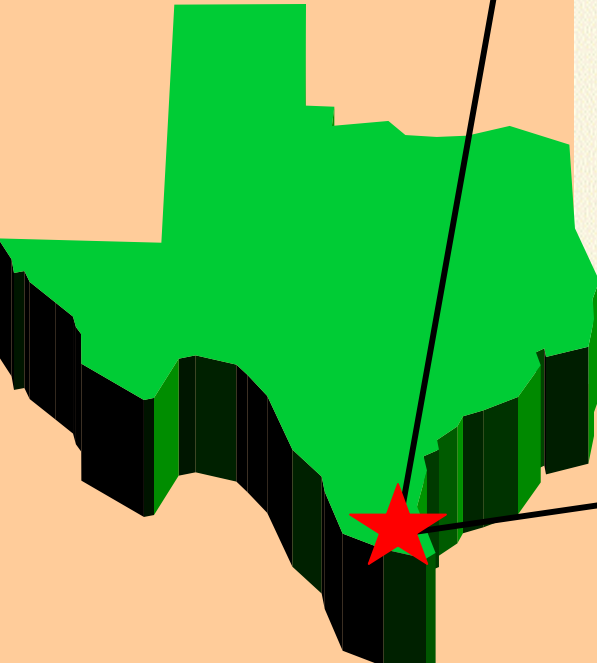


# **Measuring Success: Clinical and Operational Excellence at Valley Baptist Health System**

**August 22, 2006**

**Tracy D. Kirkconnell, M.B.A.  
Matiana G. Vela, Ed.D., R.D.**

# Rio Grande Valley



# Valley Baptist Health System

- Valley Baptist Medical Center - Harlingen
  - 611 Licensed Beds
  - Lead Level 3 Trauma Center
  - State of the Art Children's Center
  - # 1 Rated Orthopedics Service
  - Heart & Vascular Institute
  - Teaching facility for the Regional Academic Health Center of The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio
- Valley Baptist Medical Center – Brownsville
  - 243 Licensed Beds
  - Level 3 Trauma Center
  - State of the Art Imaging Center
  - Center of Diabetes Management
- Other Entities
  - Golden Palms Retirement and Healthcare Center
  - Valley Baptist Health Plans
  - Advanced Medical Supply (DME)
  - Valley Baptist Ambulatory Surgery Center
  - Clinical Pastoral Education Center
  - Licensed Vocational Nurse School
  - Family Practice Residency Program
  - Internal Medicine Residency Program
  - Home Health & Hospice
  - Rehabilitation & Wellness
  - Behavioral Health Services

# Valley Baptist Health System

- Strategic Initiatives
  - Integration
  - Simplicity
  - Six Sigma Quality
  - Relentless Service
  - Expansion of Services & Regionalization
- Values
  - Disciplined
  - Entrepreneurial
  - Performance Oriented
  - Accountable

# How did we begin implementing Six Sigma?

- CEO Commitment
  - Vision
  - Leadership
  - Resources (time, money, people)
- Partnership with General Electric Medical Systems
  - Guidance
  - Expert Knowledge
  - Training – Six Sigma, CAP, Work-Out™
  - Project Mentoring
  - Transition Assistance

# Roles at VBHS

- Master Black Belt – 6 Sigma mentor and educator
- Black Belt – 6 Sigma trained specialist who works on 6 Sigma improvement initiatives on a full time basis
- Green Belt – 6 Sigma trained specialist who uses the Six Sigma methodology to solve problems as a function of their normal work
- Yellow Belt – Physicians and Executives trained in basic 6 Sigma methods who assist with problem solving, initiative sponsorship and solution implementation
- Sponsor – Executive with responsibility to identify 6 Sigma initiatives, assign resources and remove barriers
- Change Agent - Expert in the application of CAP and Work-Out™ tools

# Six Sigma Practitioners at VBHS

- **Certified Master Black Belts (5)**
- **Black Belts (4)**
  - 3 Harlingen
  - 1 Brownsville
- **Green Belts (61)**
  - 31 Certified
  - 27 Seeking Certification
- **Yellow Belts (34)**
  - 15 Executives
  - 19 Physicians
- **Master Change Agents (2)**
- **Change Agents (237)**
  - 190 Harlingen
  - 47 Brownsville
- **Six Sigma Physician Council (16)**
- **Future**
  - All Executives will be trained to Yellow Belt level
  - All Directors and Managers to Green Belt certification

*Six Sigma and the  
Art of Medicine*

**Spirituality**

**Art**

PATIENT CARE

PATIENT CARE

Research Based Disease Management

ICU Glucose Management

Core Measures

AMI

CHF

Pneumonia

CABG

Turnaround times

Wait Times

**Fun**

**tion**

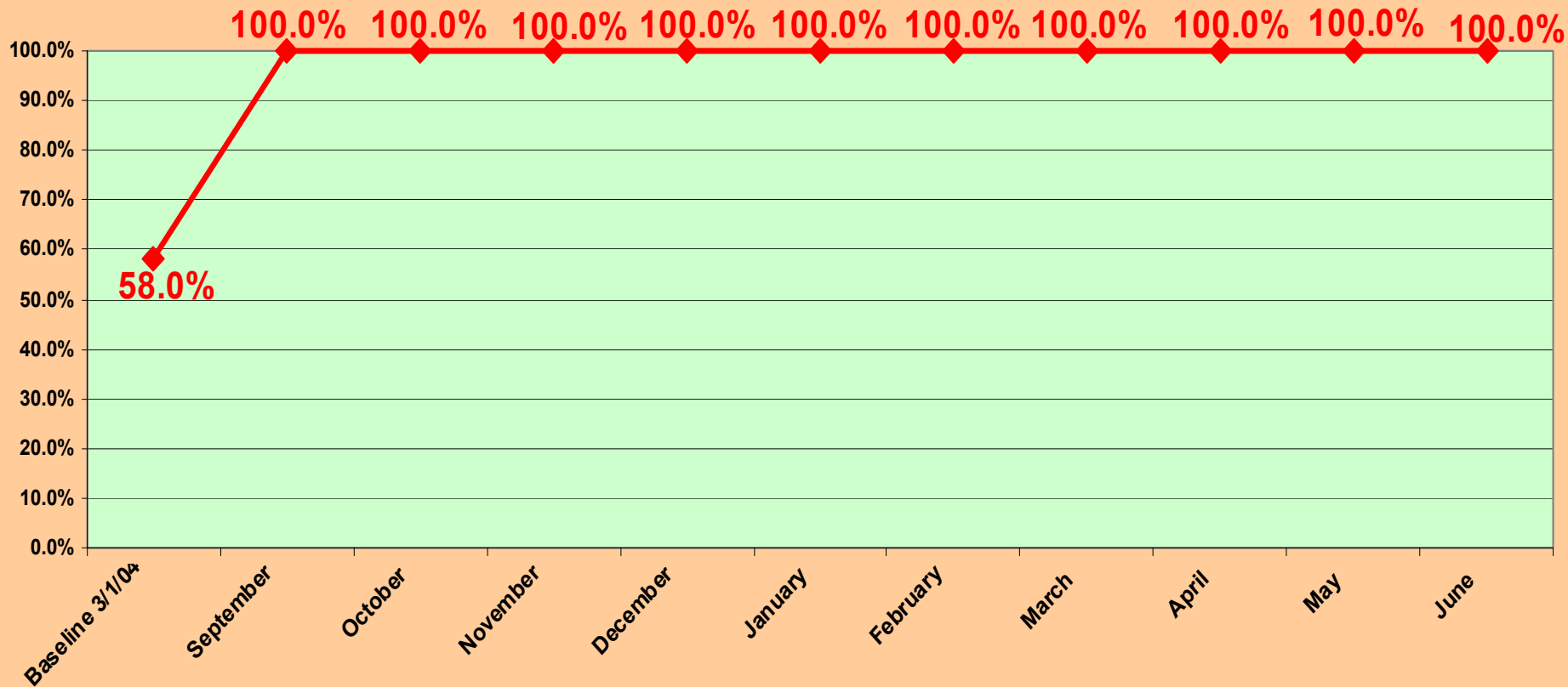
# **Examples of Clinical and Operational Initiatives**

# Heart Failure Management

## Christopher H. Hansen, M.D.

### FY 2006

6+ Sigma



**Y = % Compliance with all four CMS Core Measures for Heart Failure**

November 14, 2005

# The Week in Health

QUALITY >> *Civivi Becker*

## Right on the money

CMS awarding pay-for-performance bonuses

The CMS will write out bonus checks for a total of \$8.85 million to 123 top-performing hospitals in a groundbreaking pay-for-performance demonstration project that is being coordinated by hospital alliance Premier.

The results from the first year of the three-year project, which were expected to be officially released by the CMS on Nov. 14, resoundingly validate the practice of paying for quality in the elective industry needed to spur significant quality improvements, according to Richard Norling, Premier's president and chief executive officer. Hospital performance in each of five clinical areas included in the project improved significantly, while variation in performance between the highest and lowest performers increasingly narrowed as the project continues within a second year already completed.

Improvements in composite quality scores between the first and last quarters of the first year ended September 2004 ranged from 87% to 91% for heart attack patients and 89% to 79% for community-acquired pneumonia.

"From Premier's point of view, the real

power in this is that we have been able to go to the data and look at the people performing at the top levels and find out how they do what they do," Norling said.

The results, released exclusively to Modern Healthcare by Premier, arrive at a bonanza moment for the mainstreaming pay-for-performance movement. Although various initiatives that financially reward stellar care are proliferating in all areas of healthcare, the most comprehensive study of one such project at a large health plan found mixed results (Oct. 31, p. 7).

The hospital industry also is grappling with the very real possibility that the movement will evolve from a carrot to a stick approach in which rather than rewarding the high performers, payers will eventually penalize low performers for poor outcomes.

"I think that's a reality, unfortunately," said Doug Hawthorne, president and CEO of Texas Health Resources in Arlington, Texas, and Premier's board chairman. "The key will be whether [payers] just take the money and redistribute it vs. adding dollars. That's my concern that there will be no difference in the money being spent. It will just be redistribution."

The Premier demonstration, which was launched October 2003 and includes 208 hospital participants, is designed to reward with cash payments the top 20% performers in each of five clinical areas: heart failure, pneumonia, bypass surgery, heart attack and hip and knee replacement. The participating hospitals were graded by how

often they followed suit for each clinic's quality score for given focus areas.

The performers will receive a 2% bonus, and those who receive a 1% bonus, year-over-year—Oct. 1, 2003 to were set for the bonus to be below those two of the demonstration

2% rate means, re-claiming who will re-

For at least, it from the improved length of stay. No score per in Cong been po-

cut in would ultimately rather than reward can't and won't be that ... a funded means," Norling said.

But the project is resulting, hospital o addition to the cash reformers, the CMS v these hospital fall in sick category. As per between the CMS or will not publicly rev

trarily 120 lower per into the bottom 200 gets, although we sent consumer to 4 nurses of all the hop ter of public record.

"CMS probably is transparency demon means," Norling is going to make a year for I think hospitals more of it coming de-



**Richard Norling** helped make our staff more competitive.



Physician John Hazzard performs a coronary artery bypass graft at Hackensack University Medical Center, which performs nearly 3,300 of those surgeries per year.

8 Modern Healthcare • November 14, 2005

## TOP PERFORMERS

These hospitals won the highest rankings in a CMS pay-for-performance demonstration project

### ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

Fairview Lakes Regional Health Care, Wyoming, Minn.	99.4%
McLeod Regional Medical Center, Florence, S.C.	97.98%
Alegent Health-Immanuel Medical Center, Omaha, Neb.	97.87%
Methodist Hospital, St. Louis Park, Minn.	97.85%
Mercy Medical Center-North Iowa, Mason City, Iowa	97.73%

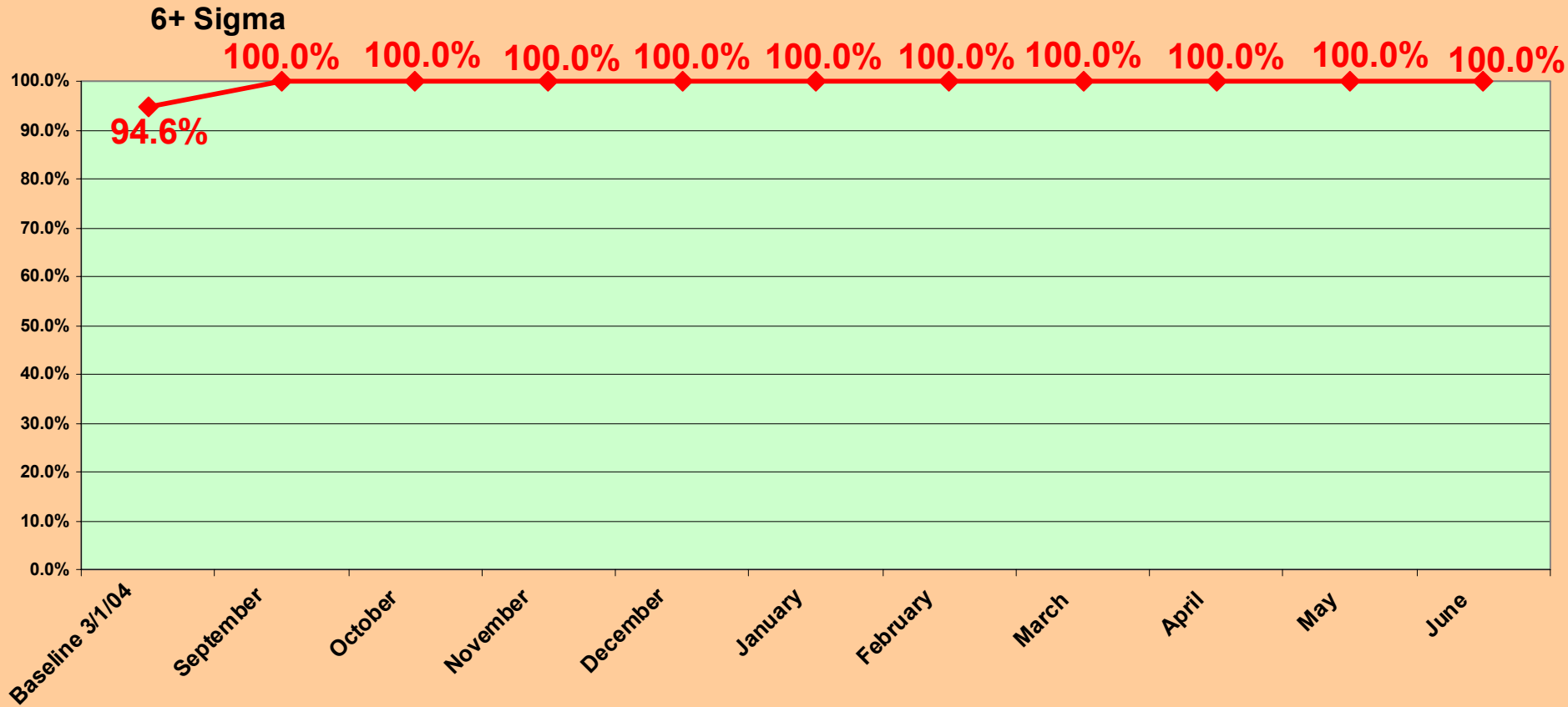
### HEART FAILURE

Lourdes Hospital, Paducah, Ky.	96.36%
East Alabama Medical Center,* Opelika	96.23%
St. Vincent Mercy Medical Center, Toledo, Ohio	95.86%
Valley Baptist Medical Center, Harlingen, Texas	94.5%
Hackensack (N.J.) University Medical Center	94.22%

## CMS Pay for Performance

- Launched October 2003 with 268 hospital participants
- Cash rewards for total of \$8.85 million to 123 hospitals the top 20% performers in five clinical areas:
  - heart failure, pneumonia, bypass surgery, heart attack and hip and knee replacement.
- Hospitals graded on quality measures, earning a composite quality score in any given focus area.

