

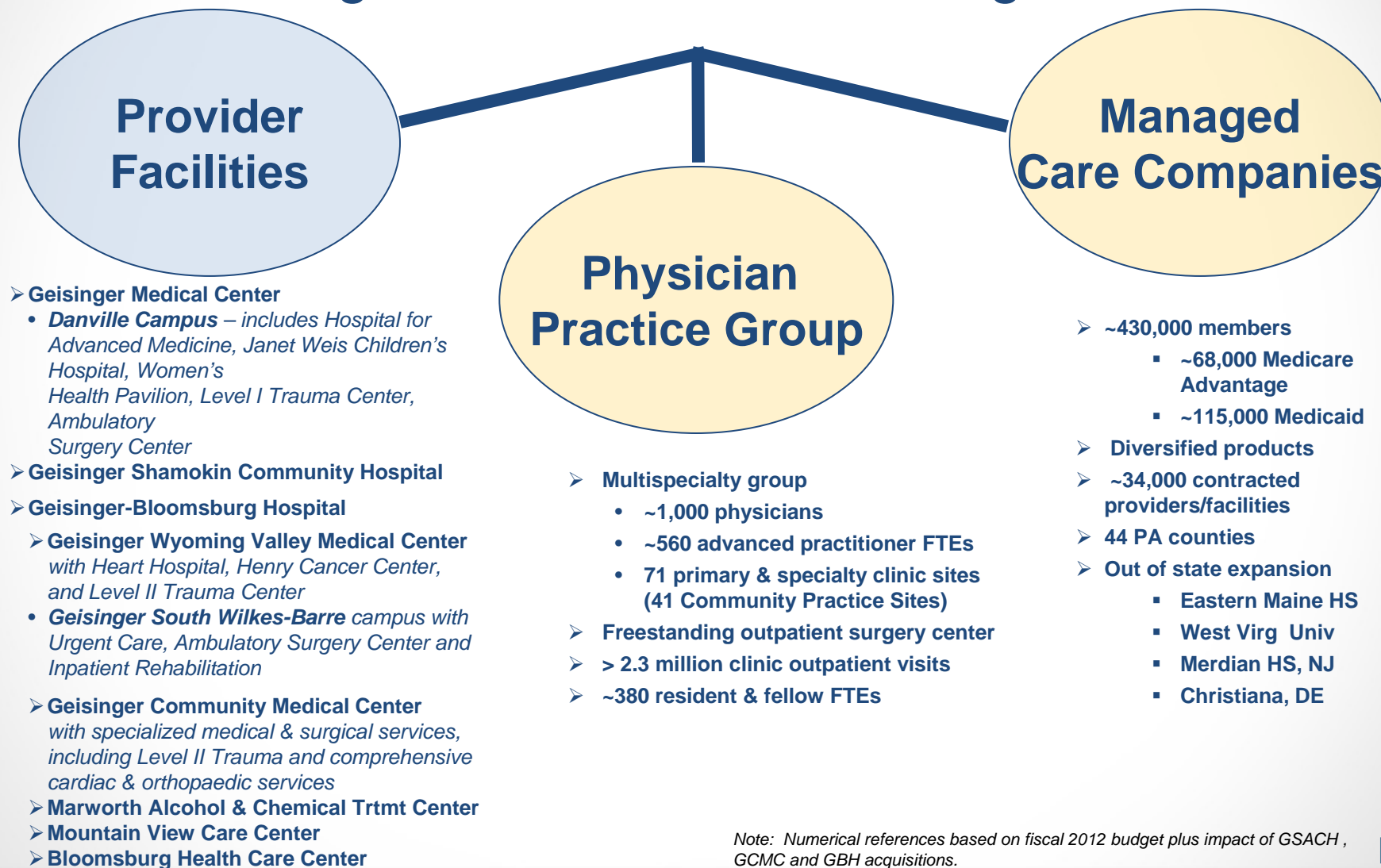
Managing Patient Populations at the Practice Level – the Geisinger Model

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Longitudinal Care Service Lines
Geisinger Health System

March 17, 2014

Geisinger Health System

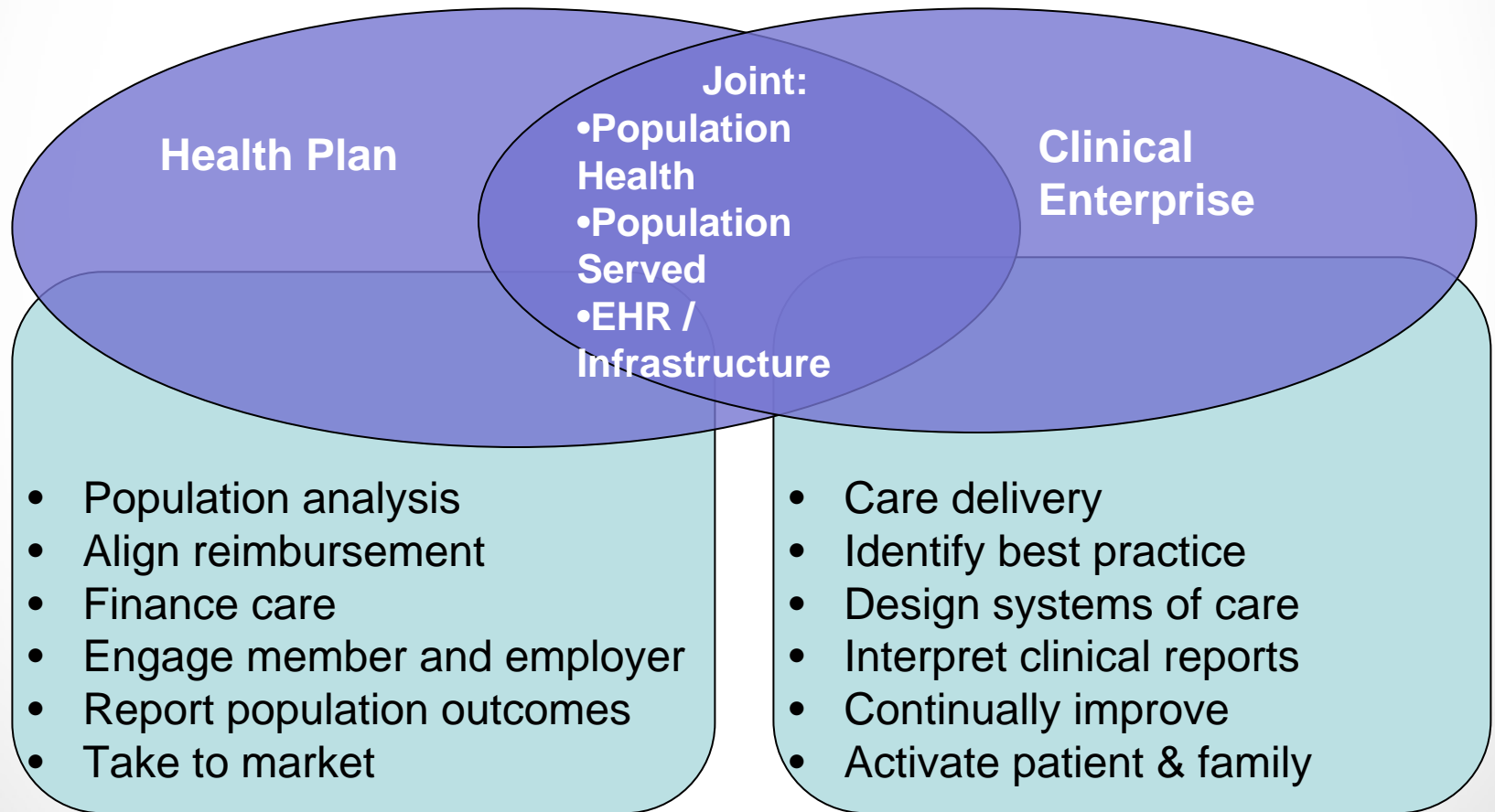
An Integrated Health Service Organization



Note: Numerical references based on fiscal 2012 budget plus impact of GSACH, GCMC and GBH acquisitions.

Sweet Spot for Partnership & Innovation

Aligned objectives between the health plan & clinical enterprise, with each organization contributing what it does best.



PHN Expansion

Sites	# of Sites	Medicare Advantage Members	Commercial members	FFS Medicare	GHP Family (Medical Assistance) Members
Geisinger CPSL -PA	42	23,328	61,206	42,715	26,708
Non- Geisinger -PA	40	5,939	18,762	0	8,595
West Virginia	3	0	4,835	0	0
Maine	6	0	1,717	0	0
Total	91	29,267	86,520	42,715	35,303

PHN began in 2006 with 3 Pilot sites. The three pilot sites started with: 5,000 Medicare Advantage , 4,100 Commercial, and 2,100 Medicare lives.

