

Designing & Implementing Pay for Performance Within a Physician-Hospital IPA

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#### Welcome and Introductions

- Michael Edbauer, DO
  - Medical Director
- Nancy Hourigan, MBA
  - Manager, Physician Compensation and P4P



### Overview for Today's Discussion

- What is CIPA
- History of our Physician-Hospital Programs
- Our Change to Clinical Integration
- What Pay for Performance Means to CIPA
- Our Program and Results
- Future of our Program



### CIPA Western New York IPA, Inc

- Physician-Hospital IPA based in Buffalo, NY.
- Includes 8 counties of WNY.
- Jointly owned entity between the Catholic Health System (CHS) and physicians.
- Shared governance with physicians having greater representation on the board.



#### Hospital Participants

- Catholic Health System (CHS)
  - 4 Hospitals within CHS
  - 8 Skilled Nursing Facilities
  - 7 Diagnostic and Treatment Centers
  - 13 Primary Care Centers
- ☐ Mt. St. Mary's Hospital



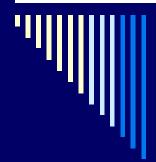
#### Physician Participants

- Approximately 815 Physicians
  - Approximately 260 Primary Care
  - Approximately 555 Specialist
  - Approximately 50 employed by CHS



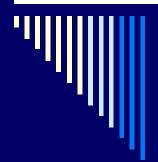
### History of CIPA Clinical Integration Program Including P4P

- History important to understand where we have come from and where we are looking to go.
- Started as a risk based group with more of an emphasis on utilization management than quality improvement programs. This mirrors where most physicians have been.
- □ In 2006 CIPA Board made decision to pursue Clinical Integration as the focus for the future.



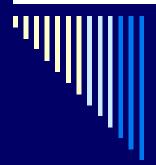
# Our Considerations in Developing the CI program

- Program needs to be real; something tangible to physicians.
- Likely to result in quality improvement wanted programs with proven success to get started.
- Active physician input needed during development to make program successful.



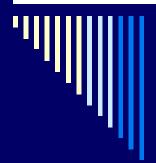
# Our Considerations in Developing the CI program

- Simplify administration of programs. Programs need to be easily understood, well communicated and actionable.
- Acknowledged importance of IT in the overall improvement of care delivery and error reduction.
- Programs need to be geared to increase physician participation in initiatives as well as rewarding of the outcomes – payment follows the work.



# Our Considerations in Developing the CI program

- Acknowledged importance of patient education and patient involvement in care.
- □ Enhance resources (staff, technology etc) to assist physicians in overall provision of care.
- Need alignment with other components of delivery system (hospital)



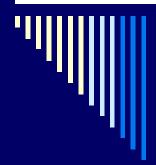
### Current Reality of Care Delivery

- Burden of care of patients with chronic disease continues to increase.
- One study suggested that if every patient received all the care and counseling recommended by guidelines that each visit would exceed 60 minutes.
- Many of the areas considered to be "Medical Care" can be provided by individuals other than physician but with physician oversight of the care.



# Basic Assumptions Made in Developing Clinical Integration

- Physicians want to provide the best care possible to their patients.
- ☐ There are economic factors which influence physician behaviors.
- □ There are "system" limitations which influence physician behaviors.
- Programs which simply focus on the economic factors without addressing system limitations will minimize the opportunities for improvement.
- "Definition of Insanity"



### What are The System Limitations?

- Inefficient access to information.
- Insufficient physician staff to address all areas of patient needs.
- Insufficient time and resources for patient education.
- Inefficient process for communicating new care standards to physicians.



### Effective Pay for Performance

Program must address System
 Limitations as well as the Economic
 Factors



#### CIPA Definition of P4P

- All the resources utilized by CIPA to enhance the clinical outcomes for patients. This includes:
  - Direct payment to physicians for participation and performance in evidenced based programs.
  - Direct payment to physicians for their professional expertise.
  - Payments to offset cost of resources (technical and human).
  - Direct investment in resources and services to improve patient care in conjunction with physician.
  - Educational programs for providers, staff and patients.



