





YOU MUST BREAK DOWN THE SILOS OR LOSE THE FIGHT BEFORE IT STARTS



The battle is NOT between the payers and the providers

 Most of the denials are avoidable, and those are caused by SILOS at the provider

SOBERING AND UBIQUITOUS FACTS



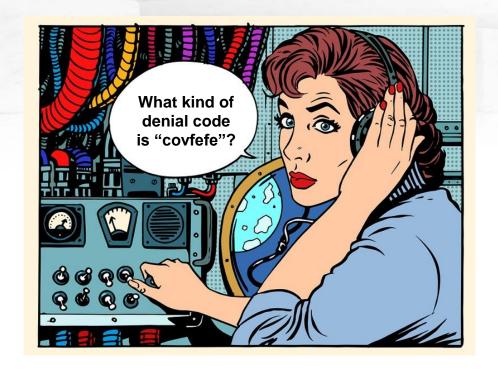
RACTRAC Q3 2016:

- 33% OF RAC DENIALS APPEALED WERE OVERTURNED when additional information was provided by the hospital to substantiate the original claim.

An 800-Bed Hospital Example:

- 65% OF FAILED APPEALS (all types) WERE DUE TO NOT SENDING IN PROPER AND/OR COMPLETE RECORDS.

WHAT'S IN YOUR DENIALS? TODAY?



Use of Denial Queues...

Trend your Top 5 Reasons for Denials – DAILY

• What is the denial language telling you?

FOLLOW-UP AND CONFIRM – DO NOT DROP THE BALL!

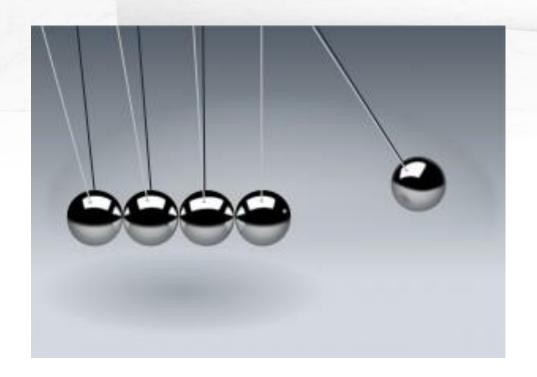


Make sure your NEW processes get ingrained

- Just because you install a new process doesn't mean it keeps getting used
- Assign Project Managers and hold accountable
- If you have them, use your Six Sigma folks



"For every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction." – Isaac Newton



- What are the unintended consequences of your denial management processes?
 - Must be rooted in FACTS
 - Overcorrection can lead to claim submission delays

CHECK YOUR PRIORITIES...

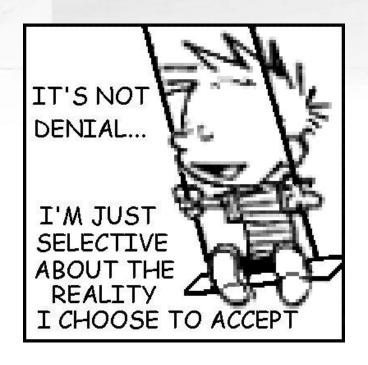


Prioritize correctly

- Teams may focus on "low-hanging fruit"
- High-dollar denials are certainly important...
- BUT NOT at the expense of the 10 lower dollar denials that total more than the 1 big one!
- Are there issues seen that may generate more denials NEXT month, or next YEAR?



PAY ATTENTION: POSSIBLY THE BIGGEST CHALLENGE YOU FACE TODAY



- Payers often use the wrong denial codes....
- So.... Are your denials categorized correctly?

(HINT: If you use EPIC or GE... check!)

EXAMPLE: Poor "Translation" meant writing off ~\$15M per year...



Can you explain this translation? Yeah...me neither.

Perhaps CMS can?

Sometimes, things get lost in translation...

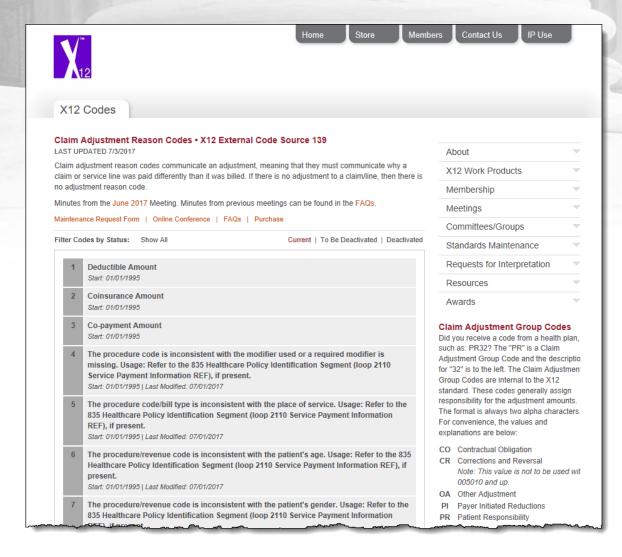
- RAs or 835s arrive with CARC (denial codes) that "suggest" additional documentation be submitted (250, 251, 252).
- The EMR system reads those codes as "denials" and they may NOT be forwarded to the HIM folks to get records sent out...
- This causes delays in finally being recognized as "not really a denial" and finally gets sent to the right people...

