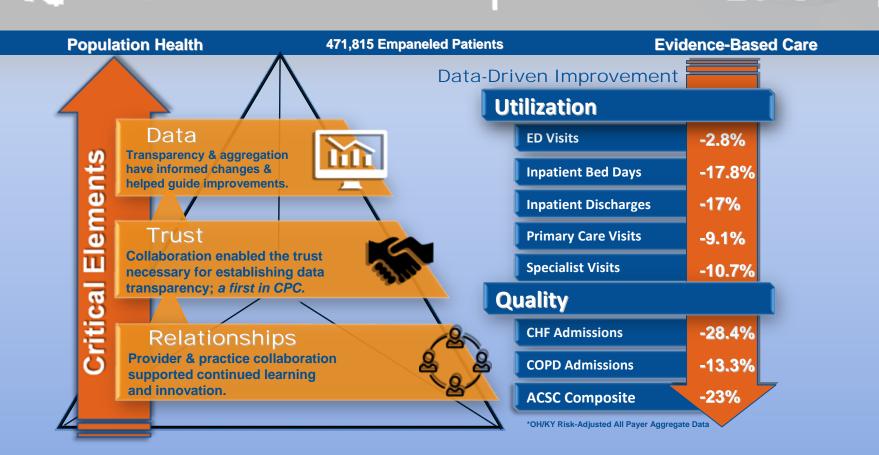
ACO

- In the "cost" side of the question, we often debate the "revenue/income" for an entity on the other side of that question. As we try to rein in costs we are implicitly talking about taking revenue away from someone/something.
- None of us wants to lose revenue, but if we all continue to grow our revenue, the costs of providing health care in this country will only continue to increase.
- Patients must remain in the center of these conversations.
- Talking about business models and revenue protection/ maximization loses sight of the fact that the reasons our organizations exist are to heal when possible and prevent suffering always.

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An Initiative of the Center for Medicare & Medicaid Innovation



#1: People Need to Know Where The Opportunities To Improve Are

Quality/Cost Analysis & Reporting

TRIPLE AIM

- •Improve Health
- •Improve Care Quality
- •Reduce Costs

#2: Providers Need to Change the Way They Deliver Care

Quality/Cost Analysis & Reporting

TRIPLE AIM

- •Improve Health
- •Improve Care Quality
- Reduce Costs

#3: Payment & Benefits Need to Support Higher-Value Care

Quality/Cost Analysis & Reporting

TRIPLE AIM

- •Improve Health
- •Improve Care Quality
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Value-Driven
Payment Systems
& Benefit Designs

#4: Patients Need to Be Educated and Engaged

Patient Education & Engagement

Quality/Cost Analysis & Reporting

TRIPLE AIM

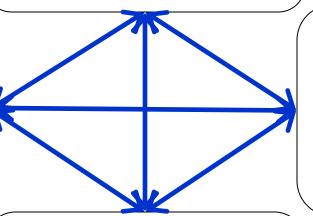
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Value-Driven
Payment Systems
& Benefit Designs

All the Pieces Have to Be Coordinated...

