

Bundled Payments in Action

How to Make Value-Based Surgical
Care Work for You

Value**Health**

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ValueHealth



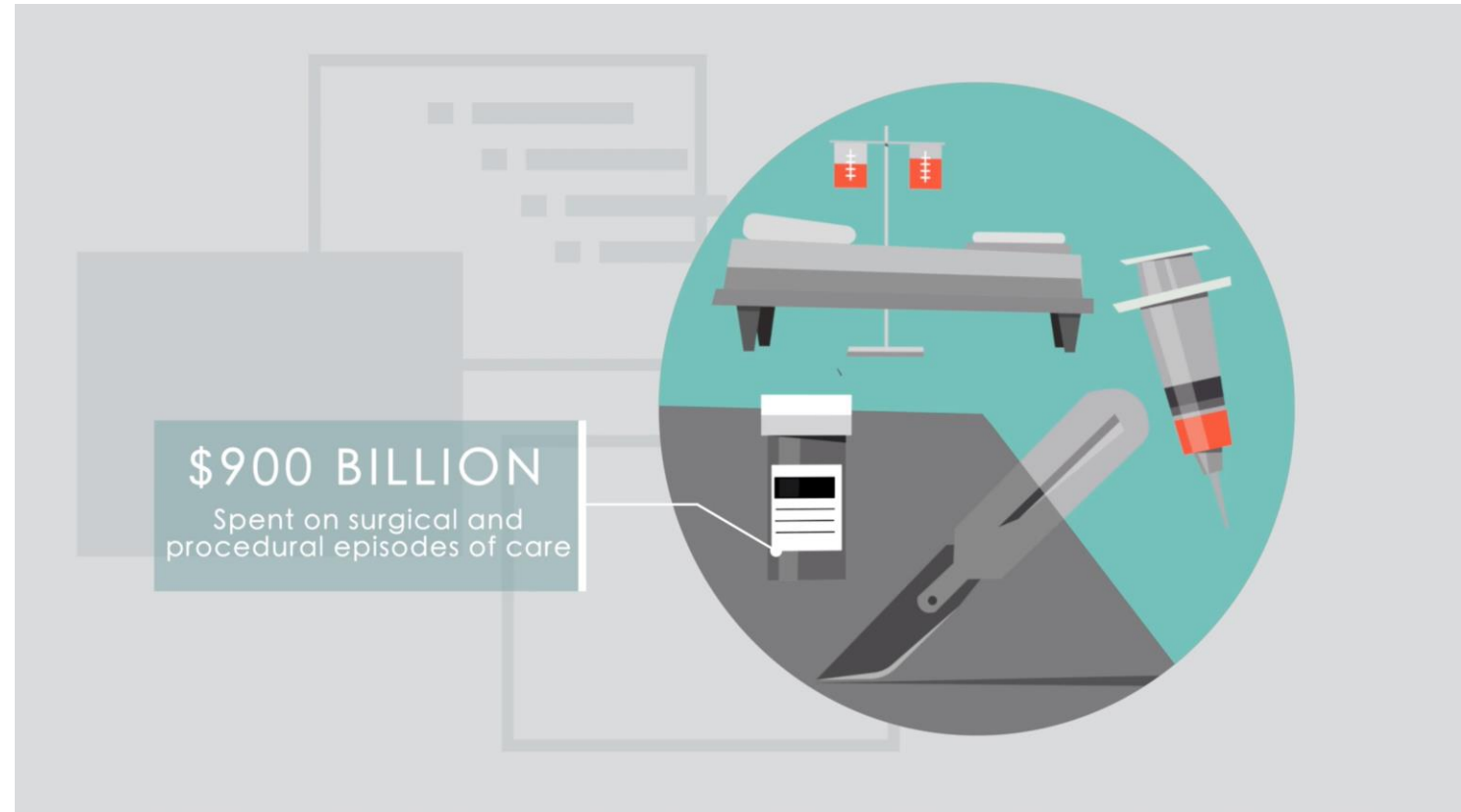
Macro Economics Refresher



Healthcare Industry

\$3T = 17% of GDP

Of that \$3 trillion,
approximately 1/3 is
spent on surgical and
procedural episodes
of care.





In the transition of the healthcare industry from fee-for-service to value-based care **Orthopedics** is clearly emerging as the specialty to lead the way for these reasons:

1. Orthopedic surgery is the largest segment (1/3 or \$900B) of the U.S. healthcare market
2. Easiest to impact/low hanging fruit
3. It is a growing segment

Orthopedic Growth

Because of population growth /shift and disease prevalence orthopedic service line is expected to grow by over 40% by 2027. Almost all of that (35%) will be outpatient growth.