# Acute Myocardial Infarction Christopher H. Hansen, M.D. FY 2006

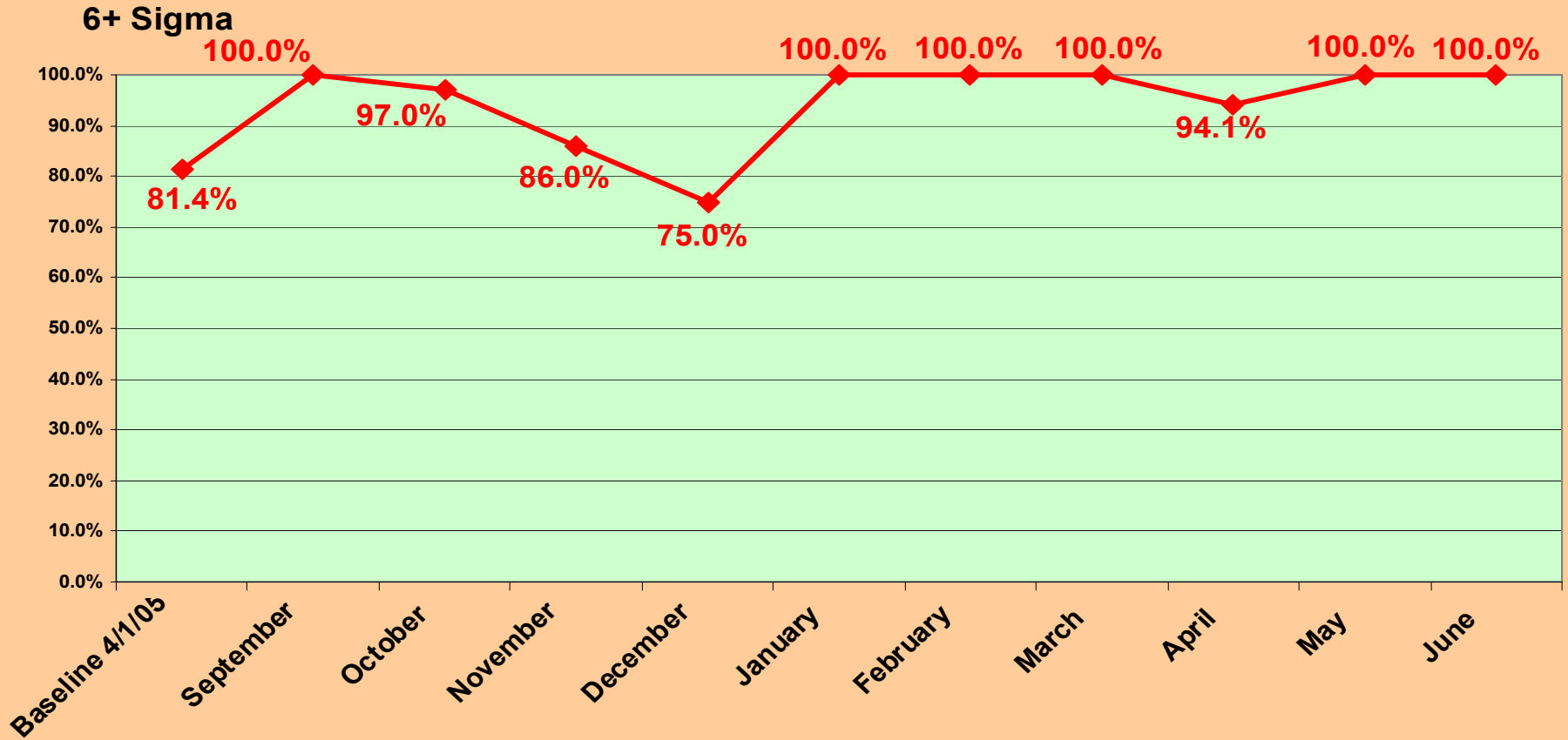


**Y = % compliance with CMS AMI Core Measures**

# Acute Myocardial Infarction

## Lorenzo Pelly, MD

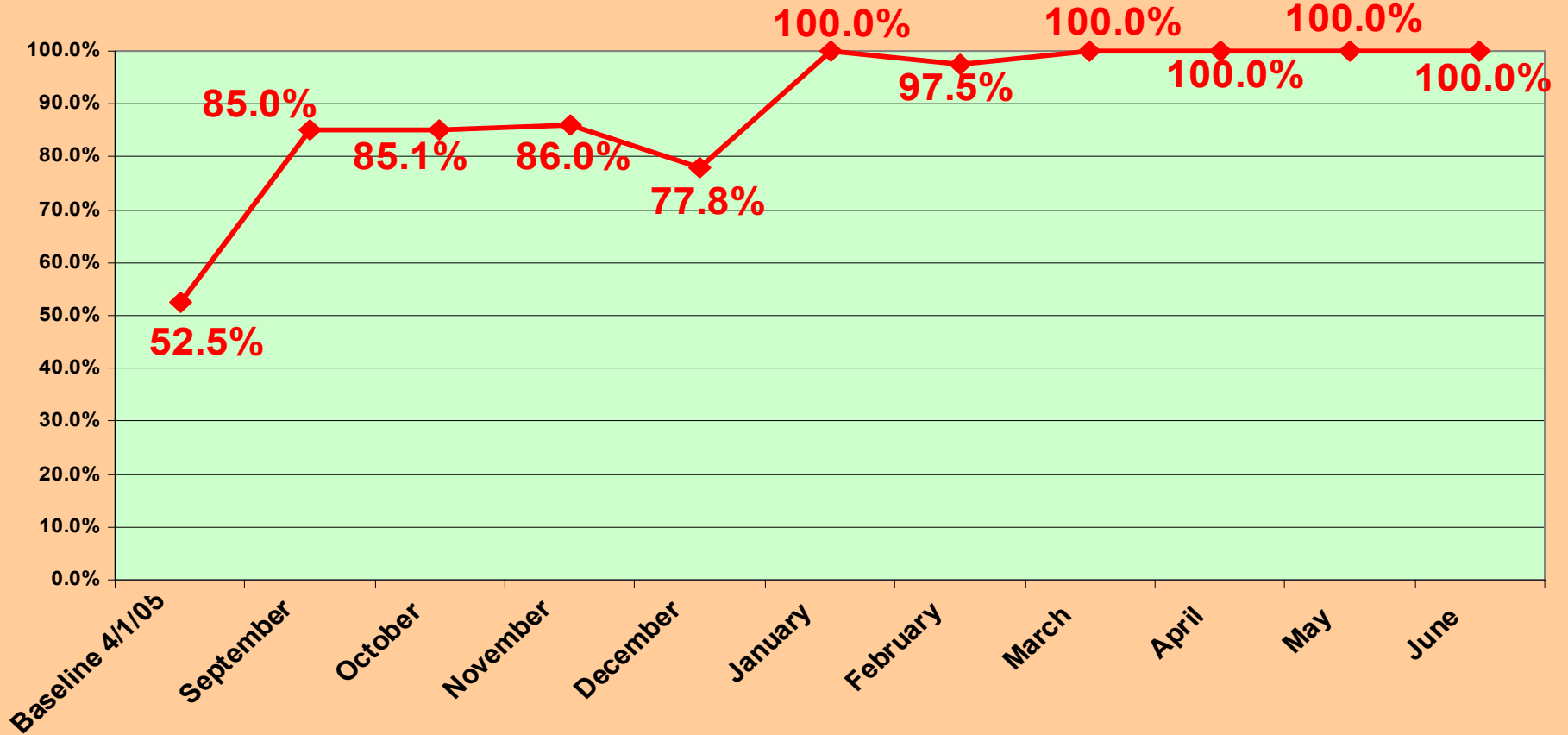
### FY 2006



**Y = Compliance to all CMS Core Measures**

# Heart Failure Management Lorenzo Pelly, MD FY 2006

6+ Sigma

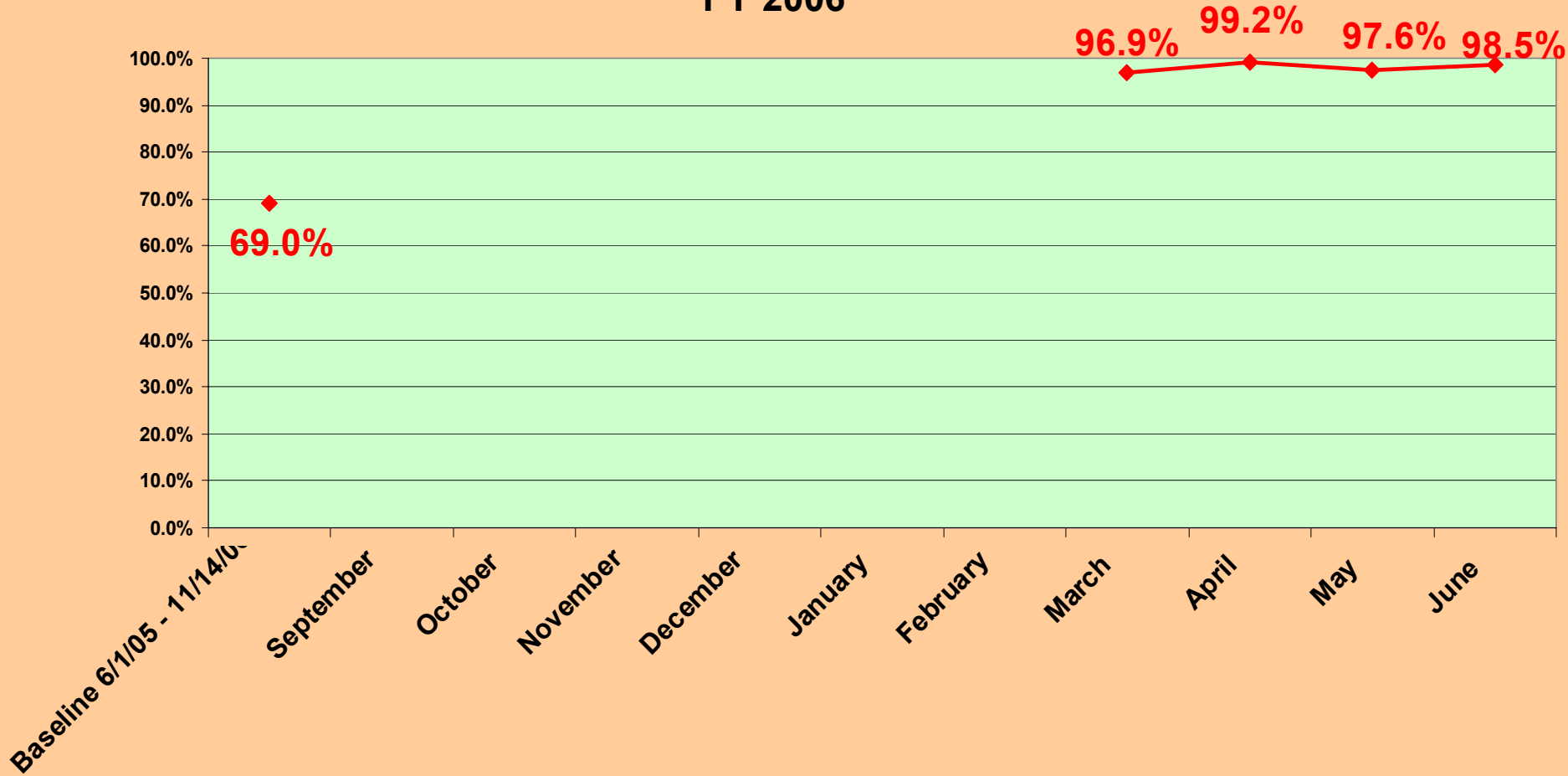


Y = Compliance to all CMS Core Measures

# Adult Intensive Care Unit Glucose Mgmt

## Gloria Tobin, CNO

### FY 2006

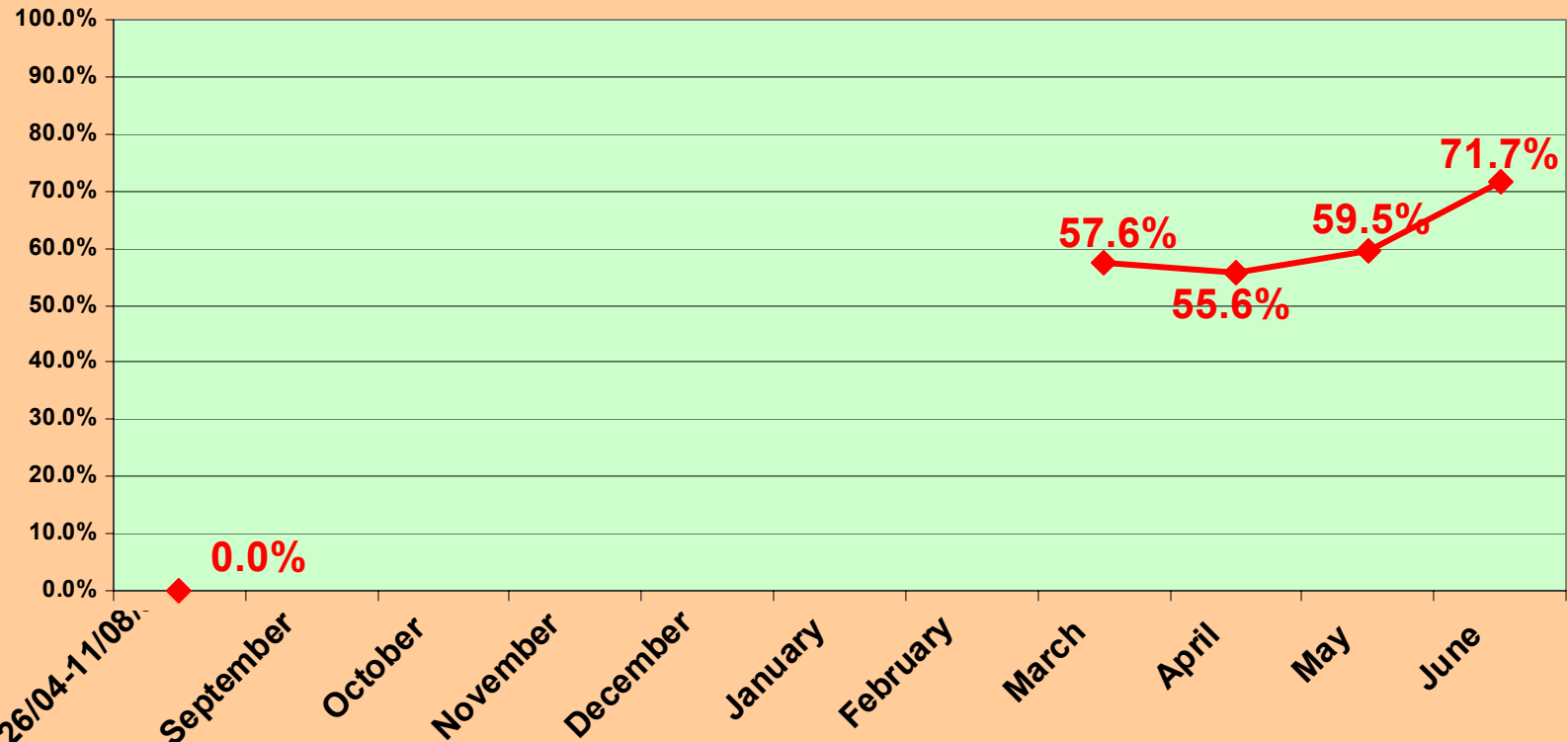


**Y = Compliance with all 8 Core Measures**

# Pressure Ulcer Prevention

## Lorenzo Pelly, M.D.

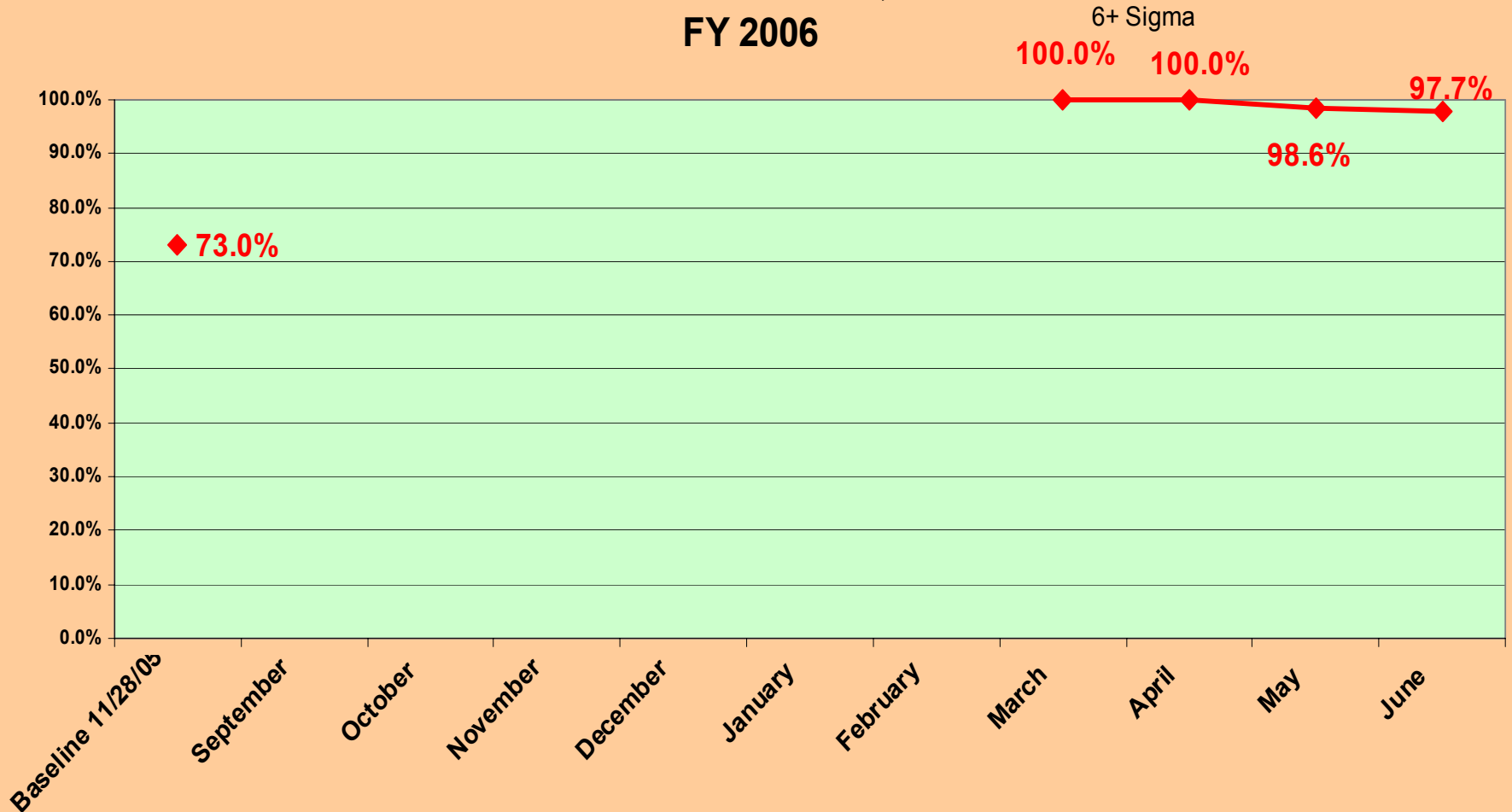
### FY 2006



**Y = % of adherence to risk management strategies and wound care protocols for patients identified at risk by the nurse**  
**Target = 100%**

# Advance Directive TAT

Tomas A. Gonzalez, MD  
FY 2006

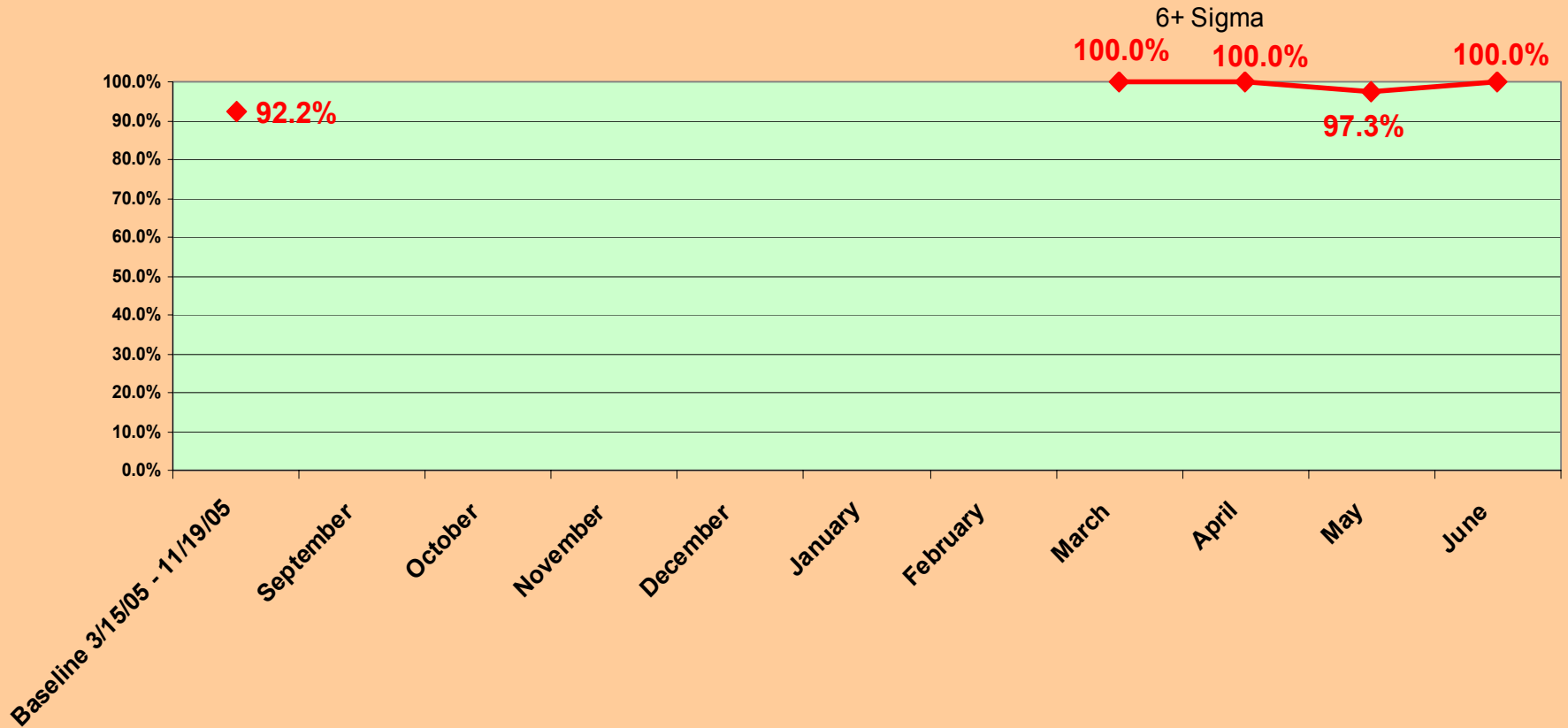


**Y = Time elapsed from AD order placed until AD documentation in the medical record**  
**USL=48 hrs**  
**Target=24 hrs**