Aug 2013 | 4

Geisinger's PHN model has five core components

Patient-centered primary care

- Patient and family engagement & education
- Enhanced access and scope of services
- **PCP led team-delivered care**
- Chronic disease and preventive care optimized with HIT

Integrated population management

- Population segmentation and risk stratification
- Preventive care
- **GHP employed in-office case management**
- Disease management

Medical Neighborhood

- Micro-delivery referral systems
- **360°care systems** – SNF, ED, hospitals, HH, etc

Performance Management

- Patient satisfaction
- HEDIS and bundled chronic disease metrics
- Preventive services metrics

Value-based reimbursement

- Fee-for-service with P4P payments for quality outcomes
- Physician and practice transformation stipends
- **Value-based incentive payments**
- Payments distributed on Quality Performance

Building the foundation for transformation

PATIENT CENTERED PHYSICIAN DIRECTED, TEAM DELIVERED CARE

ProvenCare® Chronic Disease Management

Primary care redesign serves as the foundation of a patient centered medical home

- Patient Centered Primary Care
- Integrated Population Management
- Value Micro-Delivery Systems
- Quality Outcomes Program
- Value Reimbursement Program

Population Primary Care

Automated Prevention for all Patients

Non Office
Based

High Tech

Enhanced Systems for Chronic Disease

Proactive
Monitoring

High Tech
High Touch

Concentrated Care
Management for Multi-Morbid

Technology Enabled
RN Navigator

High Touch
High Tech

Workflow Redesign

1. **Eliminate** non-value added work
2. **Automate** work that can be done by a computer or done outside an office encounter
3. **Delegate** work that is done at an office visit to trained non-physician staff when possible
4. **Incorporate** new workflows into the provider practice - “Hardwire” with reminders and EHR tools to enhance the reliability and efficiency of care
5. **Activate** the patient with EHR assistance when possible

Workflow Principles

1. Automate work that can be done outside of an office encounter
2. Distribute work that is done at an office visit to trained non-physician staff when possible
3. Create reminders and EMR tools to enhance the reliability and efficiency of care provided at the office encounter

Practice Redesign Case Study

Diabetes Systems of Care

- All or None “Bundle” measure for Diabetes
- Clinical process redesign – Eliminate, Automate, Delegate, Incorporate, Activate
- Clinical decision support – Health Maintenance and Best Practice Alerts
- Patient specific strategies using registry report data
- Care Gaps
- Patient centered strategies – Patient report cards
- Compensation

All-or-None Bundle Measures

Donald Berwick:

- More closely reflect the interests and desires of patients
- Foster a system approach to achieving all goals
- Provide a more sensitive scale for assessing improvements



Nolan T, Berwick DM. All-or-none measurement raises the bar on performance.

JAMA 2006;295:1168-70

Geisinger Diabetes Bundle

Measures	Quality Standard
HgbA1c measurement	Every 6 months
Hgba1c control – Patient Specific Goal	<7 or 7-8
LDL measurement	Yearly
LDL control – Patient Specific Goal	<70 or <100
Blood pressure control	<140/80
Urine protein testing	Yearly
Influenza immunization	Yearly
Pneumococcal immunization	Once before 65, Once after 65
Smoking status	Non-Smoker
Patients who receive/achieve ALL of the above measures	DM Bundle Percentage

Diabetes Process Redesign

Automate

EHR

- Previsit Planning
- Reminder letters – CareGaps Outreach

Delegate

Clerical

- Scheduling of Flu/Pneumococcal, Follow Up

Clinic Nurse

- Immunizations, Lab Testing, Foot Exam

Case Manager

- High Intensity Coordination/Education

Incorporate

Nurses

- Nurse Rooming Tool, Process Measure BPAs

Providers

- Alerts and Reminders for Complex Decisions

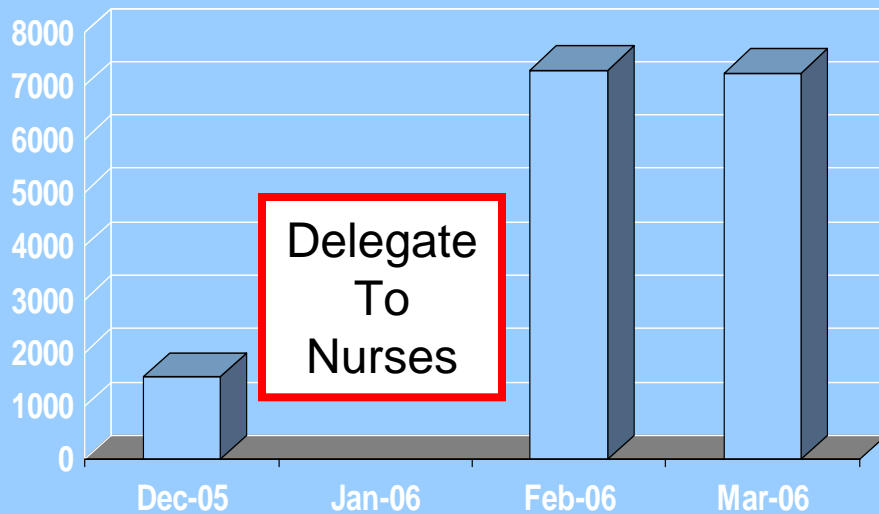
Activate

Patients and Families

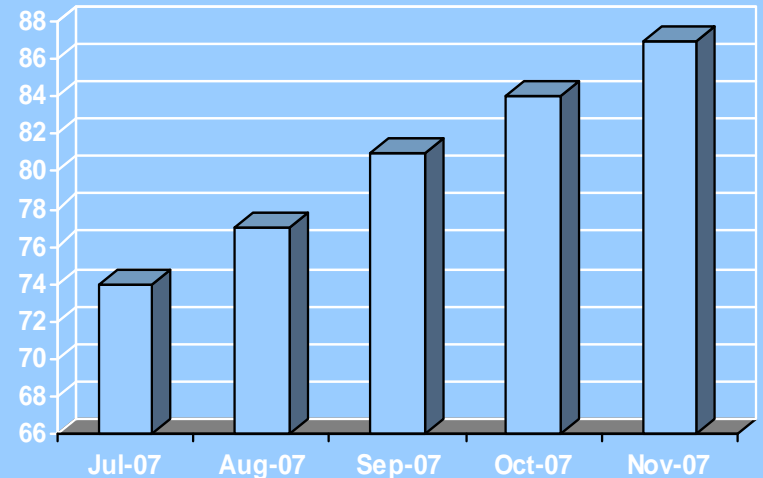
- MyGeisinger, Patient Report Cards

Nurse Rooming Tool Improvements

MyG Enrollments



Urine Microalbumin



Patient Activation: Portal-Based Report Card

Your online health management tool

The following Health Reminders are recommended for people of your age, gender, and medical history. **If the procedures and dates are different from what your doctor has discussed with you, please follow your doctor's recommendation.**






If you want to find previous dates that health reminders were completed, click date Last Done.

Schedule	Name	Due Date	Status	Last Done
<input type="checkbox"/>	DILATED EYE EXAM (PERFORMED BY AN EYE DOCTOR)	03/06/1968	Overdue	
<input type="checkbox"/>	URINE MICROALBUMIN (URINE PROTEIN)	03/06/1968	Overdue	
<input type="checkbox"/>	DIABETIC FOOT EXAM (AT LEAST EVERY 12 MONTHS)	03/06/1968	Overdue	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PNEUMONIA SHOT (ONCE IN A LIFETIME, MINIMUM)	03/06/1968	Overdue	
<input type="checkbox"/>	HEMOGLOBIN A1C (3 MONTH BLOOD SUGAR AVERAGE)	03/06/1968	Overdue	
	Mammogram-yearly, Ages 40-75	07/07/2006		07/07/2005
	DILATED EYE EXAM (PERFORMED BY AN EYE DOCTOR)	10/01/2006		
	LDL CHOLESTEROL (BAD CHOLESTEROL)	01/28/2007		01/28/2006
	Pap Smear (Every 2 Years)	02/13/2008		02/13/2006

To request an appointment for one of the procedures listed above, check in the schedule column and click **Schedule**.

Diabetes Best Practice Alerts

BestPractice Alerts

Action(s)
 Dx of DM. LDL every 12 months, Standard <100. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open SmartSet: BPA GHS DIABETES LDL
 Dx of DM. Pneumovax - at least one lifetime vaccine. One time revaccination >64 years old (if vaccine given more than 5 years ago). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open SmartSet: BPA_GHS_PNEUMOVAX
 Dx of DM. Flu vaccine - once per flu season is standard. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open SmartSet: BPA-GHS_DIABETES_FLU
 Dx of DM. HgbA1c every 3 months, Standard < 7% Last HGBA1C: Not on file <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open SmartSet: BPA - GHS DIABETES - HGBA1C Greater than 7.0
 Dx of DM. Microalbumin every 12 month, Standard < 30. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Open SmartSet: BPA GHS DIABETES MICROALBUMIN
Accept

Diabetes: Patient Letter/Report Card

Personal Diabetic Report Card: Abigail L George

4/28/2006

Below is a summary of relevant Diabetes values that we feel could help you manage your health better. Feel free to discuss this with your care provider.

HEMOGLOBIN A1C

Your most recent Hemoglobin A1c values are:

HEMOGLOBIN, A1C(%)			
Coll	Dt/Tm	Resulted	Value Status
3/2/06	11:23A	3/2/06	6.6* FINAL
11/21/05	4:21P	11/22/05	8.7* FINAL

The above values should be **LESS than 7 (<7)**. If these are more than 7 then you have a higher chance of having eye, kidney, and heart problems in the future.

CHOLESTEROL

Your most recent LDL cholesterol (bad cholesterol) results are:

LDL (CALCULATED)(mg/dL)			
Coll	Dt/Tm	Resulted	Value Status
11/15/05	8:20A	11/15/05	110 FINAL

The above values should be **LESS than 100 (<100)**. If these are consistently higher than 100, then your chance for heart attack and stroke increases yearly.

