



**CalOptima**  
Better. Together.

# ***Money and Members: Pay for Performance in a Medicaid Program***

**IHA National Pay for Performance Summit  
March 9, 2010**

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Chief Operating Officer**

# AGENDA

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- CalOptima Overview
- CalOptima P4P Programs
  - Quality Improvement
  - Auto Assignment of Members
- Lessons Learned
- Plans for the Future
- Q&A

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“As a health plan, we only give our medical groups two things: **Money** and **Members**”

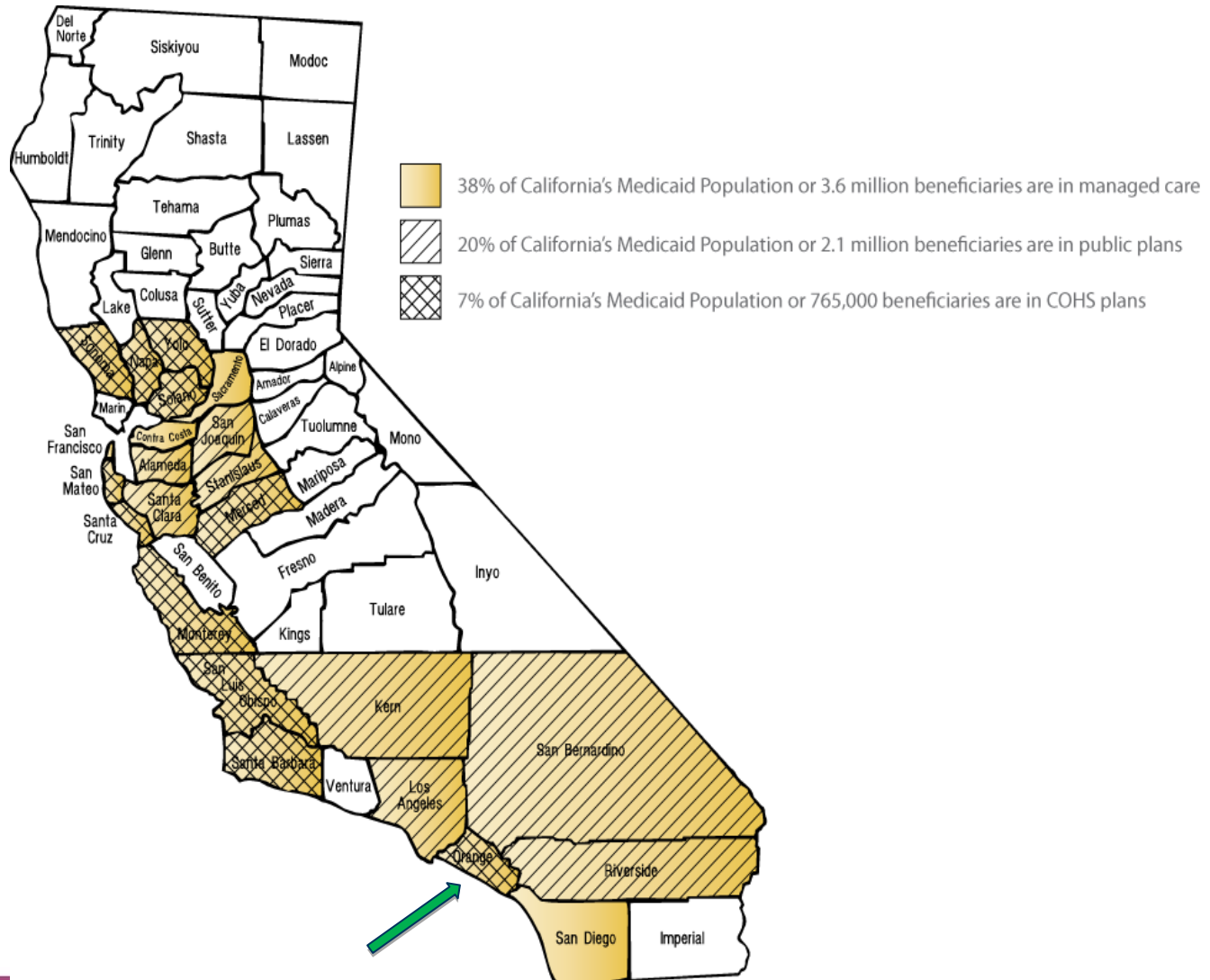
Keith Quinlivan, *Former CalOptima CFO*

# CalOptima Overview

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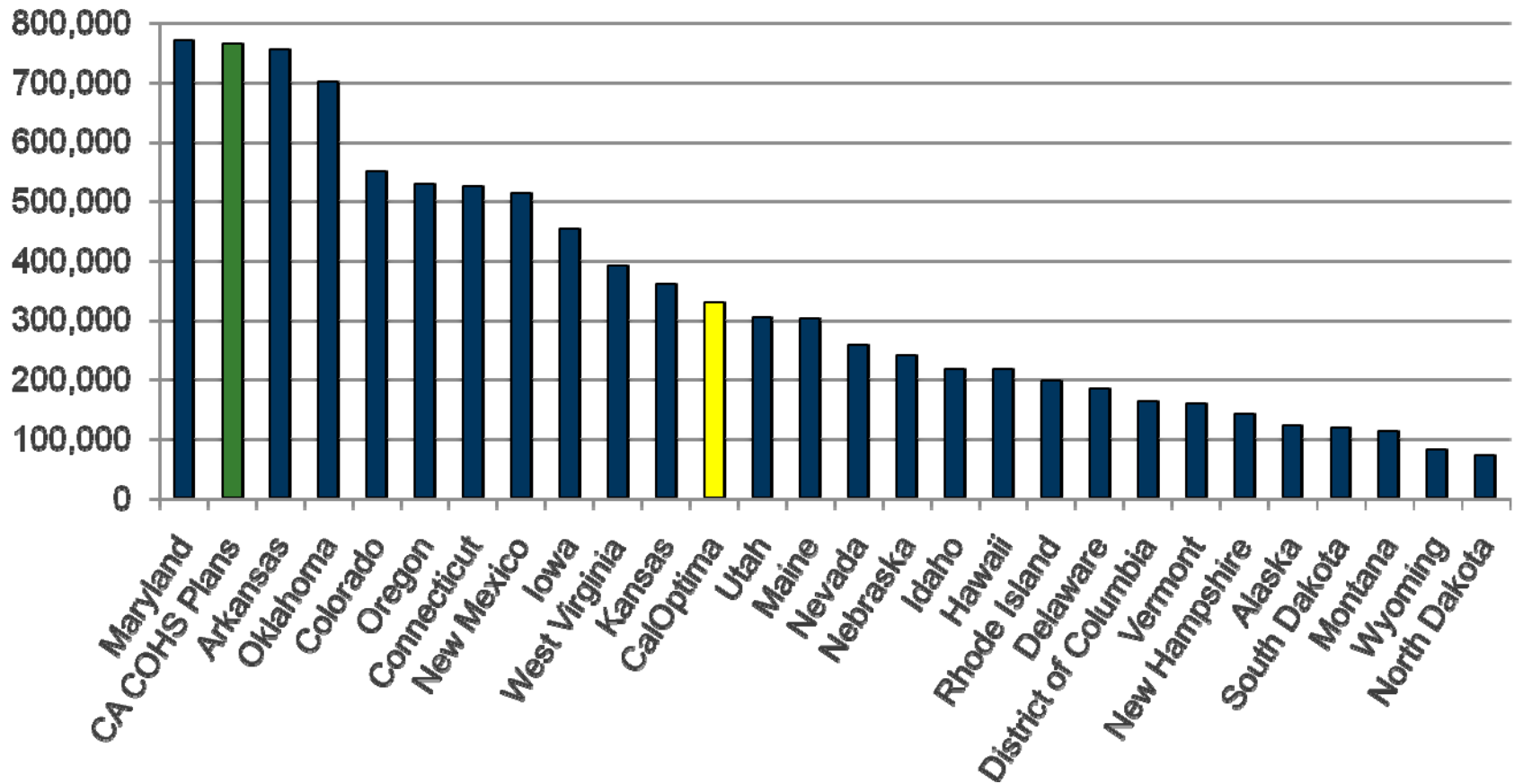
- County Organized Health System (COHS)
- A managed care plan for residents in Orange County, CA
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> largest insurer in Orange County
  - Insures one in 10 Orange County residents
  - Insures one in 4 Orange County children
- Authorized as a public agency by county, state and federal actions
- Initiated by a partnership of local government, medical community, and local health and member advocates