#### Direct Payments to Physicians for Evidenced Based Programs

- Office Based
  - Chronic Disease Management Program
    - Guidelines, Registry & Chart Review
  - Healthy Shots Immunization Registry
  - Coumadin Management Program
  - Disease Prevention Program
  - Consult Turnaround Time



#### Direct Payments to Physicians for Evidenced Based Programs

- Hospital Based
  - Appropriate Length of Stay
  - Hospital Safety
  - Surgical Safety Program
  - Stroke Program
  - Radiology Transcription Sign Off
  - Pathology Proficiency



### Direct Payment to Physicians for their Professional Expertise.

- Work Groups and Committees
- Development of Order Sets and Pick Lists



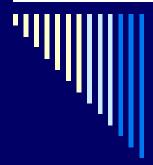
### Payments to Offset Cost of Resources

- Care Coordination Program
- EHR



# Direct Investment In Resources And Services To Improve Patient Care In Conjunction With Physician

- EMMI Program
- Pediatric Nutritional Counseling and Intervention Program



### Educational Programs For Providers, Staff And Patients.

- Care Coordination
- Pediatric Nutritional Counseling and Intervention Program
- EMMI Program



#### Selected Program Details

- Programs are administered separately but are integrated to reach our goals.
- EHR and IT Support
- Chronic Disease Management
- □ Safety Programs



#### EHR and IT Support

- Stipend to support cost of CCHIT certified programs for 36 months
  - Over 27% of our physicians participating
- ☐ Financial support for development of interfaces with hospital for lab, x-ray, etc.
- Hiring and training an EHR support specialist to maximize use of EHR's especially disease management



#### EHR and IT Support Cont.

- Incented the training and use of hospital based system for labs, reports imaging etc.
- Payment to physicians to assist in development of electronic order sets and pick lists.
- Investment in an electronic data base which can accept clinical reporting from practices electronically (diminish manual chart reviews & increase number of patients reviewed).
- Received grant to begin connecting physicians with each other electronically.



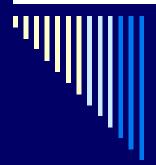
- Developed and implemented guidelines for CAD, CHF, Depression, Diabetes, Coumadin Management, Asthma and Childhood Nutrition
- Developed registries for these disease states for all our primary care physicians and applicable specialist.
- Perform semiannual chart reviews for adherence to guidelines and measure quality of care.



- Hospital Core Measures also address the treatment of chronic disease (CAD and CHF) as well as pneumonia and surgical care.
- Payment to physicians to assist in development of electronic order sets and pick lists to increase practice of evidenced based medicine.



- Care Coordination Program provides practices with financial support to employ a nurse to case manage and coordinate the care of high risk patients.
- This program also covers the cost of patients in need of home care services not covered by insurance plans
- Provides another link in care of patients in hospital, sub-acute, home care and the office
- Provides additional resources for patient education including the nursing time, written materials and other programs (EMMI)



- Pediatric program pays for the cost of nutrition counseling and nutrition/fitness education for patients.
- Begins to leverage personnel other than physicians to be part of team providing care to patients (supervised by physicians).



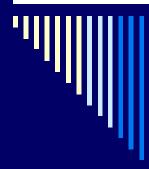
#### Safety Programs

- Helped fund the cost of a Hospital Safety initiative
- □ Will provide financial incentive for physicians to complete education specific to hospital safety.
- Assisting with the funding for a Infection Management Program
- Financial incentive for surgeons to participate in a Operating Room Safety Program (based upon John Hopkins Model)
- Medication Reconciliation program for hospital. This gas direct impact on offices, sub-acute and nursing homes.



#### What Have We Achieved?

- The foundation of an improved infrastructure to dramatically change the way care is delivered.
- Introduction of a new approach to delivery of care through an expanded care delivery team.
- A set of programs which have strong support of the physicians and hospital.
- Programs which are integrated to build upon each other.
- A system which is able to adjust to the changes in best practice recommendations.
- Improvement in Quality Measures and the care of our patients.