(But often, some of the additional documentation is not present in the electronic system, so it takes too much time to find, digitize and submit)

 If the appropriate records are not sent out in time, the claim is not recoverable. Period.



Claim Adjustment Reason Codes – CARC Denial Codes

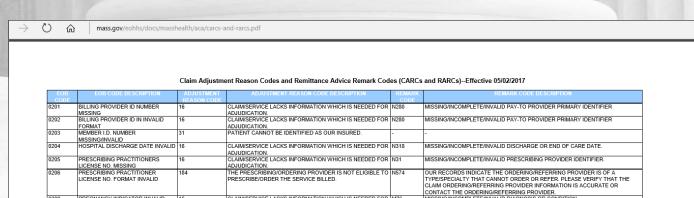


"Claim adjustment reason codes communicate an adjustment, meaning that they must communicate why a claim or service line was paid differently than it was billed. If there is no adjustment to a claim/line, then there is no adjustment reason code."

http://www.x12.org/codes/claim-adjustment-reason-codes/



Claim Adjustment Reason Codes (CARC) & Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC)



This is a list provided by the State of Massachusetts, Executive Office of Health and Human Services (EOHHS).

You need to check with your own state, your MAC, and your other payers to get the appropriate lists and guidance.

Such lists are updated OFTEN, so need constant attention and maintenance.

(Somewhere in your hospital is a "dictionary" of these codes.)

MISSING/INCOMPLETE/INVALID DIAGNOSIS OR CONDITION ADJUDICATION BRAND MEDICALLY NECESSAR' CONSULT PLAN BENEFIT DOCUMENTS/GUIDELINES FOR INFORMATION ABOURSTRICTIONS FOR THIS SERVICE. REFILL INDICATOR INVALID DATE PRESCRIBED IS INVALID ADJUDICATION DATE DISPENSED IS MISSING CLAIM/SERVICE LACKS INF MISSING/INCOMPLETE/INVALID DISPENSED DATE DATE DISPENSED IS INVALID ADJUDICATION NDC INVALID FORMAT ADJUDICATION QUANTITY DISPENSED IS MISSING DAYS SUPPLY MISSING CLAIM/SERVICE LAC ADJUDICATION DAYS SUPPLY INVALID PROC CODE REQUIRES DIAGNOSIS CODE, NONE FOUND ON CLAIM LAIM/SEDVICE L INVALID ADJUDICATION CLAIM/SERVICE LACK NUMBER ADJUDICATION PROCEDURE GROUP ADJUDICATION THIRD PARTY PAYMENT AMOUNT SECONDARY PAYMENT CANNOT BE CONSIDERED WITHOUT THE IDENTITY OF O CLAIM/SERVICE LACKS INFORMATION WHICH IS NEEDED FOR MAD FITHER NOT REPORTED OR WAS ILLEGIRLE BILLING PROVIDER SIGNATURE CLAIM/SERVICE LACKS ISSING/INCOMPLETE/INVALID PROVIDER REPRESENTA UNITS OF SERVICE MISSIN

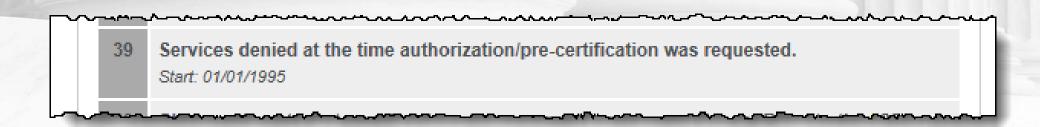
http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/docs/masshealth/aca/carcs-and-rarcs.pdf



The authorization number is missing, invalid, or does not apply to the billed services or provider.

Start: 01/01/1995 | Last Modified: 09/30/2007

- Needs to be checked...
- Is this really about the number?
- •OR Is this really about a lack of documentation to support medical necessity?
- •If this is really about the number, WHY did it happen?