# CalOptima in relation to Public Plans



# CalOptima in relation to Other States

## Total Medicaid Enrollment



Source: Kaiser Family Foundation statehealthfacts.org, Total Medicaid Enrollment, FY 2006

# Program Overview

## Contractor/ Regulator



**DHCS**  
Department of Health Care Services



**MRMB**  
Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board



Children's Health Initiative of Orange County




**CMS**  
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

## Program



**CalOptima**  
A Public Agency  
Medi-Cal  
Better. Together.



**CalOptima**  
A Public Agency  
Healthy Families  
Better. Together.



**CalOptima**  
A Public Agency  
Healthy Kids  
Better. Together.



**CalOptima**  
A Public Agency  
OneCare-HMO  
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## Program Type

**Medi-Cal**  
(California's Medicaid Program)

**Healthy Families Program**  
(California's CHIP)

**Healthy Kids Program**  
(Local program)

**Medicare Advantage Special Needs Plan (SNP)**

## Eligibility

- Child and family
- Senior
- Person with disabilities
- Low income

Child who is:

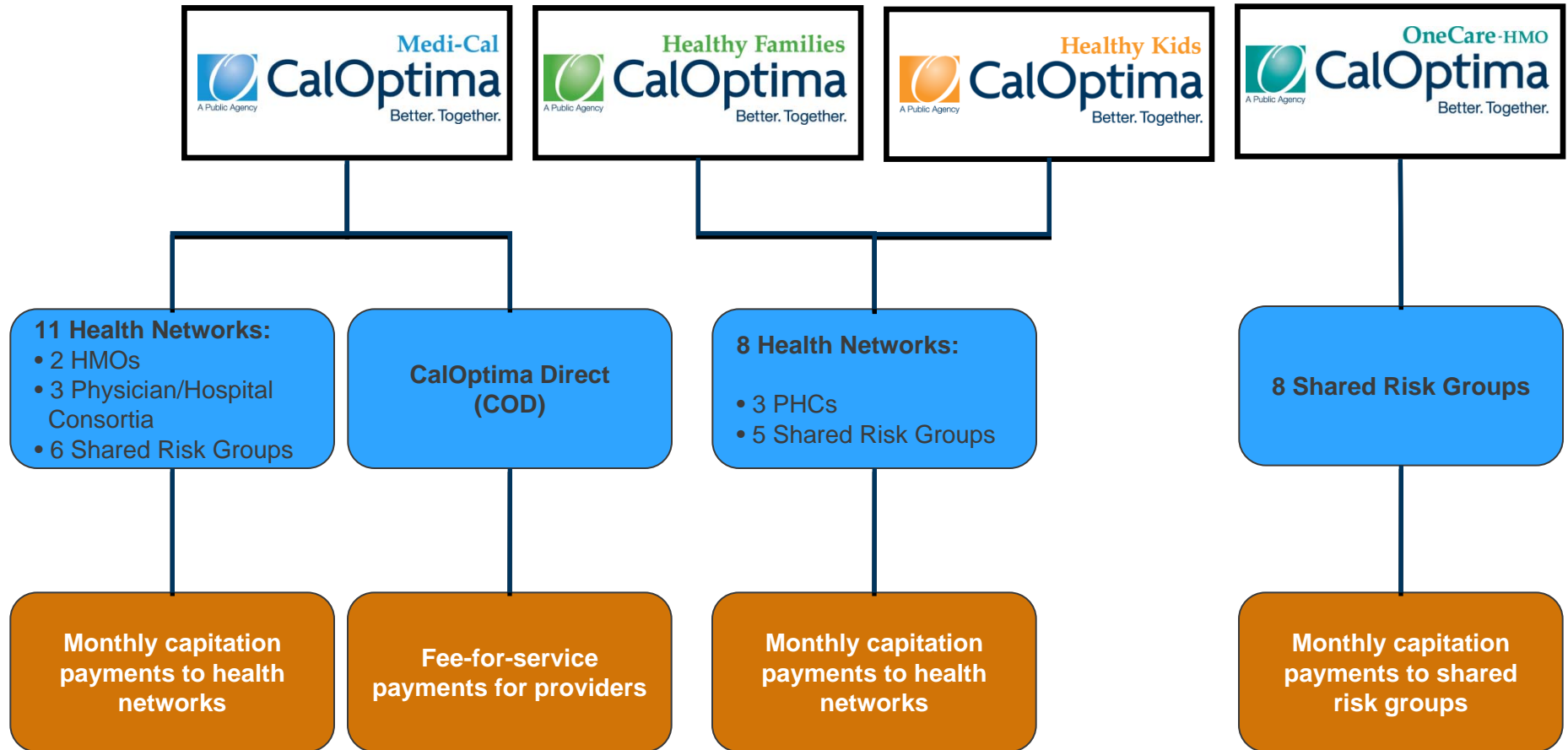
- 0-19; and
- Income <25% FPL

Child who is:

