

# Overview and Addressing Privacy in a New Era of Enforcement

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Adam Greene, J.D., M.P.H.

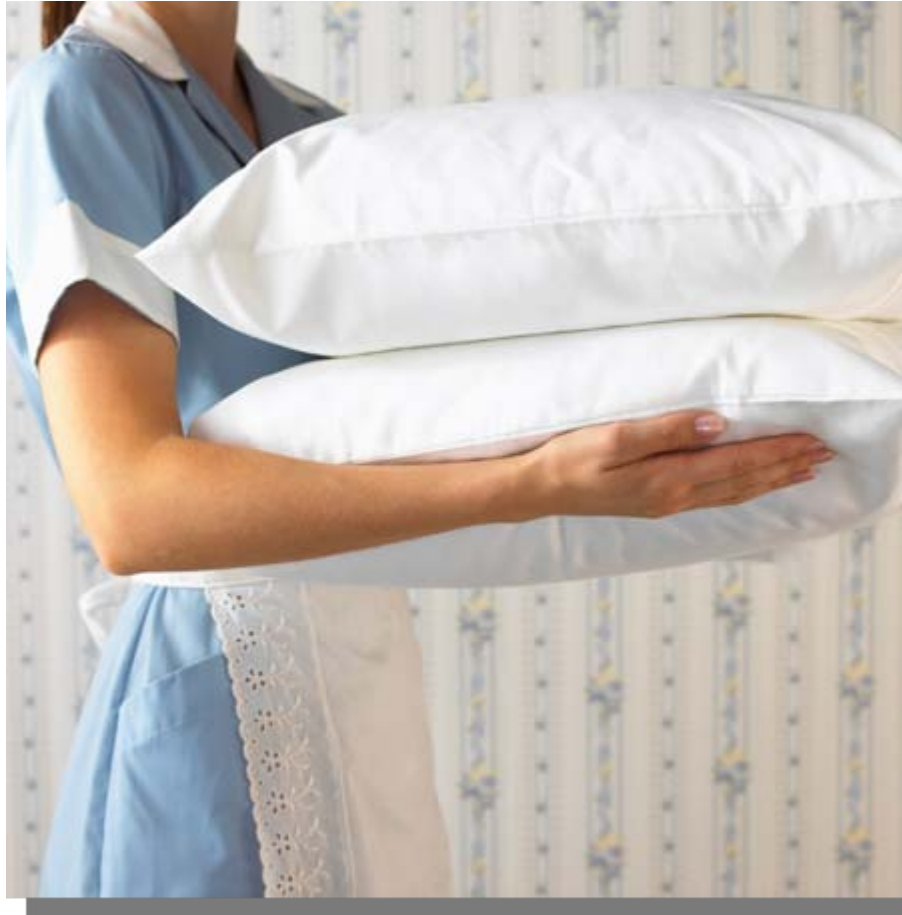
Anchorage  
Bellevue  
Los Angeles

New York  
Portland  
San Francisco

Seattle  
Shanghai  
Washington, D.C.

# WELCOME

# Housekeeping



# The Dangerous Myth

- The Myth – Nothing new has happened with HIPAA; we don't need to do anything until the Omnibus rule is published
- The Reality – Privacy and security are becoming increasingly important and challenging

# Time for the Training Wheels to Come Off

- December 28, 2000 – HHS publishes HIPAA Privacy Rule
- April 14, 2003 – Compliance deadline for Privacy Rule
- July 16, 2008 – First HIPAA settlement
- February 17, 2009 – HITECH Act directs HHS to penalize all violations due to “willful neglect”
- December 2012 - HIPAA privacy and security audits begin



# Privacy and Security Continues to Change

- New challenges:
  - Mobile devices
  - Cloud computing
  - EHR adoption
- Increased liability:
  - Breach notification exposure
  - Increased enforcement
- Same old problems
  - Forever curious employees



# HHS Enforcement Starts to Trickle

- Number of HHS settlements/  
CMPs have slowly increased
  - 2003-2007: None
  - 2008: One
  - 2009: One
  - 2010: Two
  - 2011: Three
  - 2012 (so far): Four
- Average settlement: ~ \$1 Million
- CMP - \$4.3 Million



# States Increase Enforcement Efforts

- 2010 – Connecticut settles with Health Net for \$250,000
- 2011 – Vermont settles with Health Net for \$55,000
- 2011 – Indiana settles with Wellpoint for \$100,000
- 2012 – Mass. settles with \$475,000
- 2012 – Minn. settles with Accretive Health for \$2.5 million





# California Privacy Penalties

- 19 penalties imposed
- 16 facilities
- Average penalty of \$133,000
- Total penalties of \$2.5 million
- Most (14) fines related to unauthorized access by employees



# Class-Action Lawsuit Frenzy Begins

- “Health Net Inc. and IBM face a class-action lawsuit seeking \$5 million in damages over the loss of computer storage devices ....”
- “A class-action lawsuit seeking as much as \$16 million ... over a data breach ... at the UCLA Health System.”
- “11 class-action lawsuits against Sutter Health over a data breach are being consolidated ... could amount to between \$944 million and \$4.25 billion total, not including attorneys' fees and court costs.”