Total Hip & Knee Replacement

Facts & Figures

1 Million

Total hip & knee replacements performed annually in the U.S.¹

673% Growth

By 2030 demand for TKAs will grow annually to 3.4M²

174% Growth

By 2030 THA will grow to 0.5M²

Medicare Expenditure on TJA

Greater than \$7B per year

5,519 Ambulatory Surgery Centers

3.3% are performing total joint replacements³

¹CDC/NCHS National Hospital Discharge Survey

²Kurtz et al, The Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery

³Beckers ASC Review

The Muve Program enables ambulatory care to a broader population on TJA patients through integrated processes and enhanced recovery in our Muve Stay Suites

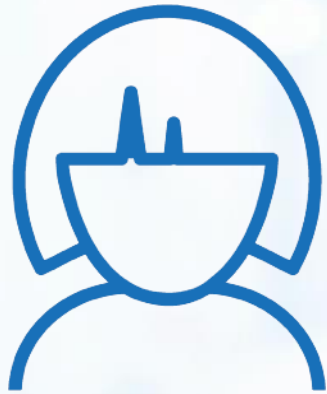
70% of TJR Suitable for new emerging and proven delivery models



The Value Equation

$$\text{VALUE} = \frac{\text{Clinical Quality} + \text{Patient Experience}}{\text{Cost}}$$

Two Major Market Forces Driving the Transition to Value



Consumerism



Payment Reform

Provider/Consumer Relationship

**Provider of
Healthcare**



**Consumer of
Healthcare
(Patient)**

Does The Value Equation Still Apply?

$$\text{VALUE} = \frac{\text{Clinical Quality} + \text{Patient Experience}}{\text{Cost}}$$

Payors do care about Quality



Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Their Services

Must Meet The Needs of Bundled Payment Models

A Progressive Spectrum of Payor Contracts

Least Advanced – Case Rate

Most Advanced – Full Bundle at Risk With Warranty



ACUTE EPISODE OF
CARE

ACUTE EPISODE OF
CARE

ACUTE EPISODE OF
CARE

ACUTE EPISODE OF
CARE + 45

90-DAY

- Modified FFS
 - Excl. Surgeon fees
- Pre-surgical consult to 48 hours post-op
- No post-acute care risk

- Modified Prospective Bundle
 - Excl. Surgeon fees
- Pre-surgical consult to 48 hours post-op
- No post-acute care risk

- Full Prospective Bundle
- Pre-surgical consult to 48 hours post-op
- No post-acute care risk

- Full Prospective Bundle
- Pre-surgical consult to 48 hours post-op
- 45-day follow-up

- Full Prospective Bundle
- Pre-surgical consult to 90 days post-op
- 90-day follow-up

Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Their Services
2. Provide A Warranty

Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Their Services
2. Provide A Warranty
3. Financially Back The Warranty

Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Their Services
2. Provide A Warranty
3. Financially Back The Warranty
4. Purchase Warranty Reinsurance

Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Your Services
2. Provide A Warranty
3. Financially Back The Warranty
4. Purchase Warranty Reinsurance
5. Provide Data To The Underwriter

Patient Population THA Assessment

- CPT code for Total Hip Replacement (27130)
- Must have active enrolment allowing a minimal follow-up of at least 30 days post index date
- Having patient claim with at least one Total Hip Code

Analytical expediency, patient claim records with two Total Hip codes were excluded

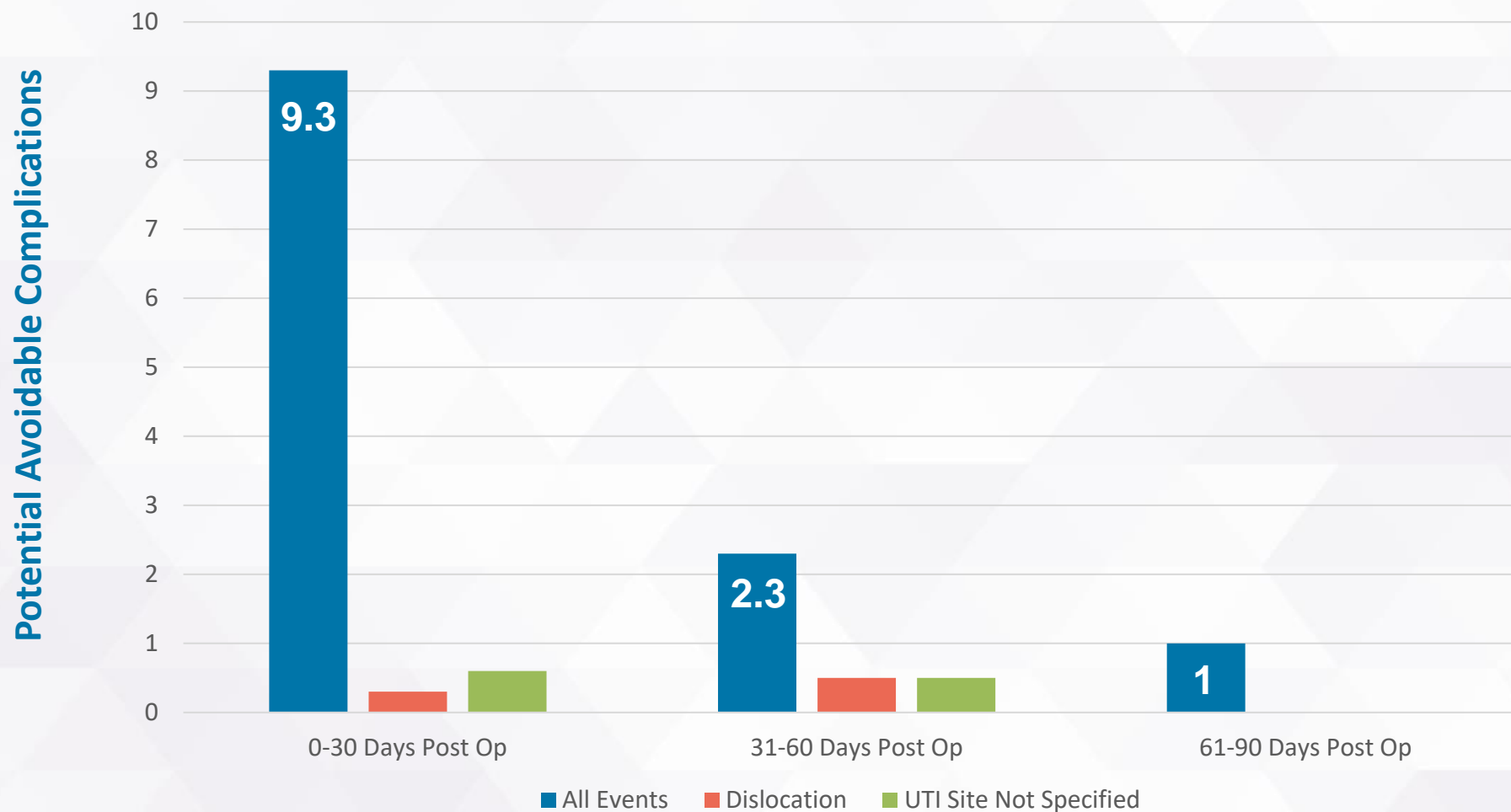
Approximately 400 Cases were excluded (a single patient with two trigger codes for HIP TJR)