- 0-19;
- Not eligible for other public programs; and
- Income <300% FPL

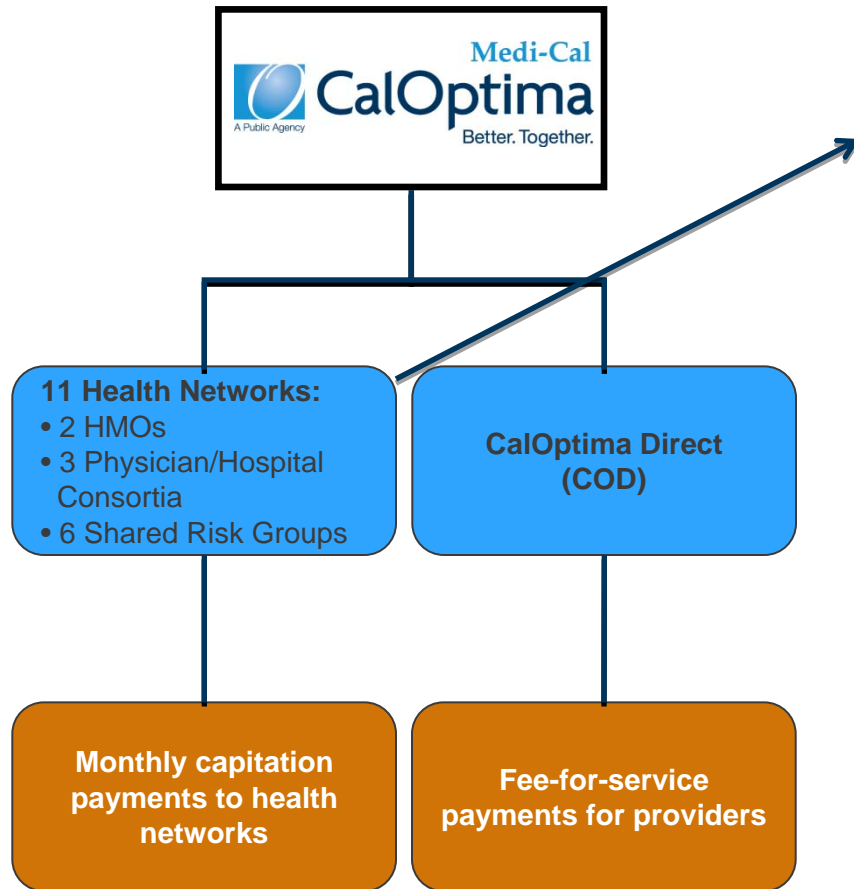
Medi-Cal member who also has Medicare

# Delivery System





# Delivery System



## Health Networks

- 254,000 total members
- Individual network size:
  - 7,000 – 79,000 members

## CalOptima Direct

- 90,000 total members

	Health Networks	COD
PCPs	1,400	300
Specialists	2,600	1200

# P4P Programs – Two Types

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- **MONEY: Conventional QI Program**

- *Annual* performance payment program that focuses on quality of care, access to care and customer satisfaction
- *Episodic* incentives to physicians for specific activities

- **MEMBERS: Auto Assignment**

- A semi-monthly distribution of new members to health networks

# Conventional Pay For Performance: “Money” for Performance

# P4P Background

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- CalOptima provided a conventional P4P system for over 12 years
- The purpose of the system:
  - Recognize and reward Health Networks and their physicians for demonstrating quality performance
  - Provide comparative information for members, providers, and the public on CalOptima's performance
  - Provide industry benchmarks and data-driven feedback to Health Networks on their quality improvement efforts.
- Performance measures fall into several domains:
  - Quality of Care
  - Access to Care
  - Customer Satisfaction

# Conventional P4P Program

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## Health Network Payments based on 3 factors

1.22 HEDIS or HEDIS-like indicators measured annually

- Annual payments to health networks based on HEDIS performance for a subset of measures each year

2. Member satisfaction measured annually

3. Provider satisfaction measured annually

Unspent funds have been used for other quality initiatives

# Medicaid Measurement Set

Measure by Domain	Percentage of Allocation FY2010
<b>Quality of Care</b>	<b>70%</b>
1. Adolescent Well-Care Visits	10%
2. Use of Appropriate Medications for People with Asthma	10%
3. Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection	10%
4. Breast Cancer Screening	10%
5. Cervical Cancer Screening	10%
6. Childhood Immunizations: Measles, Mumps, Rubella Vaccine	10%
7. Diabetes Care: HbA1c Screening	10%

# Medicaid Measurement Set

Measure by Domain	Percentage of Allocation FY2010
<b>Customer Satisfaction</b>	<b>20%</b>
<b>Member Satisfaction Survey:</b>	
a. Persons with Disabilities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Getting Appointment with a Specialist</li> <li>• Timely Care and Service</li> <li>• Rating of PCP</li> <li>• Rating of All Healthcare</li> </ul> <i>Subject to change depending on survey tool</i>	5% 5% 5% 5%
<b>Direct to Physician Incentives</b> <b>Initiatives based on opportunities for quality improvement</b>	<b>10%</b>