BLOOD PRESSURE

Your most recent Blood Pressure readings are:

Last 3 BP Readings:	
Date:	BP:
04/28/2006	100/60
04/25/2006	140/80
03/02/2006	124/80

The above values should be **LESS than 130/80**. Contact me if your readings at home are consistently higher than this.

Last 2-3 values displayed

LDL values and goals.

Last BP readings

Timely Feedback of Data

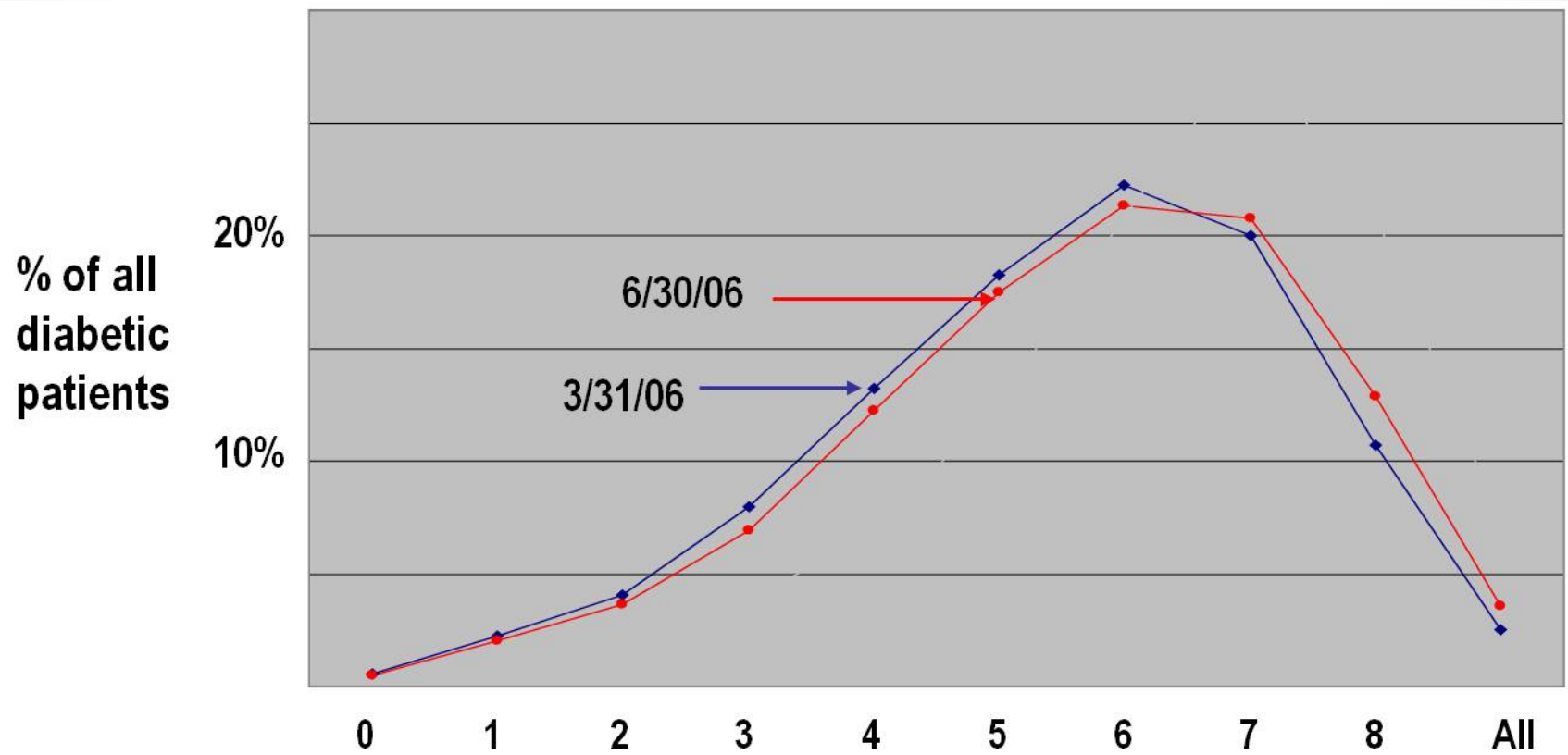
- EPIC EMR allows collection of clinical data without manual chart reviews
- Data is collected on an individual physician basis, but summarized into site reports to encourage team based solutions and accountability
- 9 components the Diabetic Bundle being collected this year
- Bundle percentage is the percentage of the site patients who are achieving all 9 of their diabetic goals

Improving Diabetes Care for 27,258 Patients

	3/06	3/07	12/13
Diabetes Bundle Percentage	2.4%	7.2%	14.0%
% Influenza Vaccination	57%	73%	69%
% Pneumococcal Vaccination	59%	83%	79%
% Microalbumin Result	58%	87%	80%
% HgbA1c at Goal	33%	37%	47%
% LDL at Goal	50%	52%	60%
% BP < 140/80	39%	44%	66%
% Documented Non-Smokers	74%	84%	85%

