TRACK II: Medication Management — New Roles, New Players

Part 2: A Community Pharmacy Model

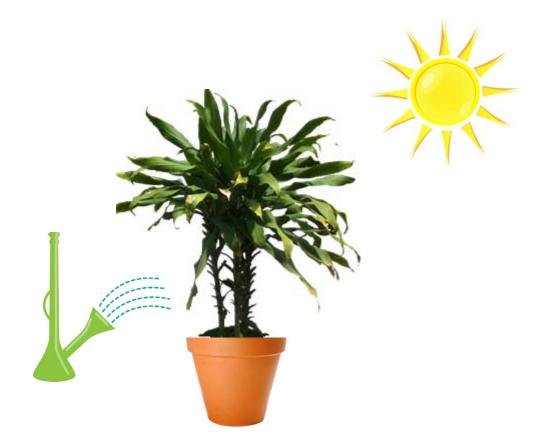
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VP, Pharmacy Programs

Community Care of North Carolina



Creating an Environment in which Community Based Care Coordination Thrives

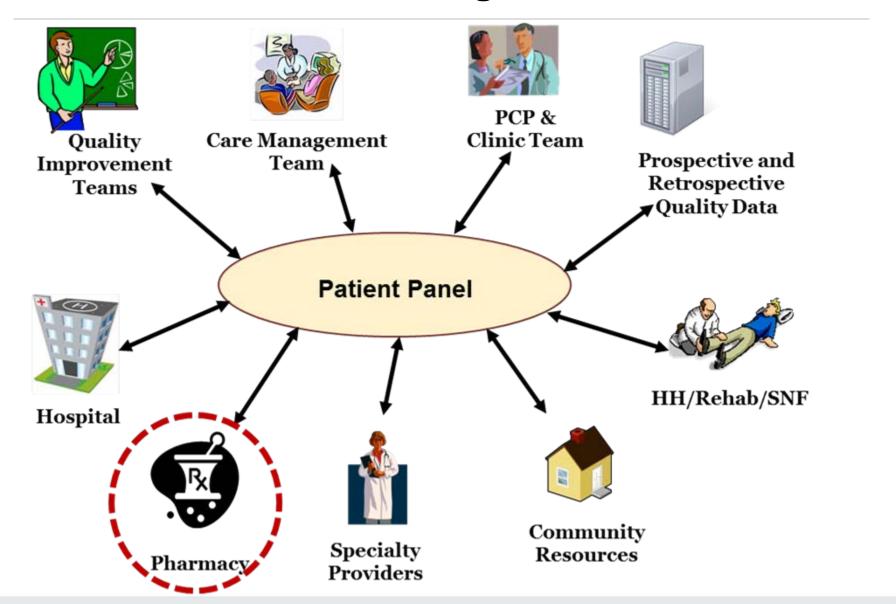


Key Ingredients:

#1 Patient Targeting & Shared Goals #2 Meaningful Interpersonal & Inter-professional Relationships

