



Short Stay Review Updates

July 20, 2017 Ferdinand Richards III, MD Chief Medical Officer





Short Stay Review Pause

- BFCC-QIOs received a "stop work" order from CMS on May 4, 2016
 - Done to ensure consistency between contractors
 - Re-education on CMS policy directions was completed
 - Cases that were still "in process" were removed from provider samples and made payable under Part A
 - Cases that had "formal denials" were re-reviewed with outcome determinations sent to providers
- BFCC-QIOs received instructions to resume processing Short Stay reviews on September 12, 2016







Claim selection process has changed

- CMS will randomly sample the top 175 providers with a high or increasing number of Short Stay claims per Area and all other providers previously identified as having "Major Concerns" in the prior round of review
- CMS did add the limitation on dates of service eligibility
- CMS provides monthly total adjudicated Short Stay claims from which BFCC-QIOs draw samples
- Parameters such as specific disposition codes, length of stay, and procedures have been included in the selection criteria in order to eliminate them from the universe





Medical Records

BFCC-QIOs will request medical records:

- Providers have up to 45 days to submit medical records
- Reminders to be sent at day 15
- Reminders will also be provided during educational sessions
- Medical records accepted via CMS-approved methods:
 - esMD; encrypted CD; fax transmission dedicated number established (844-242-2568); and hard copy







- BFCC-QIO will review the medical record to assess hospital compliance with:
 - Admission order requirements
 - Two-Midnight benchmark
 - Reasonableness of inpatient admissions based on the information known to the physician at the time of admission





Admission Orders

Admission order requirements:

- Inpatient admission order continues to be required for all admissions
- Requirements found at: <u>www.tiny.cc/AdmissionOrder</u>
 - Must specify admission for inpatient services
 - Must be furnished by physician/other practitioner who is licensed by state to admit patient; granted hospital privileges to admit; and knowledgeable about patient's hospital course, medical plan of care, and current condition at time of admission





Two-Midnight Benchmark

- Two-Midnight benchmark, where expected length of stay less than two midnights:
 - Unless admission involves services listed on the Inpatient Only List, Part A payment isn't generally appropriate for lengths of stay of less than two midnights
 - Under revised policy, admissions less than two midnights may be appropriate on a case-by-case basis where the medical record supports the physician's decision that patient requires inpatient care
 - BFCC-QIOs will consider: complex medical factors, severity of signs/symptoms, current medical needs, risk of adverse event to determine if medical record supports inpatient admission





Two-Midnight Benchmark

- Two-Midnight benchmark expectation of a two or more midnight length of stay upon hospital entrance for:
 - Surgical procedure(s)
 - Diagnostic testing
 - Other treatment
- Is generally appropriate for inpatient payment under Medicare Part A, when the orders admission based on the expectation of (medically reasonable) hospital services to span two or more midnights





Unforeseen Circumstances

- If unforeseen circumstances result in a stay less than two midnights, hospital payment may still be appropriate
 - When patients are entering the hospital for procedures, testing, or other treatment and the physician expects hospital services to span two or more midnights and orders admission
 - Additional examples of such circumstances include but may not be limited to: patient death, transfer to another hospital, leaving against medical advice (AMA), clinical improvement, electing hospice care in lieu of continued hospital treatment





Two-Midnight Benchmark

- Two-Midnight benchmark, where length of stay expected to be greater than two midnights:
 - Two-Midnight benchmark is based upon the physician's expectation of the required duration of medically necessary hospital services at the time the inpatient order is written and formal admission begins
 - Decision to keep beneficiary in the hospital and expectation of needed duration of care are based on complex medical factors – BFCC-QIO will consider such complex factors in making their determinations
 - Physicians need not include attestation of expected length of stay; this information may be inferred from medical documentation





Inpatient Admission

Reasonableness of inpatient admission:

- BFCC-QIOs will continue to follow guidance to review medical reasonableness of inpatient admission
- Based upon the knowledge the physician had at the time inpatient admission was written
- "Supported by evidence of medical necessity and quality in such form and fashion and at such time as may reasonably be required by a reviewing QIO in exercising its duties and responsibilities..."





Inpatient Admission

Reasonableness of inpatient admission:

- BFCC-QIOs will continue to follow CMS guidance that payment is prohibited for:
 - Care rendered for social purposes
 - Care rendered for convenience
 - Extensive delays in providing medically necessary care
 - Without accompanying medical conditions, factors that cause inconvenience in terms of time and money do not justify Part A payment for continued hospital stay

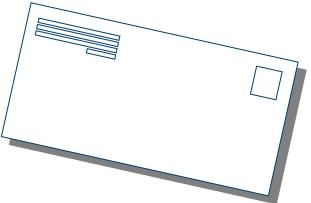




Results Letter

BFCC-QIO mails results letter

- One letter per provider with results for all claims
 - Provide clinical rationale for all decisions made
 - Will be used as basis for open dialogue with providers during 1:1 educational sessions
- Will inform providers of possible Technical Denials for all records not received







Results Stratification

Results stratification

- Minor Concern:
 - Provider with an error rate of ≤10% and no pattern of errors
- Moderate Concern:
 - Provider with an error rate of >10% but $\leq 20\%$
- Major Concern:
 - Provider with an error rate of >20%





Provider Education

Provider education

- BFCC-QIO conducts provider outreach and education within 90 days of review completion
 - Dedicated nurse educators foster relationship building
 - Offers opportunity for hospitals to provide additional information which may be used by the BFCC-QIO for final determination
 - Opportunity to remind providers to submit records not previously submitted
 - CMS may participate in educational sessions

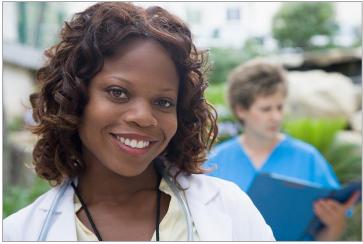




Final Results

Final results

- BFCC-QIO will send a final results letter to providers
 - Reflects the status of all claims after the educational session
 - Provides information on next level of appeal if applicable









Next steps:

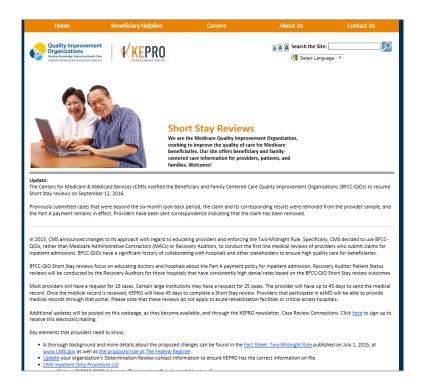
- BFCC-QIO forwards all non-compliant claims and/or missing medical record denials to the Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC)
 - MAC has responsibility for making financial adjustments
 - Providers can appeal through the MAC
- BFCC-QIO will refer non-compliant providers to Recovery Auditors (RA) as directed by CMS
 - Upload all reviewed claims into the RA data warehouse; suppresses claims from further review by RAs







- www.keprogio.com/twomidnight
- Updates and information
- CMS resources
- FAQs
- Form to update your organization's contact information















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