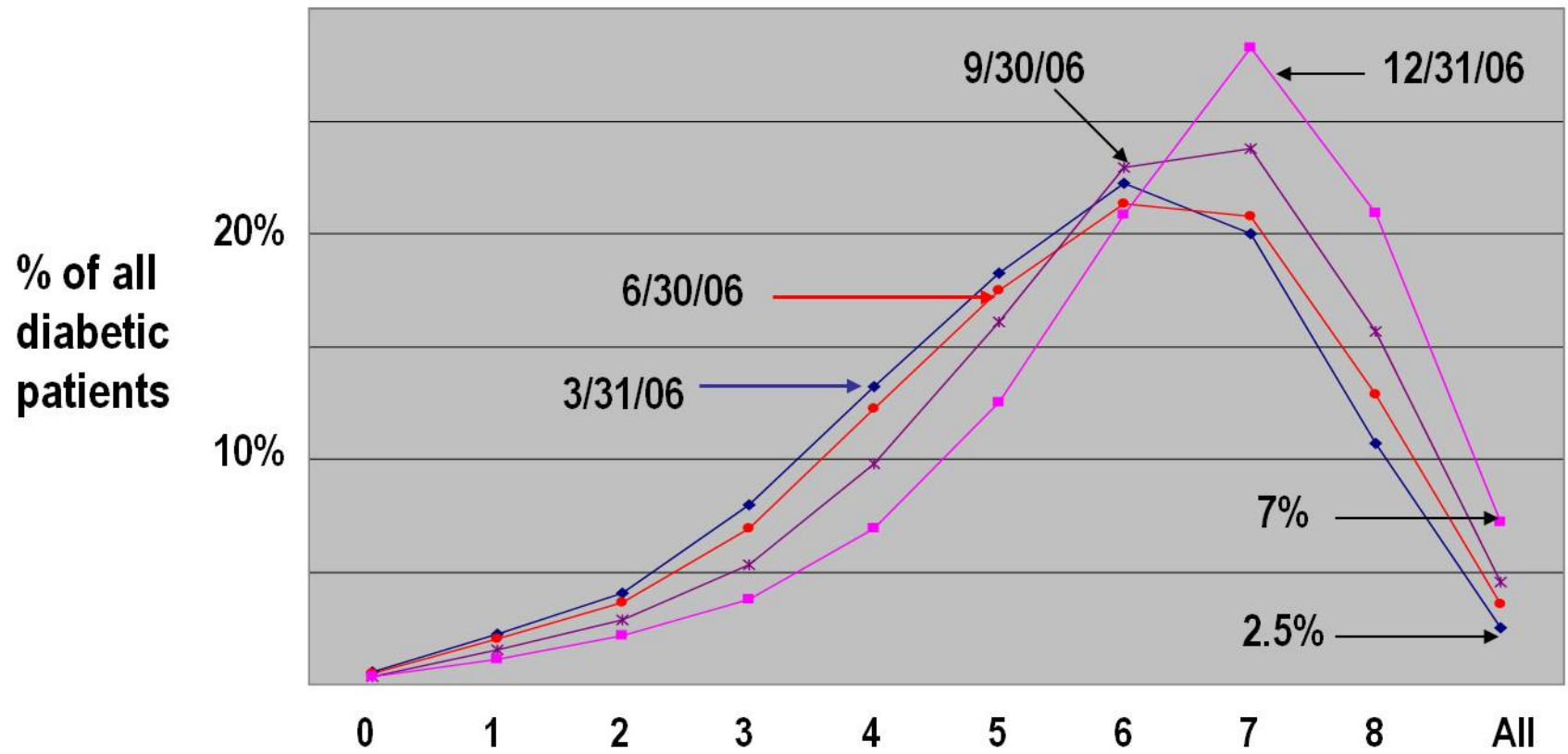
Diabetes Bundle Improvement

Number of Bundle Elements Achieved



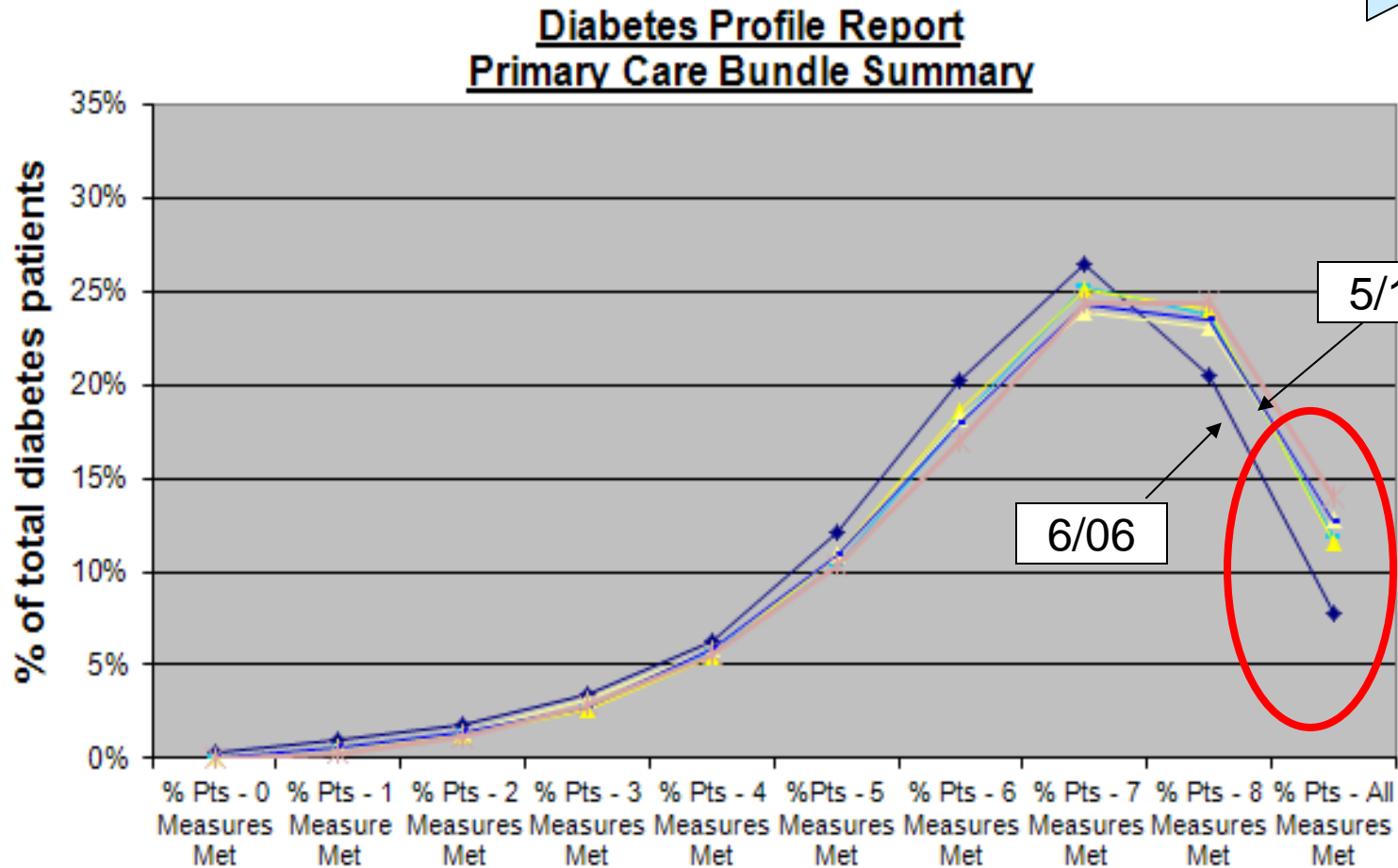
Diabetes Bundle Improvement

Number of Bundle Elements Achieved



Diabetes Bundle Improvement

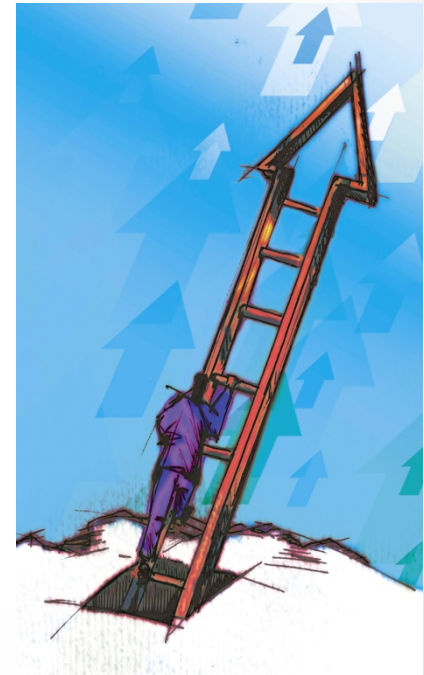
Entire Population Shifts Toward Better Care



Bundle
Increases

Redesign requires behavior change which can be led, managed

- Paradigm shift for leaders, clinicians & staff and leadership to population management by a collaborative care team
- Work behaviors must change (redesign) in order to effect outcomes
- Change process must be proactively managed
- Behavior Change “Catalysts”
 1. Proactive identification of patients at risk or with care gaps
 2. Embedded nurse case managers
 3. Care team meetings which discuss patient care & performance reports



Monthly Care Team Meetings

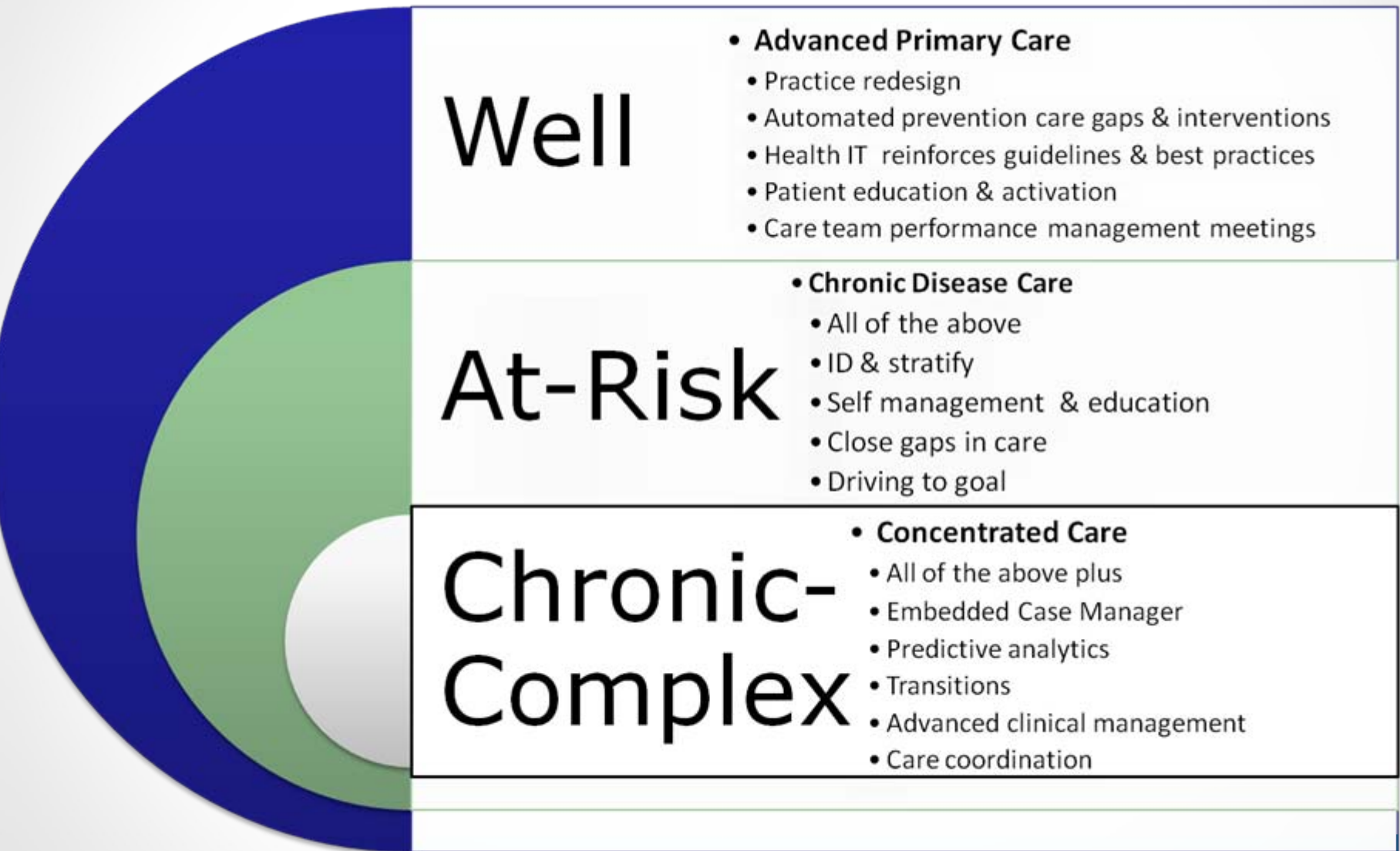
- Foundational to success
- Shared leadership
- Case review
 - Missed opportunities
 - Pattern recognition
- Workflow gaps and redesign
- Performance monitoring
- Review of patient ID reports & performance outcomes
- Care Team training



