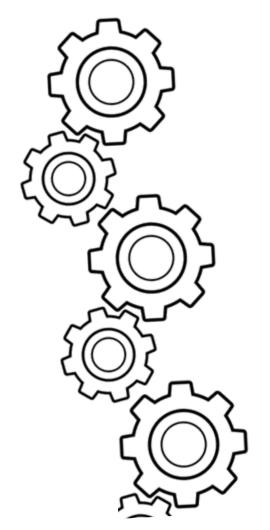


Resilience: The Five Levers



- Coordination
- Cooperation
- Clout
- Capabilities

Connections

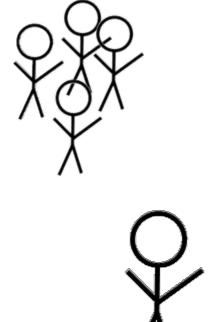


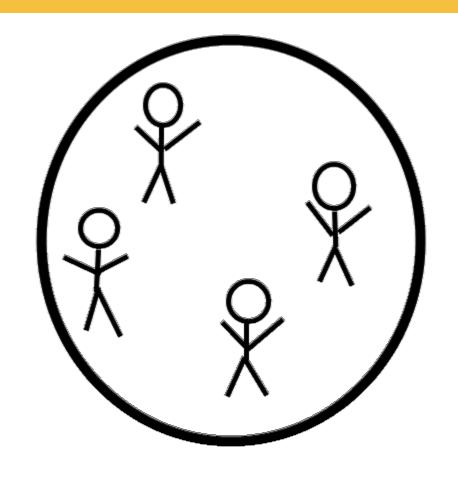
The process to meet community health needs is another application of the continuous quality improvement process.

- Gennaro Vasile, Ph.D.



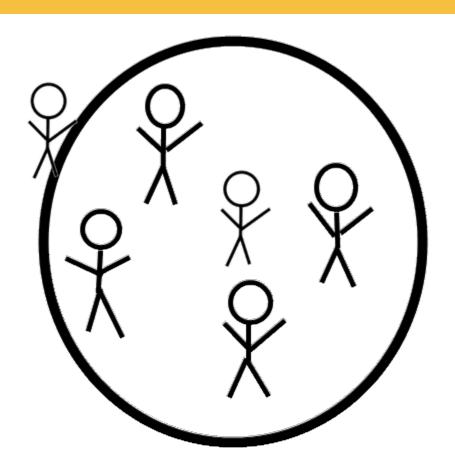
Outside-In





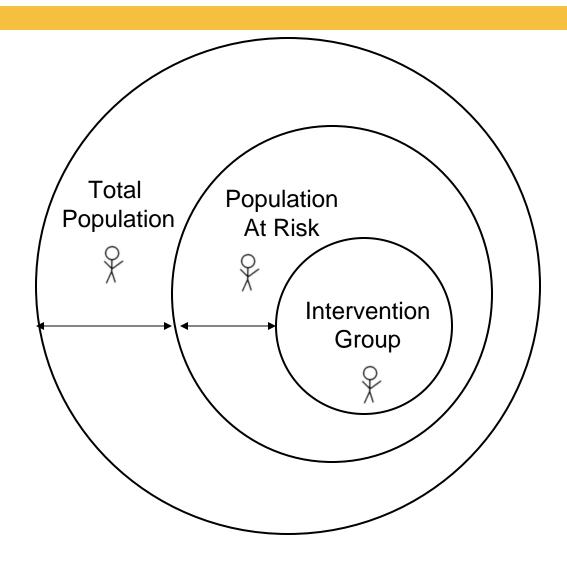


Inside-Out





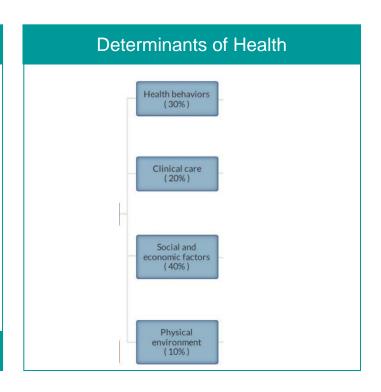
Migration In and Out





Outside-In and Inside-Out

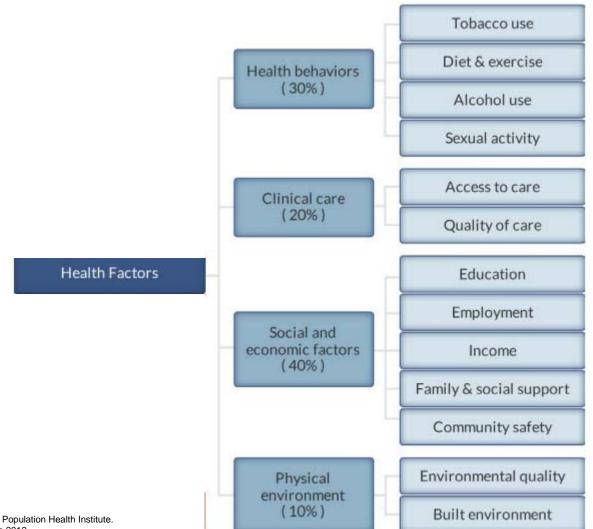
Data Public Health Evidence-base Community Health Interventions Implementation/Evaluation Stakeholder Collaboration and Tracking "Outside-In"



Data Claims and EHR Evidence-base Clinical Quality and Care Management Implementation/Evaluation Care Coordination and Quality Metrics "Inside-Out"



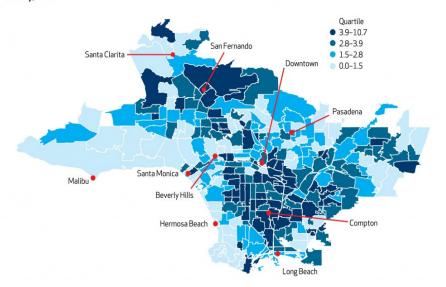
Determinants of Health





Correlates With Poverty Level

Rates Of Lower-Extremity Diabetic Amputations Per 1,000 Adults Ages Forty-Five And Older With Diabetes, Los Angeles County, 2009

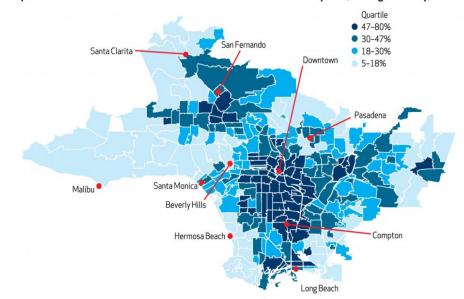


SOURCE Authors' analysis of data from California Health Interview Survey, CHIS 2009 adult public use file (Note 29 in text), and from the 2009 patient discharge and ambulatory surgery center data sets of the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development. **NOTES** Data are mapped at the neighborhood level (each neighborhood is either a ZIP Code Tabulation Area [ZCTA] or merged ZCTAs, as explained in the text) and represent the rate of nontraumatic hower-extremity amputations associated with a diagnosis of diabetes per 1,000 people with diabetes ages forty-five and older. The rates for the region are presented in quartiles.