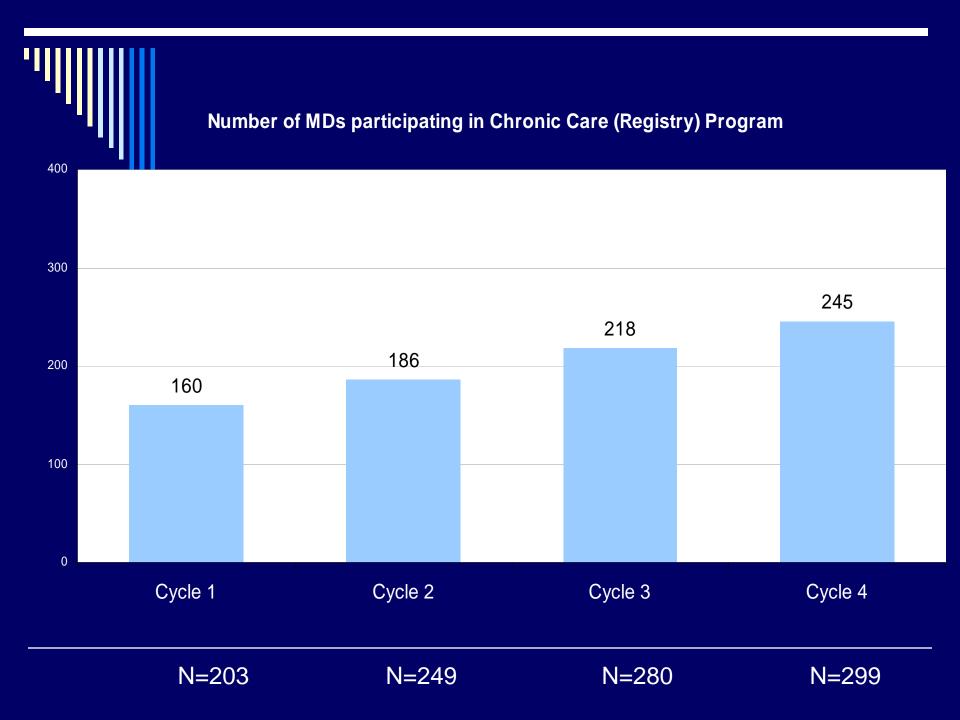


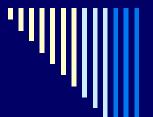
### Specific Results

- Cycle 1-4 Participation and performance
- Participation
- Performance

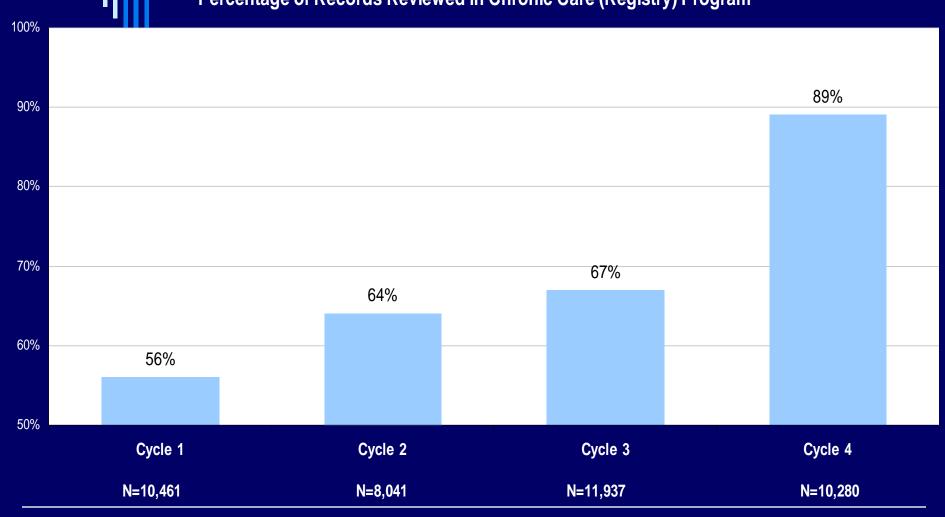


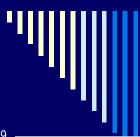
- Process
  - Semiannual Program
  - Registry Provided
  - Online Data Entry
  - Claims Based Data
  - Scoring
  - Reports and checks are provided