Understanding and managing a population

INTEGRATED POPULATION MANAGEMENT

Care Approach by Patient Risk Status

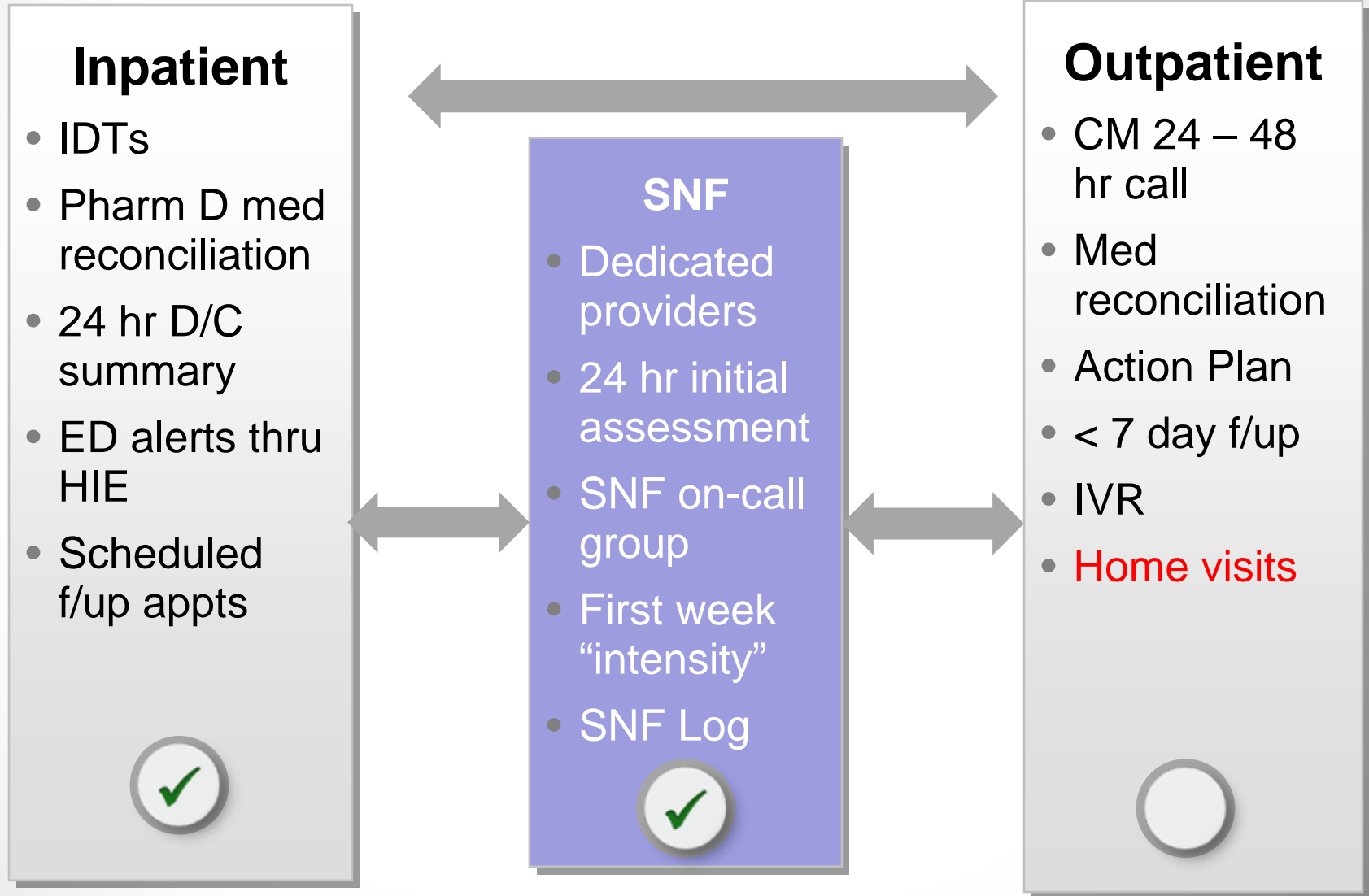


27

Embedded Case Management has been Core to our Success

Personal Care Link	Embedded Case Manager	Recognized Team Member
Comprehensive Care Review – medical, social support	- High risk patient case load	Regular follow-up of high risk patients
TOC follow-up – acute care, SNF, ED	- 15 - 20% Medicare	Facilitates access – PCP, specialist, ancillary
Direct phone access – questions, exacerbation protocols	- 5% commercial	Facilitate special arrangements – home care, hospice, AAA
Patient, family support contact	- 125 - 150 pts per CM	Links health care team to payer
	- 1 CM per 800 Medicare lives	
	- 1 CM per 5000 commercial lives	
	-1 CM per 3500 Medicaid lives	
	- Not disease management focused	
	- Focus on those at most risk	
	- Focus on driving issue within the case	

Transitions of Care



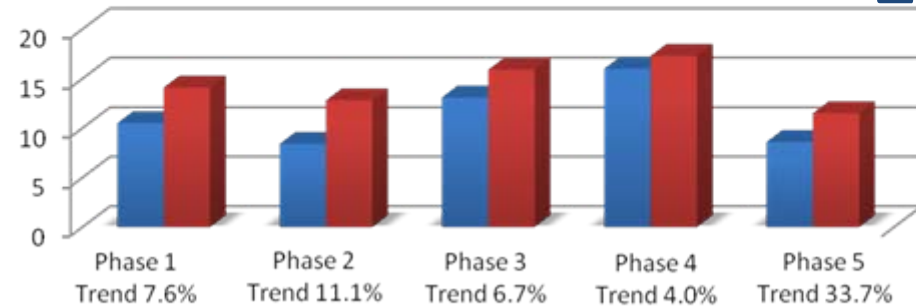
Evaluating the Impact

PROVENHEALTH

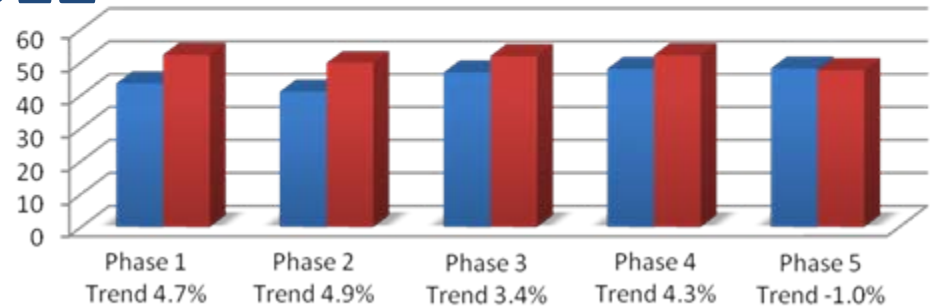
NAVIGATOR®

ProvenHealth Navigator® Quality Outcomes - 2012

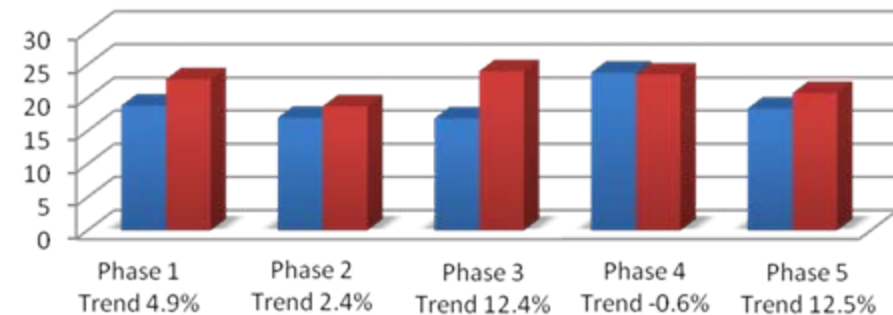
Diabetes Bundle



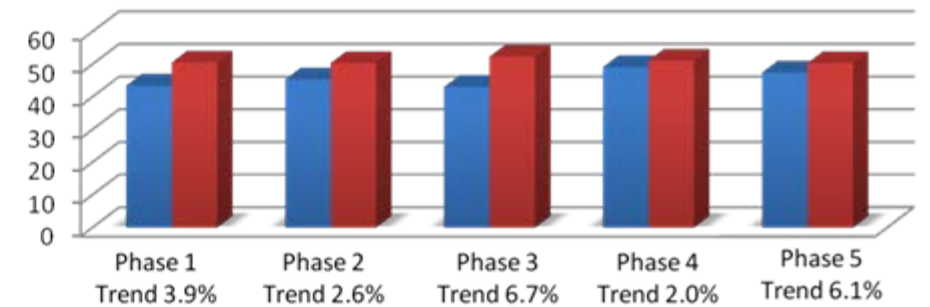
A1C Less than 7%



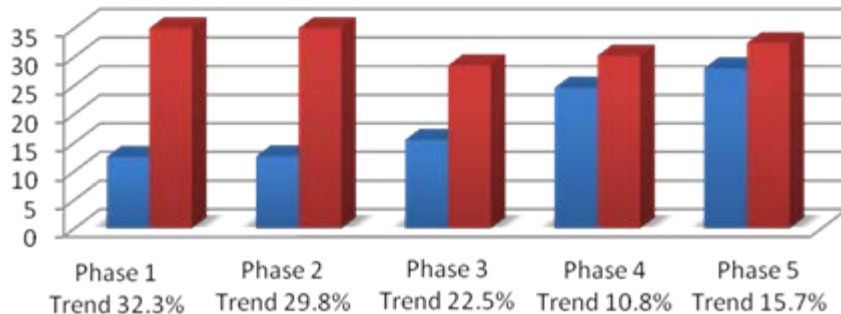
CAD



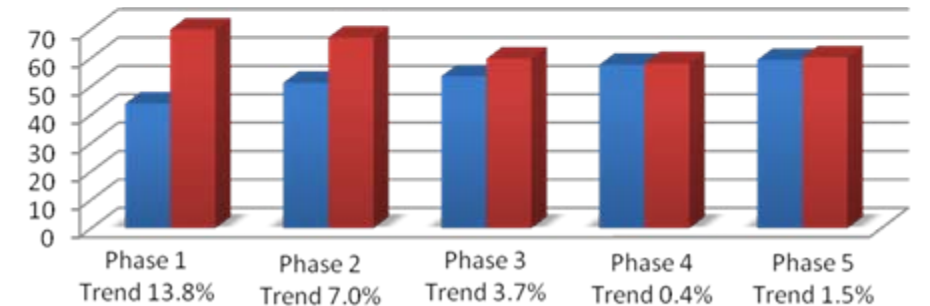
LDL Less than 100 or Less than 70 if High Risk