Health Affairs

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Proportion Of Households With Income Below 200 Percent Of The Federal Poverty Level, Los Angeles County, 2003-09



SOURCE Authors' analysis of data from 2003–09 American Community Survey pooled estimates of household income from the Census Bureau. **NOTES** Data are mapped at the neighborhood level (each neighborhood is either a ZIP Code Tabulation Area [ZCTA] or merged ZCTAs, as explained in the text). The proportions for the region are presented in quartiles.

Health Affairs

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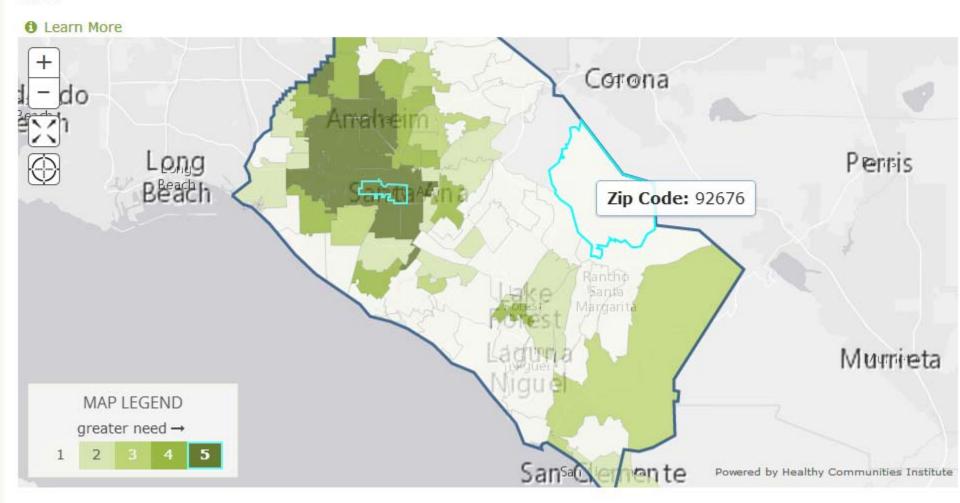


SocioNeeds Index

The 2015 SocioNeeds Index, created by Healthy Communities Institute, is a measure of socioeconomic need that is correlated with poor health outcomes.

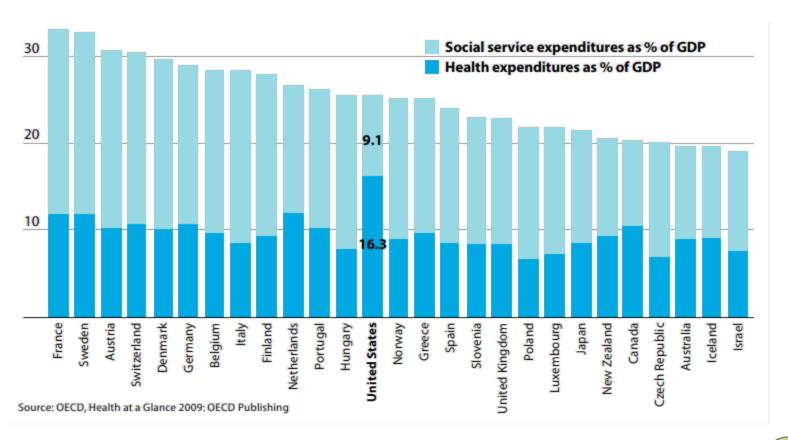


All zip codes in the United States are given an Index Value from 0 (low need) to 100 (high need). To help you find the areas of highest need in your community, your zip codes are ranked from 1 to 5 based on their Index Value.



COMPARISON: Site Regio	n			≛ Downloa	ad CSV
Zip 💠	Index \$	Rank	♦ Pop.	♦ County	^
92691	11.3	2	48409	Orange	
92692	4.8	1	47475		
92694	0.8	1	29249	Orange	
92701	98.4	5	55289	Orange	
92703	96.8	5	69178	Orange	
92704	90.0	5	89936	Orange	
92705	19.9	2	46788	Orange	
92706	86.4	5	37583	Orange	
92707	91.0	5	61783	Orange	
92708	23.1	3	57495	Orange	
92780	58.1	4	57610	Orange	
92782	4.3	1	27420	Orange	
92801	87.0	5	63624	Orange	
92802	86.6	5	44235	Orange	-
92804	83.4	5	92024	Orange	-
92805	94.6	5	73628	Orange	-
92806	65.9	4	41159	Orange	-
92807	7.5	1	37399	Orange	-
92808	4.0	1	21567	Orange	-
92821	18.3	2	38238	Orange	-
92823	6.2	1	3492	Orange	
92831	42.4	4	35780		
92832	75.9	5	24809	Orange	
92833	47.4	4	54974	Orange	
00005	0.0		26422		