Code Group	Code Number	Code Description	Role 1	Role 2
CPT	27130	Replacement Hip Total Simple	Procedure	Trigger
Code Group	Frequency	Frequencies (first Hip Repl. event only)		
27130	1065	657		

13 ASC Patients
644 Hospital Patients

Patient Population THA Assessment

Fig. 1 PAC Incidence Rates Following Total Hip Replacement Procedure in 10-60-90 Days Windows

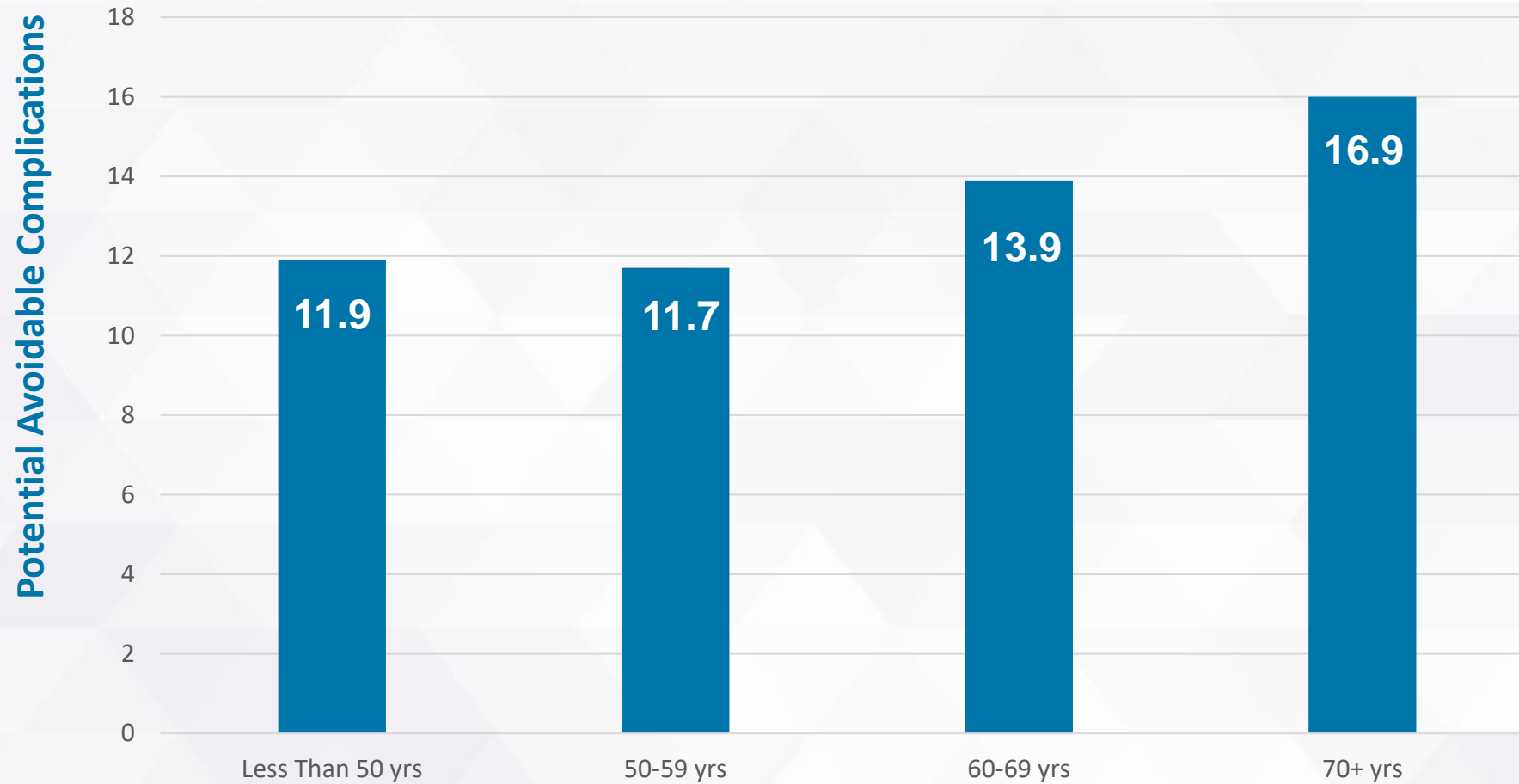


Total Amount Billed Charges (All Claims)