# DRG Assurance of Accuracy (VB-B)

## Gary Lampi

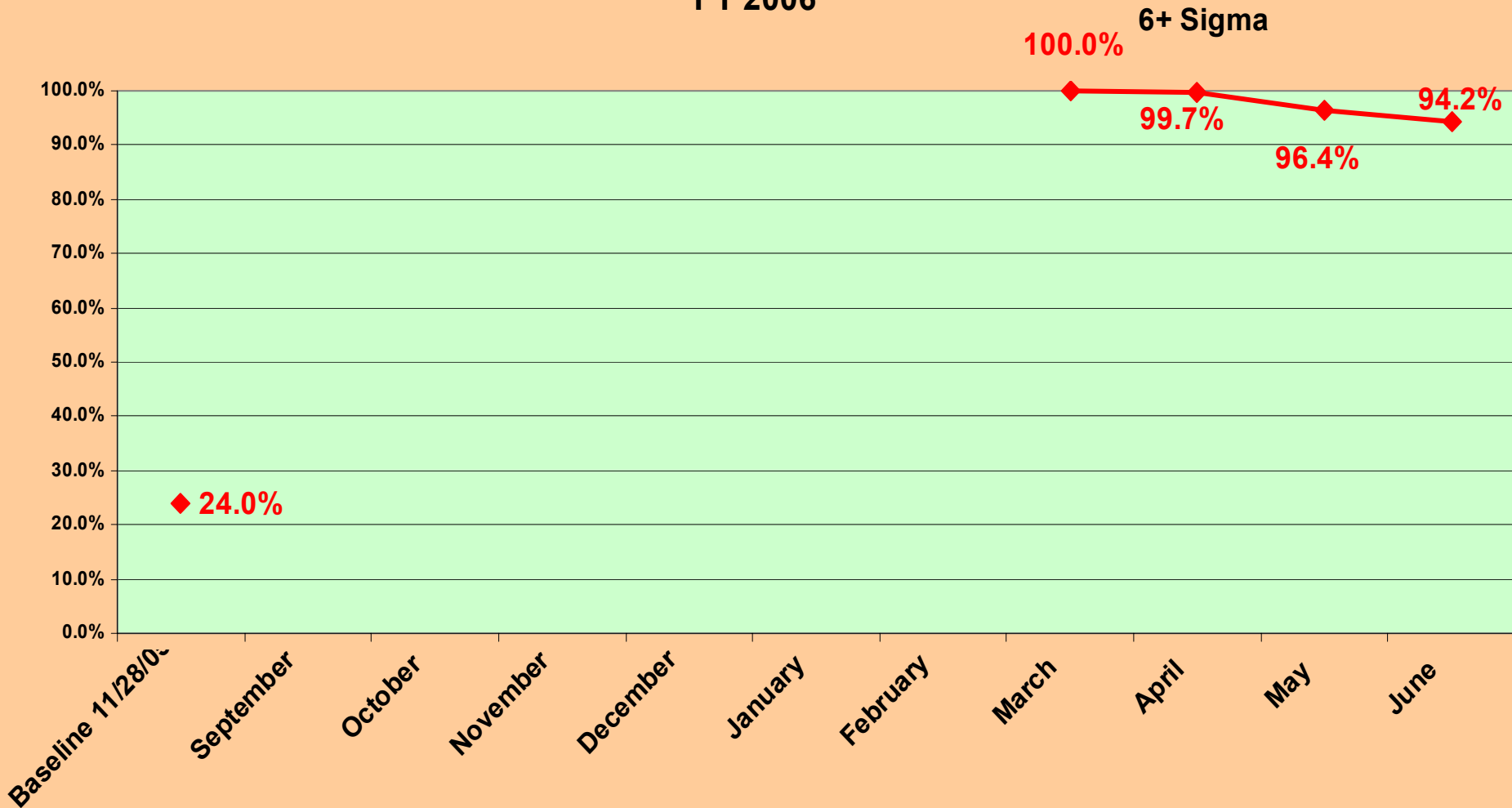
### FY 2006



**Y = % Accuracy of DRGs (Medicare charts only)**

**Target = 100%. Six DRGs are included: 14, 15, 79, 89, 320, and 416**

**Advance Directive  
Tomas A. Gonzalez, MD  
FY 2006**

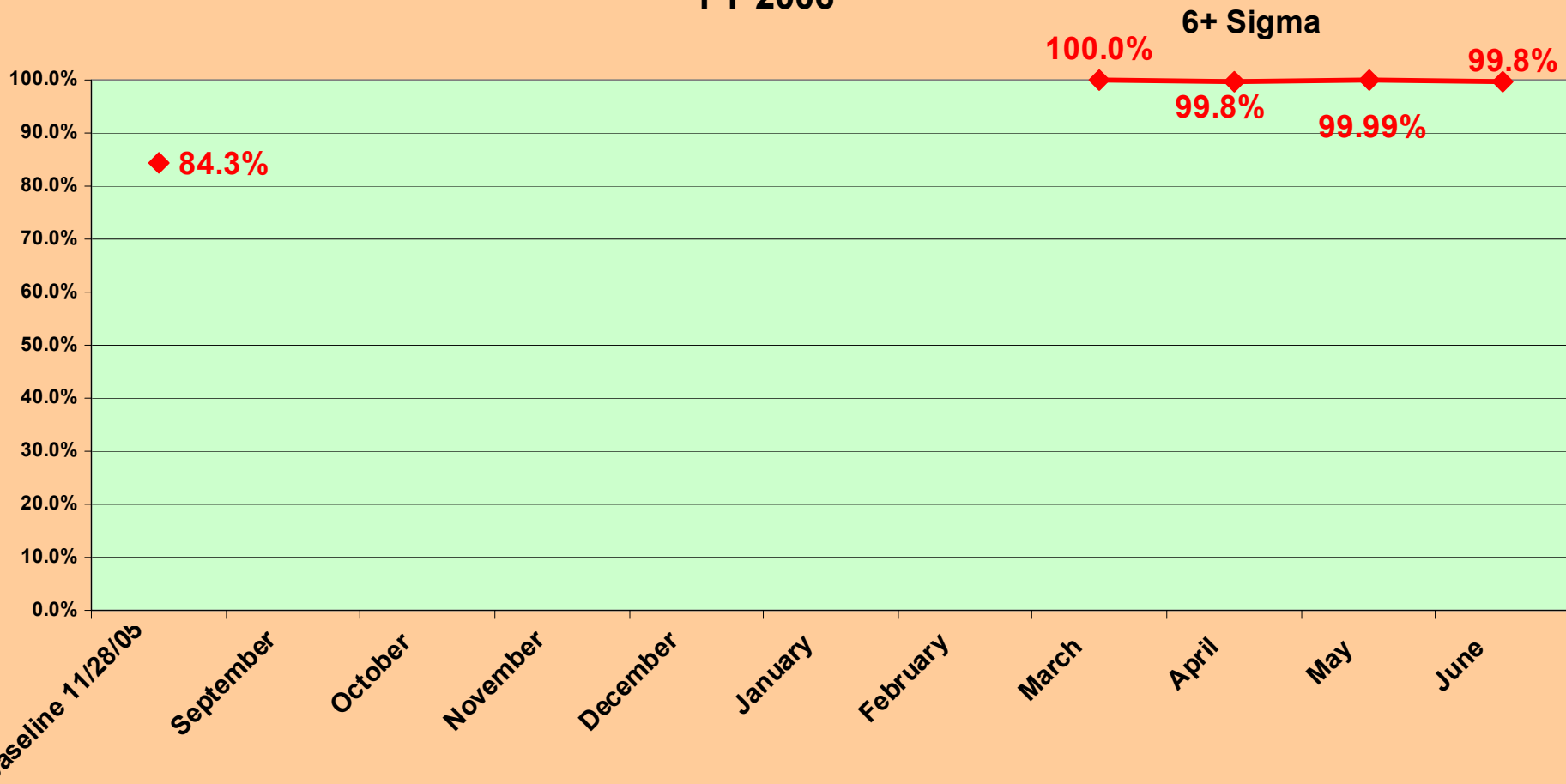


**Y = % of adult IP with an Advance Directive or its refusal in the medical record  
Target = 100%**

# Family Practice Residency Clinic Patient Throughput

## Linda McKenna

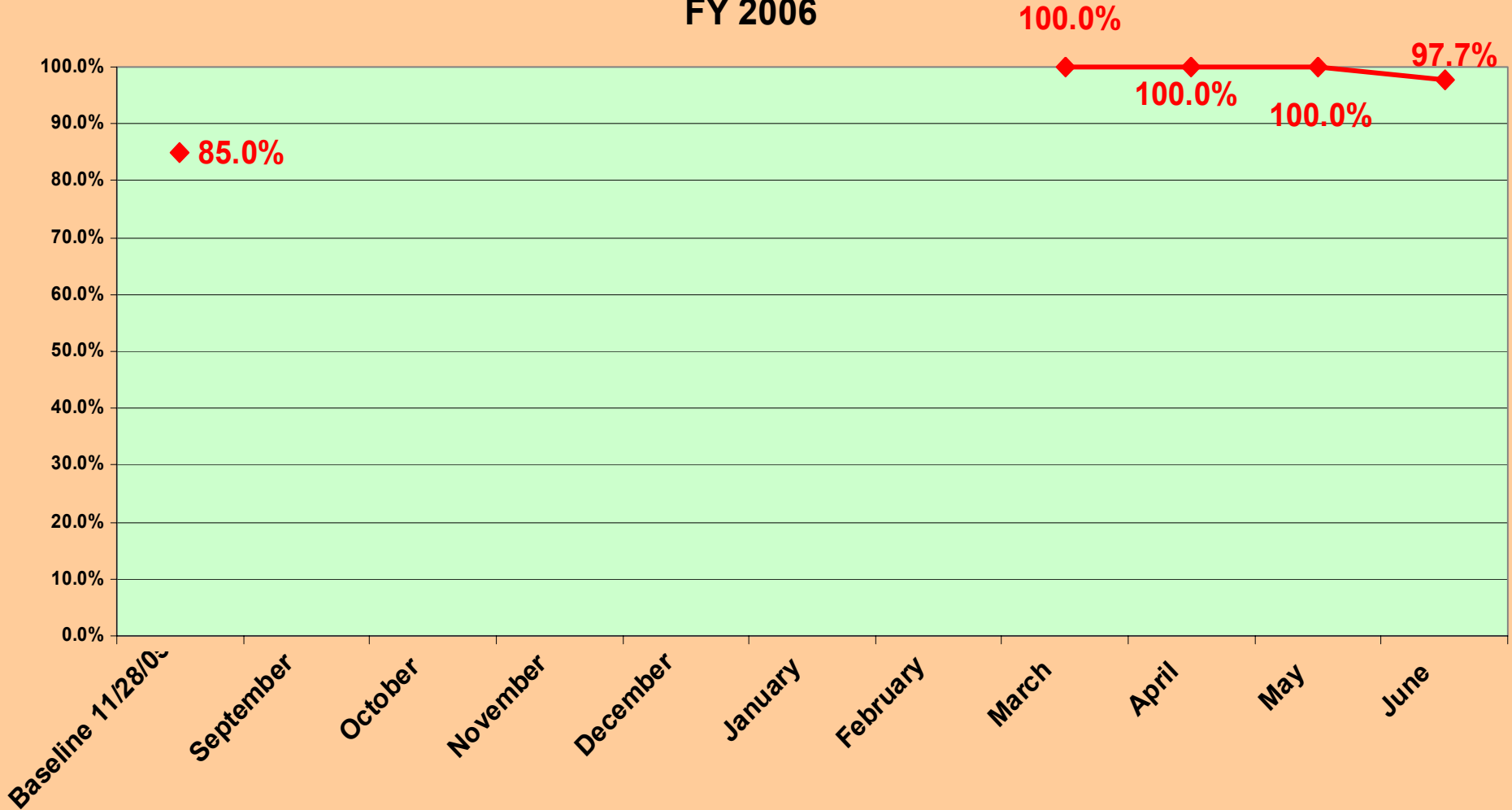
### FY 2006



**Y = Patient appointment time to time patient checks out**  
**USL = 90 minutes**  
**Target = 60 minutes**

# Decision Support TAT Pringle Ramsey FY 2006

6+ Sigma

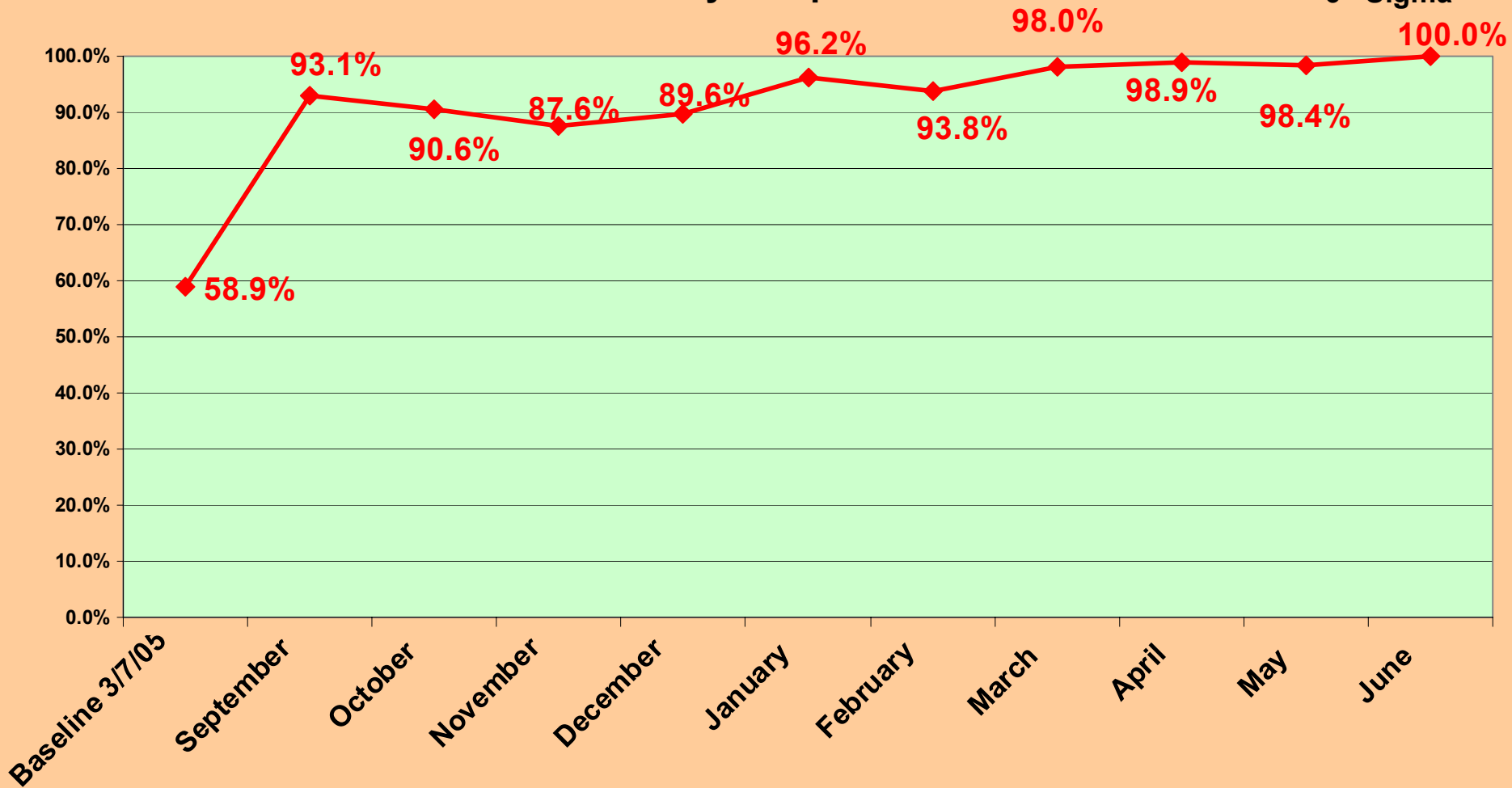


Y = Date/Time from Request submitted to date/time request completed  
USL = 96 hours (4 working days)

# Outpatient Services TAT (VB-B)

Gary Lampi

6+ Sigma

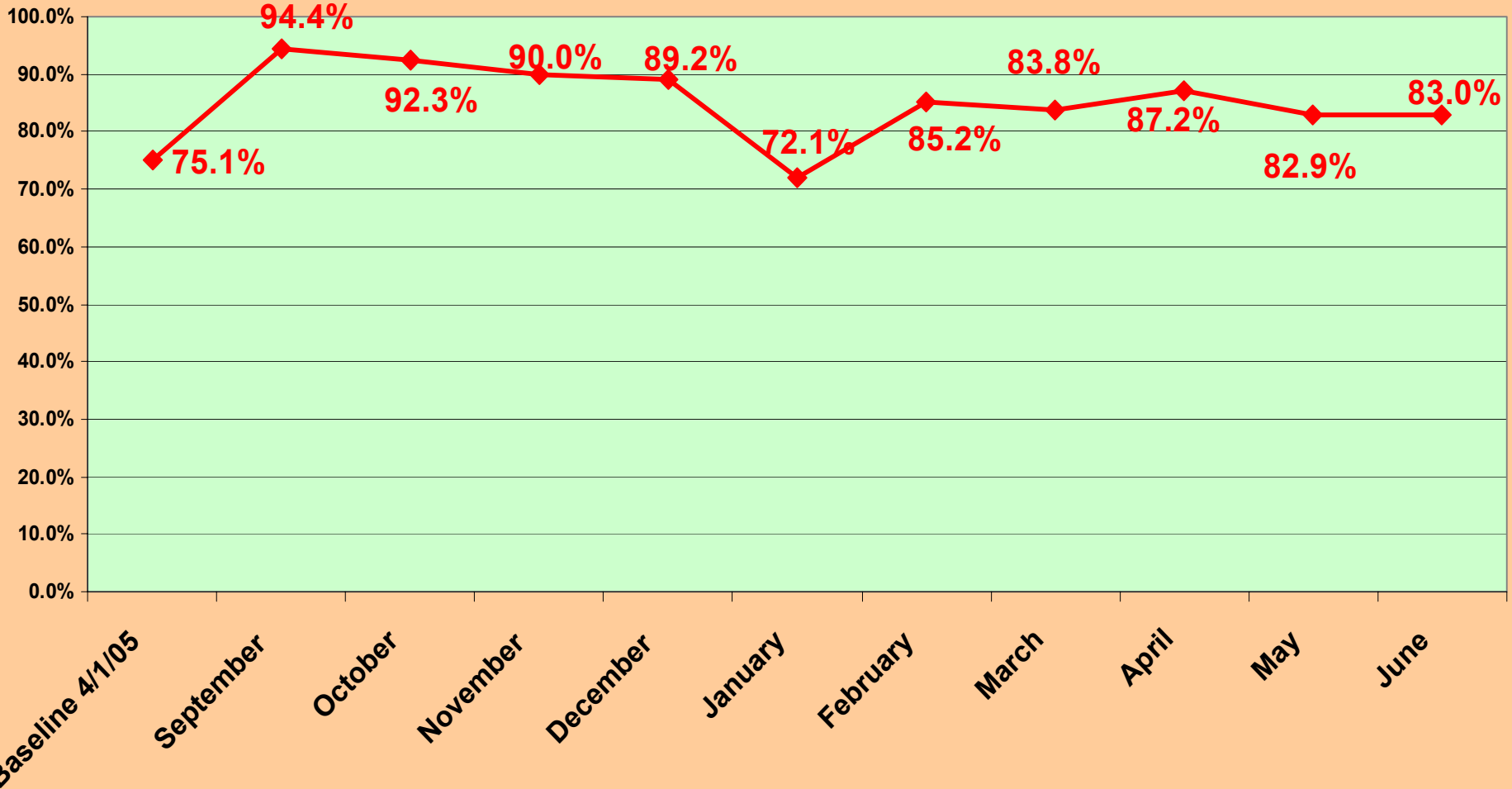


**Y= Patient arrives at Outpatient Registration until an outpatient procedure begins**  
**USL = 60 min; Target = 30 min**

# Patient Registration Accuracy (VB-B)

Gary Lampi

FY 2006

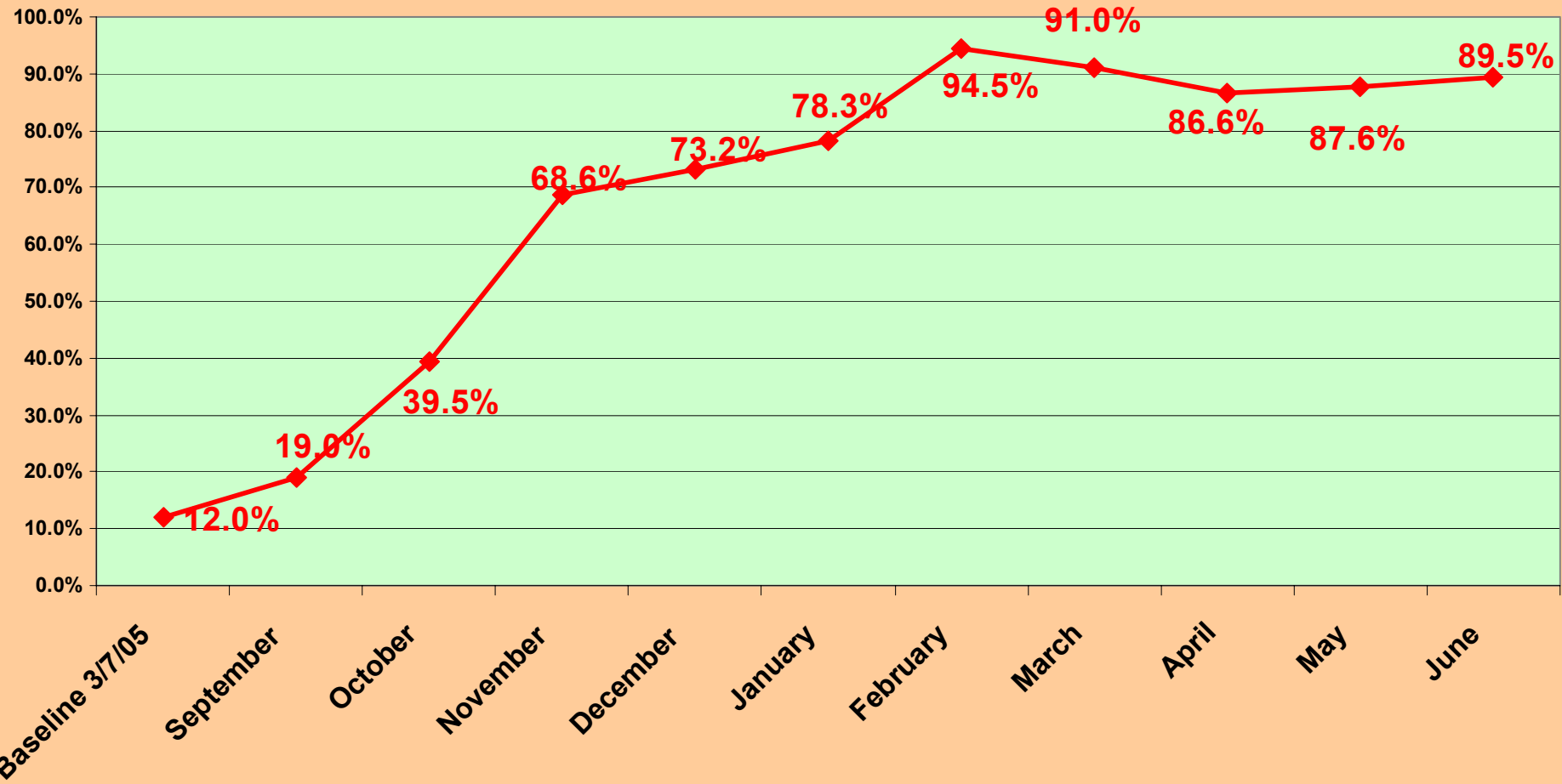


Y= % Accuracy of Identified elements per claim

# Medical Records TAT (VB-B)

Gary Lampi

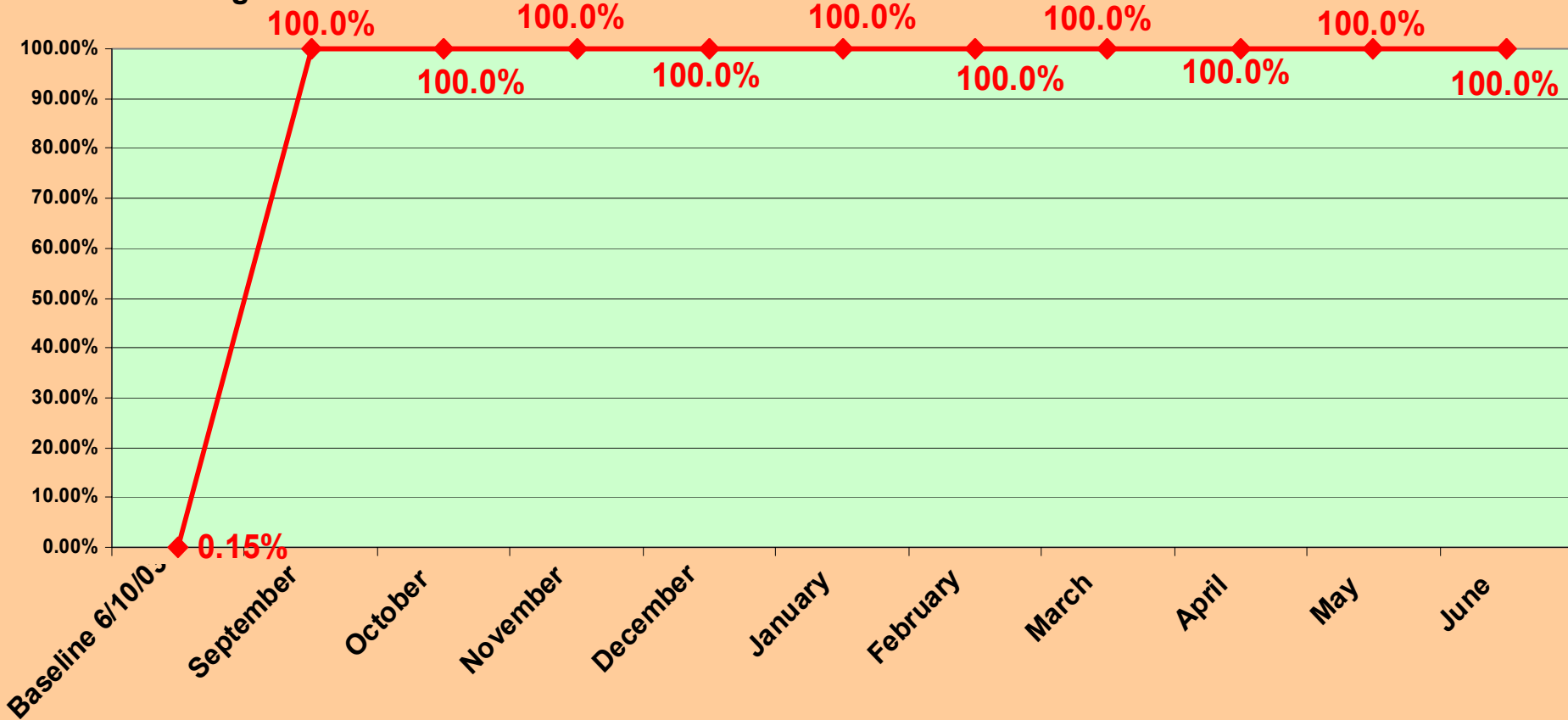
FY 2006



**Y = Date / time of physician dictation to the date / time the completed report is posted in the chart**  
**USL= 12 hrs**  
**Target = 8 hrs**