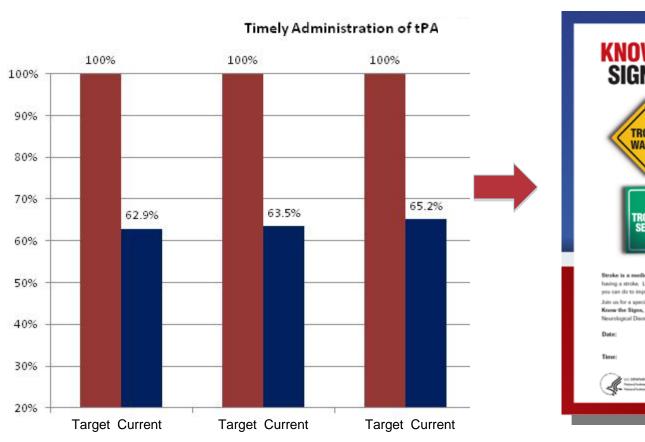
Social Service Expenditures - US





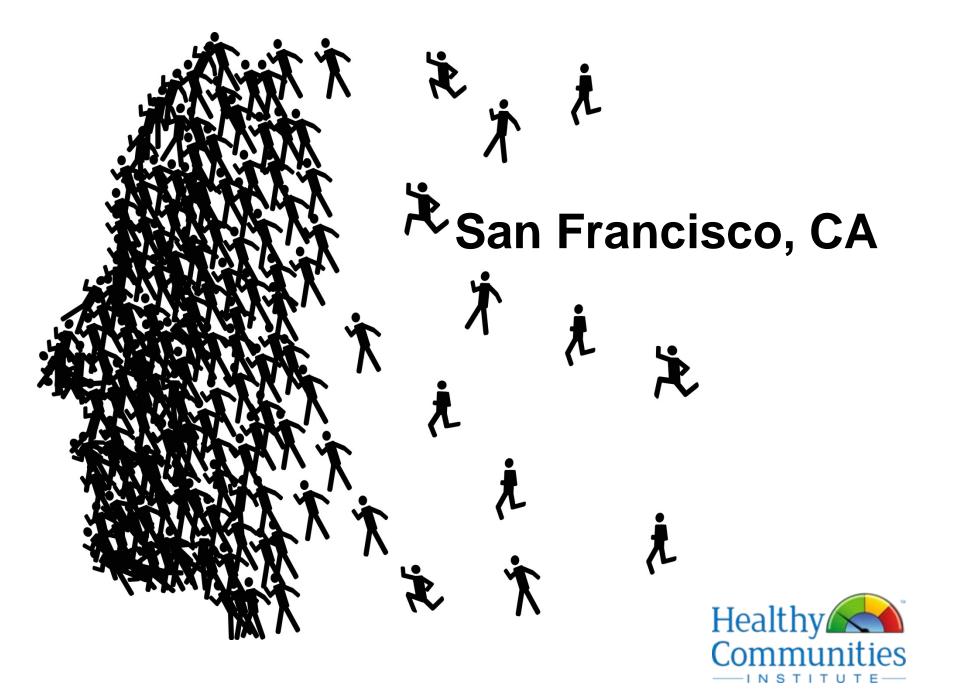
Clinical Quality Improvement Behavior











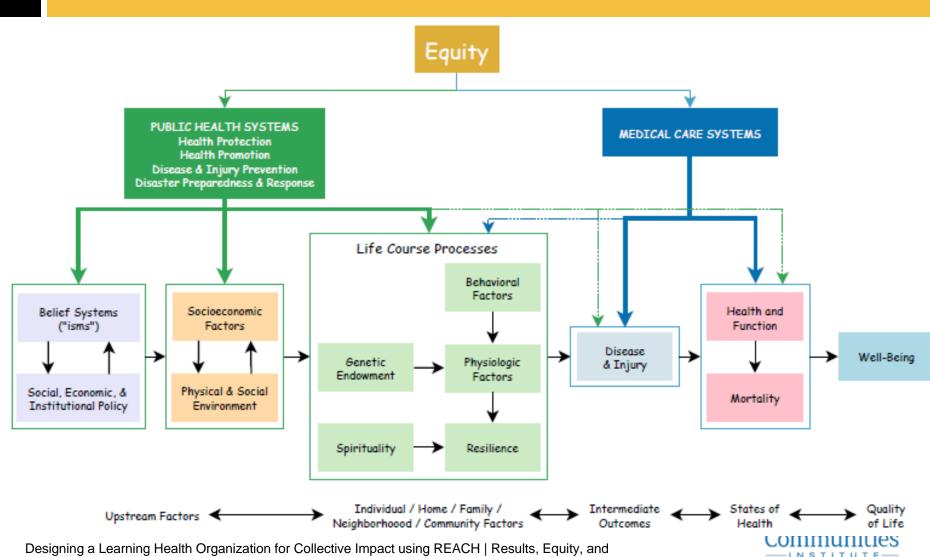
Interconnection of Health and Care

PUBLIC HEALTH SYSTEMS
Health Protection
Health Promotion
Disease & Injury Prevention
Disaster Preparedness & Response

MEDICAL CARE SYSTEMS



Interconnection of Health and Care



Accountability for Community Health Tomas J. Aragon, MD, DrPH, April 17, 2014

Inspired by the Collective Impact model, SFHIP is using the model's principles, lessons, and structure to achieve transformational change locally. Collective Impact is defined as the commitment of a group of actors from different sectors to a common agenda for solving a specific social problem, using a structured form of collaboration.

Collective Impact initiatives are distinguished from other types of collaboration by creating or expanding upon these five conditions of success:



Common Agenda

All participants have a shared vision for change including a common understanding of the problem and a joint approach to solving it through agreed upon actions



Shared Measurement

Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable



Mutually Reinforcing Activities

Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action



Continuous Communication

Consistent and open communication is needed across the many players to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and appreciate common motivation



Backbone Organization

Creating and managing collective impact requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and coordinate participating organizations and agencies

Our Partners

SFHIP partners are active in the San Francisco health community and have strong priorities for helping the local population. All our partners contribute to the vision and values of SFHIP.

Useful Tools

Our Partners

About SFHIP

STNIP.Org/Index.pnp?module=11les&controller=Index&action=display&alias=OurPartners

San Francisco Data

Leadership Partners

SFHIP Priorities

San Francisco Department of Public Health (SFDPH)

The Clinical & Translational Science Institute (CTSI)

Hospital Council of Northern California

Working Group Partners

Tenderloin HIP

Tenderloin Health Improvement Partnership (Tenderloin HIP) is a multi-sector collective impact partnership committed to improving community health, safety and well-being in San Francisco's Tenderloin neighborhood.

Children's Oral Health

In the fall of 2013, a diverse group of children's oral health stakeholders came together to begin San Francisco's first ever citywide strategic planning process for children's oral health. Improving the oral health of all children in San Francisco is fundamental to ensuring their future health, success, and quality of life. Having healthy teeth is critical for speaking, eating and good self-esteem.

Alcohol Policy Partnership Working Group

The SFHIP Alcohol Policy Partnership Working Group (PWG) is addressing alcohol-related public health and safety problems in San Francisco through policy analysis, development and change that is based on public health and community evidence and best practices.

Funding Partners

Shared Measurement: Improving Impact

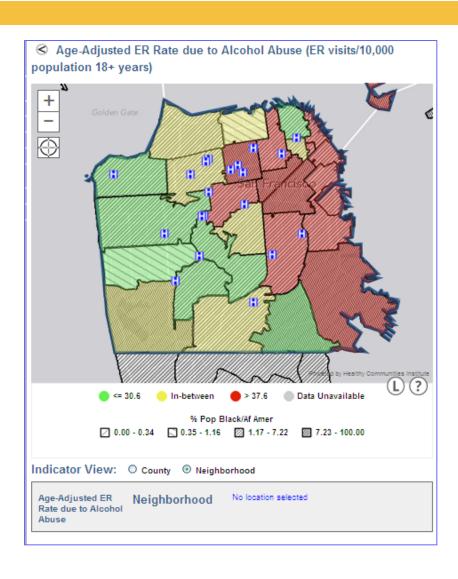
Benefits of Using Shared Measurement

- Improved/Consistent Data Quality, Contextualized
- Tracking Progress Toward Goals
- Enabling Coordination and Collaboration
- Learning and Course Correction
- Catalyzing Action