# Cheer Up!



- There are steps you can take...

# Update your Privacy Program

2003

**Policies** –  
Fresh from a  
consultant

**Training** –  
HIPAA 101

**Sanctions** –  
It's OK, we're all  
learning this stuff

**Audit** – Let's  
keep our fingers  
crossed

**BAs** – Just sign  
on the dotted  
line

2012

**Policies** –  
Field-tested and  
regularly revised

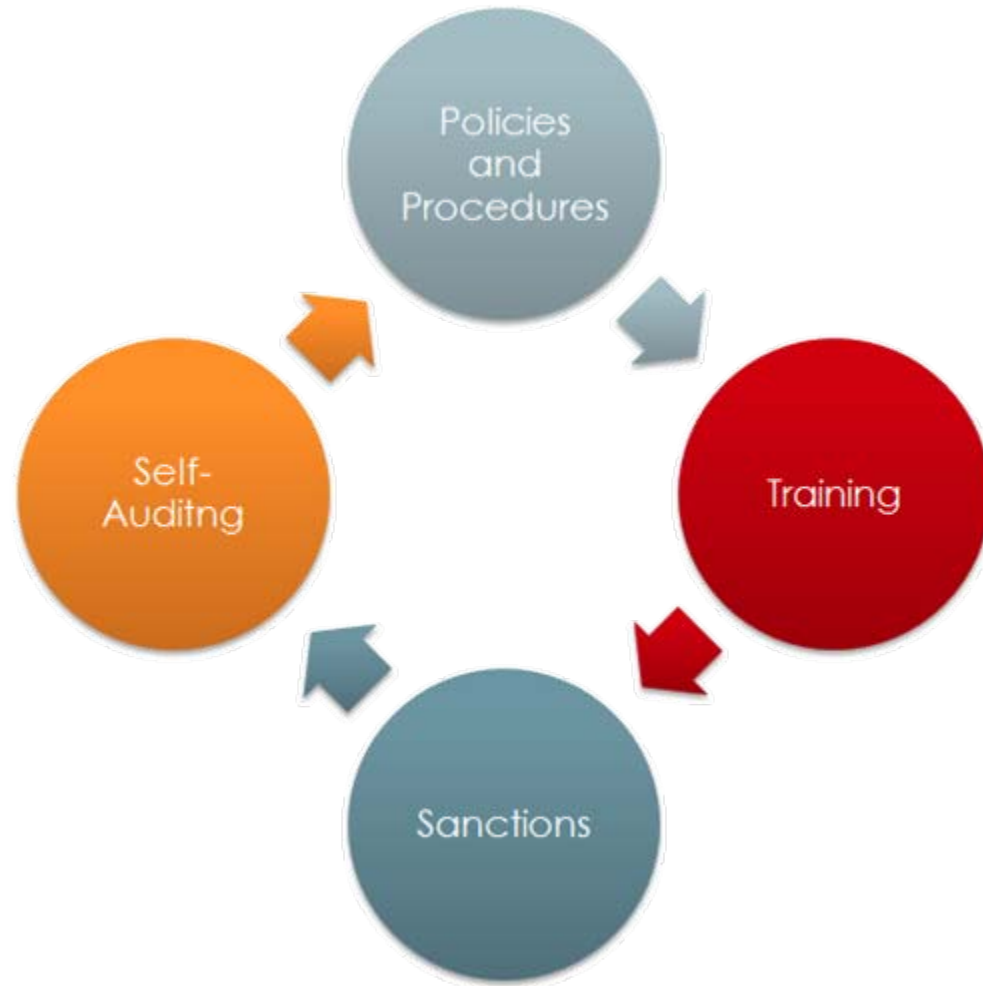
**Training** –  
Specific to  
recurring issues  
and workforce

**Sanctions** –  
Applied strongly  
and consistently

**Audit** –  
What is actually  
working?

**BAs** – What does  
your program look  
like?

# Focus on Continuous Compliance



# Assess Privacy Policies and Procedures

- Privacy Rights
  - Are patients actually receiving notices of privacy practices?
  - Are all requests for restrictions considered?
  - When are requests for alternative communications “reasonable”?
  - Are access/amendment requests recognized and timely handled?
  - Are disclosure logs maintained?

# Assess Privacy Policies and Procedures

- Uses and Disclosures
  - Do policies address recurring categories of uses and disclosures?
  - Do procedures prove effective in real world situations?
  - Have minimum necessary policies been created for routine requests, uses, and disclosures?
  - Are minimum necessary criteria applied to nonroutine requests, uses, and disclosures?

# Assess Privacy Policies and Procedures

- Breach Notification
  - Can all members of the workforce identify a breach
  - Do policies and procedures provide a clear path for notification within the organization?
  - Are there objective criteria for judging what constitutes a breach?