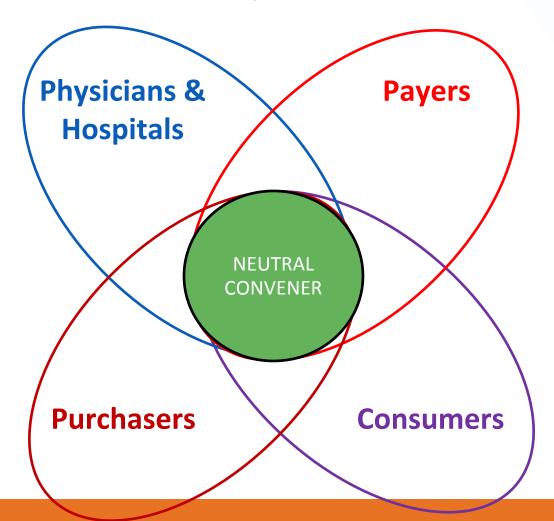
Patient
Education &
Engagement

Quality/Cost Analysis & Reporting

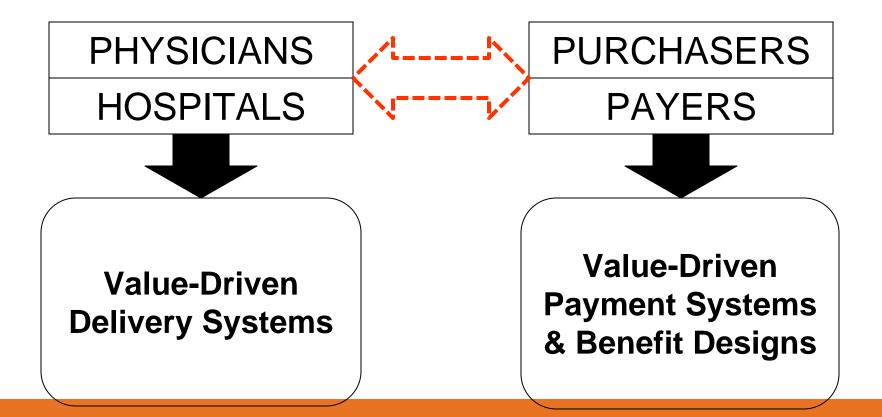


Value-Driven
Payment Systems
& Benefit Designs

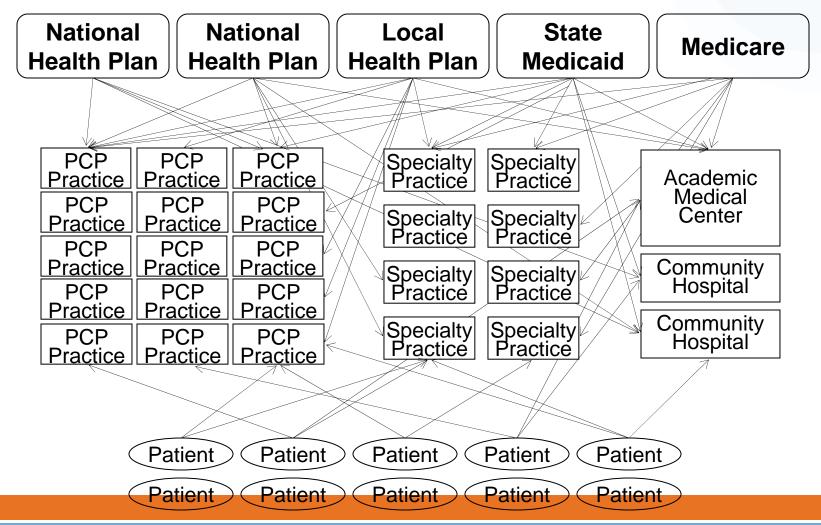
So All The Stakeholders Need to Be At a Common, Neutral Table



Solutions Impeded by Lack of Trust Between Providers & Payers

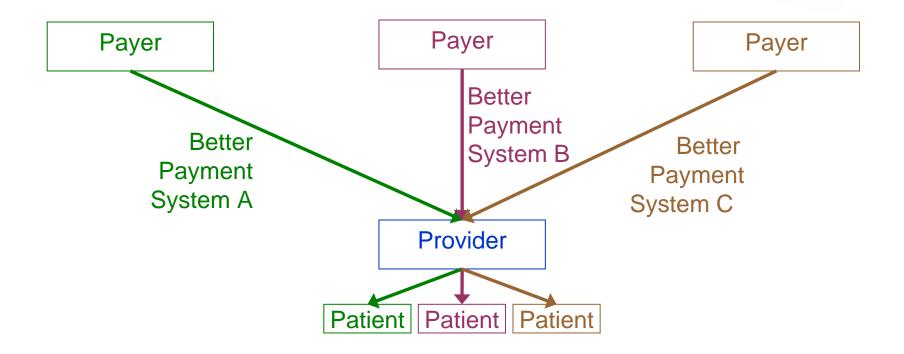


The Relationshhips in Many Communities Are *Very* Complex



Payers Need to Align to Allow Focus on Better Care

Even if every payer's system is better than it was, if they're all different, providers will spend too much time and money on administration rather than care improvement