# MDS Accuracy (Golden Palms) James Eastham FY 2006

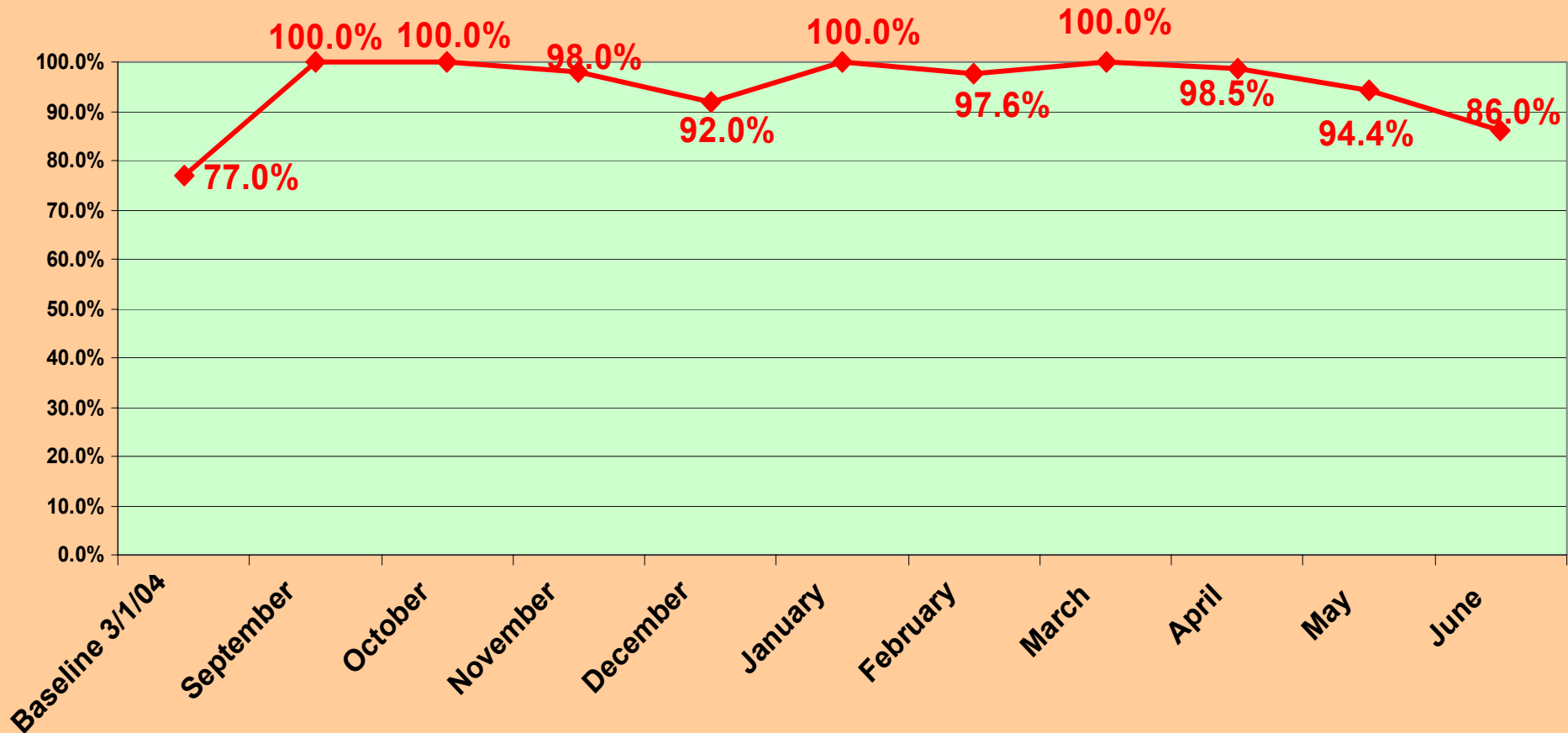
6+ Sigma



Y = % accuracy of Minimum Data Set coding at Golden Palms

**Forms Management (VB-H)**  
**James Eastham**  
**FY 2006**

**6+ Sigma**

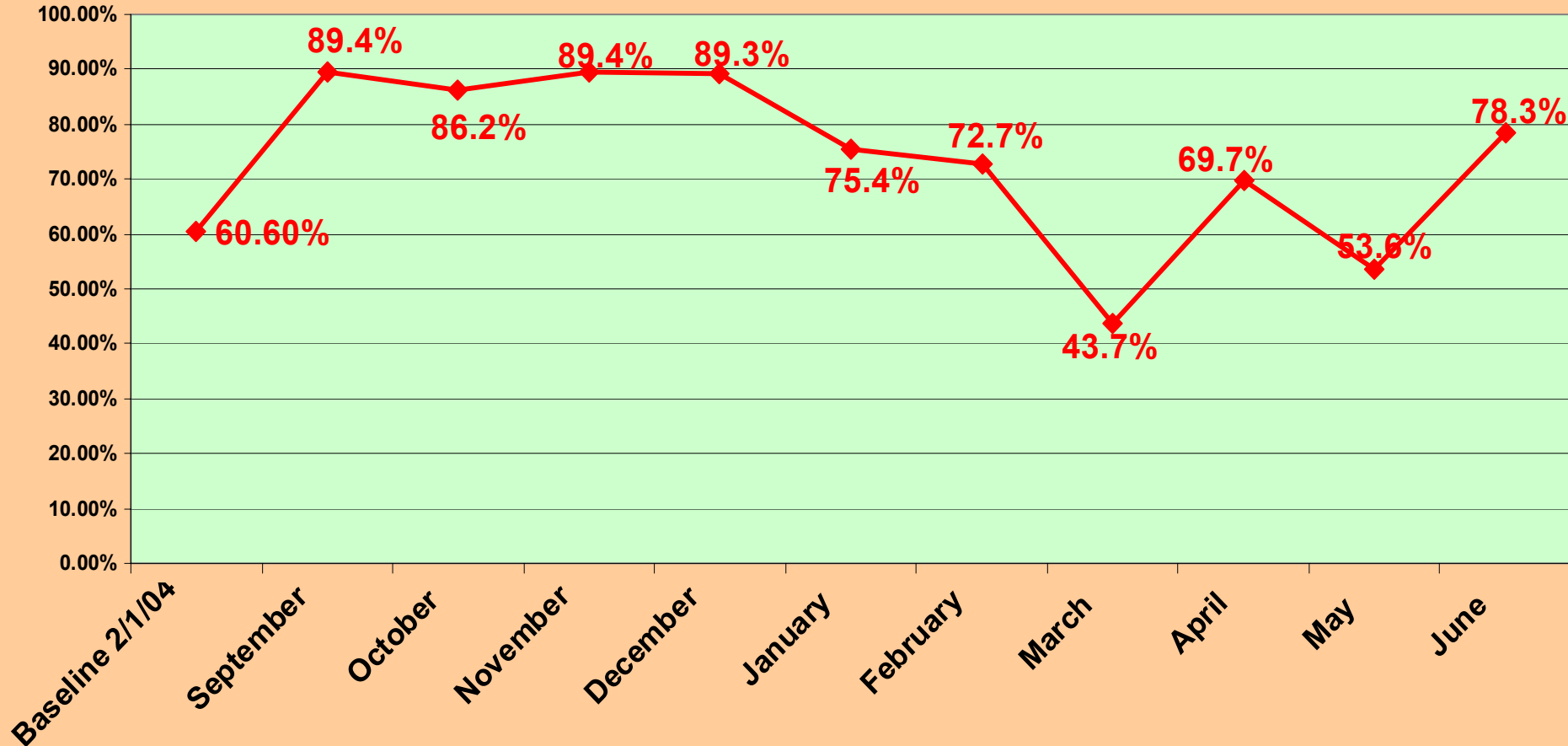


**Y = TAT from the time print request arrives in Materials Management to the time the completed print job is received by the requesting department**  
**USL= 6 days**

# Outpatient Services Integration (VB-H)

Gary Lampi

FY 2006

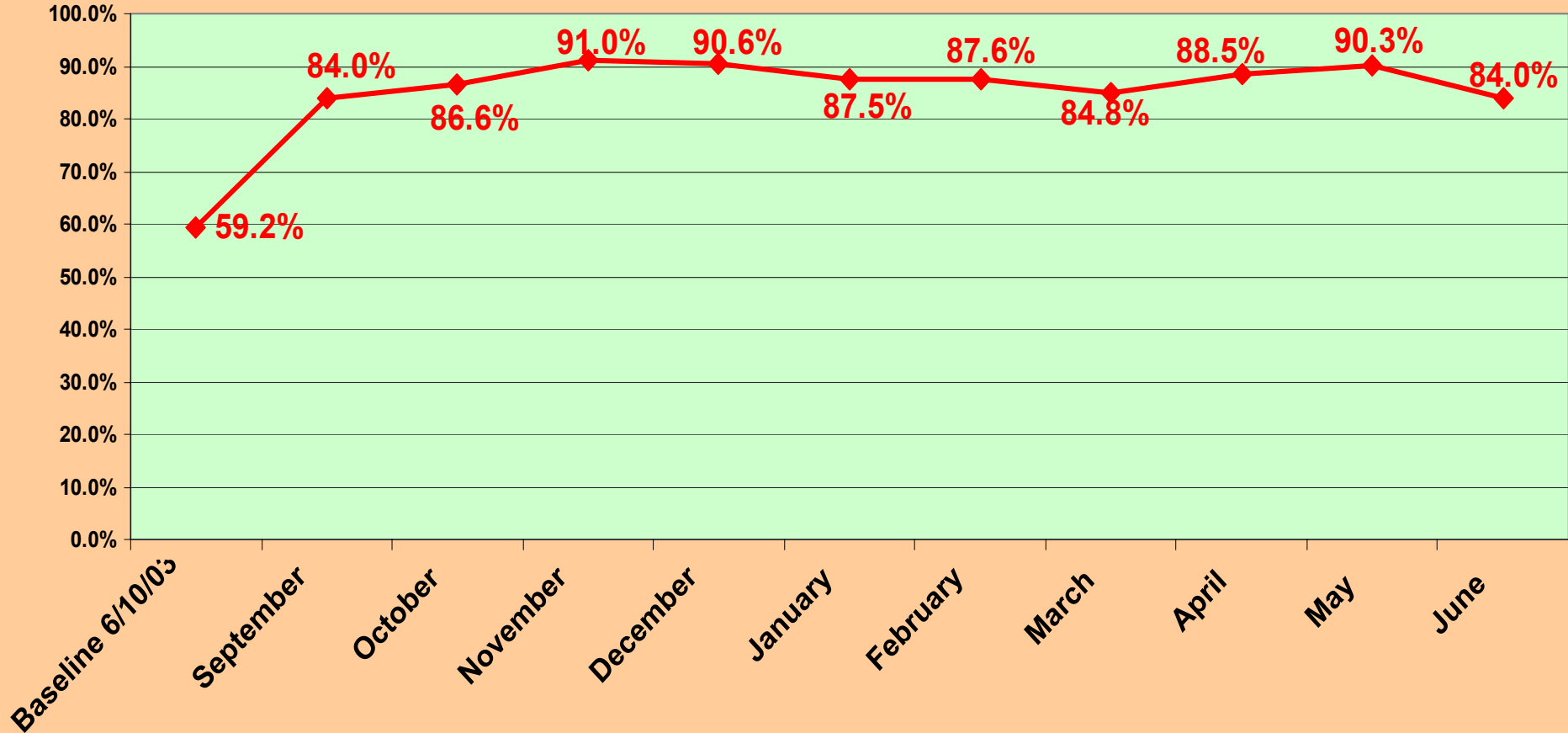


**Y = Patient arrives at Outpatient Registration until an outpatient procedure begins**  
**USL = 60 min**

# Patient Registration Accuracy (VB-H)

Gary Lampi

FY 2006



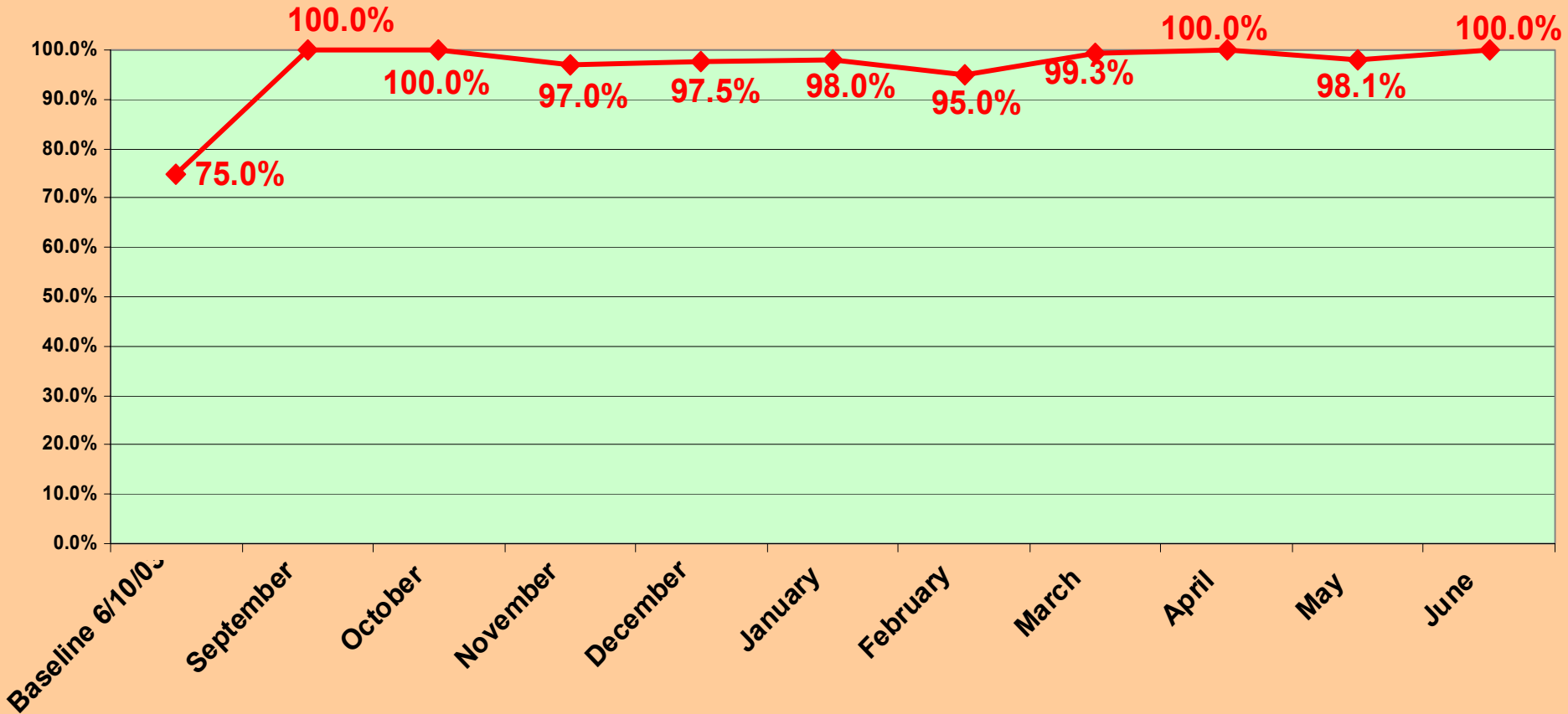
Y= % Accuracy of Identified elements per claim

# DRG Assurance of Accuracy (VB-H)

Gary Lampi

FY 2006

6+ Sigma

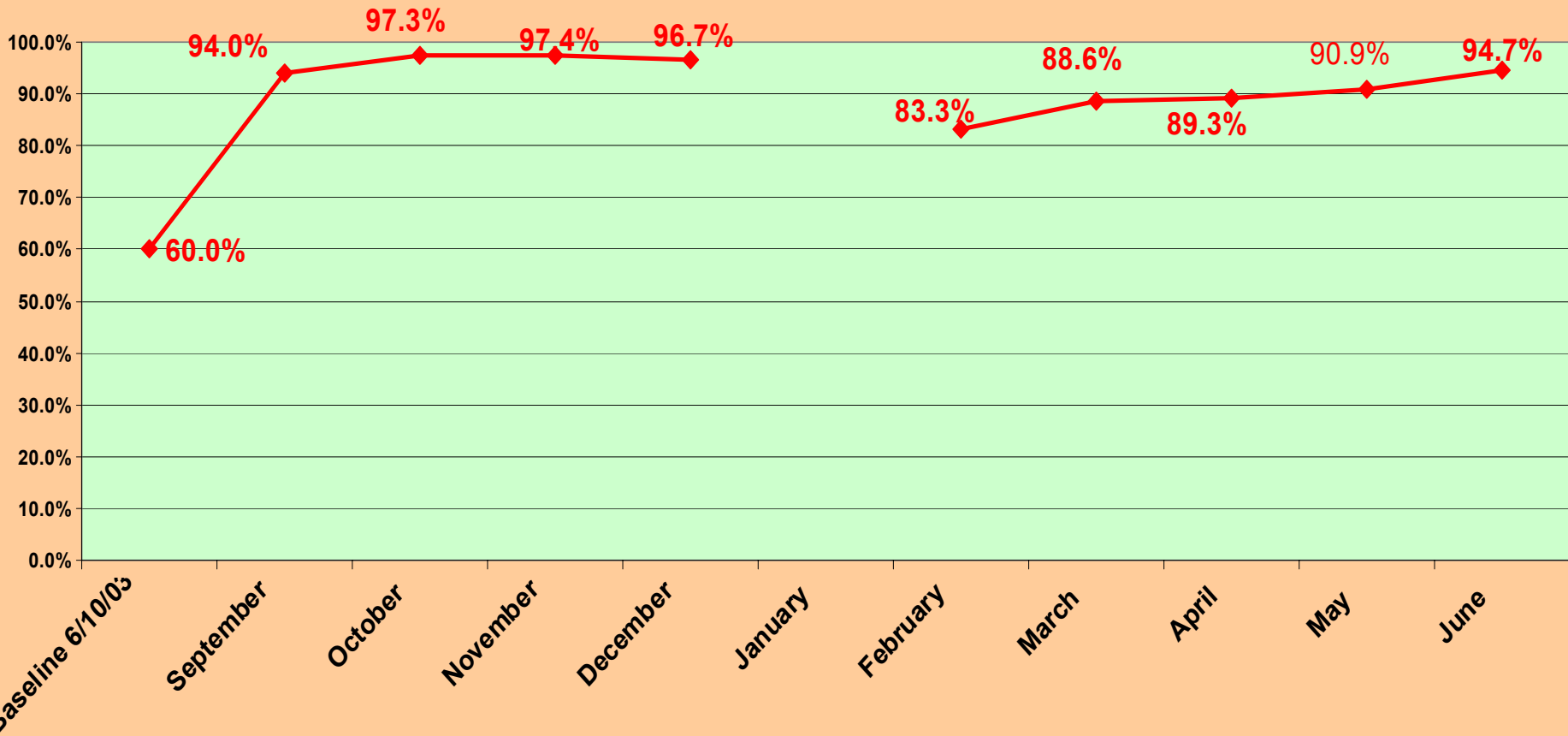


Y = % Accuracy of DRGs (Medicare charts only)