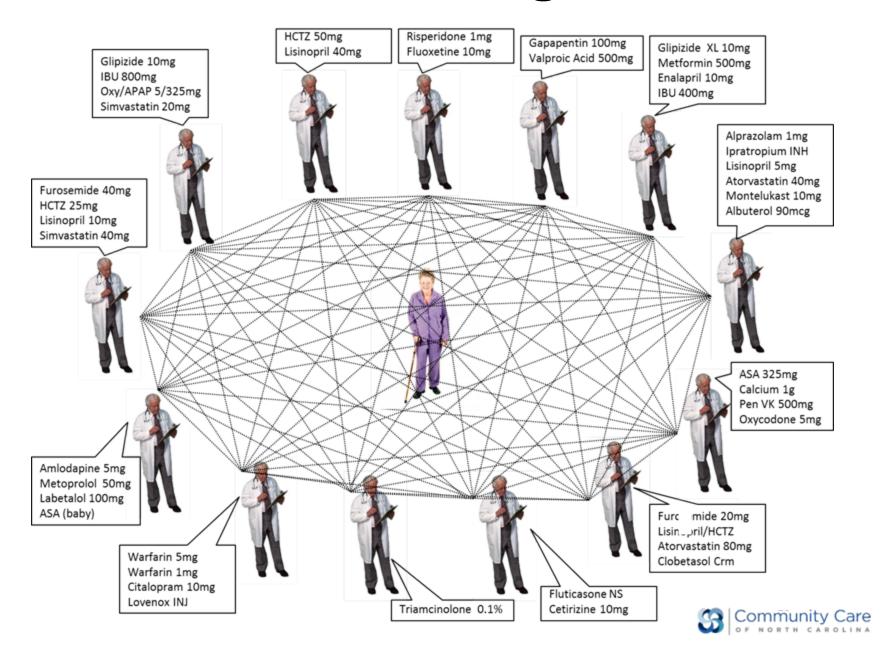


What Does the Medical Neighborhood Look Like?





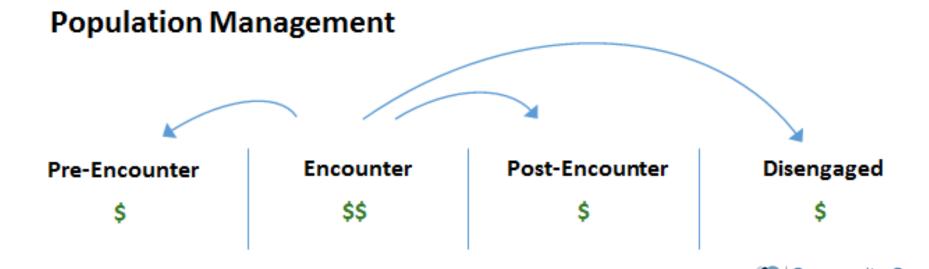
The Challenge.



Fundamentally Different Approach to Payment and Delivery

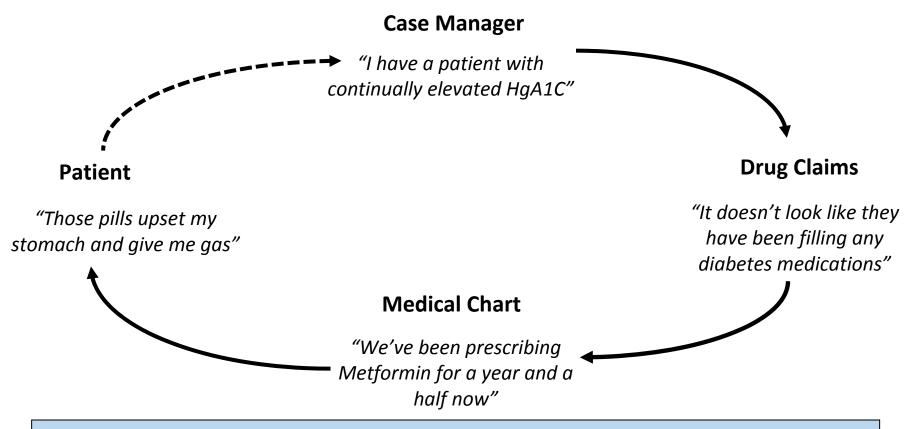
Fee-For-Service

Pre-Encounter	Encounter	Post-Encounter	Disengaged
x	\$\$\$\$\$	x	x
	l	I and the second	



Medication Optimization: A Team Sport

Example of an unmet treatment goal resulting from an adherence-related drug therapy problem