Addressing Costs of ER Utilization





Shared Vision: Healthy People, Healthy Places

Population Health Division			SFDPH Cross-cutting Efforts		
Discovery & Knowledge Management: ARCHES, CPHR, & Bridge HIV			CASPER		
Strategic Alignment: Office of Equity and Quality Improvement			Policy and Planning		
Healthy Places (protection) Environmental Health Branch	Healthy People (promotion) Community Health Equity & Promotion	Diseases (prevention) Disease Prevention & Control	Disasters (preparedness) Emergency Preparedness & Medical Services	SF Health Network	City & Community Organizations Kaiser Perm, UCSF, SFSU, DCYF, CBOs.
1. Black/African American Health					
	2. Mother, Child, and Adolescent Health				
	3. Health for People at Risk or Living with HIV				
4. Safe and Healthy Living Environments (CHIP)					
5. Healthy Eating and Physical Activity (CHIP)					
	6. Access to Quality Care and Services (CHIP)				
Operations: Office of Operations, Finance, and Grants Management			Finance		
Professional Development: Center for Learning and Innovation			Workforce Development		

v.sfhip.org/index.php?module=Tiles&controller=index&action=display&alias=HEPA



SFHIP Priorities

San Francisco Data

Useful Tools

About SFHIP

Our Partners

Search this site

Increase Healthy Eating & Physical Activity

Our Goal

To increase healthy eating and physical activity among residents by creating environments that make healthy choices the easy choices.

View All Priority Indicators >

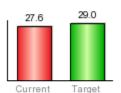


Percent of adults that report a BMI greater or egual to 30



Children and adolescents who consumed two or more glasses of soda or sugary drink yesterday

County: San Francisco



Minutes per day residents spend walking and/or biking for nonleisure, utilitarian trips



Science links health conditions such as heart disease, diabetes, and cancer to daily practices like eating a healthy, balanced diet and getting regular exercise. However, the healthy choice is not always the "easy" choice – particularly for San Francisco's more vulnerable residents – as was repeatedly voiced by community members throughout the CHA/CHIP development process. Socioeconomic factors – such as whether people can afford to buy nutritious foods and safely engage in exercise in their neighborhoods – and environmental factors – such as whether healthy food options are locally available - impact what individuals eat as well as their activity practices.

The "Increase Healthy Eating + Physical Activity" priority strives to demonstrate the link between diet, inactivity, and chronic disease and to help San Francisco create environments that make healthy choices the easy choices, so all San Francisco residents have an equal chance to

eat well and move more. Goal #1: Increase physical activity

Increase fitness in children

Increase time spent walking and/or biking daily

Goal #2: Increase healthy eating · Increase access to healthy, diverse food resources

- Increase daily consumption of fruits and vegetables
- Decrease consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages

ww.sfhip.org/index.php?module=Tiles&controller=index&action=display&alias=HEPA

Goal #3: Increase number of residents who maintain a healthy weight

- Decrease youth obesity
- Decrease adult obesity

[1] California Health Interview Survey, 2009

[2] Calculated from 2004-2008 SWITRS data and 2007 population data from Applied Geographic Solutions, Inc.

Related Resources

Bayview HEAL Zone

San Francisco Health Improvement Partnerships (SF HIP)

Farmers Markets in San Francisco

San Francisco Food Security Task Force

Walk First (SF Planning Department)

Report: Physical Education Research for Kids (California Task Force on Youth and Workplace Wellness, 2010)

PROJECT LEAD(S)	SELECTED STATEGIES	POSSIBLE INDICATOR(S)
American Heart Association	Support healthy food procurement and healthy food retail incentives.	Documented procurement and incentive policies for healthy food
Boys and Girls Club of SF	Implement Power Play, 30 minutes of daily fun, non-competitive physical activity at each of San Francisco's nine Boys and Girls Clubs.	Average daily attendance records
Children's Council of SF	Increase physical activity by developing and enforcing a physical activity policy for child care providers involved in the US Department of Agriculture's Child and Adult Care Food Program.	Written, approved physical activity policy
SF Department of Public Health	Maintain Safe Routes to Schools programming (Evidence- Based).	Continued online presence and project updates posted for Safe Routes to Schools Program
SF Human Services Agency - Department of Aging and Adult Services	Continue to support evidence-based preventive programs for adults with disabilities and seniors such as Chronic Disease Self-Management and Healthier Aging.	Department of Aging and Adult Services Annual Area Plan Update
SF Municipal Transportation Agency	Encourage more regular physical activity through a citywide network of Sunday Streets events (Promising Practice).	Online calendar of Sunday Streets events
SF Municipal Transportation Agency, SF	Connect emerging regional bike sharing project with HOPE SF projects and other city-	Map of bike sharing stations + HOPE SF

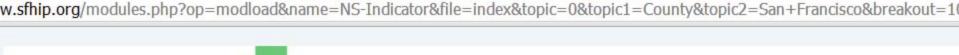
funded development to ensure the presence

of bike sharing at the new developments.

project locations

w.sfhip.org/index.php?module=Tiles&controller=index&action=display&alias=HEPA

Bicycle Coalition





SFHIP Priorities

San Francisco Data

Useful Tools

About SFHIP

Our Partners

Home > Disparities Dashboard

Disparities Dashboard

All San Francisco Health Data

Location Type: County ▼ Location: San Francisco ▼

Breakout By: Race/Ethnicity ▼

Search All Indicators Search

Indicators for County: San Francisco (Race/Ethnicity breakout)



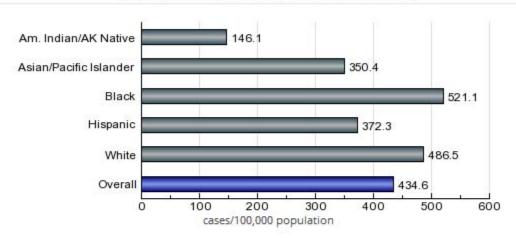
Access to Health Services

Adults with Health Insurance by Race/Ethnicity

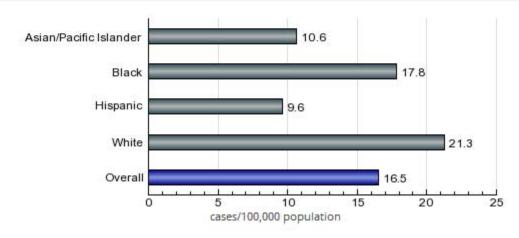
w.sfhip.org/modules.php?op=modload&name=NS-Indicator&file=index&topic=0&topic1=County&topic2=San+Francisco&breakout=10

Cancer

All Cancer Incidence Rate by Race/Ethnicity

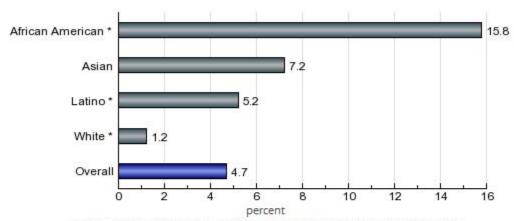


Bladder Cancer Incidence Rate by Race/Ethnicity



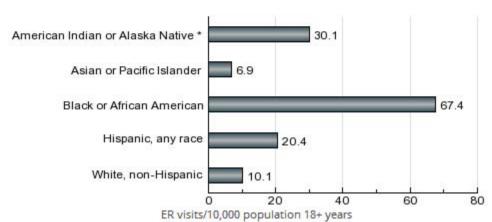
Diabetes

Adults with Diabetes by Race/Ethnicity



^{*} Value may be statistically unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

Age-Adjusted ER Rate due to Diabetes by Race/Ethnicity



^{*} Value may be statistically unstable and should be interpreted with caution.