# Nursing Assessment Cycle Time

## Gloria Tobin, CNO

### FY 2006

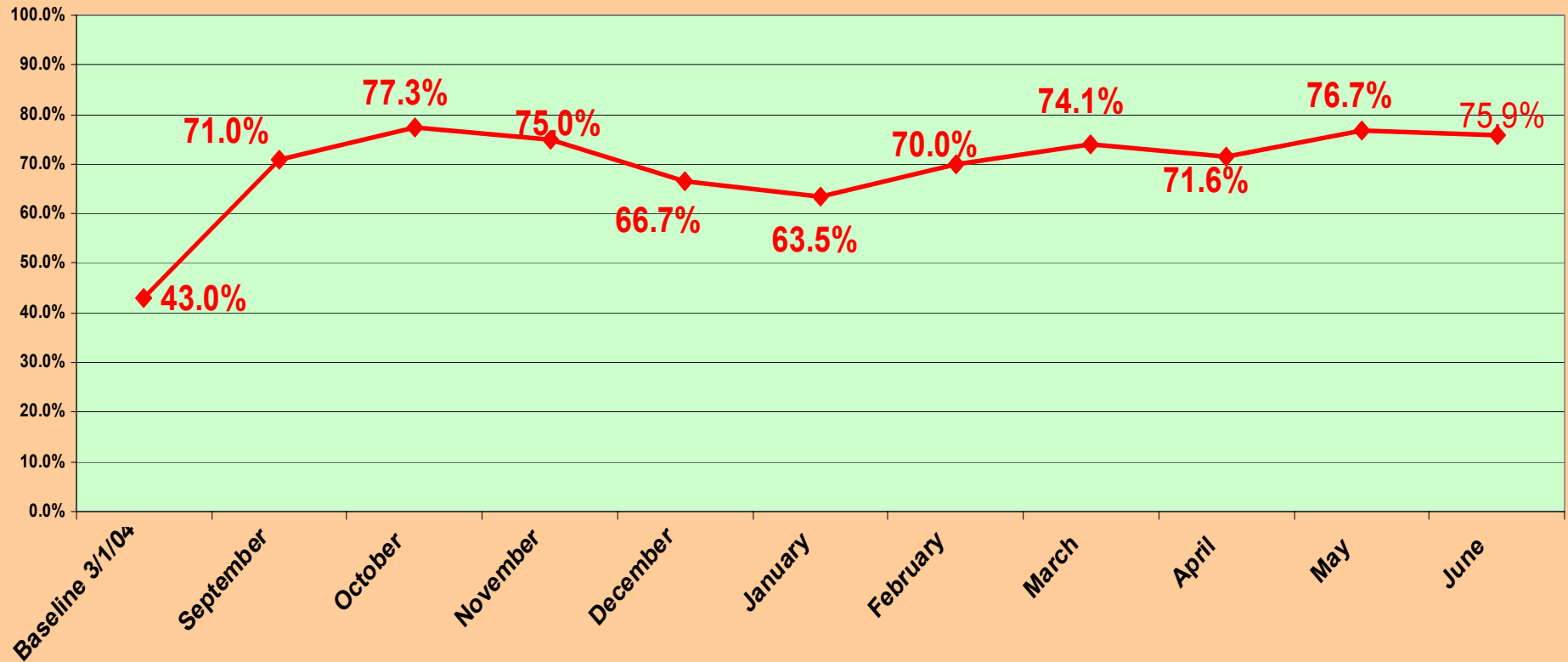


**Y = Time patient is admitted to the floor from the ED to the time the nurse completes initial nursing assessment in IDX**  
**USL = 180**

# ED - Floor Admissions

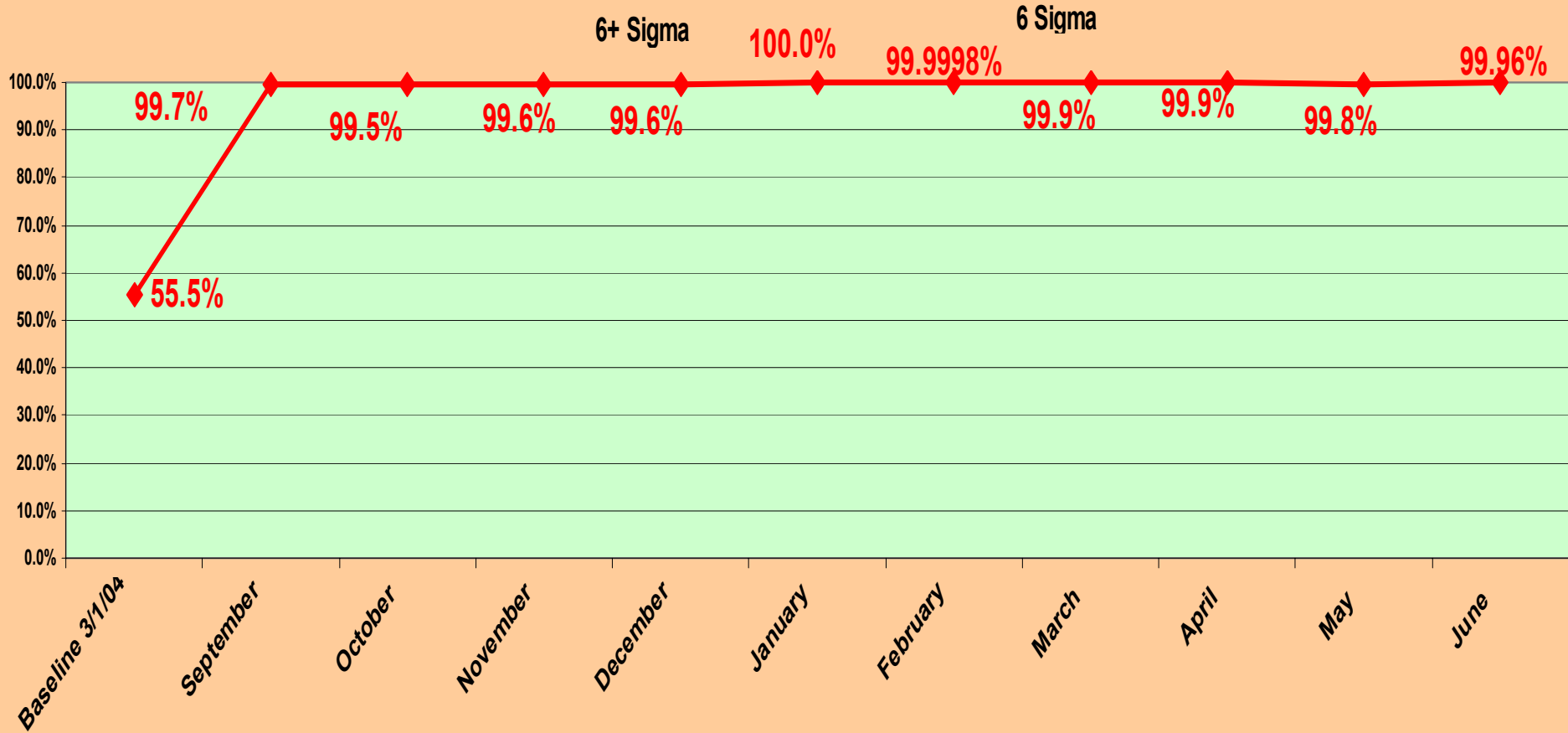
## Gloria Tobin, CNO

### FY 2006



**Y = TAT in minutes of ED doctor disposition for admitted patients to exit from ED**  
**USL = 120**

**Abbreviations  
Gloria Tobin, CNO  
FY 2006**

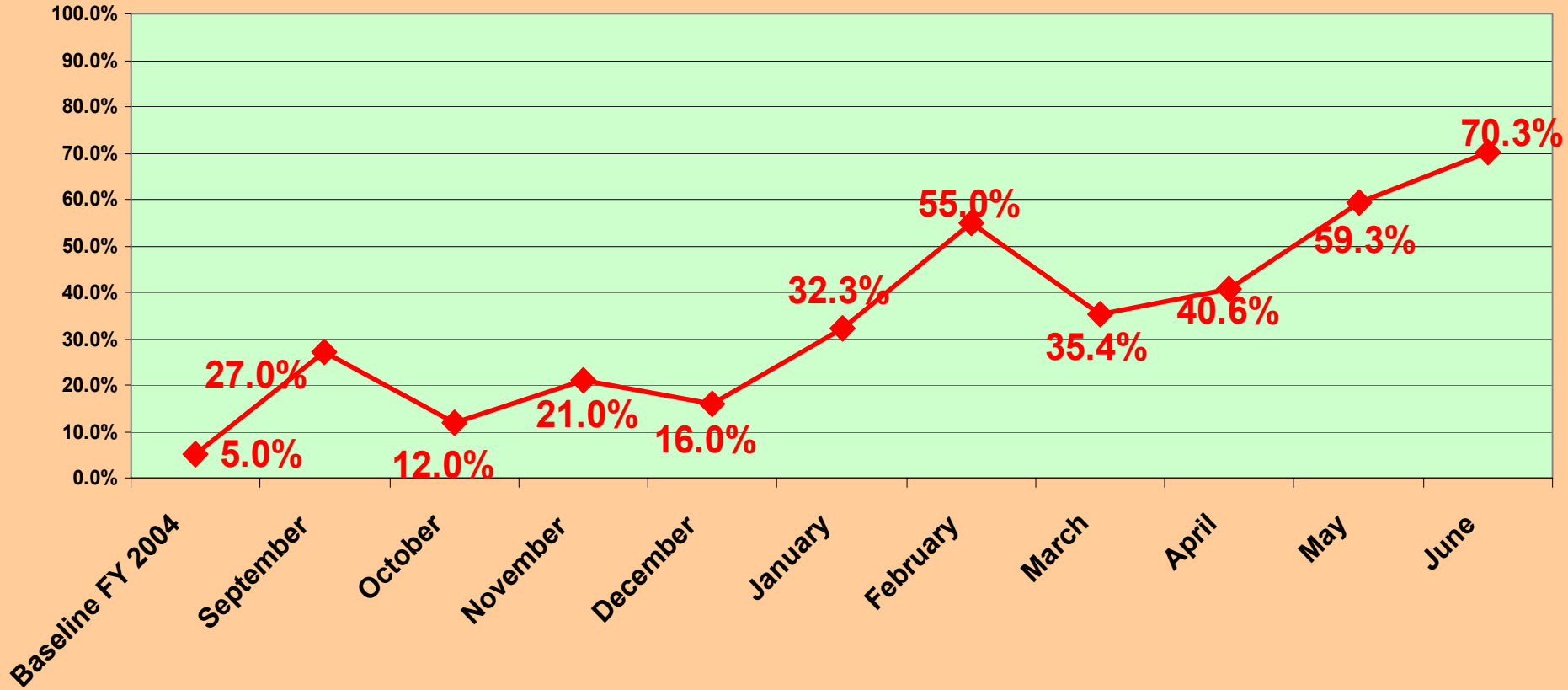


**Y = % compliance with SOP regarding the use of inappropriate abbreviations.**

# Pneumonia Core Measures

## Gloria Tobin, CNO

### FY 2006



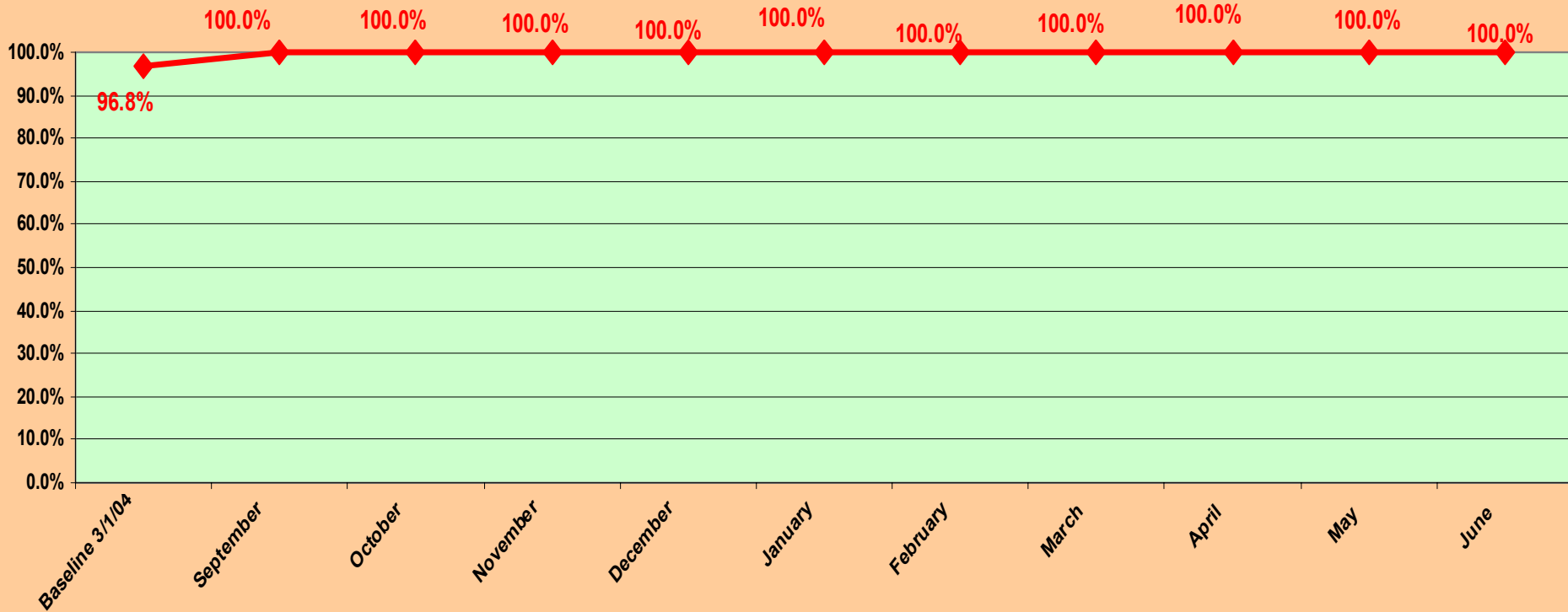
Y = Compliance with all 7 Core Measures

# Inpatient Identification Process (MBU)

Gloria Tobin, CNO

FY 2006

6+ Sigma



**Y<sup>1</sup> = % of patients with an identification band on upon admission to the MBU**

**Y<sup>2</sup> = time it takes for an identification band to be placed or replaced on a patient**

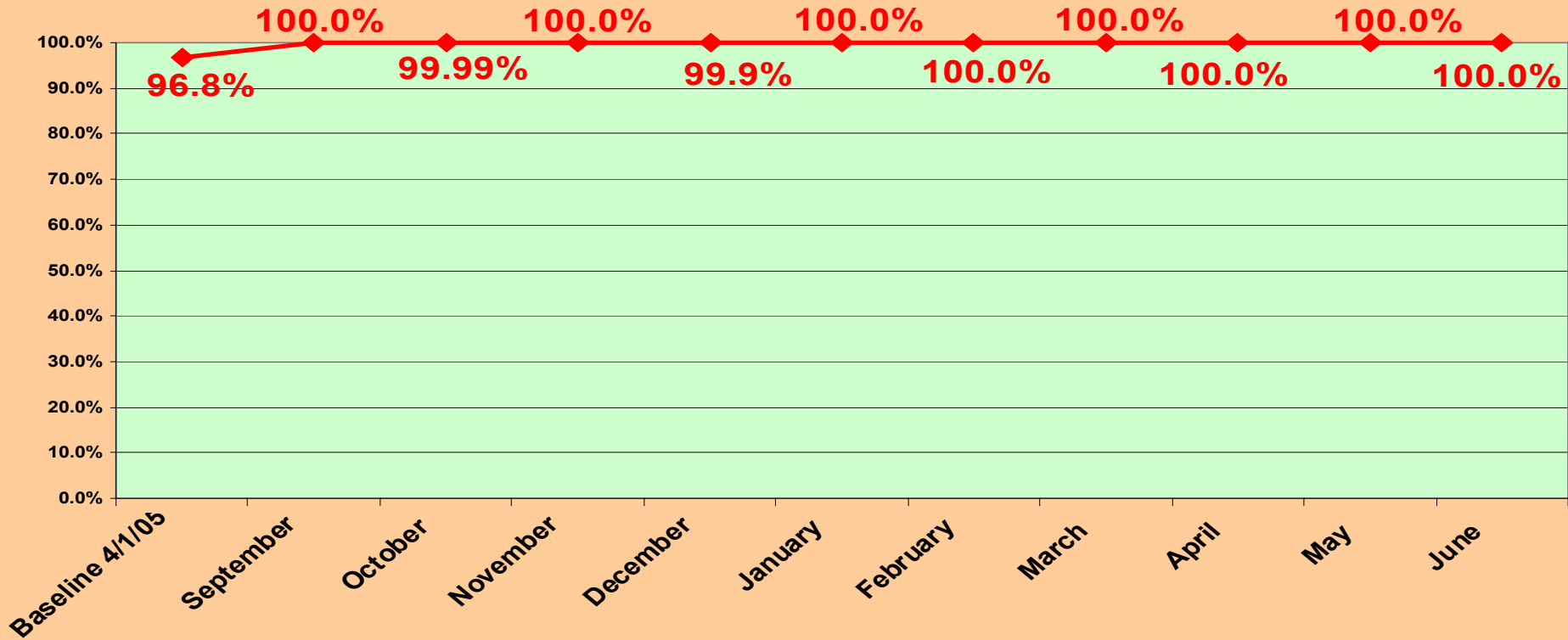
**USL = 30 Minutes**

# Inpatient Identification Process (Ancillary)

Lorenzo Olivarez

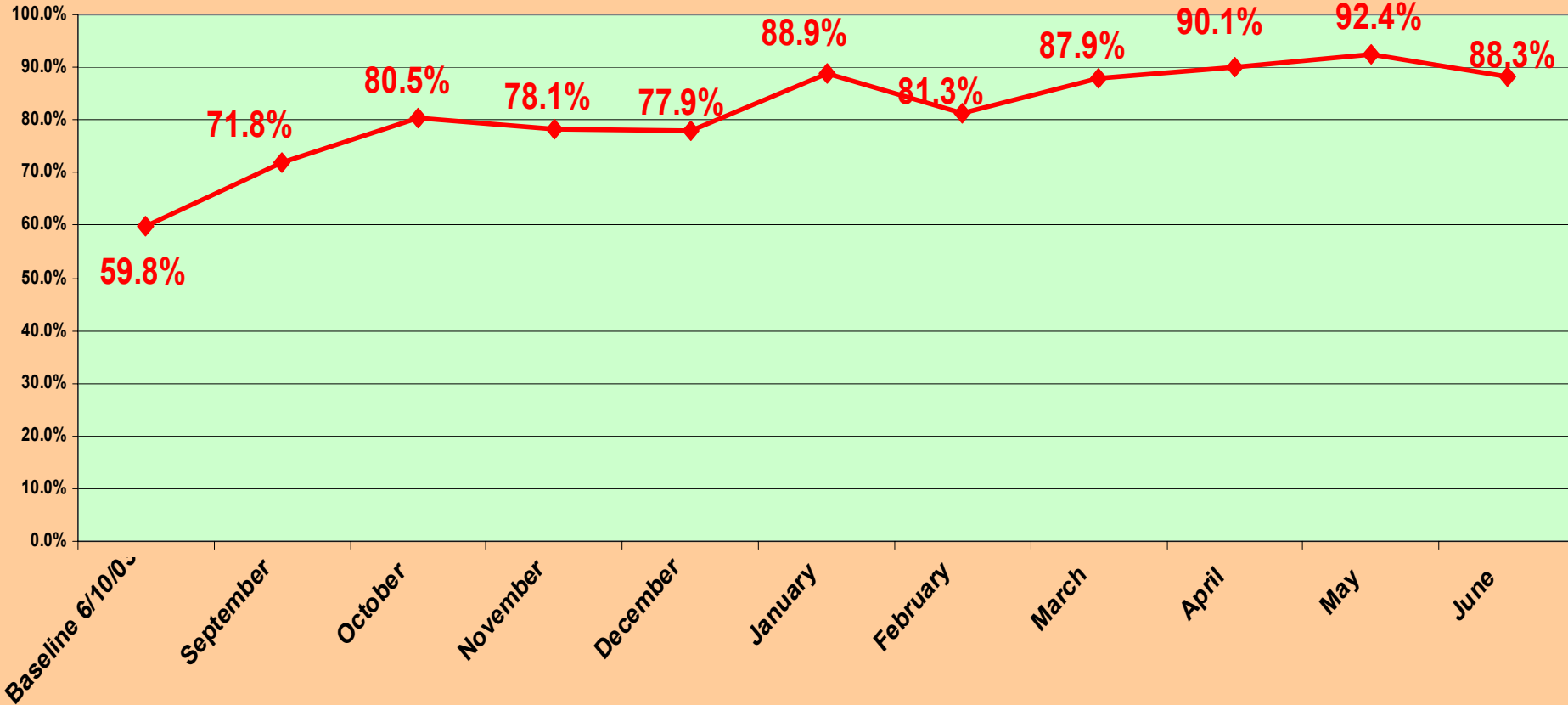
FY 2006

6+ Sigma



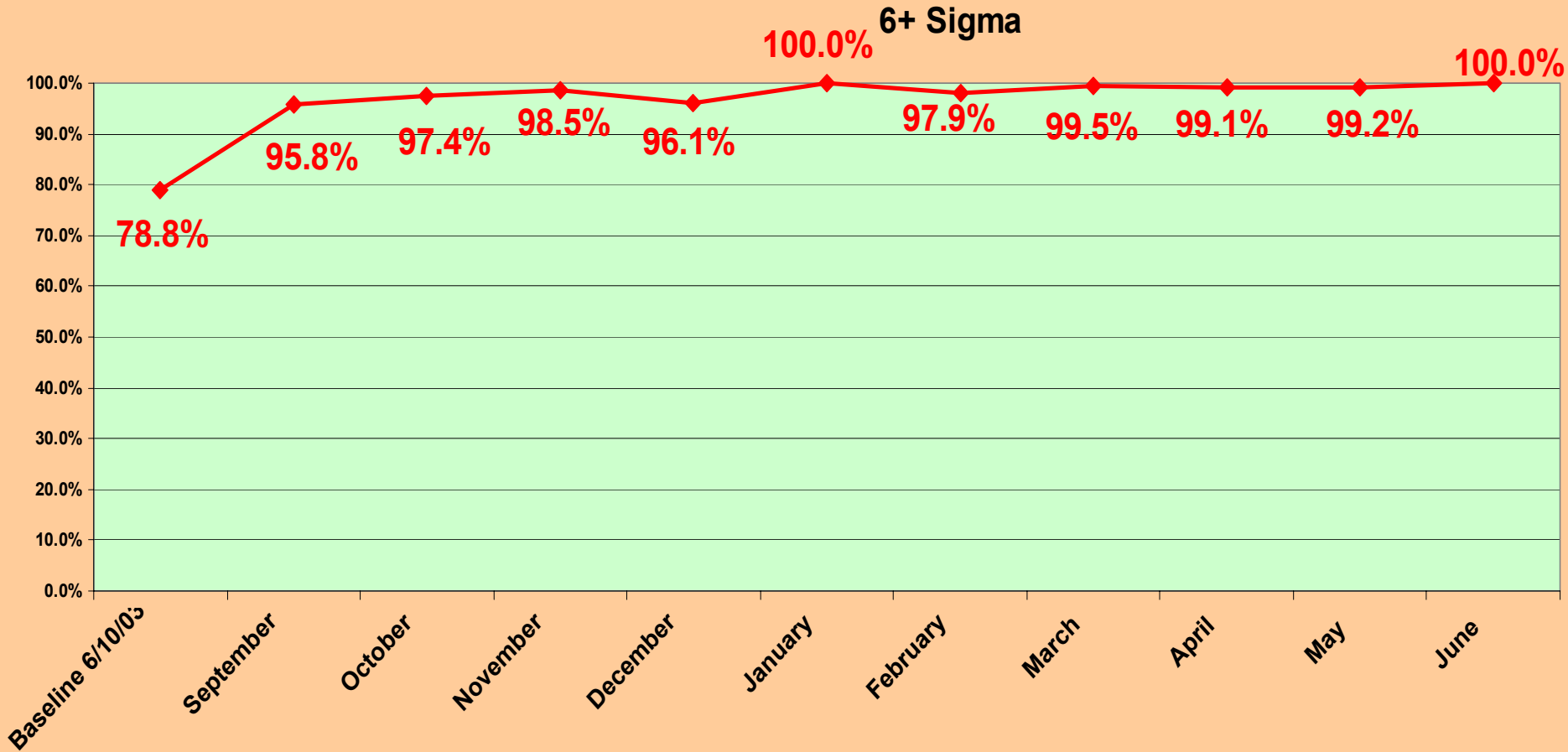
**Y<sup>1</sup> = % of patients with an identification band on prior to a laboratory procedure**  
**Y<sup>2</sup> = time it takes for an identification band to be placed or replaced on a patient**  
**USL = 30 Minutes**