	N (Cumulative)	Amount Billed	Difference	Ratio
30 days following day procedure (9.3% of Patients Claim a PACs by 30 Days)				
No PAC	596	\$50,521		
PAC	61	\$57,813	+\$7,292	1.14
60 days following day procedure (11.6 % of Patients Claim a PACs by 60 Days)				
No PAC	581	\$52,581		
PAC	76	\$62,925	+\$10,344	1.20
90 days following day procedure (12.8 % of Patients Claim a PACs by 90 Days)				
No PAC	573	\$54,436		
PAC	84	\$67,303	+\$12,867	1.24

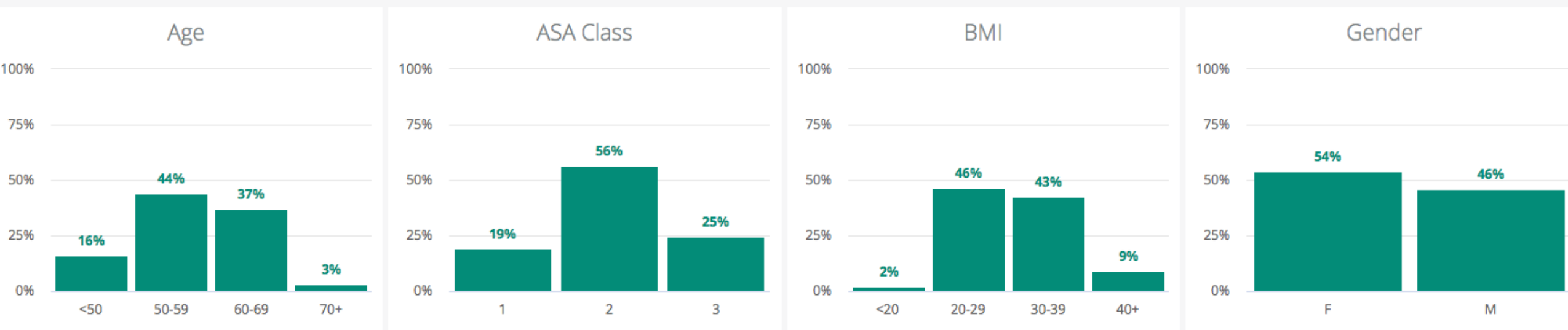
Patient Population THA Assessment

**PAC: Incidence Rates 90 Days Post Op
Total Hip Replacement Procedures Stratified
by Age Group (years) of Day Surgery**