GAO

United States Government Accountability Office

Report to Congressional Committees

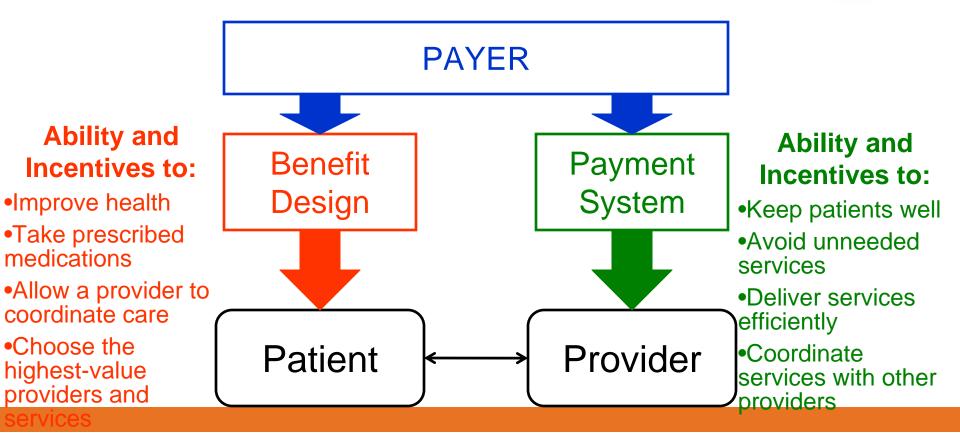
October 2016

HEALTH CARE QUALITY

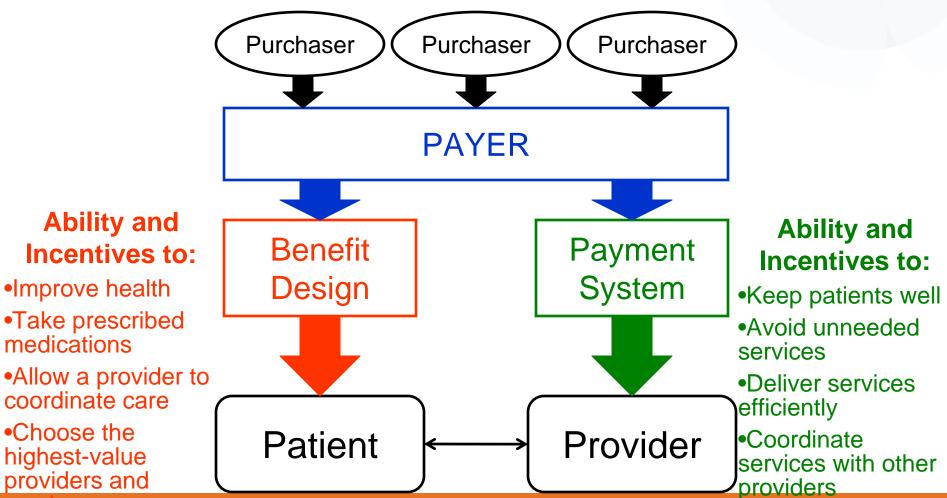
HHS Should Set Priorities and Comprehensively Plan Its Efforts to Better Align Health Quality Measures