**Surgical Preparation- Inpatients**  
**Gloria Tobin, CNO**  
**FY 2006**



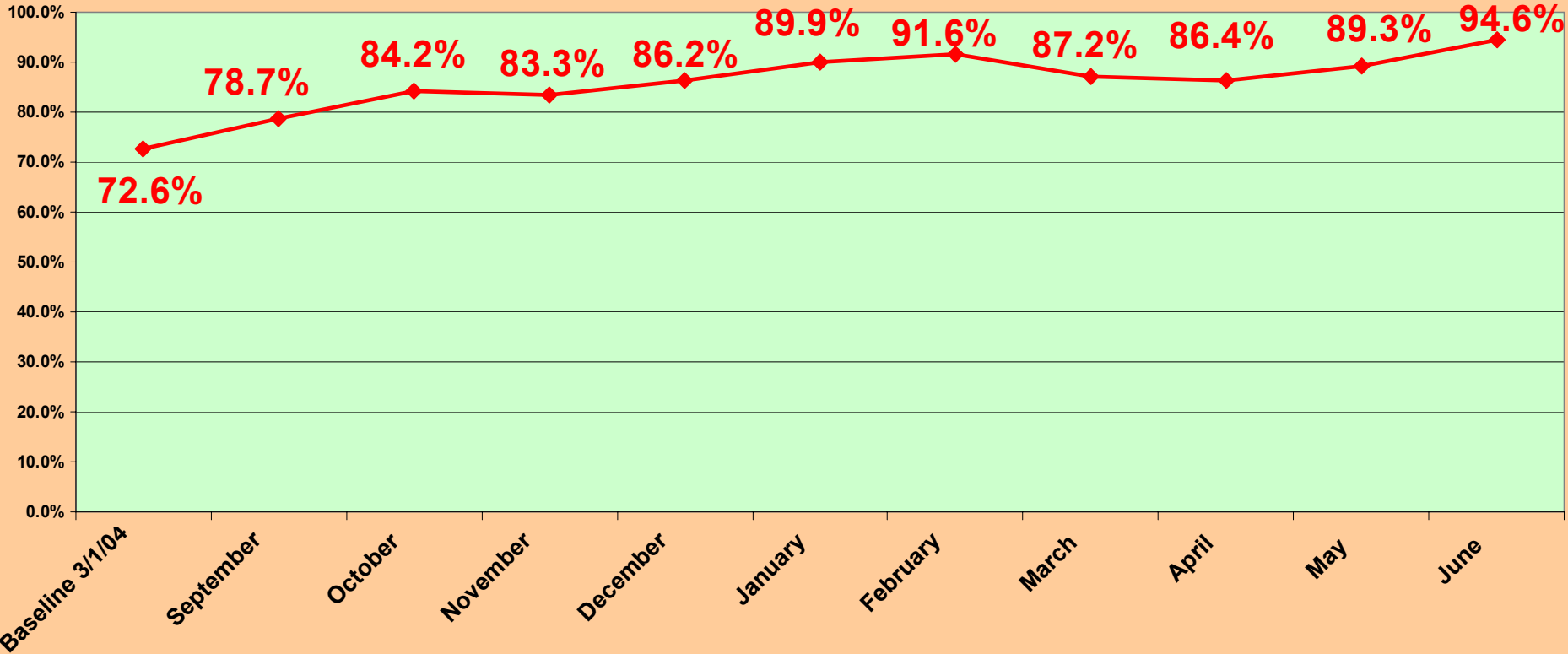
**Y = Percent compliance with proper surgical preparation for patients from Inpatient Units to Holding Area**

**Surgical Preparation-Day Surgery**  
**Gloria Tobin, CNO**  
**FY 2006**



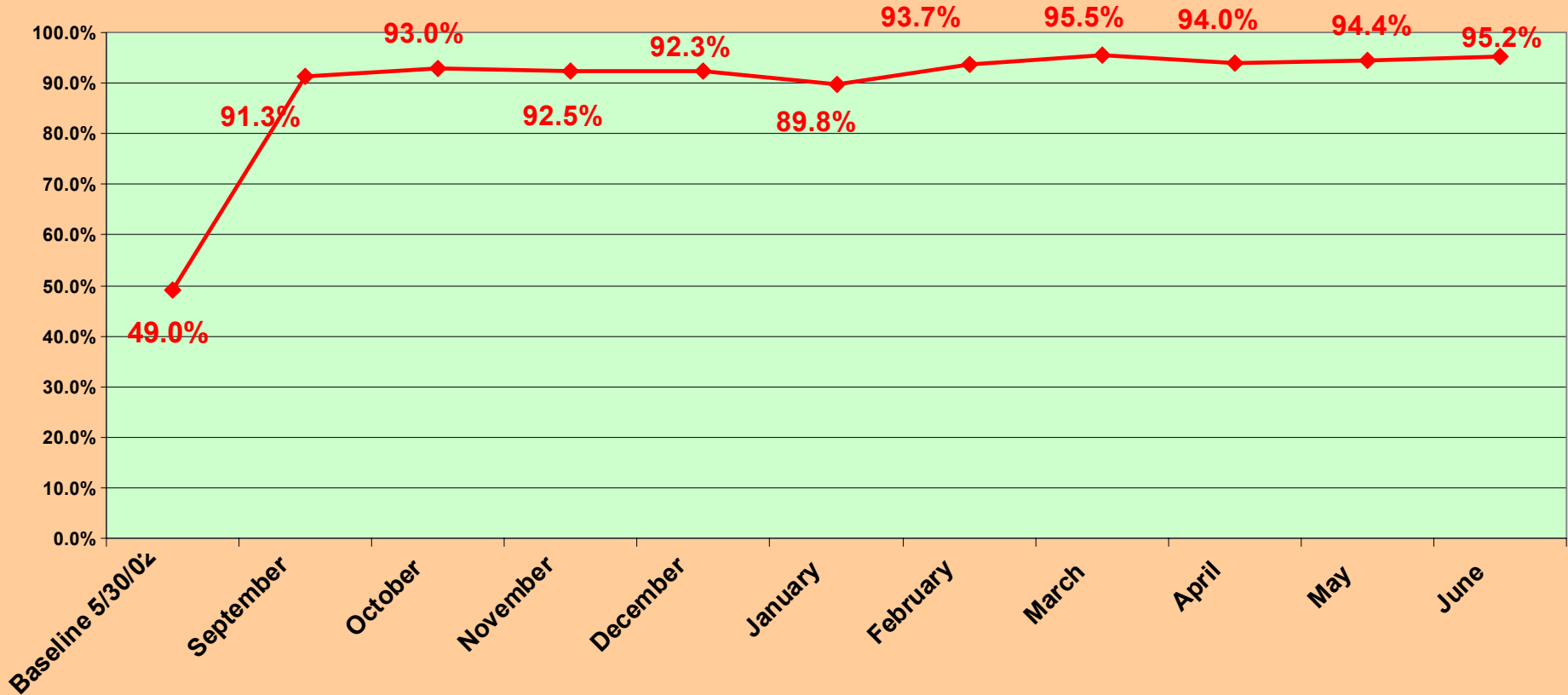
**Y = Percent compliance with proper surgical preparation for patients from Day Surgery department to Holding Area**

# Pain Management Gloria Tobin, CNO FY 2006



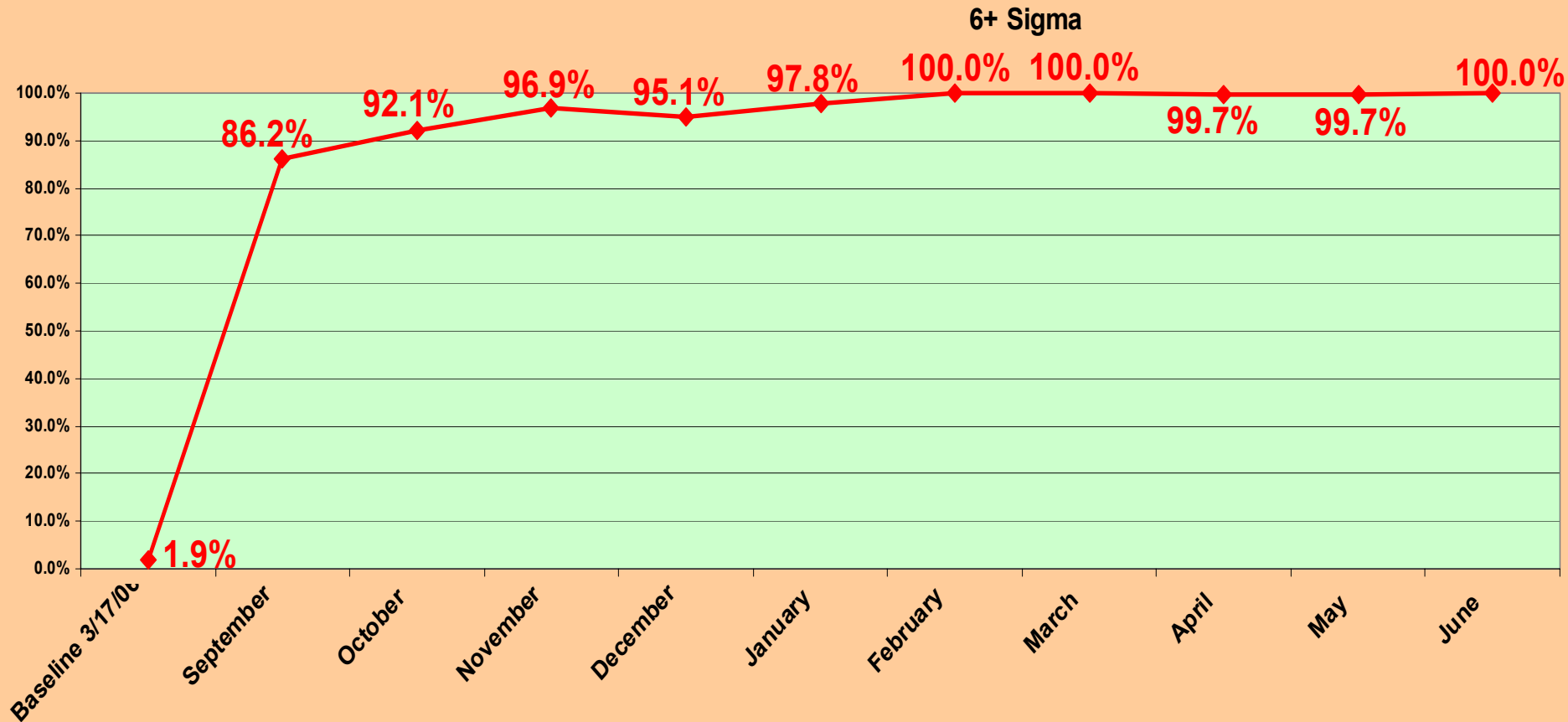
**Y = % of patients assessed and reassessed with a pain level equal to 3 or greater, adheres to the pain assessment policy**

# Pharmacy Turnaround Time Gloria Tobin, CNO FY 2006



**Y = Time from medication order placed in IDX to the time the order is verified by pharmacist**  
**USL = 45 Minutes**

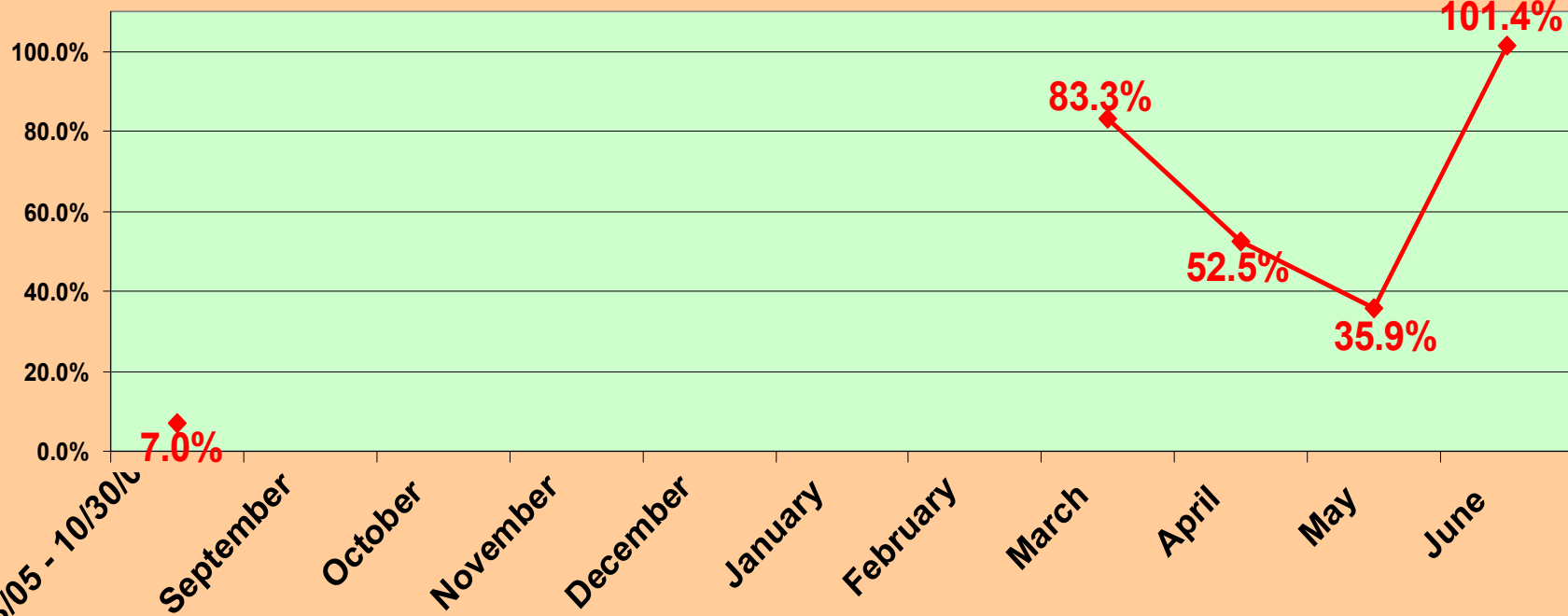
**Interdisciplinary Communication  
Christopher H. Hansen, M.D.  
FY 2006**



**Y = Evidence of interdisciplinary communication in care planning**

**On Time Discharge  
Christopher H. Hansen, M.D.  
FY 2006**

**6+ Sigma**

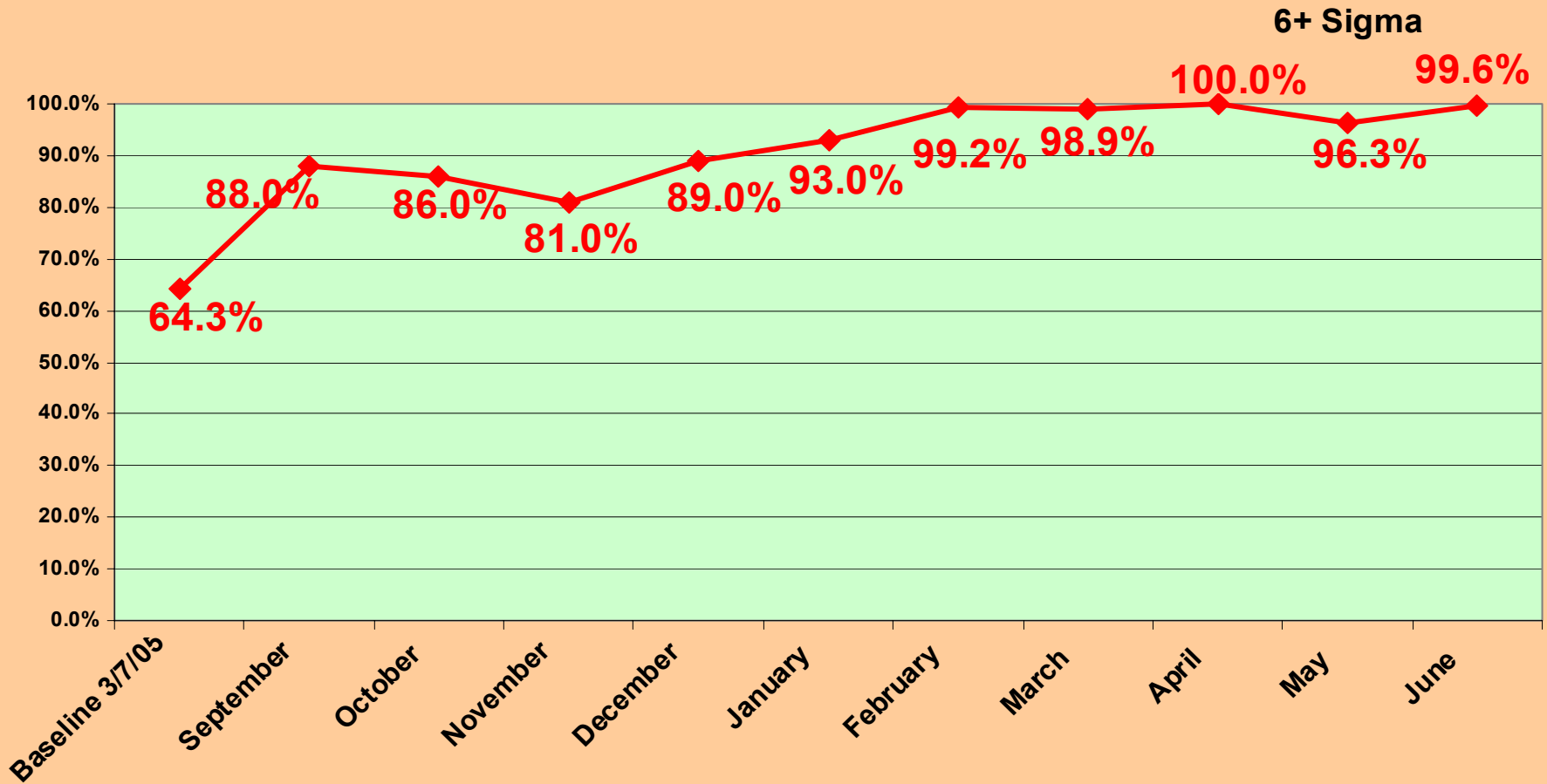


**Y = % of patients discharged (leaves room) by 12:00 noon, measured by: time of day  
Goal: 40% of patients discharged by 12:00 noon  
USL: 12:00 noon**