SFHIP Priorities San Francisco Data Useful Tools About SFHIP Our Partners

Home > Community Vital Signs 2.0

Fracker for County: San Francisco			View the Legend
Indicator	Current and Target	Data	Status
Ensure Safe + Healthy Living Environments			
Annual Violent Injury Incident Rate	Current: 75.1 Target: 71.3 Rate per 100,000 population	75.1 71.3 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Perceived Safety at Night Among Adult Residents	Current: 45.0 Target: 53.6 percent	45.0 53.6 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Annual Rate of Severe and Fatal Pedestrian Injuries	Current: 8.3 Target: 6.2 Injuries per 100 road miles	8.3 6.2 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Population Living in Area with 10ug/m3 or Higher PM 2.5 Concentration	Current: 1.2 Target: 1.14 percent	1.2 1.14 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Population Living within an Area with Average Daytime and Nighttime Noise Levels Greater than 60 Dec	Current: 70.0 Target: 67 percent	70.0 67 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Annual Number of Housing Violations	Current: 5.4 Target: 5.1 per 1,000 population	5.4 5.1 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
Adults who Smoke	Current: 14.0 Target: 11 percent	14.0 11 Current Target	TARGET NOT MET
San Francisco Playgrounds Scoring an "A" or "B" for Infrastructure Quality and Condition, Cleanlines	Current: 65.0 Target: 64.1 percent	65.0 64.1 Current Target	TARGET MET



Q

Increase Healthy Eating + Physical Activity

Fitness-gram test

Fitness-gram test

Fitness-gram test

and vegtables

Access Program

Fitnessgram Physical Fit

Minutes per day residents spend walking and/or biking for non-leisure, utilitarian trips Food Market Access Score

Physically fit children in 9th Grade within the SFUSD who score 6 of 6 on the CA Youth who Score within the "High Risk" Category for Body Composition on the

Percent of children and teens (ages 2-17) who consume five or more servings of fruits

Physically fit children in 5th Grade within the SFUSD who score 6 of 6 on the CA

Physically fit children in 7th Grade within the SFUSD who score 6 of 6 on the CA

Children and adolescents who consumed two or more glasses of soda or sugary drink yesterday Percent of adults that report a BMI greater or equal to 30

Current: 24.6 Target: 23 percent Current: 27.6 Target: 29.0 minutes Current: 56.0 Target: 59

Current: 21.2

Target: 21.3

Current: 33.2

Target: 31.9

Current: 33.0

Target: 36.5

percent

percent

percent

Current: 18.3 Target: 19.20 percent Current: 17.2 Target: 16.30 percentage

Current: 11.3

Target: 16.30

Current Target 17.2 16.30

21.2

33.2

33.0

24.6

27.6

56.0

Current Target

Current Target 18.3 19.20

Current Target

Current Target

31.9

36.5

29.0

TARGET NOT MET

TARGET MET

TARGET NOT MET

TARGET NOT MET

TARGET NOT MET

TARGET NOT MET



Increase Access to High Quality Health Care + Services

percent

Current: 96.8 Percent of San Franciscans Who Have Insurance or Are Enrolled in a Comprehensive Target: 99

smip.org/modules.pnp?op=modload&name=N5-Indicator&file=Index&topic=U&topic1=County&topic2=San+Francisco&breakout=&gr					
	View the Legend				
Comparison: U.S. Counties					
Comparison: CA Counties					
Comparison: CA Counties					
Comparison: US Metropolitan Statistical Areas					
Comparison: US Metropolitan Statistical Areas					
Comparison: US Metropolitan Statistical Areas					
Comparison: CA Counties					
Comparison: U.S. Counties					
Comparison: U.S. Counties					
Comparison: CA Counties					
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Comparison: U.S. Counties					
Comparison: CA Counties					
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Comparison: CA Counties