- Needs to be checked...
- Did this really happen? Were you told to do it anyway and it "will get fixed" later?
- •Was it authorized for the physician but not the hospital?

These are non-covered services because this is not deemed a 'medical necessity' by the payer. Usage: Refer to the 835 Healthcare Policy Identification Segment (loop 2110 Service Payment Information REF), if present.

Start: 01/01/1995 | Last Modified: 07/01/2017

- •What does it mean... "not deemed a medical necessity"?
- This is often used as a "dumping ground"
- Possibilities:
 - Clinical disagreement?
 - Lack of documentation?
 - Erroneous code? (should be missing preauth or similar)



Claim/service lacks information or has submission/billing error(s) which is needed for adjudication. Do not use this code for claims attachment(s)/other documentation. At least one Remark Code must be provided (may be comprised of either the NCPDP Reject Reason Code, or Remittance Advice Remark Code that is not an ALERT.) Usage: Refer to the 835 Healthcare Policy Identification Segment (loop 2110 Service Payment Information REF), if present.

•What does it mean... "lacks information"?

Start: 01/01/1995 | Last Modified: 07/01/2017

•And what's lacking?

These are non-covered services because this is a pre-existing condition. Usage: Refer to the 835 Healthcare Policy Identification Segment (loop 2110 Service Payment Information REF), if present.

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Yeah... this could show up again, soon.

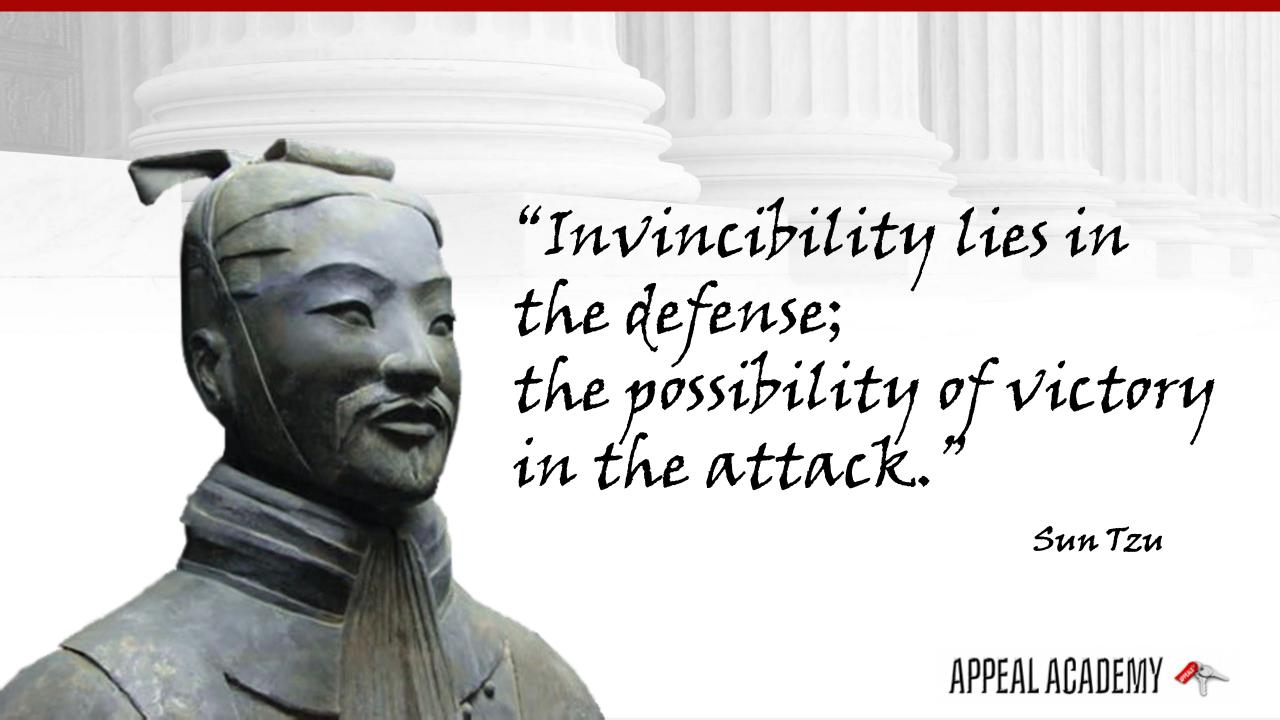
(More about this on Friday during our Healthcare Reform Discussion Panel)

AFTER You Know What's Going On...