# Assessing Performance

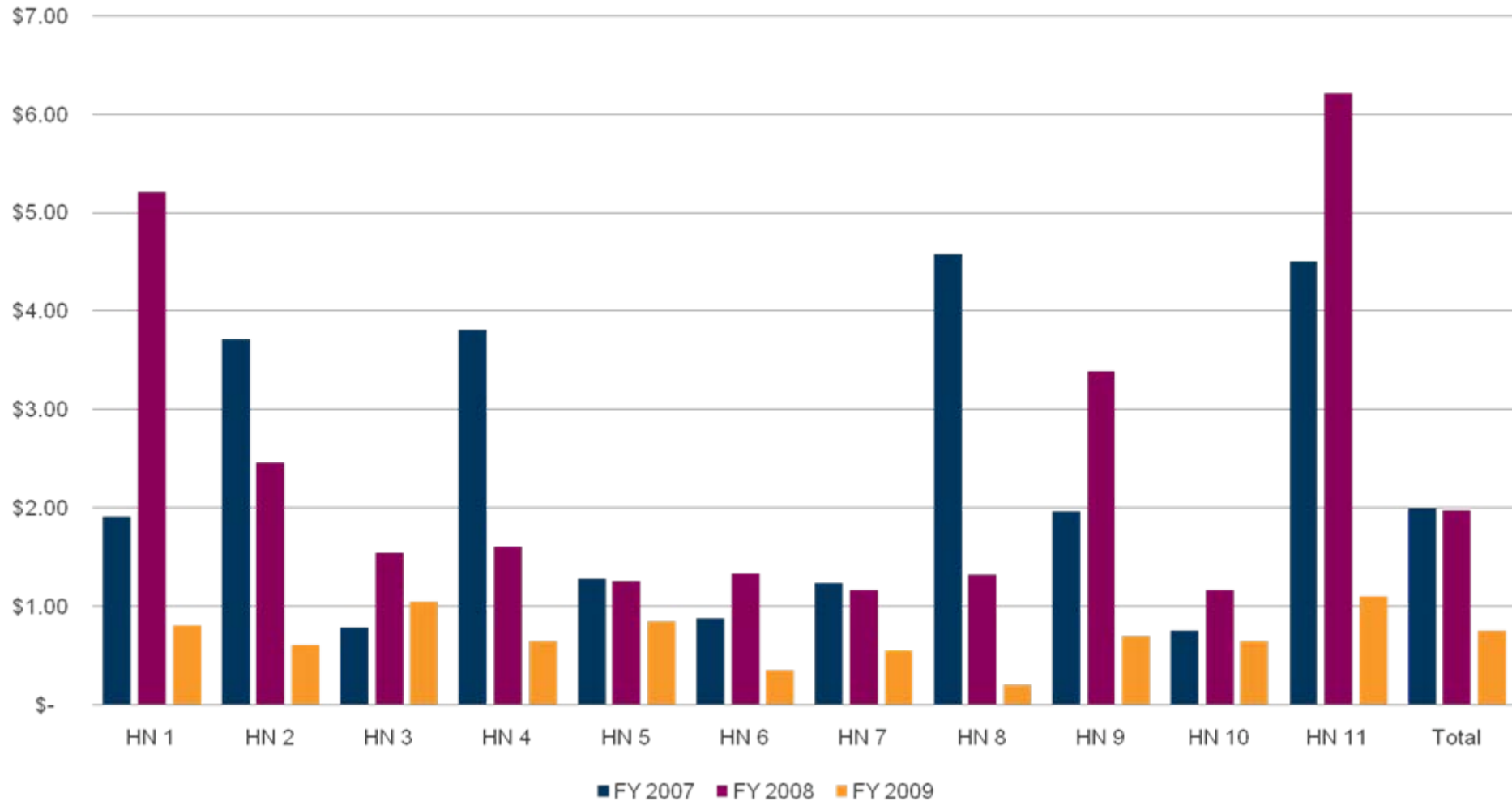
- Thresholds for incentive allocations are based on comparison to the NCQA national percentiles at the 50<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentiles for each line of business

Benchmark	Percentile	Percent of Allocation Recouped	Allocation for Demonstrating Significant Improvement	Potential Net Allocation Earned
NCQA Medicaid	At or above 75th	100%		100%
NCQA Medicaid	At or above the 50 <sup>th</sup> and below the 75th	50%	If Networks demonstrate a 10% reduction in the performance gap, can earn 25%	75%
NCQA Medicaid	Below 50th	0%	If Networks demonstrate a 10% reduction in the performance gap, can earn 25%*	25%*