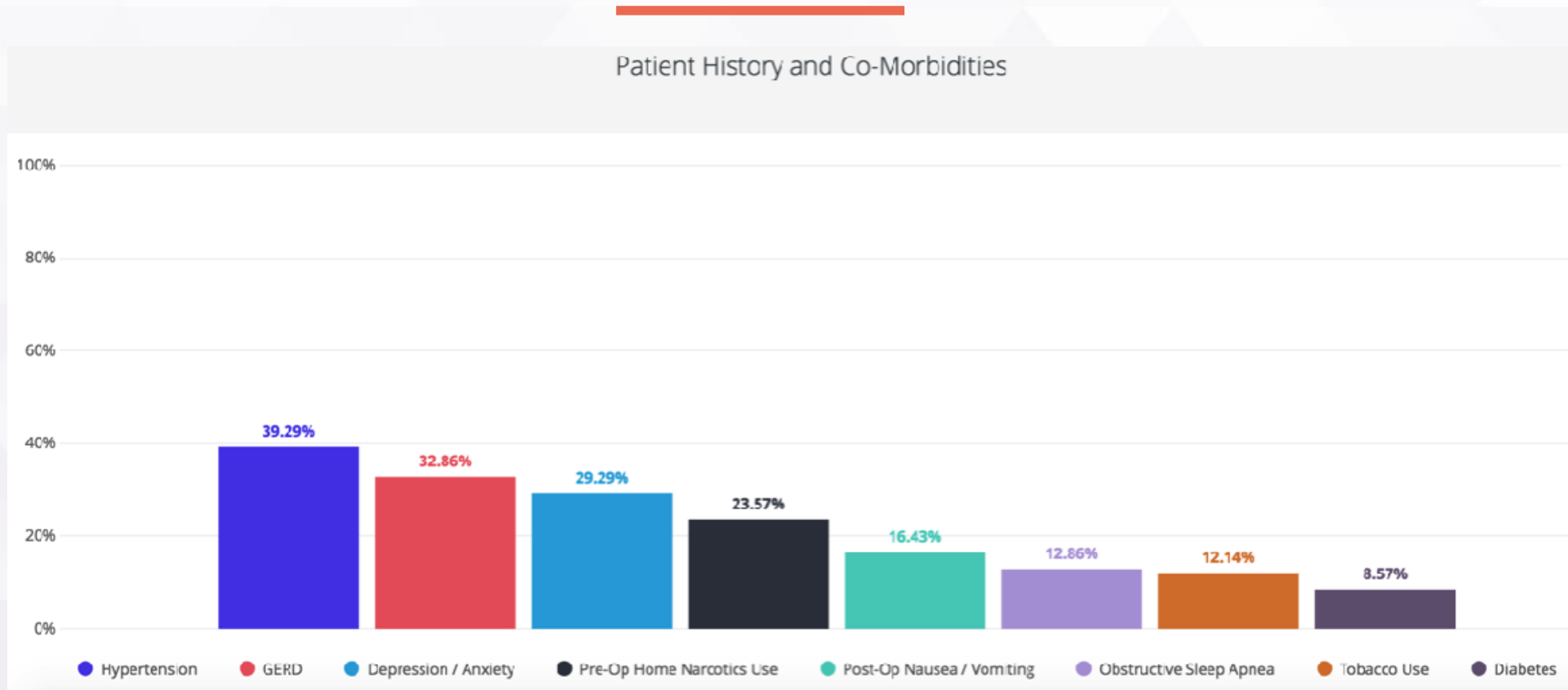


Data on Completed THA/TKA Joints

Patient Demographics



Data on Completed THA/TKA Joints



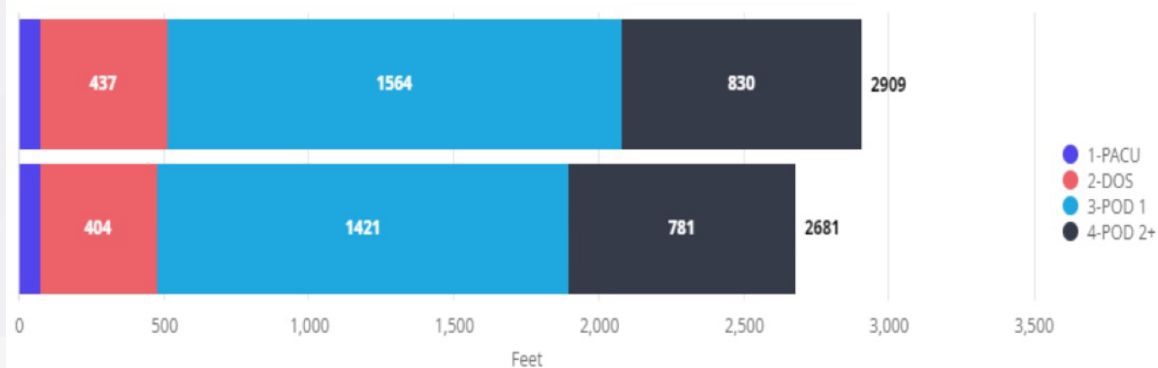
Data on Completed THA/TKA Joints

Ambulation

100%

Patients Walked in PACU

Average Distance Walked



PACU - First Ambulation

147.1
THA

151.7
TKA

Suites - First Ambulation

40.1
THA

53.7
TKA

Data on Completed THA/TKA Joints

Patient Experience

Net Promoter Score (Average)

How likely are you to recommend Muve to your family and friends? (-100 to +100)

99

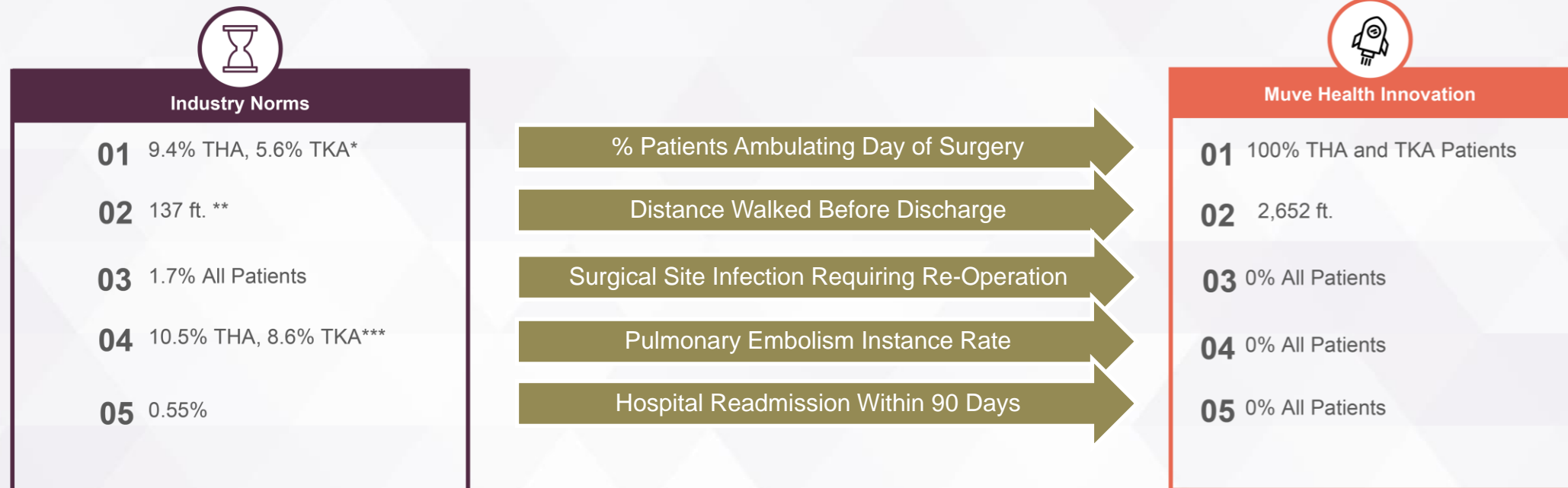
90 Day Procedure Satisfaction (Average)