Preventive Care



Mammogram



Phase 1 and 2 trends represent 2007 through 2011 trends – Blue Bar = 2007 & Red Bar= 2012
 Phase 3 trends represent 2008 through 2011 trends – Blue Bar = 2008 & Red Bar = 2012
 Phase 4 trends represent 2009 through 2011 trends – Blue Bar = 2009 & Red Bar = 2012
 Phase 5 trends represent 2010 through 2011 trends – Blue Bar = 2010 & Red Bar = 2012

Value Driven Care

Patient Centered Outcome Improvements

•Microvascular

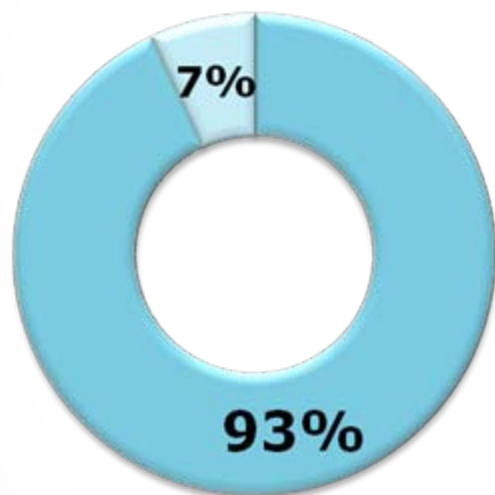
- Retinopathy
 - Less than three years
 - Number needed to treat to avoid one case: 151
- “Intention to treat” type analysis - e.g. does the patient’s physician employ a system of care or not, regardless of patient adherence to the system of care (bundle score)

•Macrovascular

- Heart Attack
 - Less than three years
 - Number needed to treat to avoid one heart attack: 82
- Stroke
 - Less than three years
 - Number needed to treat to avoid one stroke: 178

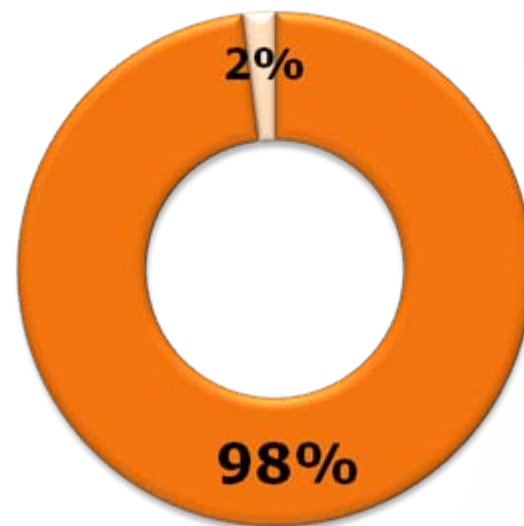
Patient Satisfaction Survey Responses: Overall Experience with the Medical Home

Has your care improved?



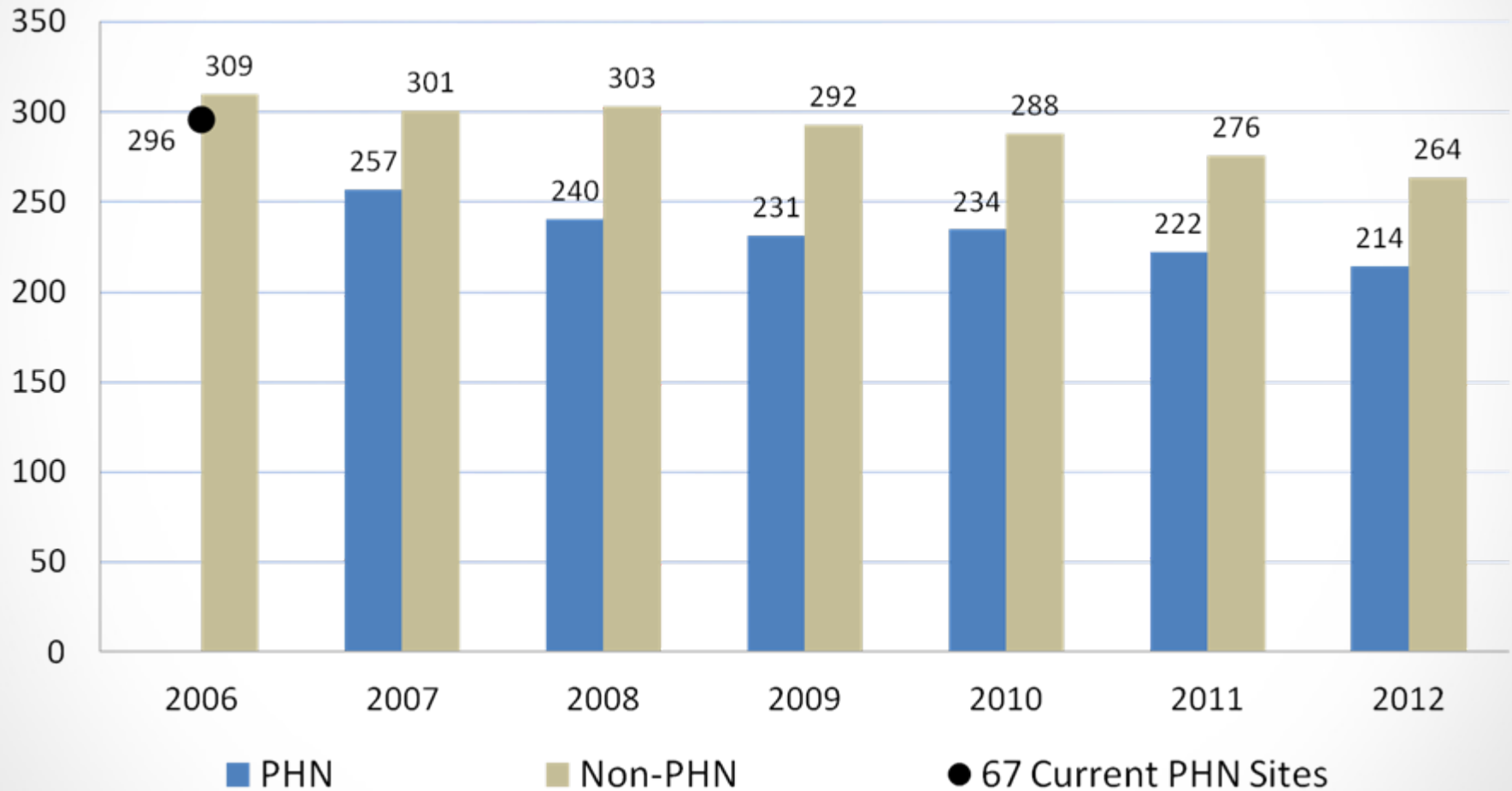
- Agree and Strongly Agree
- Disagree and Strongly Disagree

How satisfied are you with
your Primary Care site?