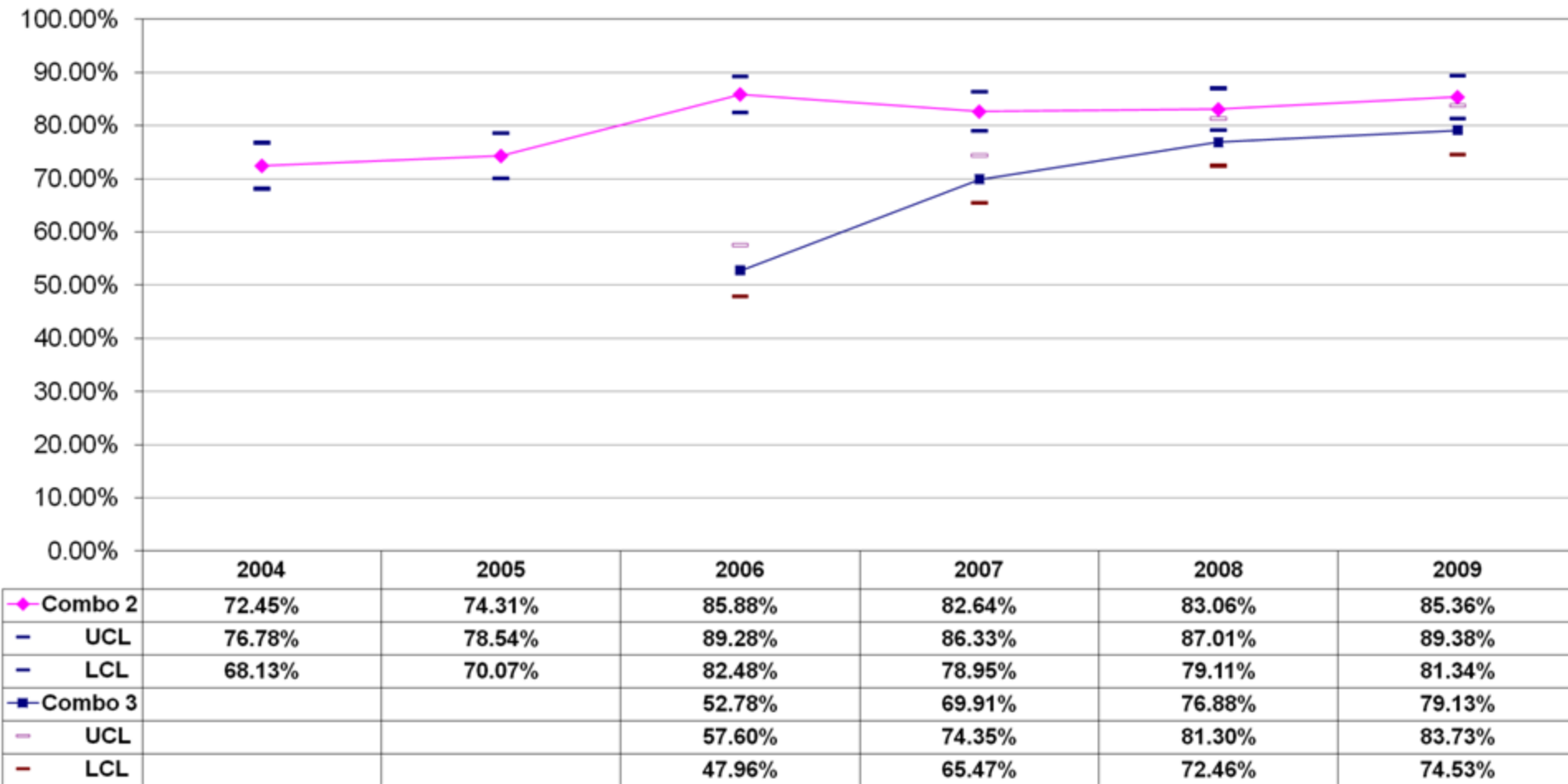
# Performance Payment Trends

## Annual QI Payments PMPM by Health Network



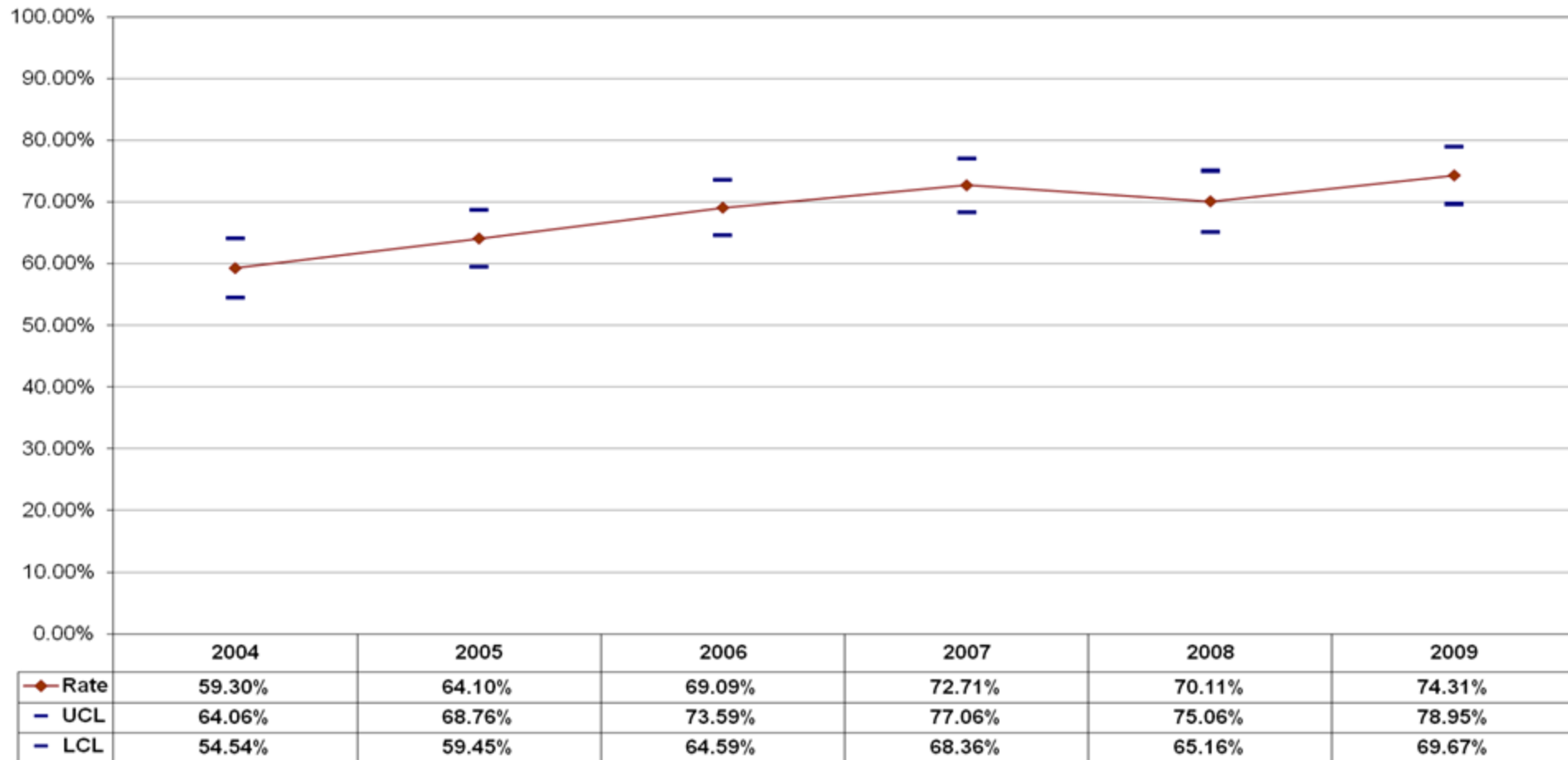
# HEDIS Indicator Trend Example 1

Childhood Immunizations (CIS)  
HEDIS Results for 2004-2009



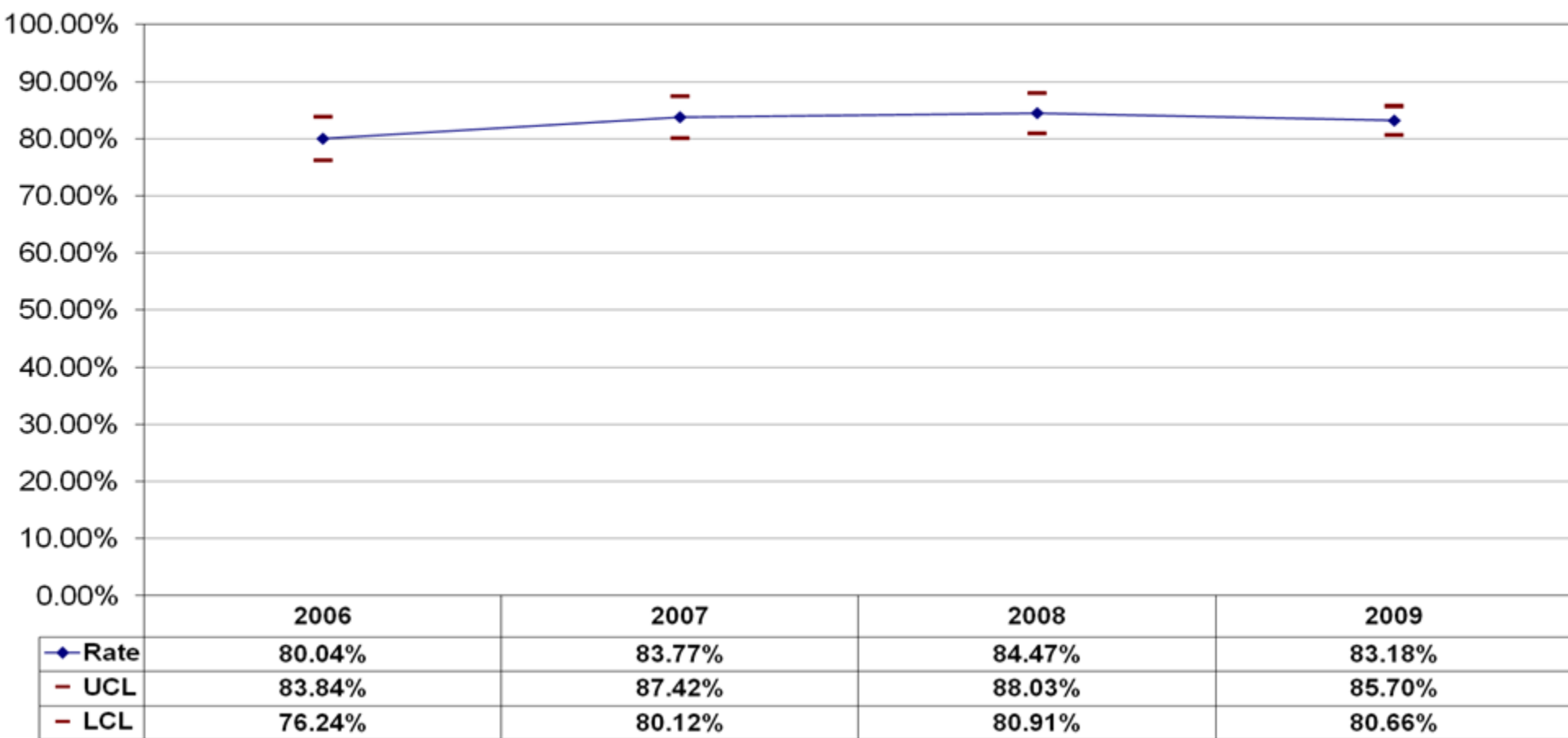
# HEDIS Indicator Trend Example 2

**Cervical Cancer Screening (CCS)  
HEDIS Results for 2004-2009**



# HEDIS Indicator Trend Example 3

**Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC) - HbA1c Testing  
HEDIS Results for 2006-2009**



# Conventional P4P Program

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## Episodic payments directly to physicians

