CARE MANAGEMENT

within the

PATIENT CENTERED MEDICAL HOME

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Care Management

'is a web of components that, when done right, creates a strong network of efficient, effective health care for an individual or population.'





Care Management:

- Evidence-based, integrated clinical care
- Best done within the Patient Centered Medical Home
- Patient-specific to insure every patient has coordination of care and services
- Care plan developed collaboratively by the care team (which includes the patient)
- Care plan designed and executed to optimize the patient's health status and quality of life



Transfor (ED)* Patient Centered Medical Home

Access to Care & Information

- · Health care for all
- · Same-day appointments
- · After-hours access coverage
- · Lab results highly accessible
- · Online patient services
- · e-Visits
- · Group visits

Practice Services

- Comprehensive care for both acute and chronic conditions
- · Prevention screening and services
- · Surgical procedures
- · Ancillary therapeutic & support services
- · Ancillary diagnostic services

Care Management

- · Population management
- Wellness promotion
- · Disease prevention
- · Chronic disease management
- · Care coordination
- · Patient engagement and education
- · Leverages automated technologies



A continuous relationship with a personal physician coordinating care for both wellness and illness

- Mindful clinician-patient communication: trust, respect, shared decision-making
 - · Patient engagement
 - Provider/patient partnership
 - Culturally sensitive care
 - Continuous relationship
 - Whole person care

Practice Management

- · Disciplined financial management
- · Cost-Benefit decision-making
- · Revenue enhancement
- · Optimized coding & billing
- · PersonneVHR management
- · Facilities management
- · Optimized office design/redesign
- · Change management

Health Information Technology

- · Electronic medical record
- · Electronic orders and reporting
- · Electronic prescribing
- · Evidence-based decision support
- · Population management registry
- · Practice Web site
- · Patient portal

Quality and Safety

- · Evidence-based best practices
- · Medication management
- · Patient satisfaction feedback
- · Clinical outcomes analysis
- · Quality improvement
- · Risk management
- · Regulatory compliance

Continuity of Care Services

- · Community-based services
- Collaborative relationships Hospital care

Behavioral health care

Maternity care

Specialist care Pharmacy

Physical Therapy

Case Management

Practice-Based Care Team

- · Provider leadership
- · Shared mission and vision
- · Effective communication
- · Task designation by skill set
- · Nurse Practitioner / Physician Assistant
- · Patient participation
- · Family involvement options

Primary Care-- Value

- The greater the supply of primary care physicians the lower the total mortality-- heart disease, stroke & infant mortality.
- The higher the percentage of primary care physicians to population the greater the incidence of prevention and screening.*
- Lower ER and hospital utilization rates
- Higher patient satisfaction**



^{*}Macinko, J. Starfield, B. Shi, L. Int J. Health Ser, 2007;37 (1) 111-136.

^{**}Greenfield S, et al JAMA 1992;267:1624-30; Forrest CB. Starfield B. JFP:. 1996;43(1):40-8. Macinko J. Starfield B. Shi L. HSR. 2003;38(3):831-65.

Primary Care-What Happened?

Primary Care- Reimbursement

Fee for Service

RBRVS System

Procedure vs. Cognitive value

RUC Committee Role



Primary Care Viability Financial – Salary

FM salary declines 10% over 10 years (inflation adjusted)

Specialty salary increased by 16-36%

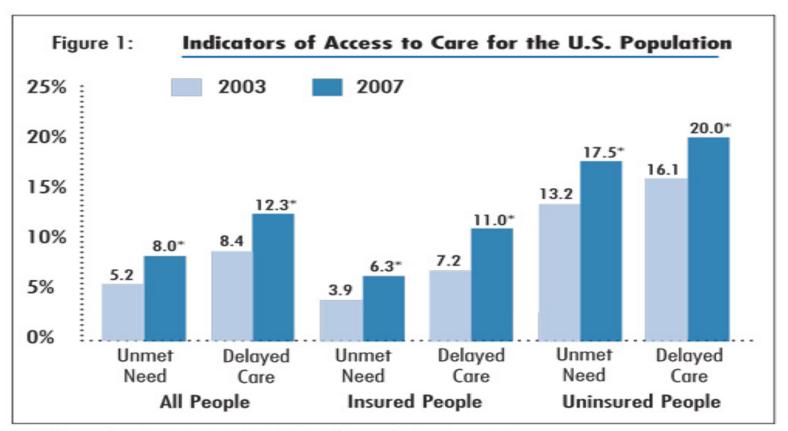
Primary Care Residents

US Graduates to FM decline by 50%

Supply

Access





* Change from 2003 to 2007 is statistically significant at p < .05.

Sources: 2003 HSC Community Tracking Study Household Survey; HSC 2007 Health Tracking Household Survey



Cunningham, Peter J., and Laurie E. Felland, *Falling Behind: Americans' Access to Medical Care Deteriorates, 2003-2007*, Tracking Report No. 19, Center for Studying Health System Change, Washington, D.C. (June 2008).