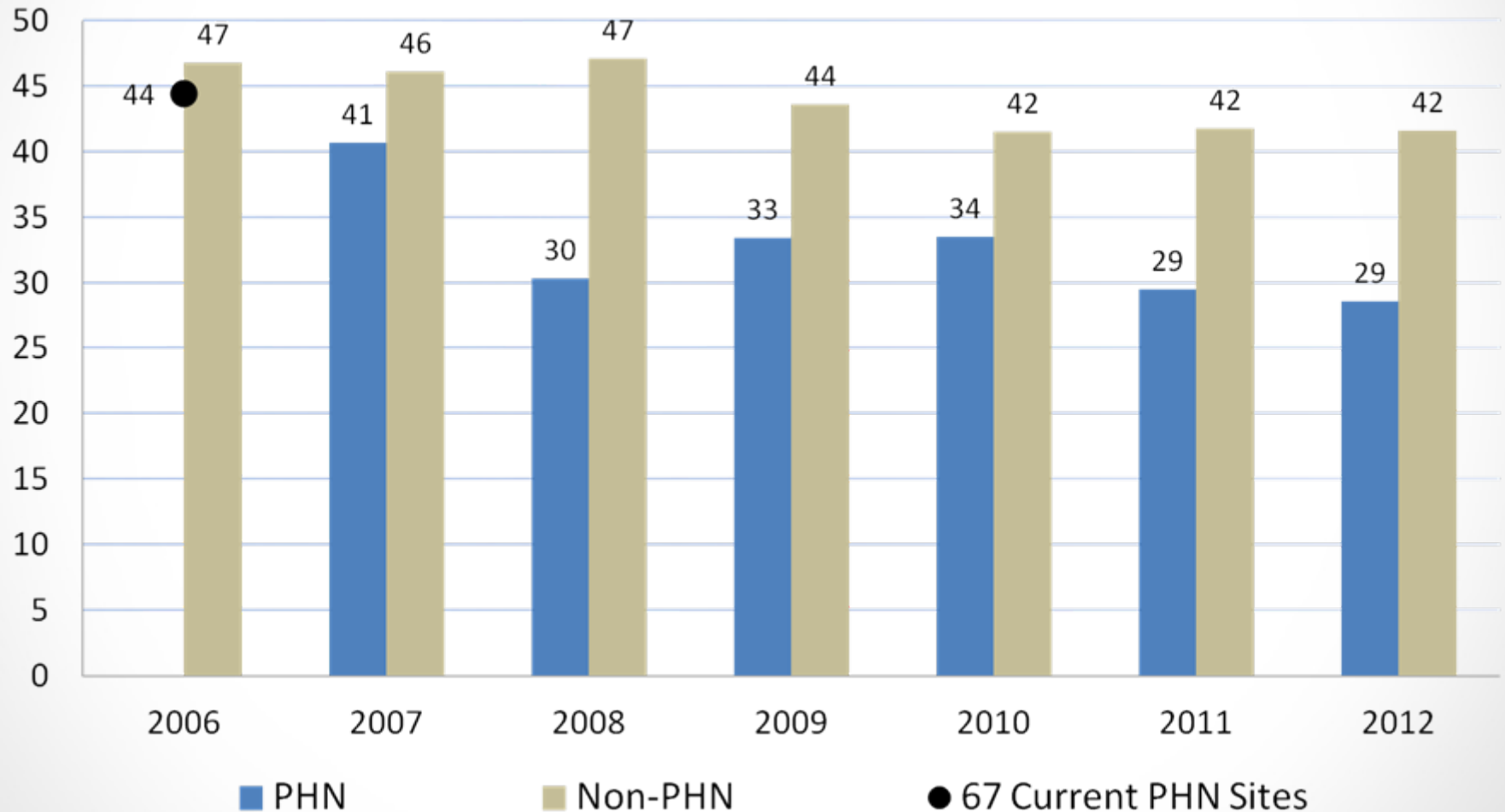


- Very satisfied and satisfied
- Very dissatisfied and dissatisfied

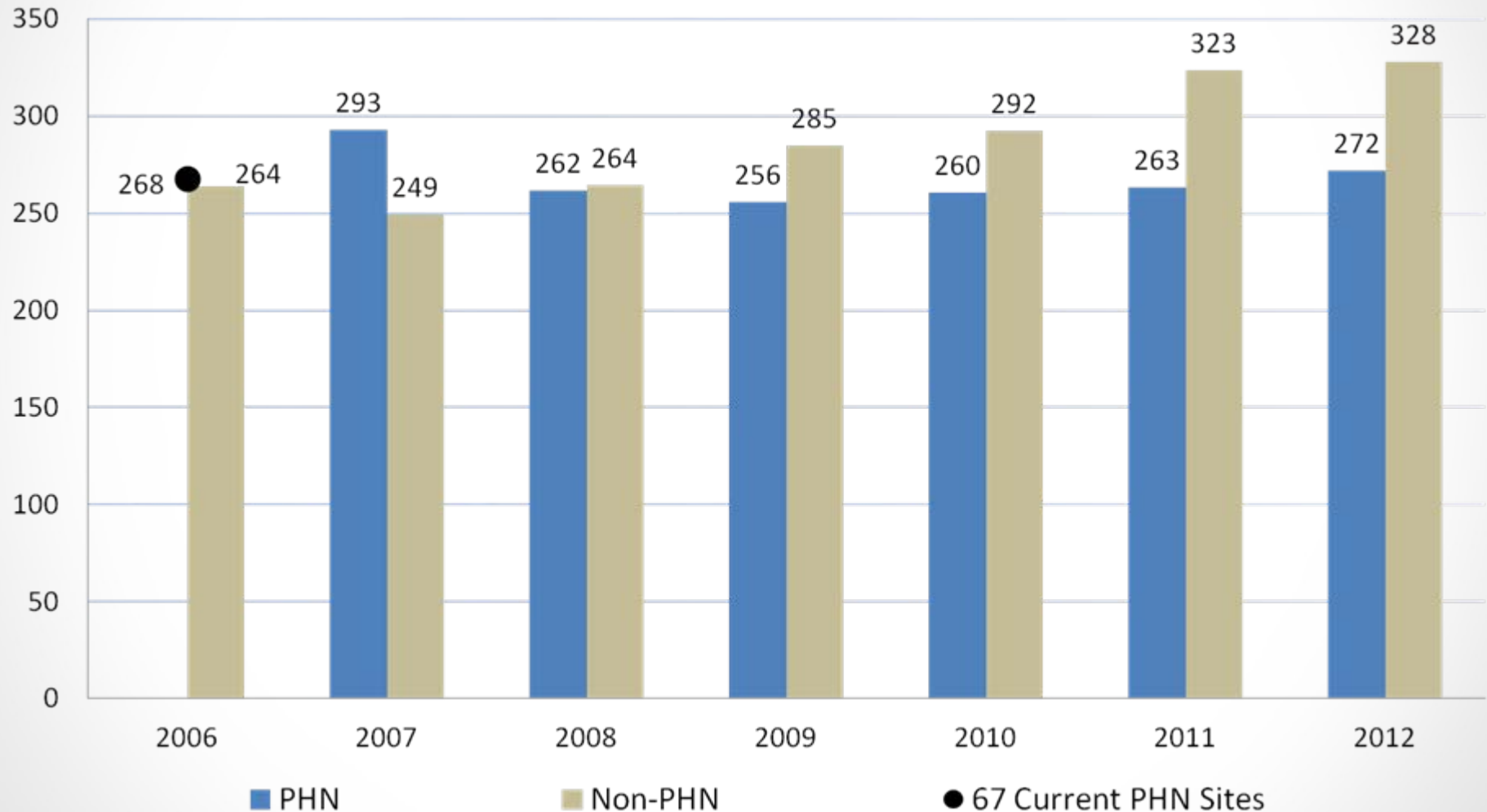
Medicare Risk Adjusted Acute Admissions/1000



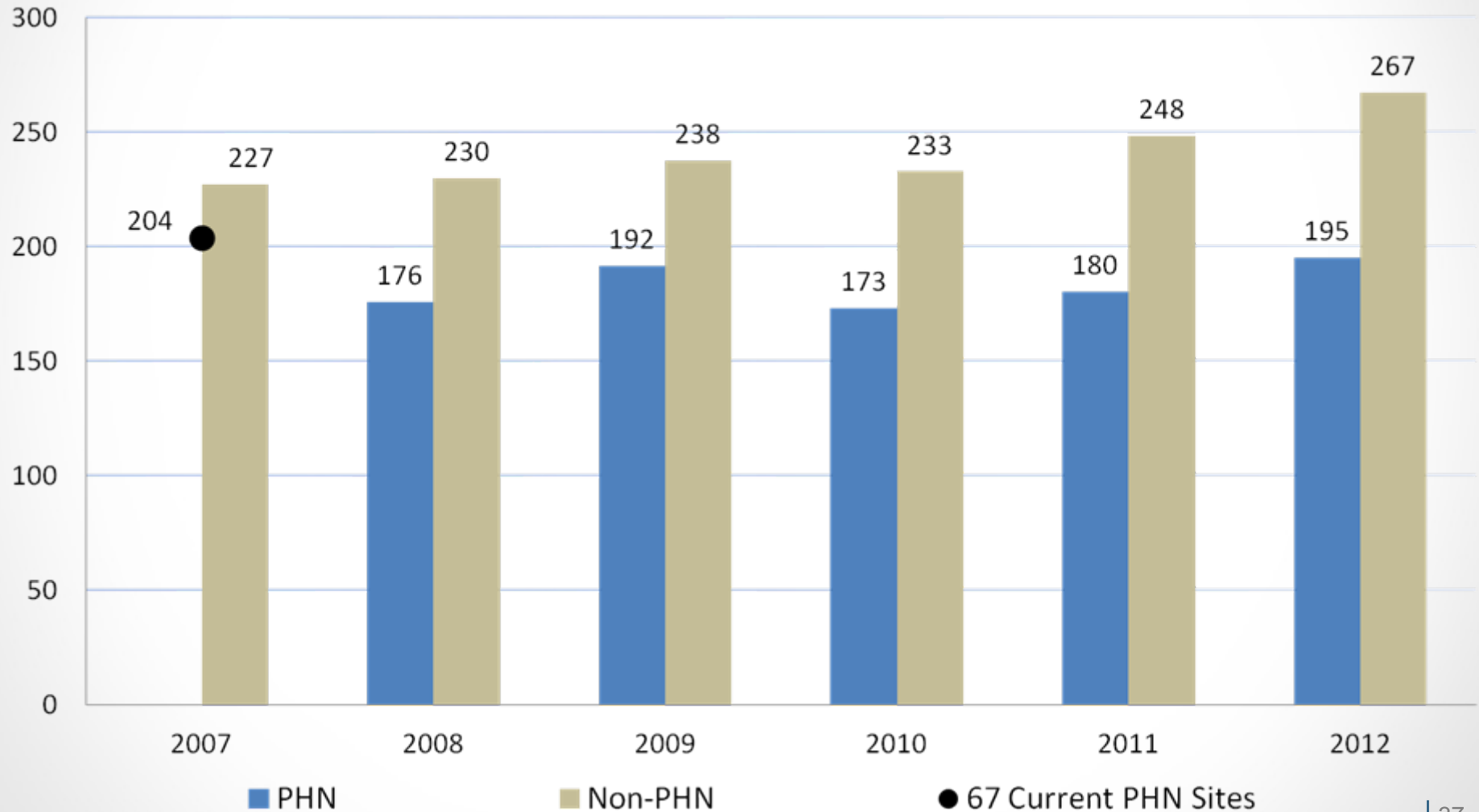
Medicare Risk Adjusted Readmissions/1000