**Quality:** Considered when other actions fail to produce improvement

**Service:** Incentives provided for certain services

Examples include:

- e-Prescribing
- Purchase of equipment for disabled patients
- Extended hours for specialists

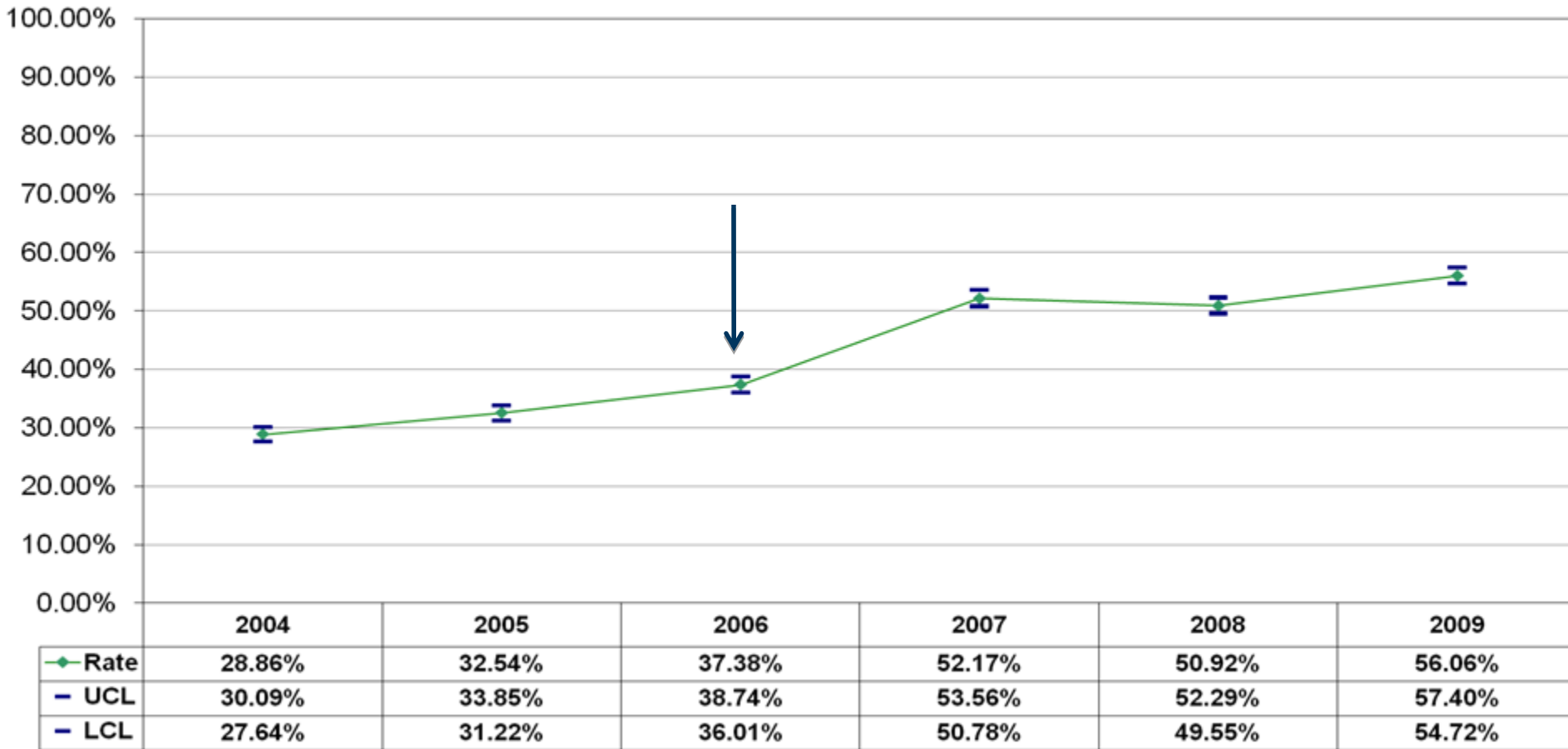
# Quality: Chlamydia Screening

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- Orange County had lowest rate in State
- CalOptima had one of lowest rates in Medi-Cal plans
- Multiple attempts to improve screening rate through the health networks over several years
- Eventually \$100 paid directly by health plan to physicians for each test performed
- Total spent: \$190,000