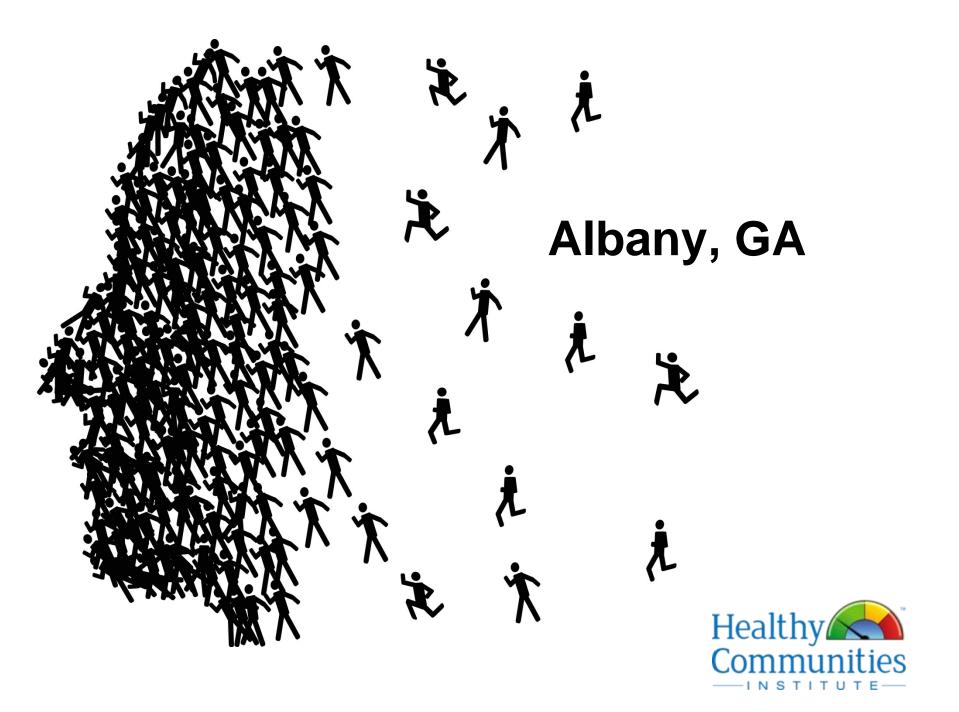
Comparison: CA Counties

Babies with Low Birth Weight MAP

Adults Needing and Receiving Behavioral Health Care Services MAP

STNIP.Org/modules.pnp?op=modload&name=NS-Indicator&file=Indicator&ild=/913332 Health Improvement Partnership Search this site **SFHIP Priorities** San Francisco Data **Useful Tools** About SFHIP **Our Partners** Home > Community Dashboard **Related Content** Child Fruit and Vegetable Consumption 211 LOCAL RESOURCES This indicator shows the percentage of children aged 2-11 who eat at least five servings of fruits and Soup Kitchen Programs Physical Fitness Education Resources vegetables per day. Nutrition Resources County Time Period More -> 55.5 County: San Francisco COMMUNITY VITAL SIGNS 47.9 Data Source: California Health Interview Survey [3] 2012 Champion Report: Retail Food Categorles: Health / Exercise, Nutrition, & Weight, Health / Children's Health Environment Index Score Comparison: CA Counties @ Technical Note: The distribution is based on data from 44 California counties 2012 Champion Report: Proportion of 56.1 and county groups. Households within half mile of a Farmers Maintained By: Healthy Communities Institute Market percent Last Updated: September 2013 2012 Champion Report: Average Wait Time Measurement Period: 2011before Receiving Home-delivered Meals 2012 More → NEWS View Full Map Maps FAQ High fruit and veggie diet linked to lower risk Emeryville of heart disease, death Study of Organic Crops Finds Fewer Pesticides Piedmont and More Antioxidants Diet tied to survival in breast cancer patients Oakland More -> San Francisco INDICATORS

Alamada



Infant Mortality Rate

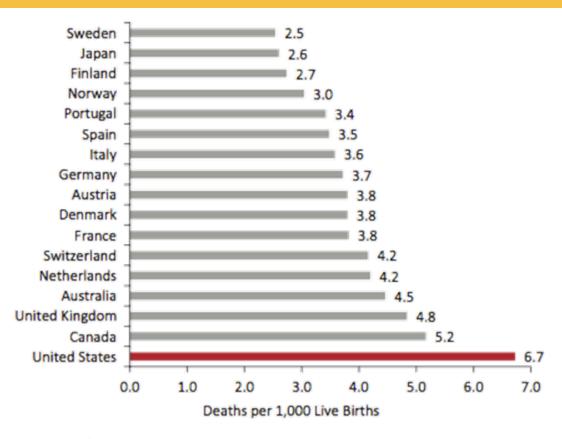
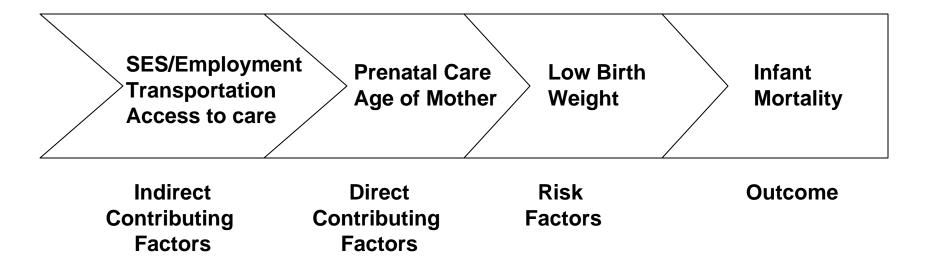


FIGURE 2-1 Infant mortality rates in 17 peer countries, 2005-2009.

NOTE: Rates averaged over 2005-2009. SOURCE: Data from OECD (2012c).

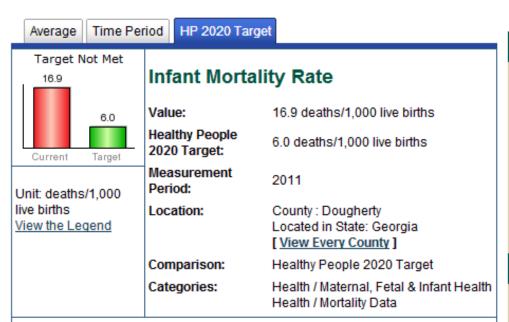


Causation Pathway









What is this Indicator?

This indicator shows the mortality rate in deaths per 1,000 live births for infants within their first year of life.

Why this is important:

Infant mortality rate continues to be one of the most widely used indicators of the overall health status of a community. The leading causes of death among infants are birth defects, pre-term delivery, low birth weight, Sudden Infant Death Syndrome (SIDS), and maternal complications during pregnancy.

The Healthy People 2020 national health target is to reduce the infant mortality rate to 6 deaths per 1,000 live births.

Source: Georgia Department of Public Health OASIS

URL of Source: http://oasis.state.ga.us/

URL of Data: http://oasis.state.ga.us/oasis/oasis/grylMort.aspx

Maintained By: Healthy Communities Institute

Last Updated: May 2013

RELATED CONTENT

INDICATORS

- · Preterm Births
- Babies with Very Low Birth Weight
- Babies with Low Birth Weight
- · Teen Birth Rate
- Children Living Below
 Poverty Level New
- Mothers who Smoked
 During Pregnancy
 More

PROMISING PRACTICES

- Centering Pregnancy Program
- Community Voice:
 Palm Beach
- Community Voice:
 Taking it to the
 People
- Putnam County Early Entry into Prenatal Care-WIC
- Canada Prenatal
 Nutrition Program
 (CPNP)
- Prenatal Plus
 Program

More

Report Assistant

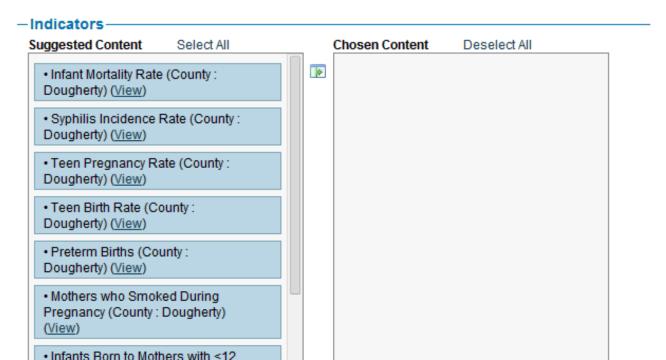
Use this tool to quickly pull together related content, such as indicators or promising practices, based on keyword topics. The results can be saved as a PDF, emailed, or printed and incorporated into a report. For example, to find content related to obesity, type the keyword 'obesity' in the search bar. Then, select the location of interest and click 'search'. If you'd prefer to compare indicators across multiple regions you can create an Indicator Comparison Report.

Create a new report

Enter keyword	s to find conte	ent for your report:				
infant						
Search	County	▼ Dougherty ▼				
Fip: Use double quotes for phrases and multiple word terms						

Choose the Report Content

Below are items matching your search terms. **Drag and drop** items into the "Chosen Content" list to include them in your report. You may enter new search terms to find additional content without losing your current selections.



Report Assistant

Use this tool to quickly pull together related content, such as indicators or promising practices, based on keyword topics. The results can be saved as a PDF, emailed, or printed and incorporated into a report. For example, to find content related to obesity, type the keyword 'obesity' in the search bar. Then, select the location of interest and click 'search'. If you'd prefer to compare indicators across multiple regions you can create an Indicator Comparison Report.