How satisfied are you with your procedure? (5 Point Scale)

4.5

New Emerging Delivery Models

Clinical Outcomes are Surpassing Industry Benchmarks



I. Chua, M. J., Hart, A. J., Mittal, R., Harris, I. A., Xuan, W., & Naylor, J. M. (2017). Early mobilisation after total hip or knee arthroplasty: A multicentre prospective observational study.
 II. ACCP Database - TKA/THA combined
 III. 3. Magee Women's Hospital of UPMC Averages. MacGee is a Top Ranked U.S. News and World Report Best Orthopedic Hospital
 IV. 4. Kurtz1 - S.M. Kurtz et al. / The Journal of Arthroplasty 31 (2016) 2099e2107 Kurtz2 - S.M. Kurtz et al. / The Journal of Arthroplasty 31 (2016) 2130e2138
 V. Becker's 2017 Study

Provider data people can't be IT jocks and they need to be part of the multi-disciplinary team

They'll need to understand....

- Comorbidity and Risk Stratification
- Orthopedic-specific Risk Factors
- Independent Risk Factors
- Sensitivity Analysis on PAC
- Related Care Utilization

....so Providers can begin the process of pricing the bundle, providing a warranty and underwriting the reinsurance.

Six Things Providers Must Be Able To Do

1. Bundle Their Services
2. Provide A Warranty
3. Financially Back The Warranty
4. Purchase Warranty Reinsurance
5. Provide Data To The Underwriter
6. Have Technology to Capture the Data

Provider Technology Capabilities Must Include but are Not Limited To:

Patient Assessment Data
Care Pathway Digital Platform
Real Time Collection of Current Patient Outcomes
Direct to Consumer
Accommodate Payor Steerage
Accommodate Employer Steerage
Digital Platform for Patient Navigation
Value Based Claims Adjudication (if the employer or
Payor does not have this capability)



Care Pathway Digital Platform

New Provider Delivery Models

1. Have superior clinical outcomes
2. Have higher patient satisfaction scores
3. Significantly reduce costs to the payor

PAYOR AVERAGE SAVINGS ON PROCEDURES



Knee Replacement
Total Savings
\$21,000.

Hip Replacement
Total Savings
\$22,000.

AVERAGE SAVINGS ON A TOTAL JOINT REPLACEMENT

Traditional
Hospital
Fee for Service
arrangement
with no warranty

\$54,000.

ACE
Network
Bundle Payment
with 90 day
warranty

\$33,000.

Total
Savings

\$21,000.

Patient Savings

Employee Out-of-Pocket Savings



Total Joint Replacement \$2,500

New Provider Delivery Models

1. Have superior clinical outcomes
2. Have higher patient satisfaction scores
3. Significantly reduce costs to the payor
4. Accommodate 70% of Market Need
5. Result in Better Physician Economics

New Provider Delivery Models

1. Have superior clinical outcomes
2. Have higher patient experience scores
3. Significantly reduce costs to the payor
4. Accommodate 70% of Market Need
5. Result in Better Physician Economics
6. Are beginning to be the Recipients of Significant Payor/Employer Steerage

5 Things Payors Should Be Able To Do:

1. Administer Value Based Models Including Bundles

Value Based Payment (VBP) Models

Flexibility – Administer Any Combination

Capitation:

- PCP – Enrollment Based/PMPM
- Service Based (ex: Radiology)
- PCMH – Care Coordination Fees
- PCSP – Care Coordination Fees
- Full Capitation – Percent of Premium Dollar – or PCP/SCP Capitation
- Support PCP Member Attribution
 - Member Selected
 - Claims Based

Shared Savings:

- Health Systems
- IPA/Clinically Integrated Networks
- ACO's
- Large Multi-Specialty Groups
- Independent Providers/Facilities

Quality/P4P:

- PCP's
- Specialist
- Hospital
- ASC's
- Facilities
- Post Acute Care Providers

Bundled Payment:

- Prospective
- Retrospective
- Invoicing
- Fee-for-service with Retrospective Reconciliation
- Distribution of Payments