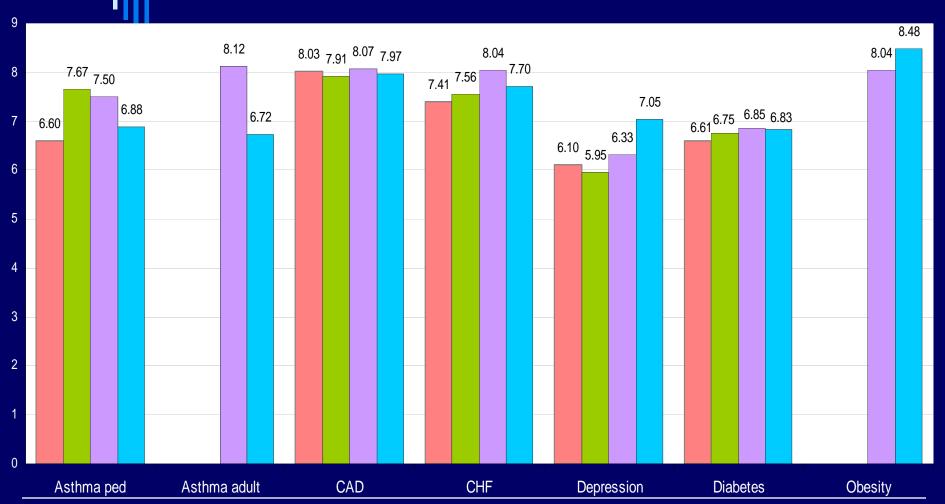
#### Percentage of Records Reviewed in Chronic Care (Registry) Program



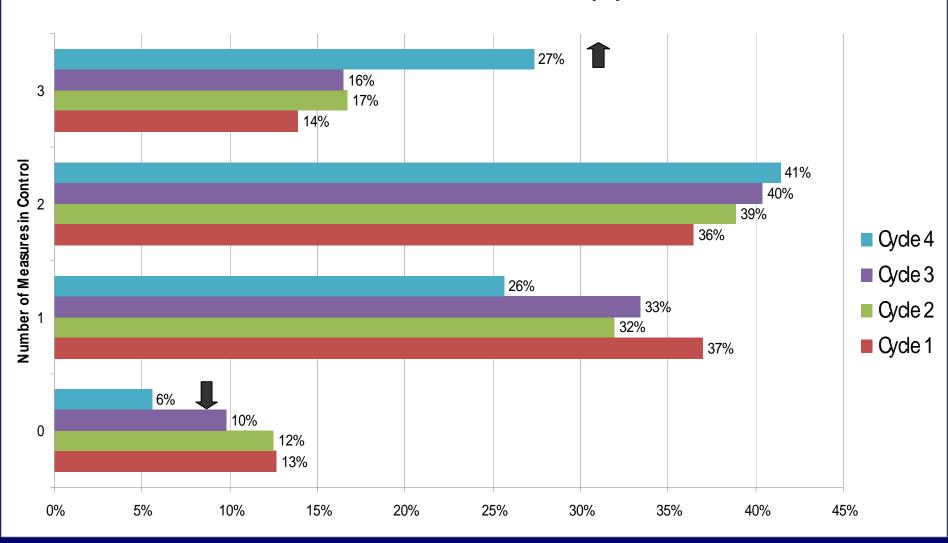


#### **Average Score by Disease State by Cycle**





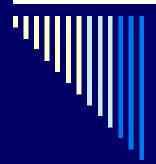
#### Diabetes Measure of Perfect Care by Cycle





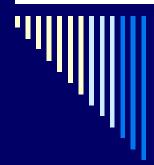
### CIPA's Vision For The Future

- Continue to build upon the principles we have established. Specifically:
  - Continue the adoption of EHR to achieve universal use within our community within 5 years.
  - Achieve interconnectivity of private practice EHR's with one another and with the Catholic Health System.



### CIPA's Vision For The Future

- Have all members of CIPA actively engaged in Clinical Integration programs which improve the quality and/or add value to the care of our patients.
- Continue to expand the team model to provide the most appropriate and comprehensive care.
- Continue to push further "upstream" to more effectively deal with primary prevention (greater emphasis on education, and health advocacy).



#### A Ripple In the Pond

The success of our collective efforts will be measured by future generations in the decreased incidence of preventable disease through healthy lifestyles; and the timely and efficient delivery of care when needed which is free of errors and based upon the best evidence available.