# Indicator Trend – \$ Direct to Physician

Chlamydia Screening (CHL)  
HEDIS Results for 2004-2009



# Service: Two Month Program

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- e-Prescribing
  - \$1000 per contracted physician - 140 new users
- Purchase of equipment to serve Seniors and Persons with Disabilities
  - 14 height adjustable exam tables
  - 1 wheelchair scale
  - Other miscellaneous equipment
- Increased payment for specialists with extended hours
  - No changes by specialty practices



# Lessons Learned: Conventional P4P

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- Timing is a challenge
  - HEDIS results from measurement year aren't known until middle of next year
    - Leaves little time to plan and implement interventions
  - Doctors (and their offices) may need a long lead time to plan or participate in Quality or Service interventions
- Medical group interventions are preferred
  - Direct physician interventions may be necessary
- The better a plan performs, the harder it is to demonstrate additional improvement

# Future Conventional P4P Plans

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- Will utilize additional or different indicators
- Increased emphasis on CalOptima Direct FFS physicians
- Additional direct to physician funds for services
- Phased-in approach

# Auto Assignment: “Members” for Performance

# Monthly Medi-Cal Enrollment

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- Approximately 6,200 new health network members are enrolled monthly
  - 3,200 of these members “choose” a health network
    1. Choose a PCP and Health Network
    2. Assigned to the same Health Network where other families members get care
    3. Babies < 6 months not meeting #1 or #2 enrolled in the pediatric health network
  - 3,000 of these members do not “choose” and are “auto assigned” semi-monthly to a health network by a Health Plan designed algorithm

# Auto Assignment

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- A **proxy for member choice** based on:
  - Member access to health care services in geographic proximity to his or her residence;
  - Community Clinic and Safety Net Hospital participation in the CalOptima program; and
  - Member enrollment in Health Networks that demonstrate quality performance

# Auto Assignment – Original Policy

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- Established in 1995

- Goal

- To preserve the viability of the safety net.

- Complicated formula driven by:

- Geographic access;
    - Safety net hospital participation limited only to contracted PHC “primary” hospitals;
    - Community Clinic participation resulting in 4 community clinics (out of dozens) receiving up to 15% of auto assignment.

# Auto Assignment – Evolution (2006)

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- Goal to act as a proxy for member choice
- Revised criteria for Safety Net Hospitals to be consistent with California Department of Health Care Services
- Revised criteria for Community Clinics eligibility
- Assign points directly to health networks based upon
  - Safety Net affiliations; and
  - Performance measures;
    - Quality;
    - Member Satisfaction;
    - Administrative Excellence; and,
    - Access Capacity.

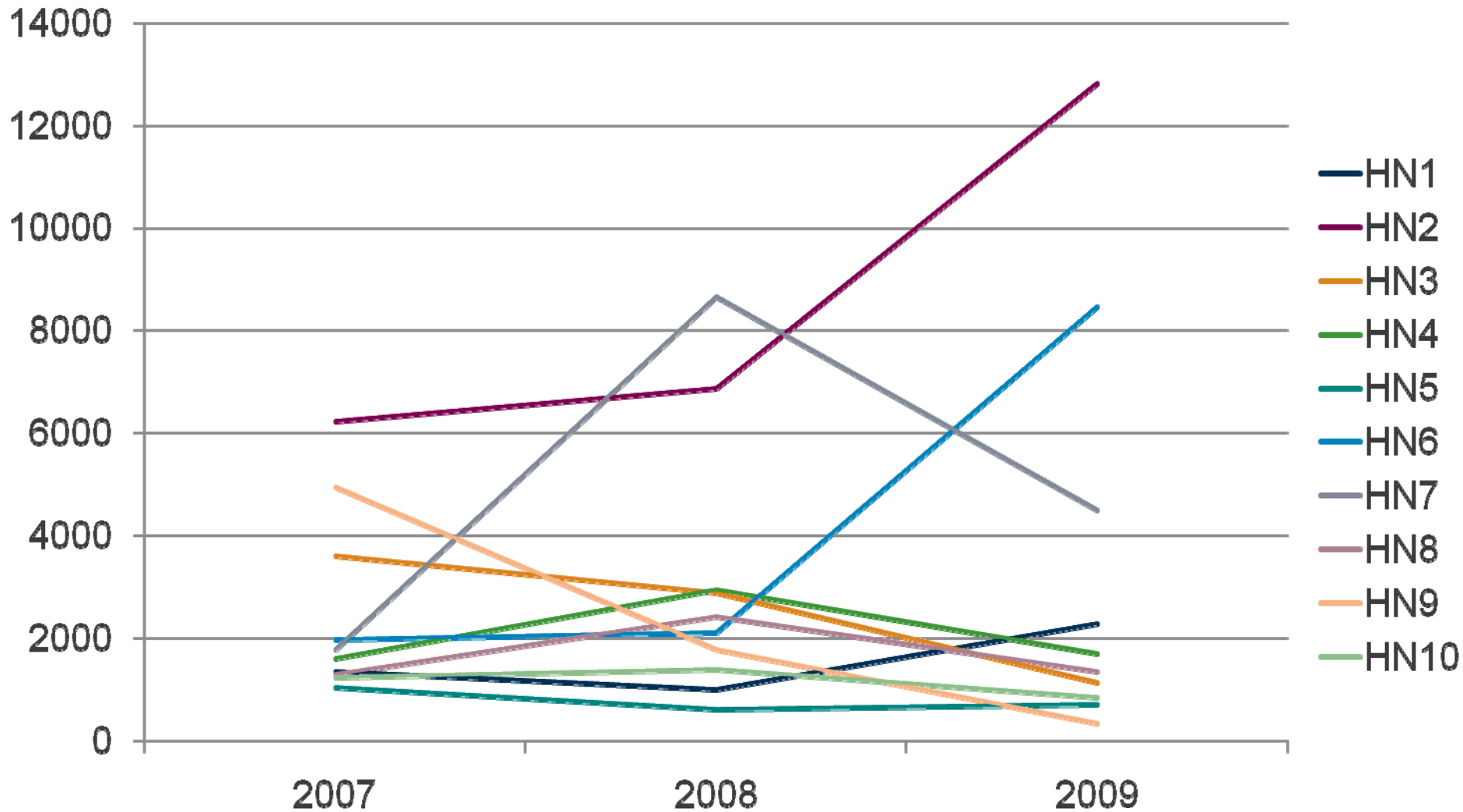
# Auto Assignment – Current Program

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- 40% based on Safety Net Affiliations
  - Contracts with Community Clinics
  - FQHC receives 2x clinic allocation
  - Utilization of Safety Net Hospitals
- 60% based on Performance Based Indicators
  - Quality of clinical services
  - Administrative excellence
  - Access capacity
- Annual evaluation of indicators
- Bi-monthly process
  - Average 1,500 members per cycle

