CORRUPTION IN THE PHARMACEUTICALS & HEALTHCARE SECTOR

17TH ANNUAL PHARMACEUTICAL AND MEDICAL DEVICE COMPLIANCE CONGRESS – 19 OCTOBER 2016

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TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL

OUR VISION

A WORLD IN WHICH GOVERNMENT, POLITICS, BUSINESS, CIVIL SOCIETY AND THE DAILY LIVES OF PEOPLE ARE FREE OF CORRUPTION

www.transparency.org.uk
GUIDANCE FOR COMPANIES
PHARMACEUTICAL & HEALTHCARE SECTOR
CORRUPTION IN THE HC SECTOR


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Major corruption themes:

1. Bribery
2. Theft and fraud
3. Falsification of information
4. Undue influencing
A GLOBAL PROBLEM

• $7 trillion annual global spend

• 17% of people worldwide stated they had paid a bribe when dealing with the medical sector Global Corruption Barometer, 2013

• Estimate 10-25% public procurement funds lost to corruption

• Pharmaceutical & healthcare sector supply chains are global, long and complex
ACHIEVING GENUINE CHANGE IN THE PHARMACEUTICAL AND HEALTHCARE SECTOR BY REDUCING CORRUPTION AND PROMOTING TRANSPARENCY, INTEGRITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY
Why are we doing it?

- **Economic impact** – large amounts of public funds are wasted

- **Health impact** – the waste of public resources reduces the government’s capacity to provide good quality services and products; patients may turn to unsafe medical products available on the market instead of seeking health services, leading to poor health outcomes for the population

- **Government trust impact** – inefficiency and lack of transparency reduces public institutions’ credibility. This not only erodes the trust of citizens but can also decreases foreign investment in the health sector and levels of health aid
TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL
PHARMACEUTICALS & HEALTHCARE PROGRAMME
FOCUS AREAS

1. INFLUENCE GLOBAL POLICY TO PRODUCE STRUCTURAL CHANGE
2. PROMOTE GLOBAL BEST PRACTICE STANDARDS TO STRENGTHEN TRANSPARENCY
3. SUPPORT NATIONAL AND LOCAL INTERVENTIONS & SOLUTIONS

THEMATIC AREAS

- Research & Development
- Manufacturing
- Marketing
- Procurement
- Service Delivery

www.transparency.org
How will we bring about change?

- Advocacy and policy analysis
  - Research
  - Standard-setting
  - Multi-stakeholder dialogue
  - Engaging with companies, governments, regulators, global health community

- In practical terms
  - Publishing typologies, indices and trends
  - Illustrative research into key areas
  - Producing good practice guidance
EXAMPLES OF SOME OUR RECENT WORK
Track record of engaging with the private sector to
• understand challenges faced
• ascertain measures and policies in place
• share best practices

Next steps include e.g. attending the annual ETHICS network meeting (Paris, September) and identifying other relevant networks & stakeholders
LATIN AMERICAN PHARMA PRINCIPLES

**Project objective:** raising ethical standards in the pharma sector through development of transparency and anti-corruption principles on bribery, conflicts and related marketing practices.

**Initial output:** (a) principles for addressing bribery and related conflicts of interest and (b) guidance on their implementation.

**Relation to other codes:** the project document will be designed to complement and harmonize – rather than replicate – good practice standards contained in other integrity initiatives, such as the IFPMA Code and Mexico City Principles (MCP).
Our research has shown that there is a low knowledge level of corruption in the health sector, with actors usually having expertise in health or anti-corruption, but not both. The few previous typologies of corruption in the health sector have been limited in their scope of types and/or their technicality.

The typology is presented as an interactive website highlighting between 8 major corruption categories and their individual types: www.ti-health.org
Purpose: raise the knowledge level of corruption in the health sector, to facilitate the creation and adoption of anti-corruption measures.

To achieve this, the typology seeks to:
• ascertain the major corruption categories
• analyse the major corruption categories and types
• collate definitions, key facts and case studies
• be guided by external guidance and feedback.
Case study: Nepal

- Assess availability of free drugs and services guaranteed by the Government of Nepal, quality issues and also address grievances.
- Conduct research and interactions to assess problems and remedies on corruption in the pharmaceutical sector and provide recommendations to government.

Other case studies available shortly
Thank you for your attention!

Q&A
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www.ti-health.org