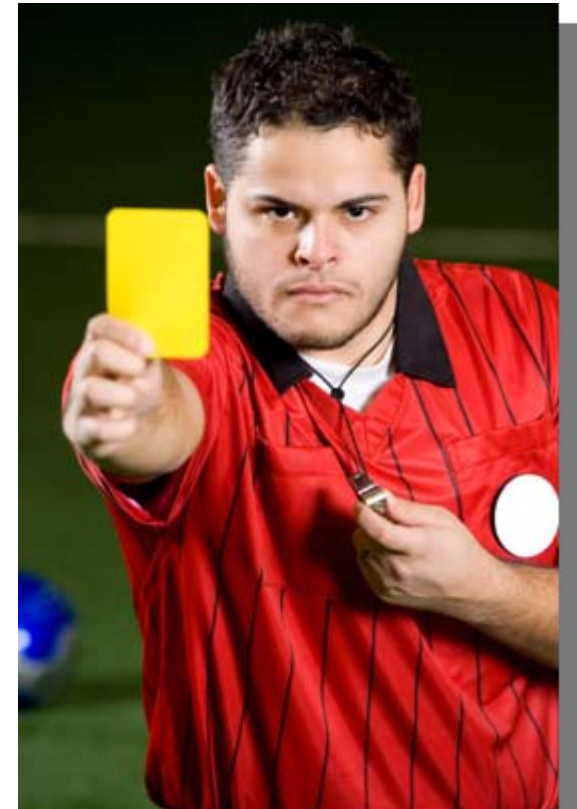
# Evaluate Training

- Does training adequately cover all policies?
- Is training tailored to issues arising in your organization?
- Is training broken up if necessary?
- Does training focus on real-world situations?



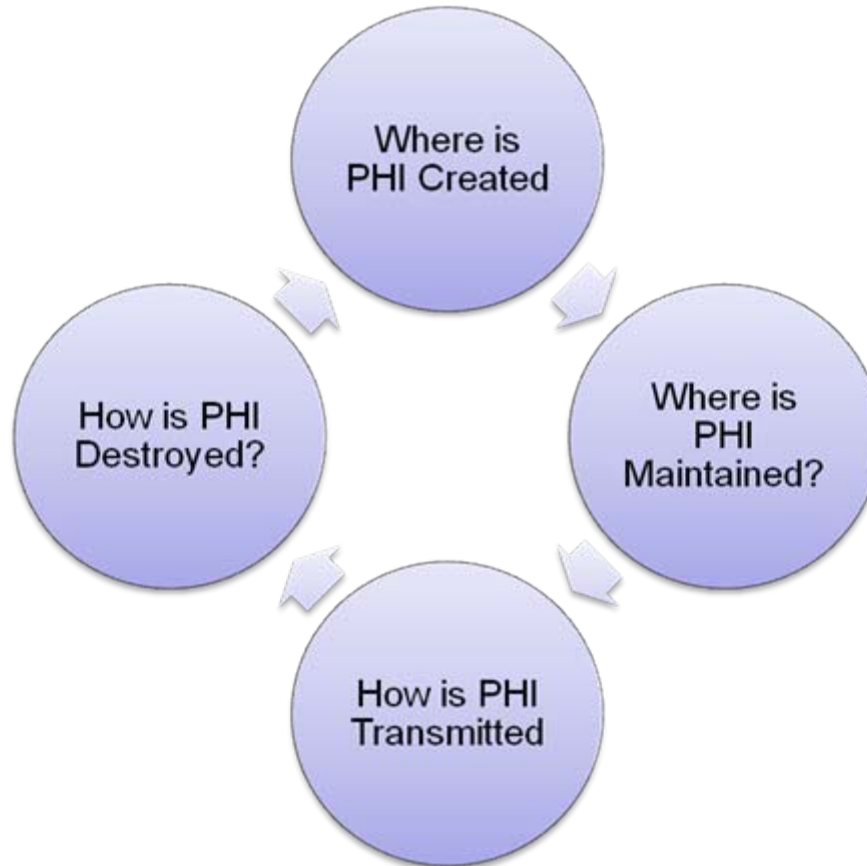
# Enforce Consequence for Noncompliance

- Noncompliance should have consequences ... for all members of the workforce.
- Sanctions policies can have flexibility to handle different levels of noncompliance.
- Sanctions experience can inform policies, training, and safeguards.



# Auditing Effectiveness

## Follow the PHI



# Auditing Effectiveness

- Some procedures will not work – you need to discover this before patients or the government.
  - Do employees understand training?
  - Is PHI being properly maintained at workstations?
  - How is PHI actually disposed?



# Document, Document, Document

- Policies and procedures (new and old)
- Patient privacy requests
- Complaint investigations
- Training (substance and certifications)
- Sanctions (including any retraining/counseling)
- All safeguards



# Questions



# For more information



**Adam H. Greene, JD, MPH**



**adamgreene@dwt.com**  
**202.973.4213**