

SOLUTIONS THAT MATTER. HEALTH CARE THAT WORKS.

APMS IN 2018: IS THE GLASS HALF FULL OR HALF EMPTY?

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Center for Value in Health Care

<u>Center Mission</u>: To create a high value, sustainable and equitable health care system through payment and health benefits innovation, behavioral incentives to promote health, and consumer engagement; and to advocate for broad system change and conduct research on effective ways to bring about that change.

Program Areas	Sustainable Health Spending	Payment Innovation Health Benefits Innovation	Consumer Engagement	Education & Advocacy
Products/Services	HSEI Value of Health	PROMETHEUS MESA	ACE Inquire Healthcare	Healthcare Value Hub
	 Health sector spending tracking and reporting Estimating value of primary prevention, treatments and therapies 	 State of the art health care analytics APM design and implementation VBID plan design 	 Measuring and tracking consumer engagement Measuring and reporting quality and costs of care 	 Advocating for change Educating stakeholders on best practices



It's All a Matter of Perspective

- ▲ Cancellation of mandatory cardiac bundles and CJR expansion...but:
 - Introduction of BPCI Advanced
- Anemic growth in private sector APMs...but:
 - Adoption of operational processes to scale APMs, and
 - Continued purchaser push on carve outs and direct contracting

Are We Stuck in The Mud?



Results are mixed, and have been for decades

- Health system consolidation continues and with it come higher private sector prices
 - Overall health care services price inflation for the private sector from June 2014 through end of 2017 is 3 times that of the public sector, and 4 times for just hospital prices
- Market share isn't shifting fast enough to higher value providers

Some Important Lessons From the Field of Behavioral Economics



- ▲ Loss aversion people overestimate the impact of losses and underestimate the benefits of gains.
 - Downside risk will focus organizational activity to minimize the potential for loss
 - Upside only APMs have little chance of achieving better outcomes
- Ability to affect outcomes Professionals are rarely motivated by outcomes over which they have no control
 - "Tournament-style" APMs are unlikely to succeed because the outcome is a function of everyone else's performance; and the results are known long after the race is over
 - Small sample sizes and inadequate adjustments for patient characteristics impute random variation in outcomes



A Snapshot of Current APM Activity

- The majority of APMs Medicare and Commercial – are upside only and have inadequate sample sizes
- Most APMs include a tournament element
- Many APMs do not adjust for patient characteristics

It's The Design Stupid !!!



▲Ingredients of successful APMs:

- Prospectively set, severity-adjusted, individually calculated bundles
- Upside and downside risk contracts with individual and aggregate stoploss
- Comprehensive quality scorecard that includes a focus on potentially avoidable complications as a means to increase financial and clinical outcomes
- Quarterly reports on all patients, with budget-actual in aggregate and per-patient, with drill-down to claim-line level and detailed analyses of potentially avoidable complications
- KISS principle to reduce barriers to operational implementation and scale

The Upshot



- ▲ A well-designed APM should engage front line clinicians, create downward pressure on waste, upward pressure on quality outcomes, and reward high performers
- There are many contracting parameters that can and should be included in every APM, including: target price, margin, stop loss, risk sharing %, quality scores, exclusions
- ▲ Market share shifts are an essential component to sustaining effect
- Those who create bad APM designs are wasting our time and spoiling the soup for everyone

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