# Ancillary Departments Results Availability

## Lorenzo Olivarez

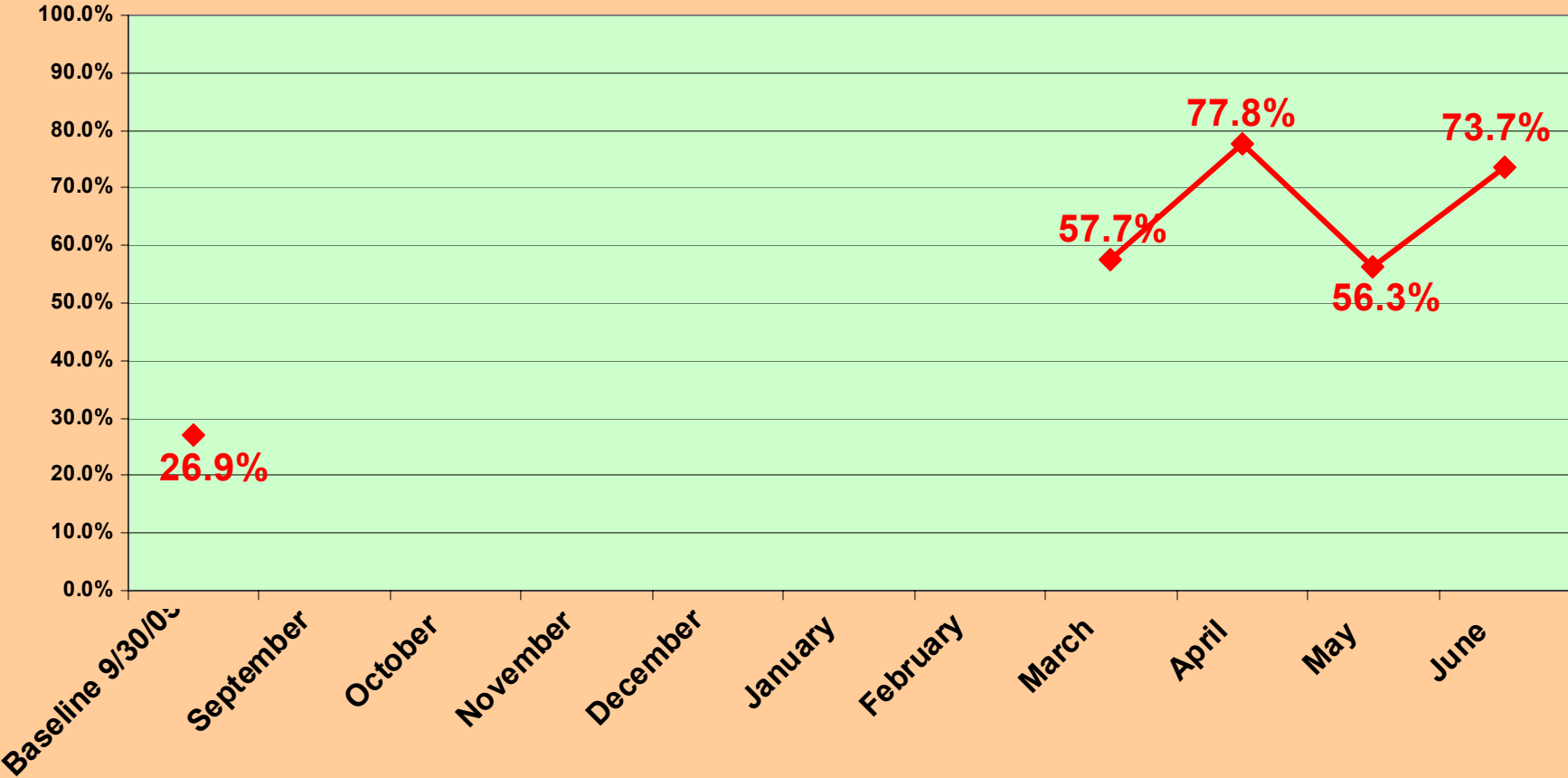
### FY 2006



**Y = Cycle time: from when the test is complete to when the results are available for the physician in the medical record**  
**USL = 24 Hours**

# Heart & Vascular Cath Lab Capacity

Lorenzo Olivarez  
FY 2006

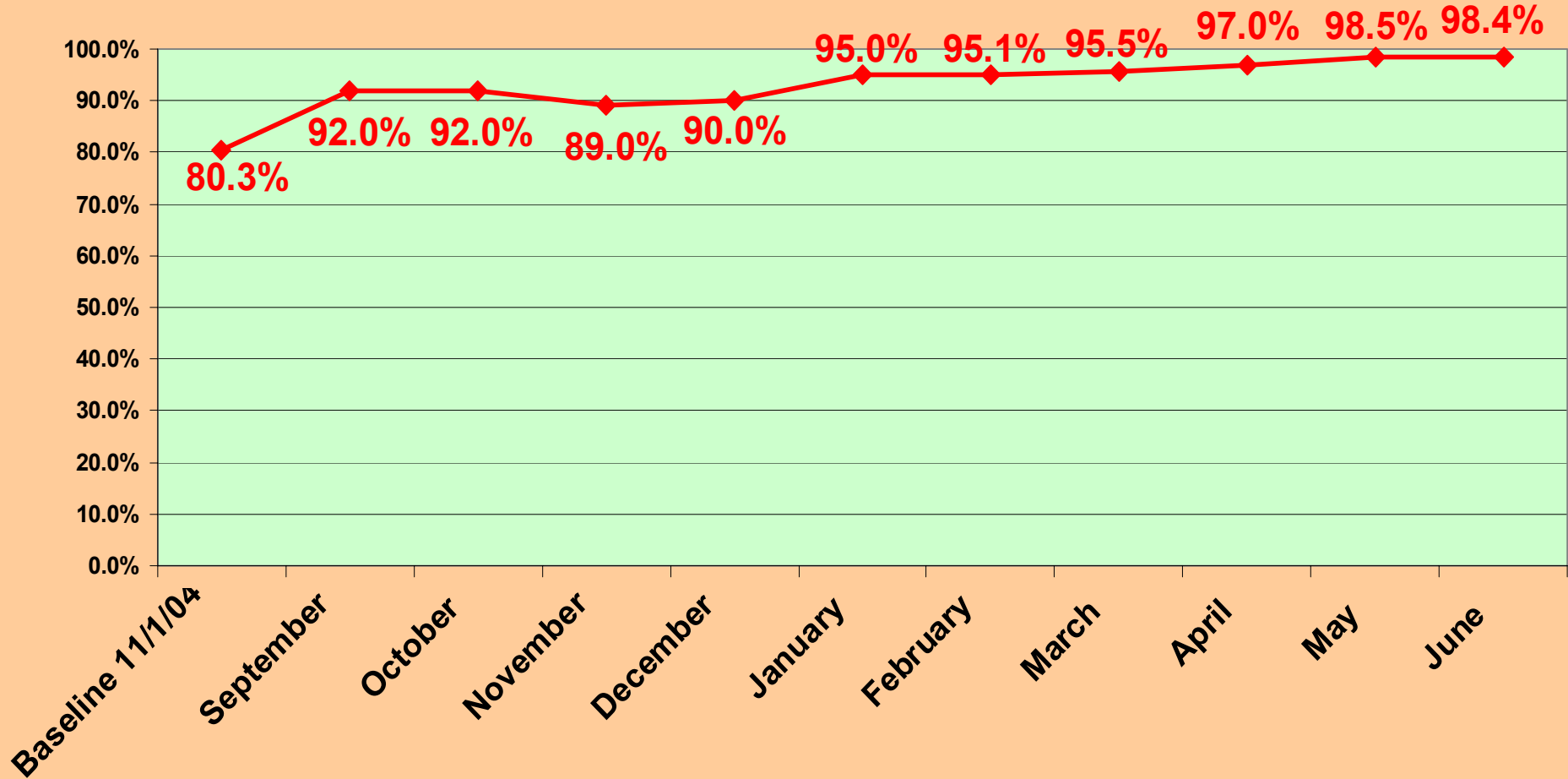


**Y = Physician out of lab to following procedures “time out”; all to-follow cases  
USL = 45 Minutes**

# ED Charges

## Lorenzo Olivarez, CFO

### FY 2006

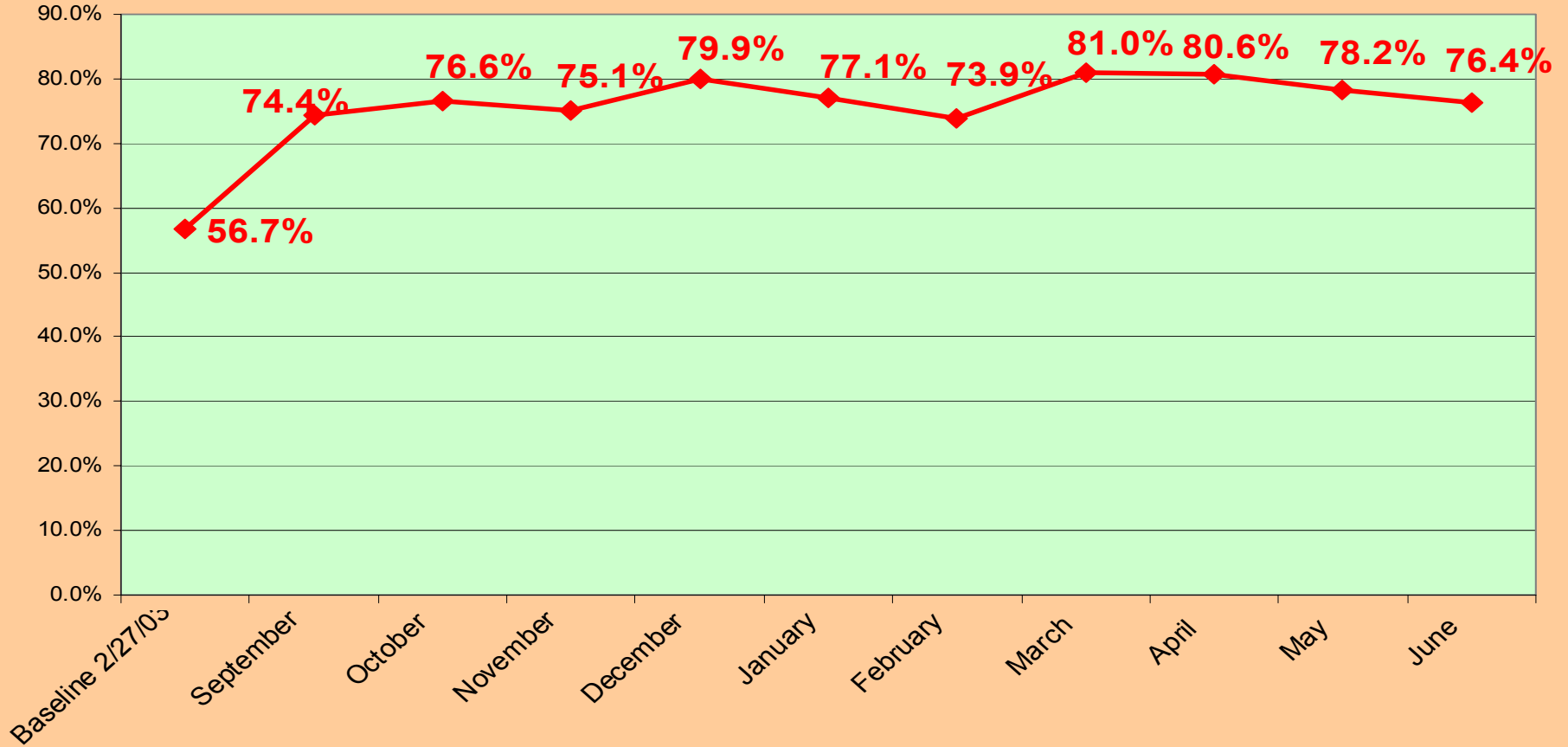


Y = % of accurate charges in ED

# OR Turnaround Time-All To Follow Cases

## Shane Spees, CEO

### FY 2006

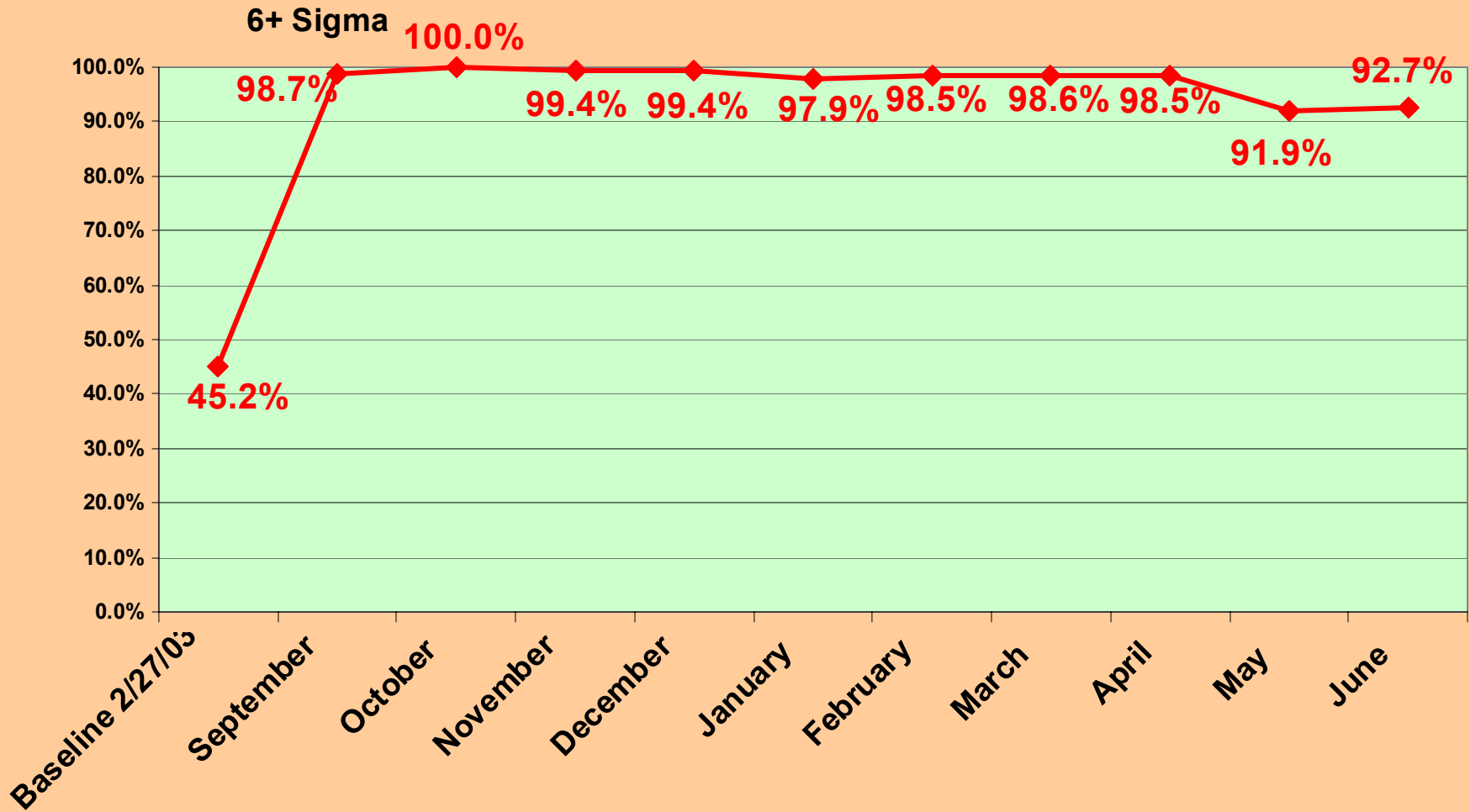


**Y = Surgeon Out to Surgeon in; all to follow cases**  
**USL = 60 Minutes**

# CT Turnaround Time to ED

## Shane Spees, CEO

### FY 2006

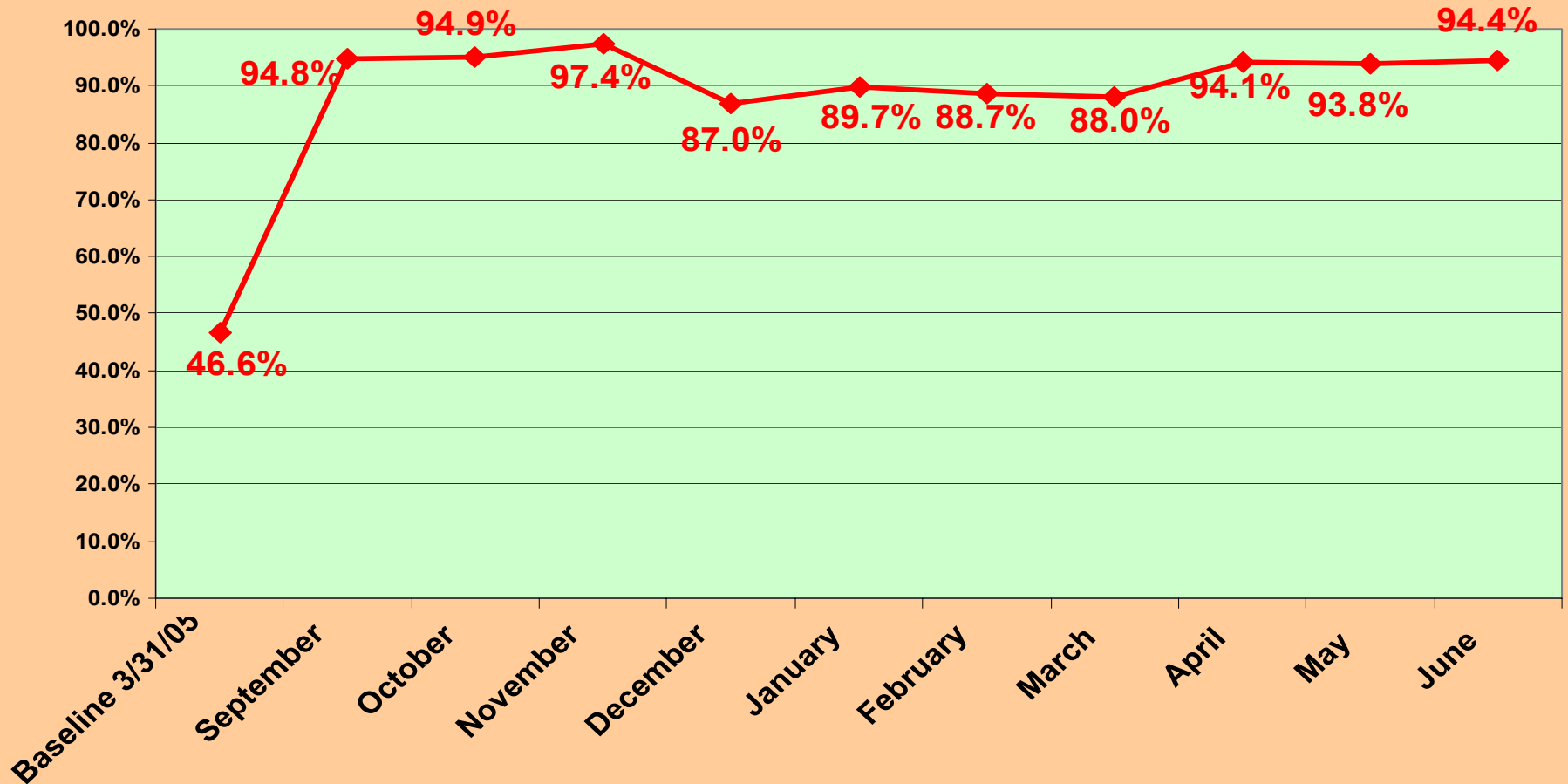


**Y = Order entry to preliminary report delivered**  
**USL = 120 Minutes**

# Emergency Department Hold Time

## Rebecca Harper, CNO

### FY 2006

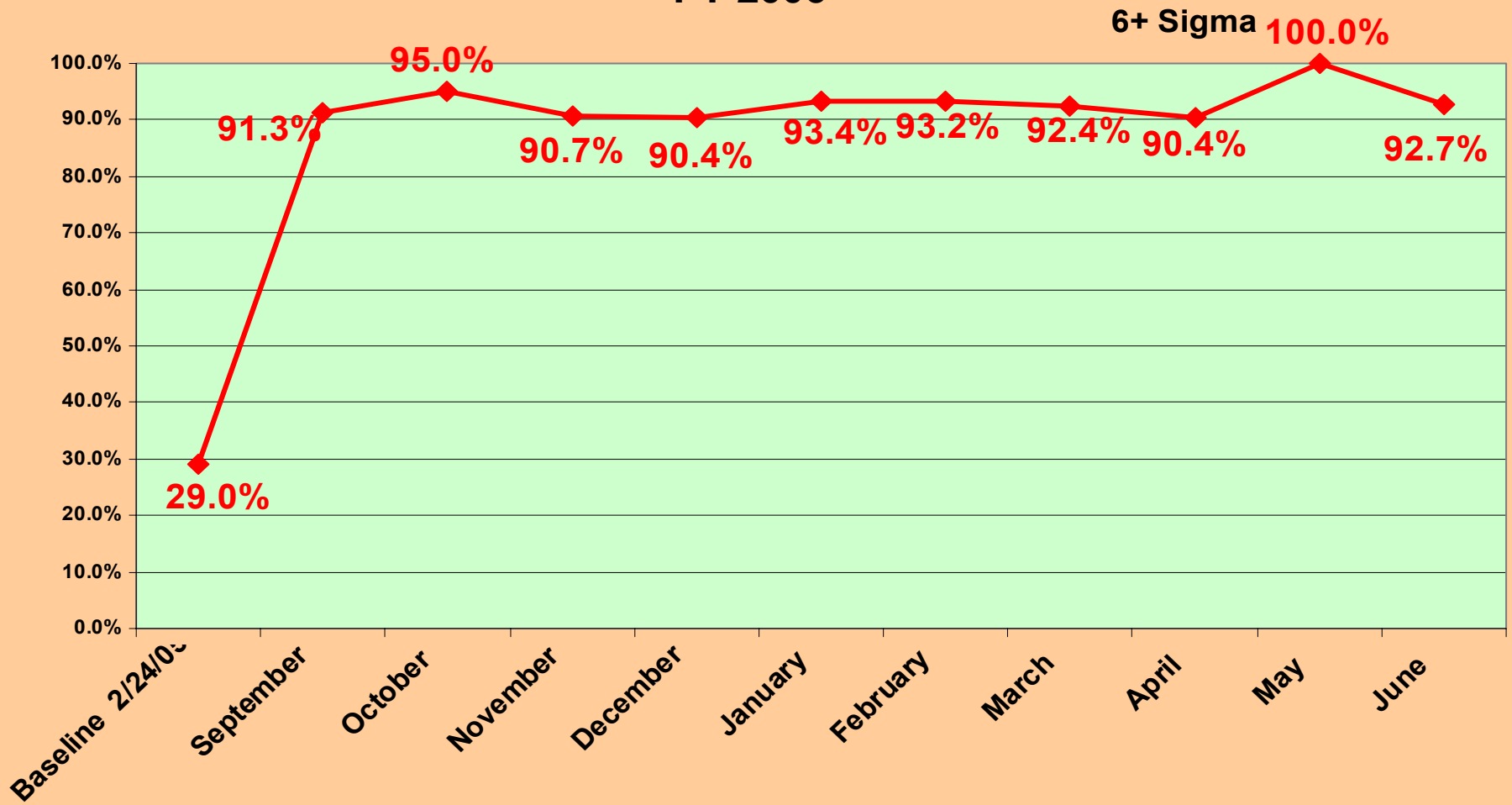


**Y = Time from admission order received in ED until time patient leaves the ED for destination**  
**USL = 360 Minutes**