PROBLEMS

NO MATTER HOW GREAT AND DESTRUCTIVE YOUR PROBLEMS MAY SEEM NOW, REMEMBER, YOU'VE PROBABLY ONLY SEEN THE TIP OF THEM.

www.despair.com



Health Care Costs

- -2008 estimated health care spending\$2.39 trillion
- -\$420 billion increase from 2005
- -\$7,868 per person Increase from \$2000-\$4600 in 1980-2000

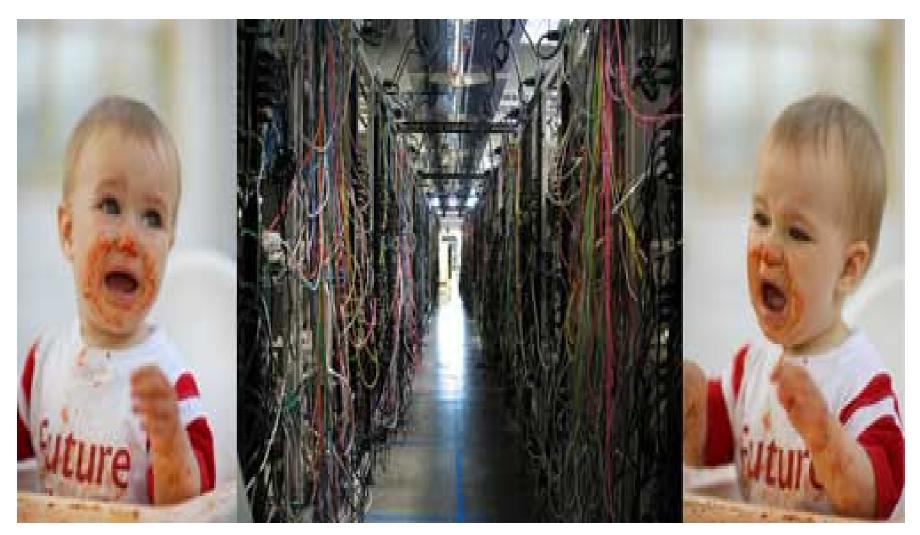


Quality – Outcomes

Commonwealth Report – Quality in US Evidence Based Medicine Outcomes

Primary Care Role







Paradigm change for Primary Care

'from acute episodic care to integrated, coordinated whole person care'





PCMH—Care Management

Improved outcomes

Cost savings

Increased reimbursement



Physician – patient -- staff satisfaction



Pilots -- Care Management alone

CMS Care Manager project
 15 sites
 Varied models
 Only 5 showed cost neutral or savings

CMS Care Management Pilot – 2006
 Utilized outside disease management
 Ending early – no cost savings



PCMH Pilots – Care Management

Clinica Campesina

Community Health Center – Denver

Primary care teams

Chronic disease registry

Patient self-management



PCMH-Care Management

Two year results-Diabetes Initiative

HgbA1C – reduction from 10.5 – 8.7

2 HgbA1c/yr – increased from 11% to 71%

Self-management goals –increase of 3% to 65%

Bodenheimer T,Wagner EH, Grumbach K. Improving primary care for patients with chronic illness. *JAMA*. 2002;288(14):1775-1779.



PCMH-Care Management

Geisinger Medical Home Initiatives

24/7 access

Care coordination -- nurse

Disease Management -

CHF, Diabetes, Hypertension

Self Management



PCMH -- Care Management

Cost Savings

Hospitalizations reduced by 20%

Hospital readmissions reduced by 48%

Overall healthcare cost savings down 7%

www.commonwealthfund.org/publications/publications_show.htm?doc_id=704008



Community Care of N. Carolina

Started in 1999

Grown to 15 networks

3500 physicians

1000 Medical homes

Focus:

care coordination

population/case management

case/care management fee paid

Savings for State -- \$231 million/2 yrs

Transfor **WED**^{ss}

PCMH-Care Management

Current Pilots – Physician Reimbursement

- CMS Medical home pilot-2009
- BC/BS Michigan
- Geisinger Pennsylvania
- CDPHP New York
- Community Care of N. Carolina



PCMH --Care Management

Care Coordination

Population Management

Patient Engagement-Education



PCMH --Care Management

Care Coordination

- Coordinate health care services not provided within the PCMH at the point of care
- Take responsibility for gathering information about all services/providers involved in the care of the patient

Information available in a timely manner



PCMH -- Care Management

Collaborative relationships-specialists

Coordination w hospital services

Community services

Technology – efficient communication



PCMH -- Care Management

Population Management:

A set of activities aimed at improving the health and clinical outcomes of a population of patients defined by specific parameters—preventive or disease based



Population Management Disease Management

- Technology-ease of reporting data
 Identify populations
 Mechanism to identify high acuity populations
- Care manager role in the office
 Guided care Health care coach model
 Differs from case / disease management from payer
- Implementation EBM into clinical practice
- Regular reporting w physician-staff coaching



Patient Engagement --providing the patient with the resources and information that is culturally and educationally appropriate to insure that they can actively engage in management of their health





PCMH-Care Management

How to do it

Team Care

Access

Technology

Process

Commitment



"Look at the world around you. It may seem like an immovable, implacable place. It is not.

With the slightest push--in just the right place it can be tipped."