GAO-17-5

Both Payment & Benefits Are Controlled by the Payer

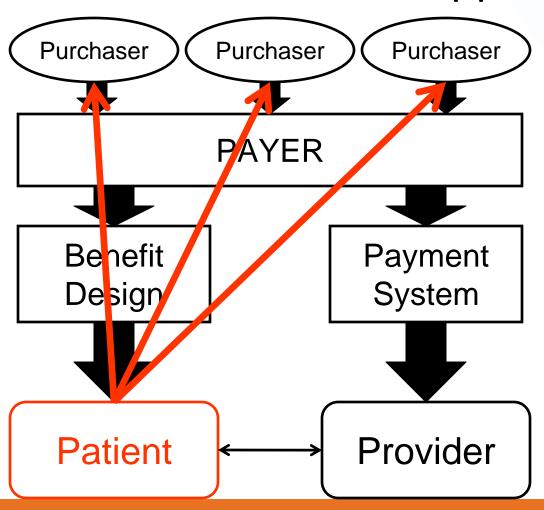


But Purchaser Support is Needed Particularly for Benefit Changes

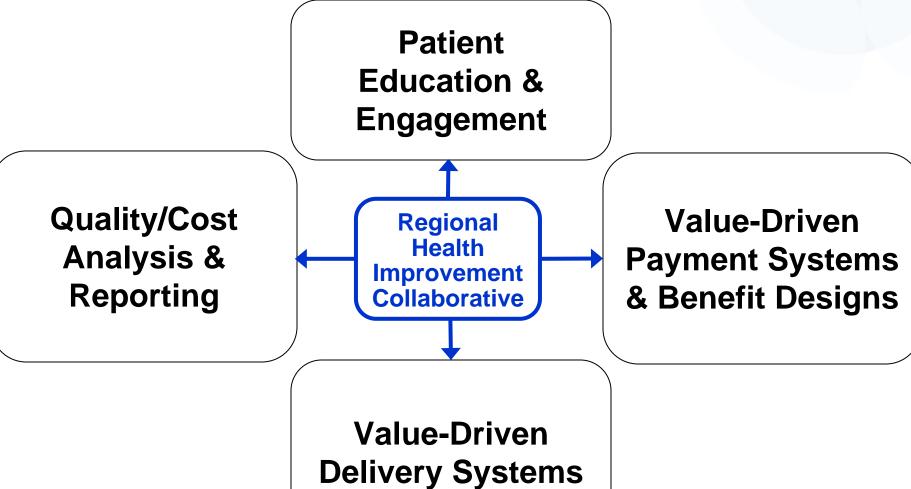


services

And Consumer Support is Critical for Purchaser/Plan Support



That's the Role of Regional Health Improvement Collaboratives



How Regional Collaboratives Are Working to Support Reform

Help in Identifying Opportunities for Savings

Assembling multi-payer data on utilization and costs Analyzing the data in ways that are actionable for docs

Building Consensus on Payment Reforms

Reaching agreement among physicians, hospitals, employers, health plan, and consumers on payment reform Encouraging and facilitating all health plans to use the same payment methods

Providing Training & Technical Assistance

Tools physicians and hospitals can use in redesigning care to reduce costs and improve quality

Neutral Facilitation to Achieve Win-Win Solutions

Providing the "table" where all stakeholders can come to resolve challenges in ways that are fair to everyone

looking for healthcare data



Lack of Actionable Information About Utilization/Costs

Barrier:

- Most physician practices don't know if they have high rates of preventable hospitalizations, complications, etc.
- PCPs typically don't even know if their patients go to the ER or are hospitalized
- Prices of facilities and treatments are secret or impossible to compare

Data is the Critical Glue and a Unique Strength of RHICs

Provider needs to know what its current costs, preventable complication rates, etc. are to know whether a warrantied payment amount will cover its costs of delivering care

Payer needs to know what its current costs, preventable complication rates, etc. are to know whether a warrantied payment amount is a better deal than they have today

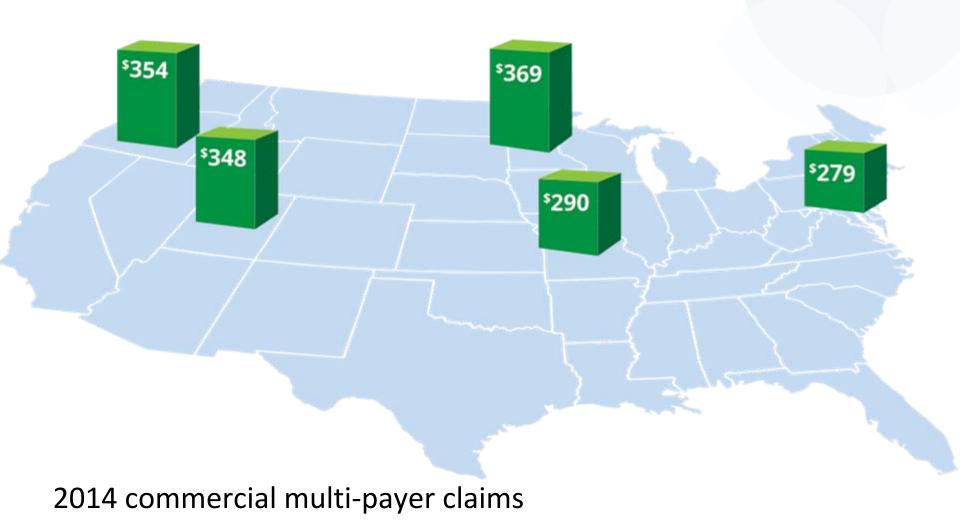
Both sets of data have to match in order for both providers and payers to agree!