5 Things Payors Should Be Able To Do:

1. Administer Value Based Models Including Bundles
2. Define the Bundle

Prospective Bundles

Definition Example

Component	Clinical/Payment									
Summary Description	Episode includes all covered services provided to a covered bundled individual during the 7-day episode period for: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prescreening assessment and evaluation before knee arthroscopy, such as physician/staff consultation, lab work, chest-x-ray, and instructions.• Outpatient knee arthroscopy procedure (including anesthesia etc.) and primary or secondary diagnosis indicating conditions that require a knee arthroscopy.• Post procedure physical therapy evaluation and therapeutic visits.• Treatment of any complications that arise related to the index procedure (regardless of treatment setting) within the defined episode period.									
Care Setting	Outpatient									
Episode Period	<table><tr><th>Episode Begin</th><th>Trigger Event Begin</th><th>Episode End</th></tr><tr><td>Day 0-3</td><td>Day 0</td><td>Day 7</td></tr><tr><td>Pre-Operative Services Date</td><td>Procedure Date</td><td>Post-Procedure Date</td></tr></table>	Episode Begin	Trigger Event Begin	Episode End	Day 0-3	Day 0	Day 7	Pre-Operative Services Date	Procedure Date	Post-Procedure Date
Episode Begin	Trigger Event Begin	Episode End								
Day 0-3	Day 0	Day 7								
Pre-Operative Services Date	Procedure Date	Post-Procedure Date								
Standard Services	<p>All facility and professional services between the admission date and the discharge date.</p> <p>Services included and expected to occur within the episode period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• OP Facility Charges – in the ambulatory surgery center or outpatient hospital department• OP Professional Charges - including physicians and assistants• Anesthesia Charges• Ancillary Charges <p>Services included if they occur within the episode period:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Facility charges for treatment of complications during episode period• Professional fees for treatment of complications during episode period<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ Repeat arthroscopy due to incomplete procedure <p>Services excluded from the bundle during the Outpatient phase:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Outpatient pharmacy medications not related to the procedure									
Identification of Principal Accountable Provider	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Orthopedic surgeon performing the procedure• Other physician specialty performing the procedure									
Age Criteria	Age >=18 and <65 on date of procedure (day 0)									
Patient Qualification	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coverage under primary plan from episode begin date through episode end date									
Inclusion Criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Procedure performed by an orthopedic surgeon participating in the program									
Coverage Exclusions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inconsistent coverage during episode begin date through episode end date• Death during episode• Patient with status of "left against medical advice" during the episode									
Standard Exclusions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ASA >=IV• Pregnant• BMI <=35• Readmissions to the hospital not directly associated with the primary surgery									
Clinical Exclusions	<table><tr><td><ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chronic pulmonary disease and/or chronic smoker• Current treatment of chemotherapy or radiation• End stage renal disease• End stage liver disease or history of coagulopathy• Hepatitis A-C• Multiple diagnostics performed on the knee considered for surgery</td><td><ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drug or ETOH abuse and/or non-compliant psychological issues• Transplants• Persistent angina</td></tr></table>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chronic pulmonary disease and/or chronic smoker• Current treatment of chemotherapy or radiation• End stage renal disease• End stage liver disease or history of coagulopathy• Hepatitis A-C• Multiple diagnostics performed on the knee considered for surgery	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drug or ETOH abuse and/or non-compliant psychological issues• Transplants• Persistent angina							
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Risk Stratification Methodology	ASA scoring methodology									
Patient Reported Outcomes Instruments	Oxford Knee Scoring Methodology questionnaire before and after surgery combined with the WOMAC demographic profile components									
Pre-Admission Testing	See pre-admission testing protocols document									
Supplies and Hardware	Best practice supply chain formulary approach to be customized and standardized based on current Nueterra/facility practice and purchasing arrangements									
Surgical Tray Components	Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System code A4550 (surgical tray). Review current Nueterra/facility practice and purchasing arrangements									

Prospective Bundles

Code Set Example

CODE TYPE	CODE	DESCRIPTION	ROLE 1	ROLE 2	ROLE 3
CPT	29873	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL WITH LATERAL RELEASE	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29874	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL FOR REMOVAL OF LOOSE BODY OR FOREIGN BODY (OSTEOCHONDritis DISSECANS FRAGMENTATION CHONDRAL FRAGMENTATION)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29875	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL SYNOVECTOMY LIMITED (PLICA OR SHELF RESECTION) (SEPARATE PROCEDURE)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29876	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL SYNOVECTOMY MAJOR TWO OR MORE COMPARTMENTS (MEDIAL OR LATERAL)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29877	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL DEBRIDEMENT SHAVING OF ARTICULAR CARTILAGE (CHONDROPLASTY)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29879	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL ABRASION ARTHROPLASTY (INCLUDES CHONDROPLASTY WHERE NECESSARY) OR MULTIPLE DRILLING OR MICROFRACTURE	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29880	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL WITH MENISCECTOMY (MEDIAL AND LATERAL INCLUDING ANY MENISCAL SHAVING) INCLUDING DEBRIDEMENT SHAVING OF ARTICULAR CARTILAGE (CHONDROPLASTY) SAME OR SEPARATE COMPARTMENT(S) WHEN PERFORMED	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29881	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL WITH MENISCECTOMY (MEDIAL OR LATERAL INCLUDING ANY MENISCAL SHAVING) INCLUDING DEBRIDEMENT SHAVING OF ARTICULAR CARTILAGE (CHONDROPLASTY) SAME OR SEPARATE COMPARTMENT(S) WHEN PERFORMED	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29882	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL WITH MENISCUS REPAIR (MEDIAL OR LATERAL)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29883	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL WITH MENISCUS REPAIR (MEDIAL AND LATERAL)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29885	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL DRILLING FOR OSTEOCHONDritis DISSECANS WITH BONE GRAFTING WITH OR WITHOUT INTERNAL FIXATION (INCLUDING DEBRIDEMENT OF BASE OF LESION)	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29886	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL DRILLING FOR INTACT OSTEOCHONDritis DISSECANS LESION	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29887	ARTHROSCOPY KNEE SURGICAL DRILLING FOR INTACT OSTEOCHONDritis DISSECANS LESION WITH INTERNAL FIXATION	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER
CPT	29999	UNLISTED PROCEDURE ARTHROSCOPY	PROCEDURE	INCLUSION	TRIGGER