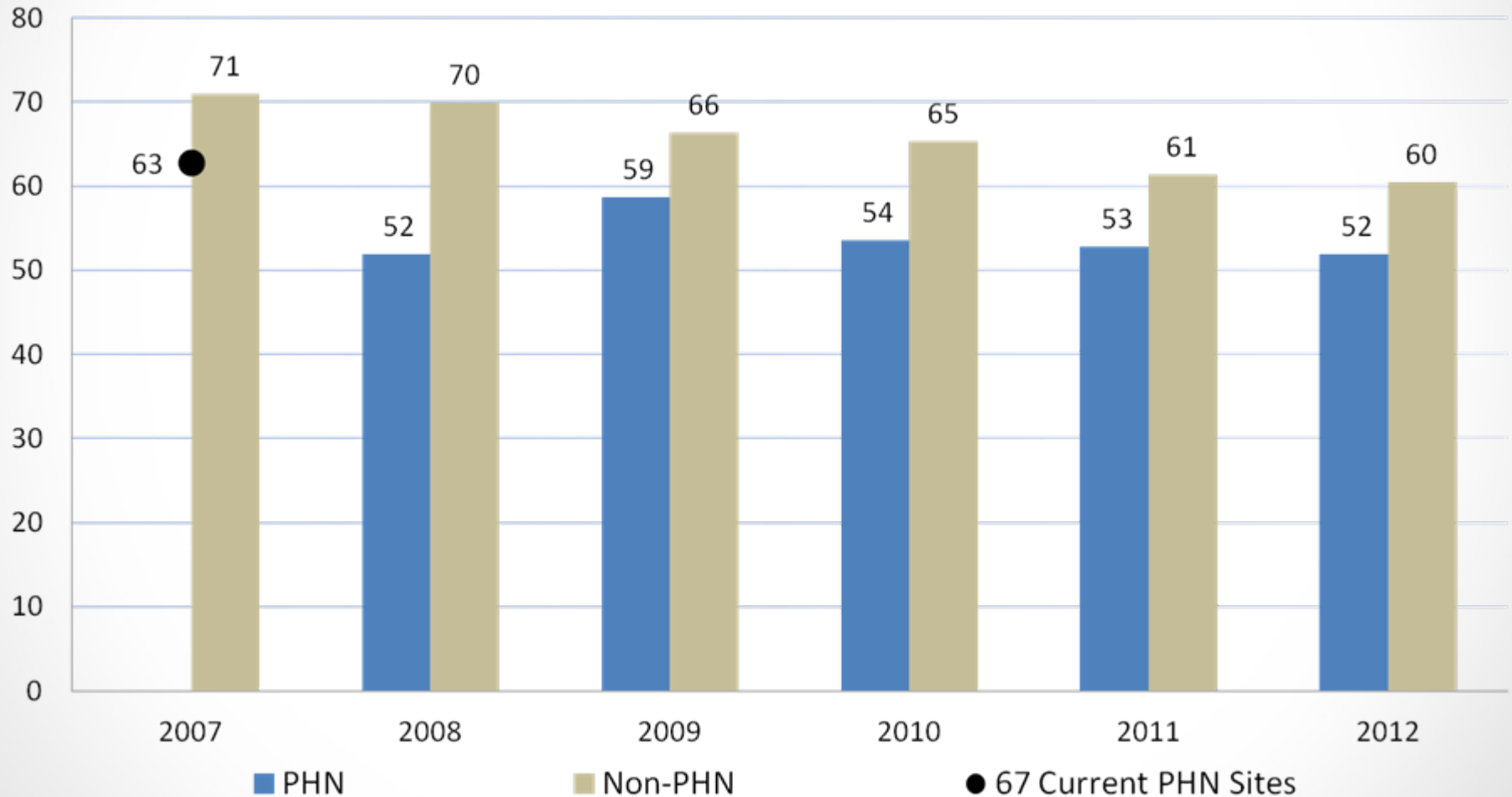
Medicare Risk Adjusted ED Visits/1000



Commercial Risk Adjusted ED Visits/1000



Commercial Risk Adjusted Acute Admissions/ 1000



PHN Results for Medicare

Table 4. Estimated Effect of ProvenHealth Navigator on Admissions, Readmissions, and Spending^a

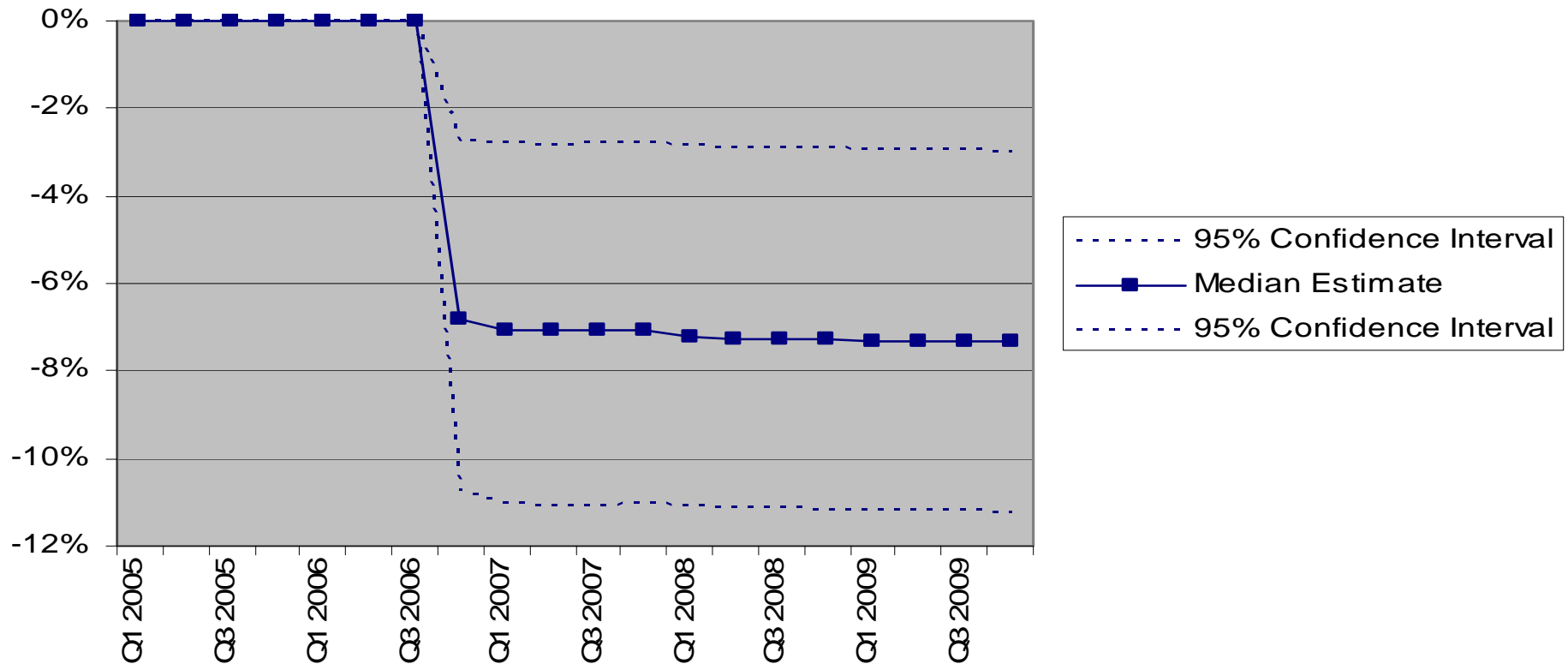
Variable	PHN Participants		Expected Difference Attributable to PHN	95% CI	P
	Active	Simulated			
Admissions per 1000 members per year	257	313	-56 (-18%)	-30% to -5%	<.01
Readmissions per 1000 members per year	38	59	-21 (-36%)	-55% to -3%	.02
Total costs PMPM, \$	107	116	-9 (-7%)	-18% to +5%	.21

CI indicates confidence interval; PHN, ProvenHealth Navigator; PMPM, per member per month.

^aTotal spending (plan payment plus member copayment) values exclude prescription drugs and are indexed to equal \$100 for non-PHN sites in January 2005 to protect confidentiality of spending figures. Results are reported for 2 groups: (1) PHN participants (active), representing only data from participants at PHN sites after implementation and (2) PHN participants without PHN (simulated), representing the expected outcomes from the previous group if the PHN had never been implemented.

(*Am J Manag Care.* 2010;16(8):607-614)

Cumulative percent difference in spending attributable to PHN



Cumulative percent difference in spending (Pre-Rx Allowed PMPM \$) attributable to PHN in the first 21 PHN clinics for calendar years 2005-2009. Dotted lines represent 95% confidence interval. $P = < 0.003$



GEISINGER
Redefining BoundariesSM

Discussion & Questions