A **neutral, trusted entity** with analytic skills and access to data is needed to facilitate new payment & delivery models

NRHI Members 11 of 13 Qualified Entities



We now have some information!



Background: Total Cost of Care





REGIONAL COMMITMENT. NATIONAL IMPACT.



The initiative was piloted by NRHI and RHICs in five regions. Their success led to the expansion to nine additional regions over the course of the project.

Pilot RHICs

Expansion Regions

Center for Improving Value in Health Care | Colorado Maine Health Management Coalition | Maine* Midwest Health Initiative | St. Louis, Missouri Minnesota Community Measurement | Minnesota

Oregon Health Care Quality Corporation | Oregon

HealthInsight Utah | Utah Health Care Improvement Foundation | Philadelphia The Health Collaborative | Ohio

Maryland Health Care Commission | Maryland
Massachusetts Health Quality Partners | Massachusetts

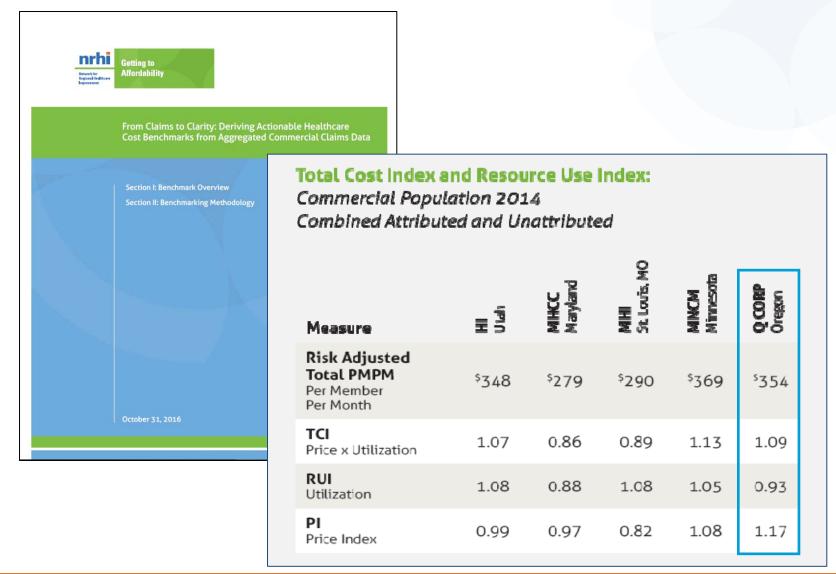
The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston | Texas

Virginia Health Information | Virginia Washington Health Alliance | Washington

Wisconsin Health Information Organization | Wisconsin

^{*}Phase I and II only participant

National Benchmarking: Variation Exists



Don't Wait for Washington

There is no one-size-fits-all solution to reform

Each region will need to make it happen in its own unique environment. The best federal policy will support regional innovation

Communities should educate their stakeholders and build consensus on the multi-payer payment & delivery reforms appropriate for their community

Organize Payment Reform Summits, as Regional Health Improvement Collaboratives in Albuquerque, Colorado, Detroit, Maine, Nevada, Ohio, Oregon, Washington, West Michigan, and Wisconsin have done

All stakeholders need to work together to analyze data, find win-win opportunities, design transitional payment changes, & resolve inevitable implementation problems

Collaboratives can serve as a neutral facilitator to help plan and coordinate community initiatives

NRHI Membership

Greater Detroit Area Health Council - Michigan

State Affiliated Partners

Integrated Healthcare Association - California State of Maryland Health Care Commission - Marylan University of Texas/UTHealth - Texas



March 9, 2017