Create a new report

Enter keywords to find content for your report: infant Search County Dougherty Tip: Use double quotes for phrases and multiple word terms								
Choose the Report Content Below are items matching your search terms. Drag and drop items into the "Chosen Content" list to include them in your report. You may enter new search terms to find additional content without losing your current selections.								
Suggested Content Select All	Chosen Content Deselect All							
Syphilis Incidence Rate (County: Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)	Infant Mortality Rate (County : Dougherty) (View)							
Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy (County: Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)	Babies with Very Low Birth Weight (County: Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)							
Infants Born to Mothers with <12 Years Education (County: Dougherty) (View)	Babies with Low Birth Weight (County : Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)							
(VIEW)	Teen Pregnancy Rate (County: Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)							
	Teen Birth Rate (County : Dougherty) (<u>View</u>)							

Preterm Births (County: Dougherty)

(View)

infant

Indicators



Comparison: 6.8 Unit: deaths/1,000 live births View the Legend

Infant Mortality Rate

Value: 16.9 deaths/1,000 live births

Measurement 2011 Period:

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia [View Every County]

Comparison: GA State Value



Red > 2.7 Green <= 2.0 In-between = Yellow Unit: percent View the Legend

Babies with Very Low Birth Weight

Value: 2.9 percent

Measurement 2011

Period:

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia [View Every County]

Comparison: GA Counties

10.1

Red > 11.4 Green <= 10.1 In-between = Yellow Unit: percent View the Legend

Babies with Low Birth Weight

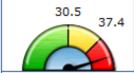
Value: 13.5 percent

Measurement 2011

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia
[View Every County]

Comparison: GA Counties



Red > 37.4 Green <= 30.5 In-between = Yellow Unit:

pregnancies/1,000 females aged 15-17 View the Legend

Teen Pregnancy Rate

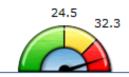
Value: 53.5 pregnancies/1,000 females aged 15-17

Measurement 2011 Period:

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia
[View Every County]

Comparison: GA Counties



Red > 32.3 Green <= 24.5 In-between = Yellow Unit: live births/1,000 females aged 15-17 View the Legend

Teen Birth Rate

Value: 42.7 live births/1,000 females aged 15-17

Measurement 2011 Period:

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia
[View Every County]

Comparison: GA Counties

12.3

Red > 14.4 Green <= 12.3 In-between = Yellow Unit: percent View the Legend

Preterm Births

Value: 14.9 percent

Measurement 2011 Period:

Location: County: Dougherty

Located in State: Georgia
[View Every County]

Comparison: GA Counties

Priority 1: To Improve Maternal, Infant, and Child Health and Reproductive Responsibility

- To reduce the rate of low birth weight from 12.3 to 7.8 in the primary service area.
- To reduce the rate of very low birth weight from 2.8 to 1.4 in the primary service area.
- To reduce the rate of pre-term births from 14.7 to 11.4 in the primary service area.
- To reduce the rate of infant mortality from 8.2 to 6.0/1,000 live births in the primary service area.
- To reduce the rate of teen pregnancy from 40.8 to 36.2 for females aged 15 to 17 in the primary service area.
- To reduce sexually transmitted disease from 1,272 to 703.9 cases/100,000 in the primary service area (Georgia Benchmark)



- Continue funding (\$1.2 million) of Network of Trust programs that provide evidencebased Sex Education Curricula and help to reduce the incidence of teen pregnancy, including the placement of school nurses in all 27 Dougherty County Public Schools.
- Expand and conduct school nurse training in service area county schools, specifically Randolph, Lee and Terrell.
- 3. Continue and expand Make A Difference sexual abstinence program assistance funding will be provided by a three-year \$35,000 grant from the Georgia Campaign for Adolescent Power and Prevention, the University of Georgia and 4-H. PPMH Network of Trust will conduct training, expanding outreach to more than 50 nurses in the region and to the Boys and Girls Clubs of Albany.
- 4. Continue Teen Father program, operated by Network of Trust
- PPMH will hire a full time outreach coordinator to work in schools with career development for teenage mothers. This is an extension of the Teen Mothers program, which has operated for 20 years to provide prenatal care and parenting skills to pregnant teens.
- Continue partnership with Family Connections for the Teen Maze, which reaches 1000
 teens locally and more than 4000 in the region to help middle school students experience
 positive and negative impact of their decisions.
- 7. PPMH and Network of Trust will support Teen Breastfeeding Initiative
- 8. Support and Facilitate expansion of centering pregnancy program The Southwest District Health plans to seek permission from PPMH's Institutional Review Board to conduct a research study with a control group to determine the impact of the centering program on low birth weight and other related outcomes to demonstrate program efficacy. PPMH will provide support for this program and nurses in labor and delivery will be informed of the program in the care of participants who come to the hospital to deliver.

Infant Mortality Rate



Comparison: GA State Value @

15.1

deaths/1,000 live births

Measurement Period: 2012

County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health, Health /

Mortality Data



From 16.9 to 15.1

Babies with Very Low Birth Weight



Comparison: GA Counties @

3.3 percent

Measurement Period: 2012

County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health



From 2.9 to 3.3

Babies with Low Birth Weight



12.4

County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health





Teen Pregnancy Rate



49.7 pregnancies/1,000 females aged 15-17

Measurement Period: 2012

County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Family Planning, Health / Maternal, Fetal 8 Infant Health, Health / Teen & Adolescent Health



From 53.5 to 49.7

Teen Birth Rate



Comparison: GA Counties @

41.6 .000 females ag

live births/1,000 females aged 15-17

Measurement Period: 2012

County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Family Planning, Health / Maternal, Fetal 8
Infant Health, Health / Teen & Adolescent Health