# Radiology Turnaround Time

## Leslie Bingham, COO

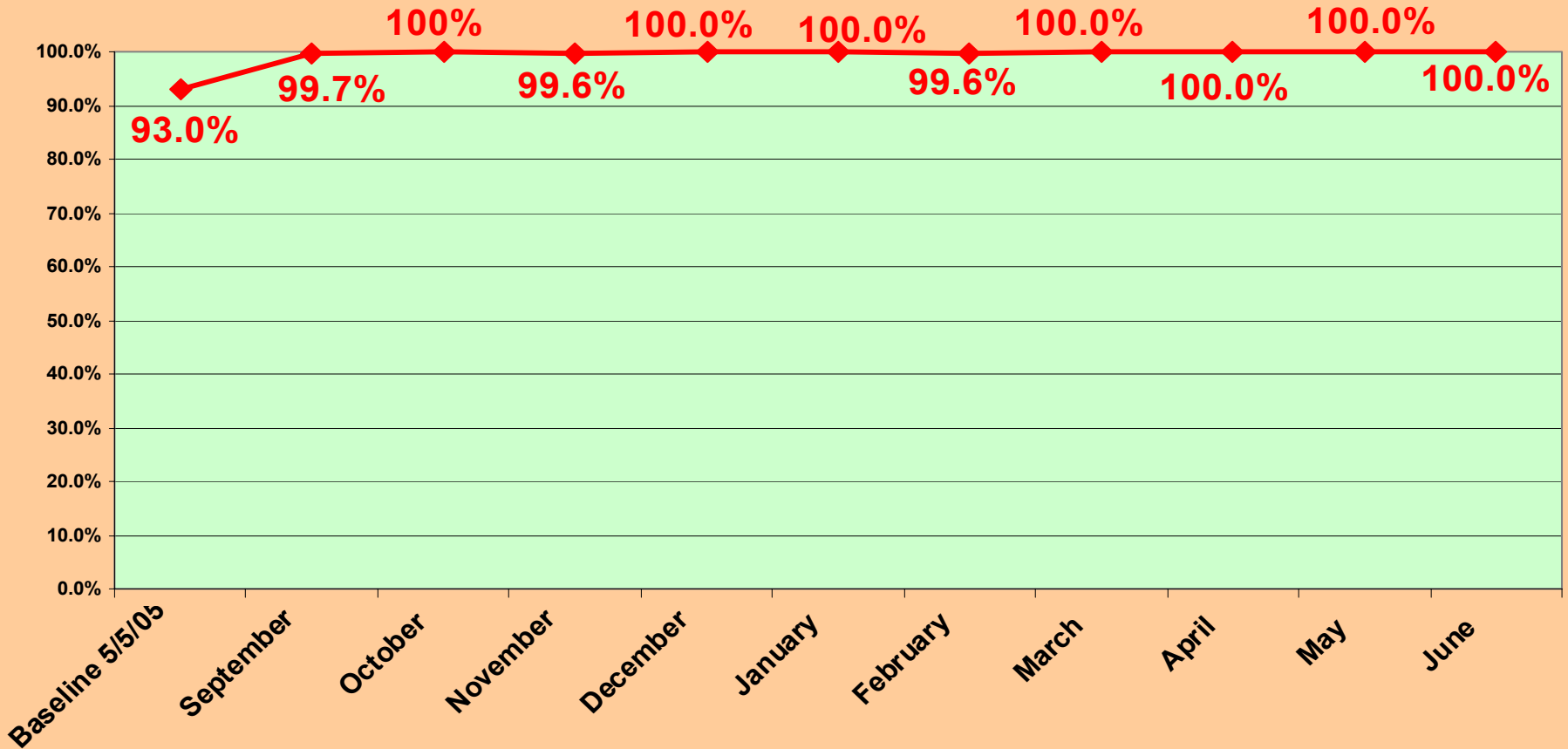
### FY 2006



**Y = Time the order is received in the Radiology department to the time the final report is posted in the patient's chart**  
**USL = 24 Hours**

**Patient Identification (Labor & Delivery)**  
**Leslie Bingham, COO**  
**FY 2006**

**6+ Sigma**

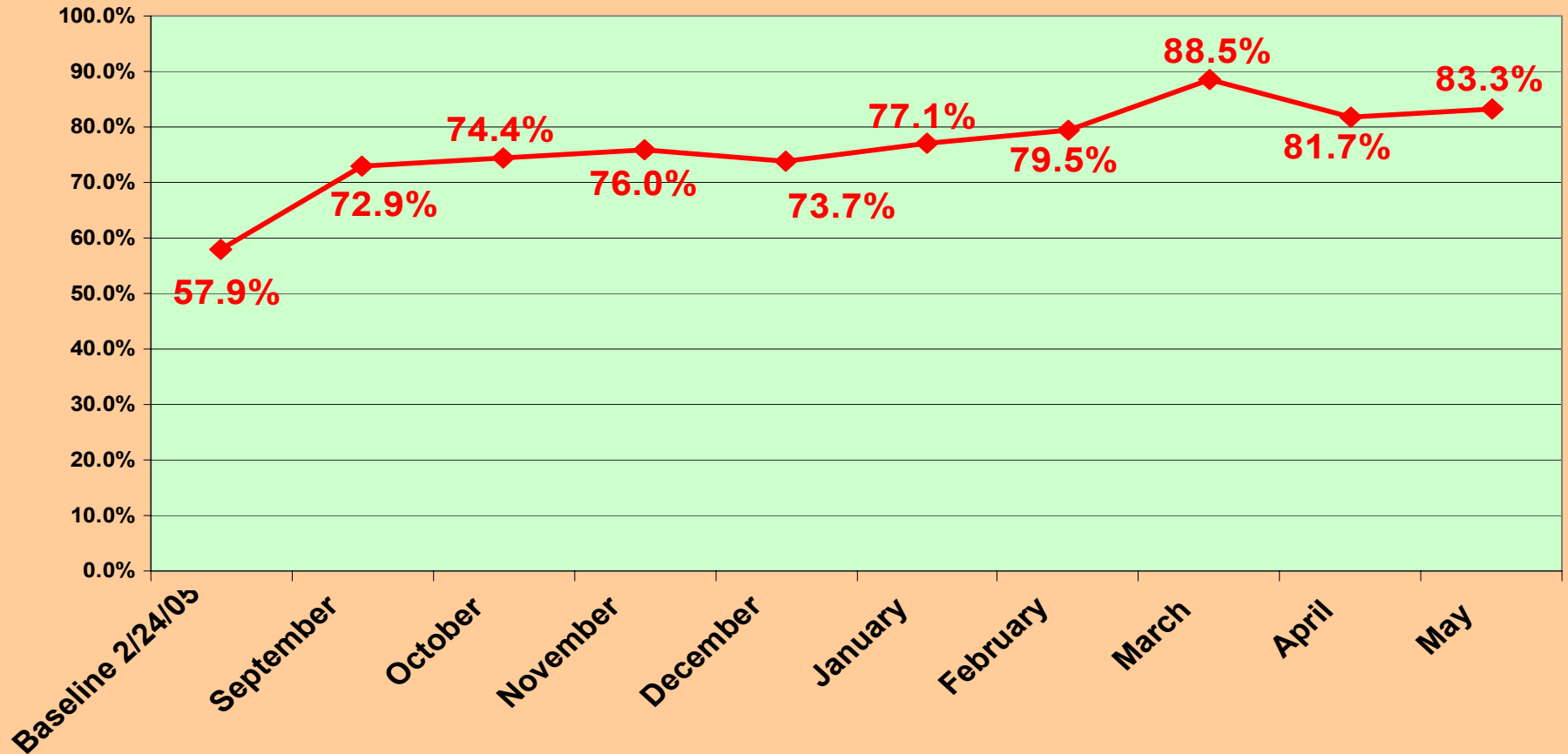


**Y = % of patients with an identification band placed upon admission to L&D**  
**USL 30 Minutes (if found off)**

# ICU Care Management

## Rebecca Harper, CNO

### FY 2006



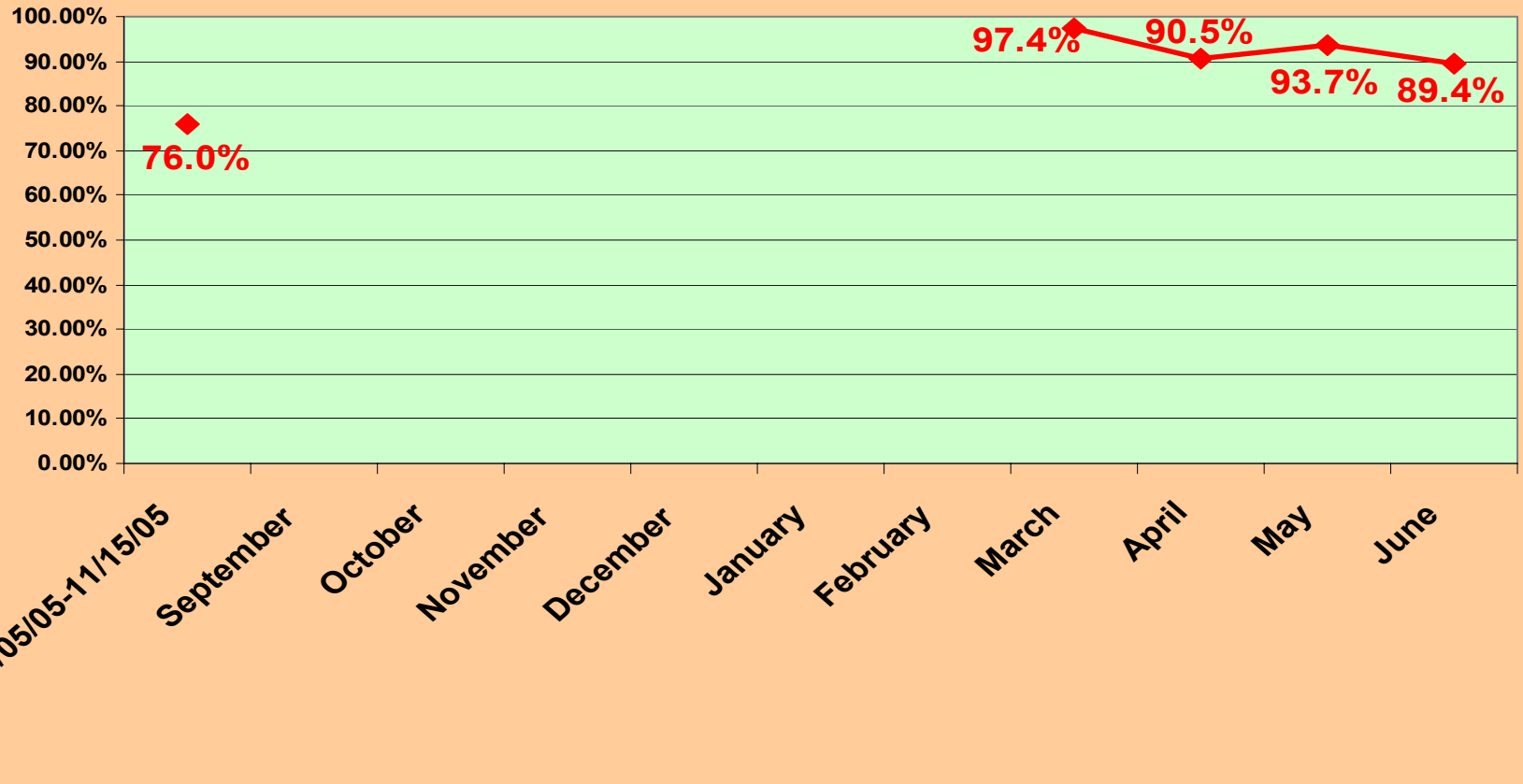
Y = ICU length of stay from "Time In" to Time Out" in hours.

USL = ICU LOS  $\leq$  50% assigned LOS determined by the final DRG

# Respiratory Care Services

## Juan Mancillas, M.D./VP Medical Affairs

### FY 2006



**Y = Timeliness of subsequent treatment (measured in minutes): a defect = any treatment > 30 minutes before or after scheduled treatment time**

**USL = 30 minutes**

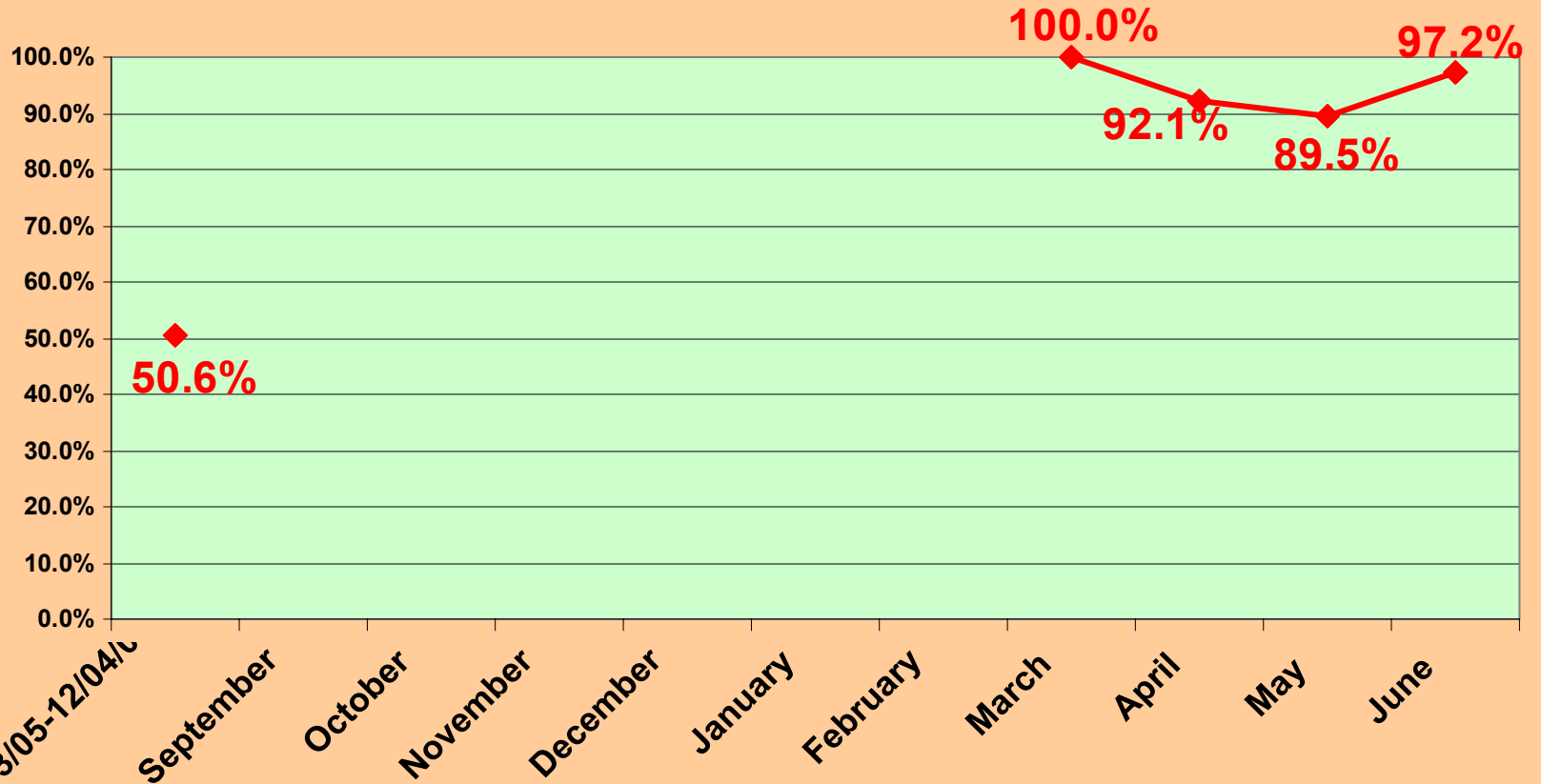
**LSL = 30 minutes**

# Surgical Case Time Management

## Leslie Bingham, COO

### FY 2006

6+ Sigma



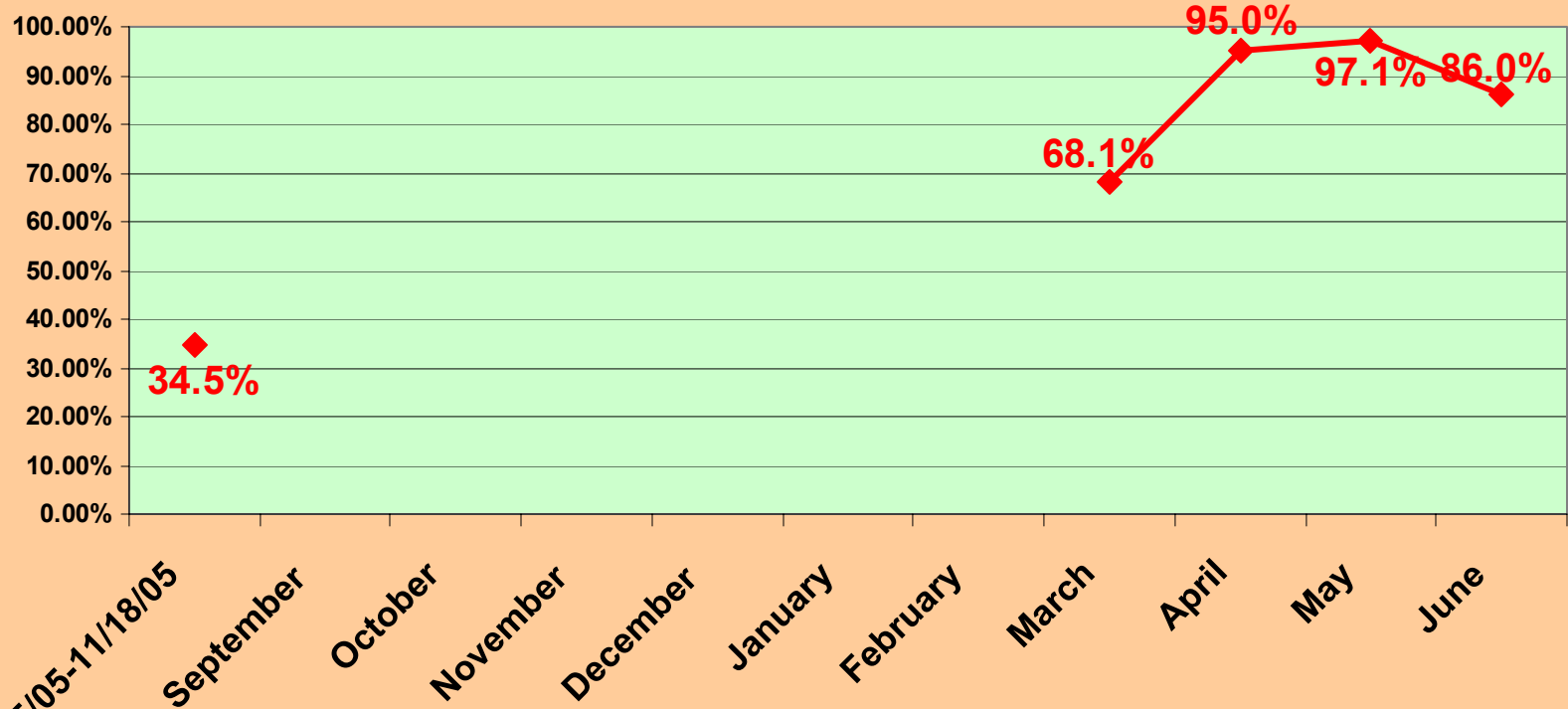
Baseline 11/3/05-12/04/05

Y = Surgeon out from procedure to "time out" of "to follow" procedure  
USL = 60 minutes

# Medication Administration TAT - First Dose

## Leslie Bingham, COO

### FY 2006



Y = Order time stamp to documented administration time.  
USL = 180 minutes

# Six Sigma Performance Summary

## FY 2006 to Date

- VBMC – Brownsville
  - 50% Performance with 7 of 14 Initiatives have achieved 6 Sigma
- VBMC – Harlingen
  - 31% Performance with 10 of 32 Initiatives have achieved 6 Sigma
- VBHS – Corporate
  - 65% Performance with 11 of 17 Initiatives have achieved 6 Sigma

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- VBHS
  - 44% Performance with 28 of 63 Initiatives at 6 Sigma