 NOW: put a TEAM (the right kind of team) on the denials, by issues/reasons, and by Payer

- Medicare, Medicaid, other Govt
- Commercial Managed Care
- Other Commercial



How to Prioritize Dealing with Denials



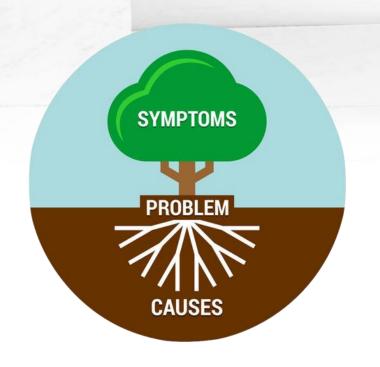
"The ringing in your ears—I think I can help."

Each Team Must Separate:

- Avoidable vs. Non-Avoidable Denials

■ Then, Concentrate on the Avoidable...

Dealing with the Source of the Denials



- What was the root cause of those Preventable denials?
 - Wrong or No Authorization
 - Wrong Status or Status Change
 - what specific spot inside your Revenue Cycle was the cause of the problem...

Example: When PFS sends records request to HIM, does the right stuff get sent out?

Existing Silos are Still Hurting You...



Example:

A Clerk tasked with delivering records for review to an outside vendor (paid via a flat fee) winds up quitting the job. No one informs the rest of the RCM team, and the records simply do not get sent out anymore, while the vendor continues to get paid... for doing nothing.

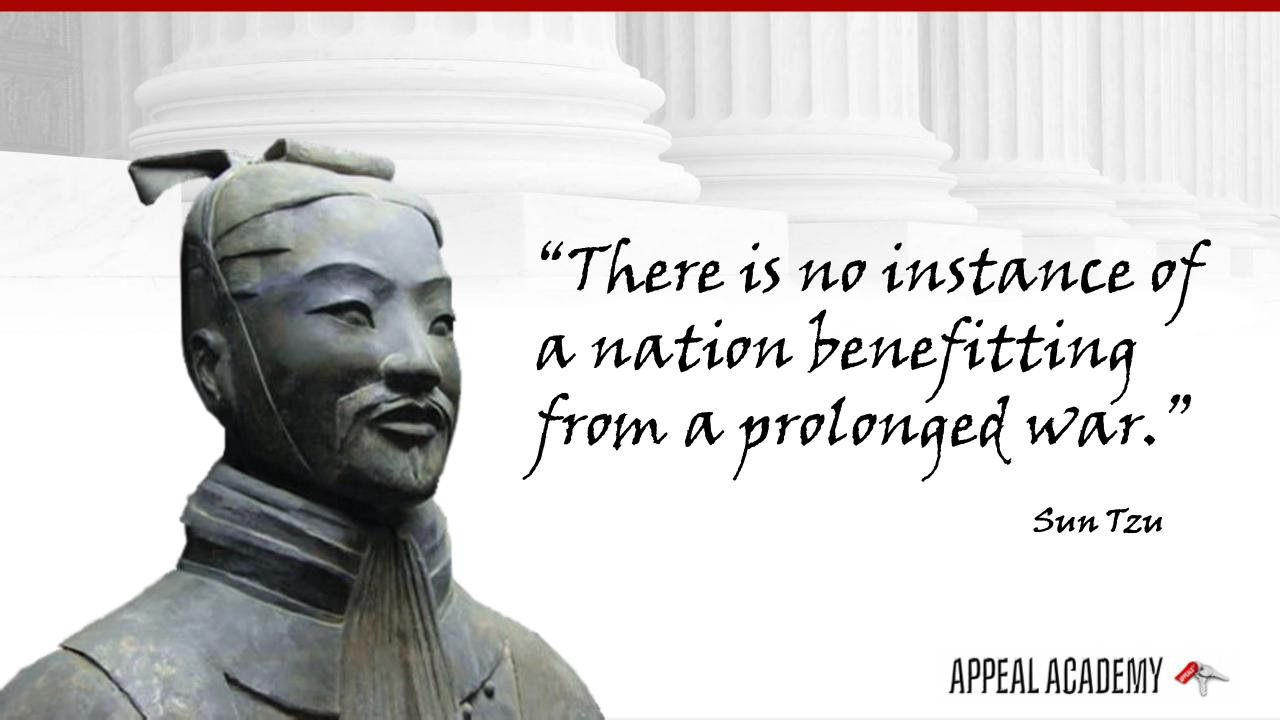
• WHO (IF ANYONE) IS RESPONSIBLE FOR TRACKING THIS KIND OF STUFF?

A Sure-fire Method of Planning to Fail



NEVER NEVER NEVER NEVER ...

RELY ON THE BACK END TO FIX YOUR PROBLEMS



Many Thanks and Good Luck with All Your Appeals!



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