From 42.7 to 41.6

Preterm Births



13.2 percent

Measurement Period: 2012

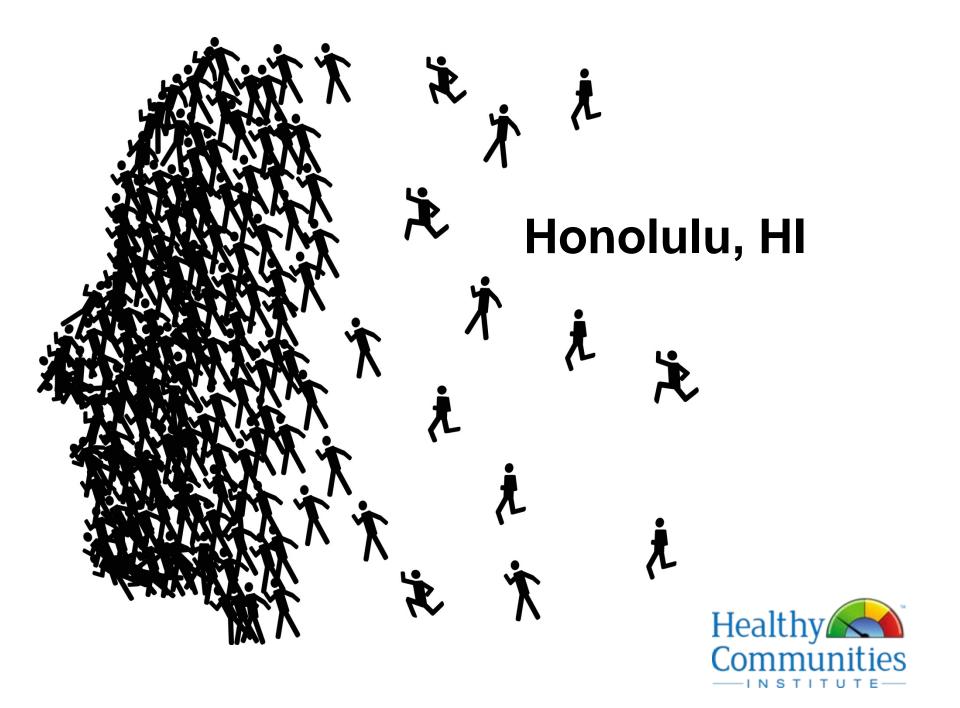
County: Dougherty

Located in: State: Georgia

Categories: Health / Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health

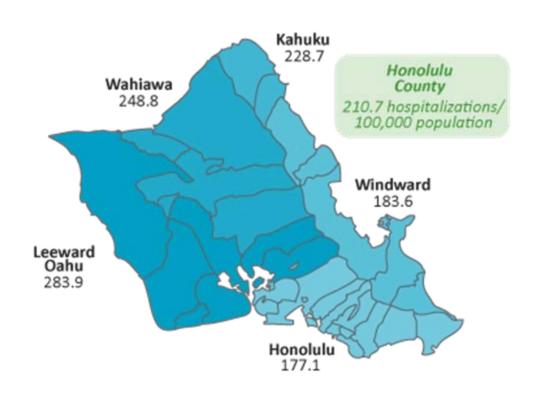






Pneumonia Hospitalization Rates by HSA

Bacterial Pneumonia





Highest Preventable Hospitalization Costs

Indicator	Hospitalizations	Risk-Adjusted Hospitalization Rates per 100,000 population	Estimated Cost
Mental Health*	3306	440.8	\$21.2 million
COPD/Asthma in Older Adults (40+)	1320	290.0	\$10.0 million
Heart Failure	2230	285.8	\$29.8 million
Bacterial Pneumonia	1629	210.7	\$17.1 million
Low Birth Weight	794	6.2	\$55.5 million



Hawai'i Health Matters

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211 LOCAL

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- Influenza Control **Programs**
- Flu Vaccine Resources

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INDICATORS

- Influenza Vaccination Rate 65+ NEW
- Influenza Vaccination Rate 18-64 yrs NEW
- Preventive Services for Older Women

More

Time Period HP 2020 Target



Unit: percent

View the Legend

65.1 percent Value:

HP 2020 Target: 90 percent Measurement

2012 Period:

State: Hawaii Location:

[View All Location Types]

Comparison: Healthy People 2020 Target

Categories: Health / Immunizations & Infectious

Pneumonia Vaccination Rate 65+ NEW

Diseases

Health / Older Adults & Aging Health / Respiratory Diseases

What is this Indicator?

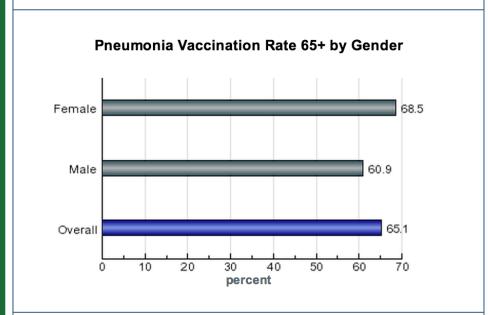
This indicator shows the percentage of adults aged 65 years and older who have ever received a pneumococcal (pneumonia) vaccine.

Why this is important:

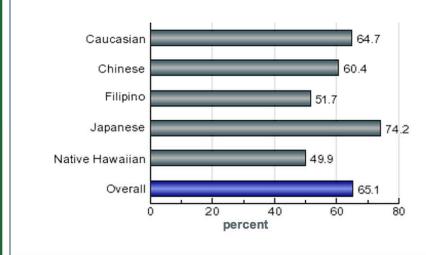
Pneumococcal pneumonia is a serious condition characterized by high fever, cough, shortness of breath, and meningitis. It is the leading cause of vaccinepreventable death and illness in the United States. Pneumococcal pneumonia kills about 1 out of every 20 people who come down with the disease. It is a contagious disease and can be spread by respiratory secretions from coughing or sneezing. The pneumococcal vaccine is very effective at preventing severe disease. hospitalization, and death. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends the current vaccine for adults ages 65 years and older and for children ages 2 and older who are at high risk for disease.

About This Target:

IID-13.1: Increase the percentage of noninstitutionalized adults aged 65 years and older who are vaccinated against pneumococcal disease







Zoom to: State : Hawaii 💠 Go

View by: All Location Types \$ Go

Create Indicator Comparison Report

2013

FACT SHEETS

PRAMS: Hawaii
 Perinatal Smoking
 Quick Facts
 PRAMS: Hawaii
 Breastfeeding Quick
 Facts

PLAN

- <u>Hawaii Physical</u> <u>Activity and Nutrition</u> <u>Plan 2013-2020</u>

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

- Community-based Care Transitions Program

Interventions to ReducePneumonia Hospitalizations/Costs: Examples

Intervention	Outcome
The HMO Group Health, Inc. encouraged influenza vaccinations with walk-in vaccination clinics, patient mailings, and nurses offering vaccines to high-risk patients ¹	 Reduced hospitalizations for pneumonia and influenza in the 65+ population by up to 57% (p<0.002) Reduced hospitalization costs for pneumonia and influenza in the 65+ population by 52% (p<0.005)
Blue Cross Blue Shield sent direct mail marketing pieces encouraging its members to get vaccinated against influenza/pneumonia ²	 2.62% (p=0.01) higher rate of influenza vaccinations, 4.61% higher rate of pneumonia vaccinations (p=0.08) 9.67% (p=0.136) lower rate of influenza/pneumonia inpatient admissions 22.64% (p=0.002) lower rate of influenza/pneumonia ED visits ROI: >2:1



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Outcome

Outcome

- Cost avoidance approximately \$10,500 per hospitalized case
- ■Pneumonia vaccinations for 65+ age group have a positive ROI
- ■Estimated potential hospitalization cost avoidance for Hawaii if 90% vaccination target is reached: \$1.3M



Few, if any, forces in human affairs are as powerful as shared vision.

- Peter Senge, "The Fifth Discipline: The Art and Practice of Learning Organizations," 1990