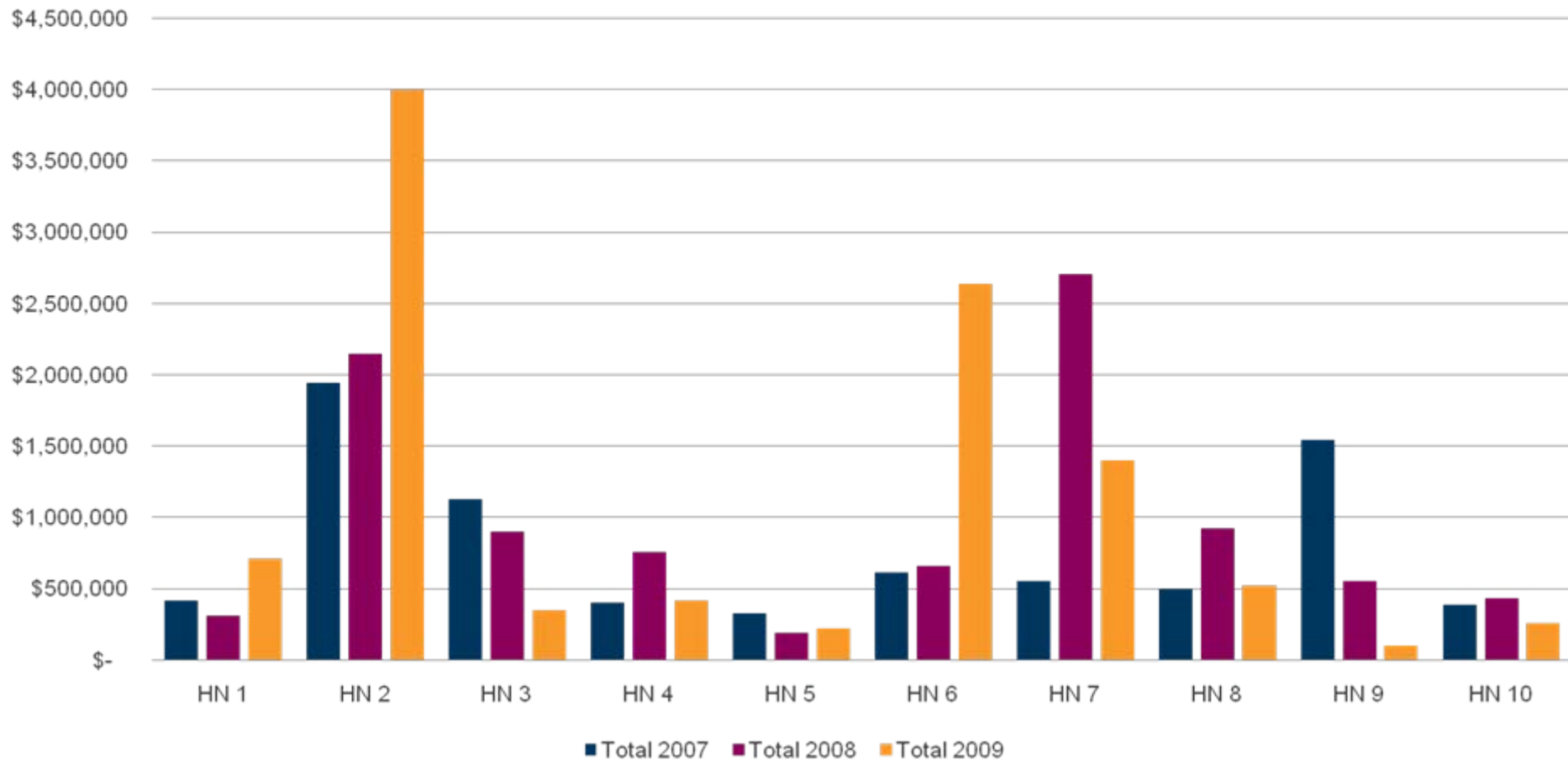


# Members Assigned to Health Networks



# Health Network Impact - Revenue

## Trended Additional Annual Revenue Due to Auto Assignment



# Lessons Learned: Auto Assignment

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- Members = Money for Health Networks
- Auto Assignment can be a valuable adjunct to a conventional pay for performance program
- Broad geographic penetration helps get more members
- Administrative measures did not differentiate between Health Networks
- Underutilized entities (community clinics) can become more valuable through this process
- Auto assignment can help support the safety net
- Few health networks focus on increased member assignments associated with improved quality

# Auto Assignment – Changes for 2010

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- **Goals**

- Increase emphasis on Quality
- Change split between Safety Net Calculation and Performance Based Indicators
- Revise safety net support methodology
- Change assignment process to Community Clinics

- **Changes**

- 70% of assignment based on Performance
- 30% of assignment based on Safety Net support

# Auto Assignment – Changes for 2010

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Redistribute the weights in the **Performance Based Indicators** to emphasize quality

- Continue twenty percent (20%) weight for Member Satisfaction;
- Eliminate the twenty percent (20%) weight available for Administrative Excellence and Contracting; and
- Increase the weights available for Quality of Clinical Services from forty percent (40%) to eighty percent (80%)
  - Increase the number of Quality of Clinical Service Measures from four (4) measures to six (6) measures each bearing equal weight.

# Auto Assignment – Changes for 2010

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- Revise the **Safety Net Calculation** emphasis to address:
  - Eliminate safety net hospital as a factor
  - Increase emphasis on the community clinic safety net for Orange County, not just CalOptima
    - Community Clinic weight allocations based on percentage of uninsured patient encounters
    - All clinics, not just FQHCs, receive increased assignments for serving higher percentages of uninsured patients

# Future Auto Assignment P4P Plans

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- “Market” the impact of auto assignment
  - Health Networks
  - Community Clinics
- Evaluate impact of changes annually
- Update the calculations for auto assignment annually

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# Questions