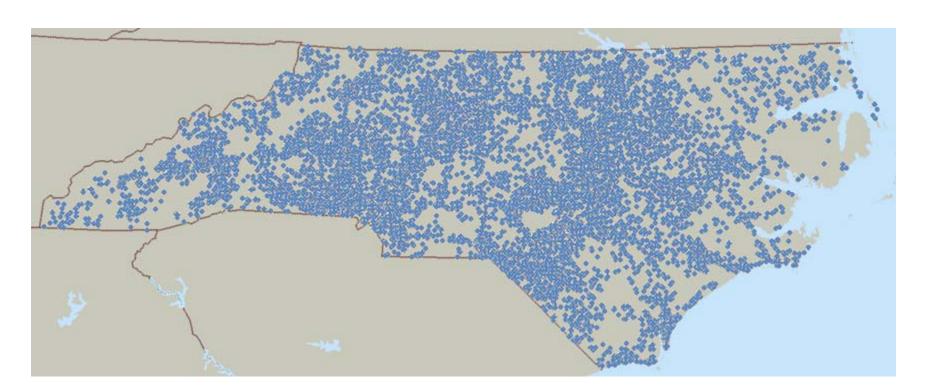
Goal: Create a well-coordinated, goal-oriented, continually re-enforced drug <u>use</u> plan



How to Scale Medication Optimization Efforts?

(with limited PCP, Care Manager time/effort/acumen/desire...)

>32,000 Individuals received CCNC Transitional Care Support in 2015





North Carolina CPESNSM

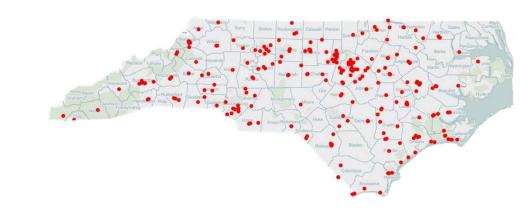
(Community Pharmacy Enhanced Services Network)

Goal: create a network of pharmacies who are willing to provide services and care coordination that *transcend* currently offered outpatient pharmacy program requirements / contracts.

This includes pharmacies that are willing and able to perform highly intensive, highly coordinated, and longitudinally-oriented medication optimization activities through a method of co-management with primary care providers, their care management teams, and the extended medical neighborhood.



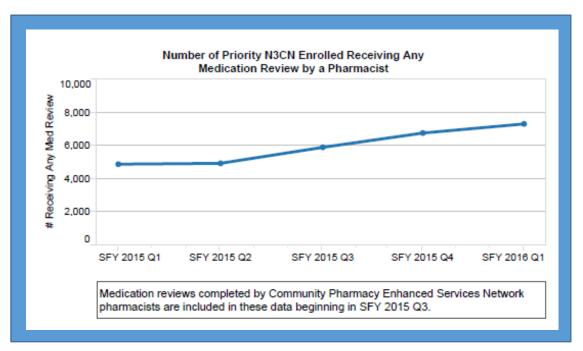
The Community Pharmacy Enhanced Services Network (CPESN)



				CCNC						
			Enrollees						Enr	ollees on
		with total		Enrollees on		Enrollees on		Medication		
	CCNC		medical cost		CCNC		TC Priority		Management	
	Enrollees		>\$10,000		Priority list		list		Priority list	
Total number of members		1,348,229		112,529		17,753		153,241		6,377
Total medical cost	\$	4,078	\$	27,527	\$	23,813	\$	18,215	\$	25,345
# of Inpatient visits		0.11		0.52		1.41		0.45		1.04
Inpatient costs	\$	369	\$	3,464	\$	5,337	\$	2,924	\$	6,456
# of mental health inpatient vi		0.01		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.04
ED visits		0.67		1.65		2.94		1.74		3.05
ED cost	\$	178	\$	745	\$	1,262	\$	816	\$	1,657
Outpatient visits		4.30		9.43		12.04		8.70		12.28
Mental health outpatient visit		0.62		1.88		1.04		1.53		1.14
PCP visits		2.09		2.91		2.53		2.65		3.52
Pharmacy visits		4.97		19.63		16.95		23.05		35.03
Pharmacy costs (Pre Rebate)	\$	721	\$	5,177	\$	3,342	\$	4,298	\$	6,183

"Shared Metrics"





"New Findings, New Target Populations"

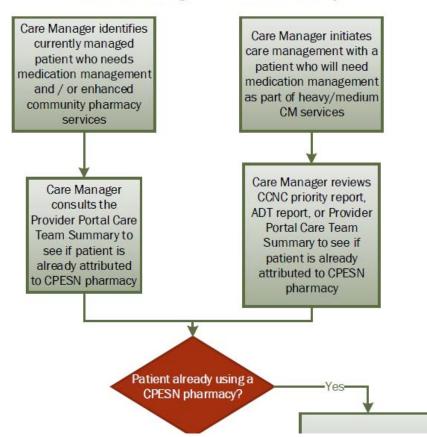


Attribution Group	Num_Patients	IP_PMPM	IP_PMPM_Expected	IP_Index	ED_PMPM	ED_PMPM_Expected	ED_Index
CPESN	26,800	0.014521	0.017911	0.81073	0.1044	0.11628	0.89782
Non-CPESN	362,904	0.012342	0.013229	0.93296	0.09148	0.10482	0.87276
Other	50,466	0.025947	0.023872	1.08693	0.14165	0.12176	1.16336

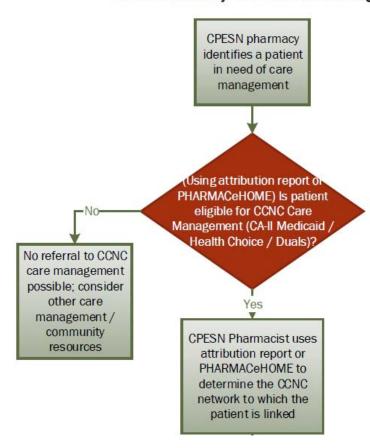
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(Example Referral Process-Ways of Working)

Initiation of Co-Management/Referral CCNC Care Manager → CPESN Pharmacy

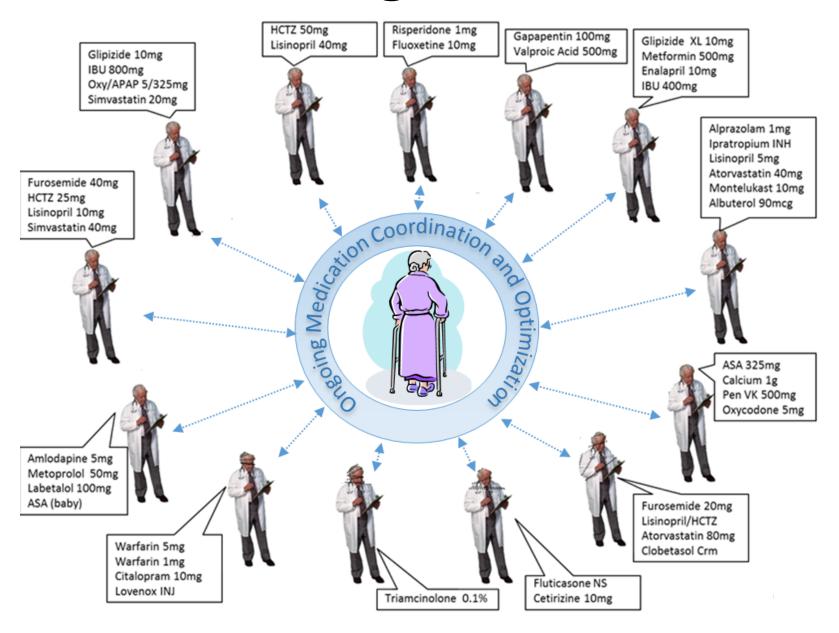


Initiation of Co-Management/Referral CPESN Pharmacy → CCNC Care Manager





Challenge Solved.



Questions?

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