5 Things Payors Should Be Able To Do:

1. Administer Value Based Models Including Bundles
2. Define the Bundle
3. Enter Into Provider Agreements

Bundle Provider Agreements

Final Product

**Bundle Payment Provider
Contract Cover Sheet**

**Payor Bundle Procedure:
Payor-TJR-K-123
Total Bundle Rate = \$28,000**

Provider Participants:

1. NPI A – \$2,000 allowable
2. NPI S – \$4,500
3. NPI F – \$19,000
4. NPI PT – \$1,500
5. NPI R – \$1,000

Anesthesia

Surgeon

Facility

Physical Therapy

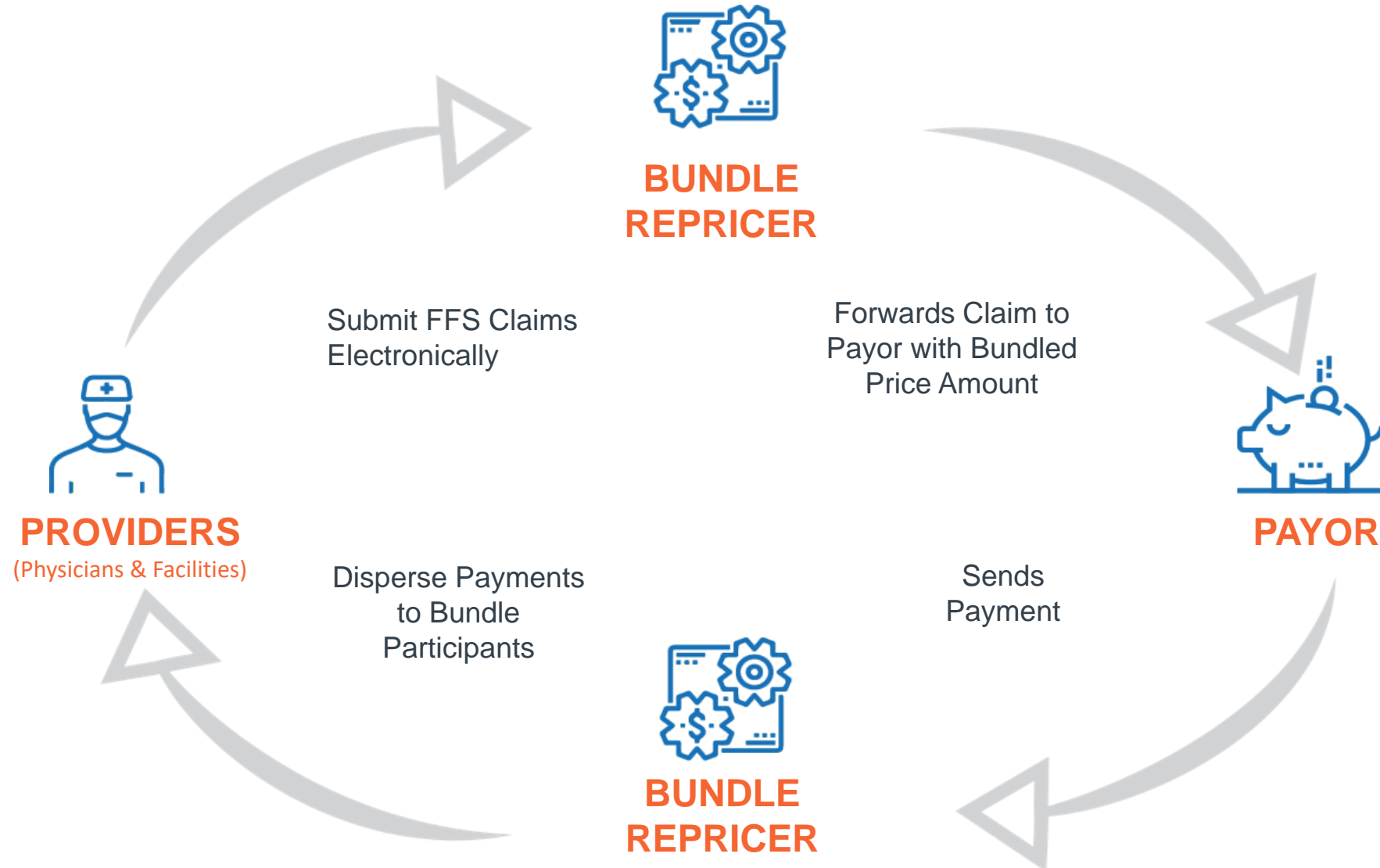
Radiology

5 Things Payors Should Be Able To Do:

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4. Adjudicate the Bundle

Value Based Administration

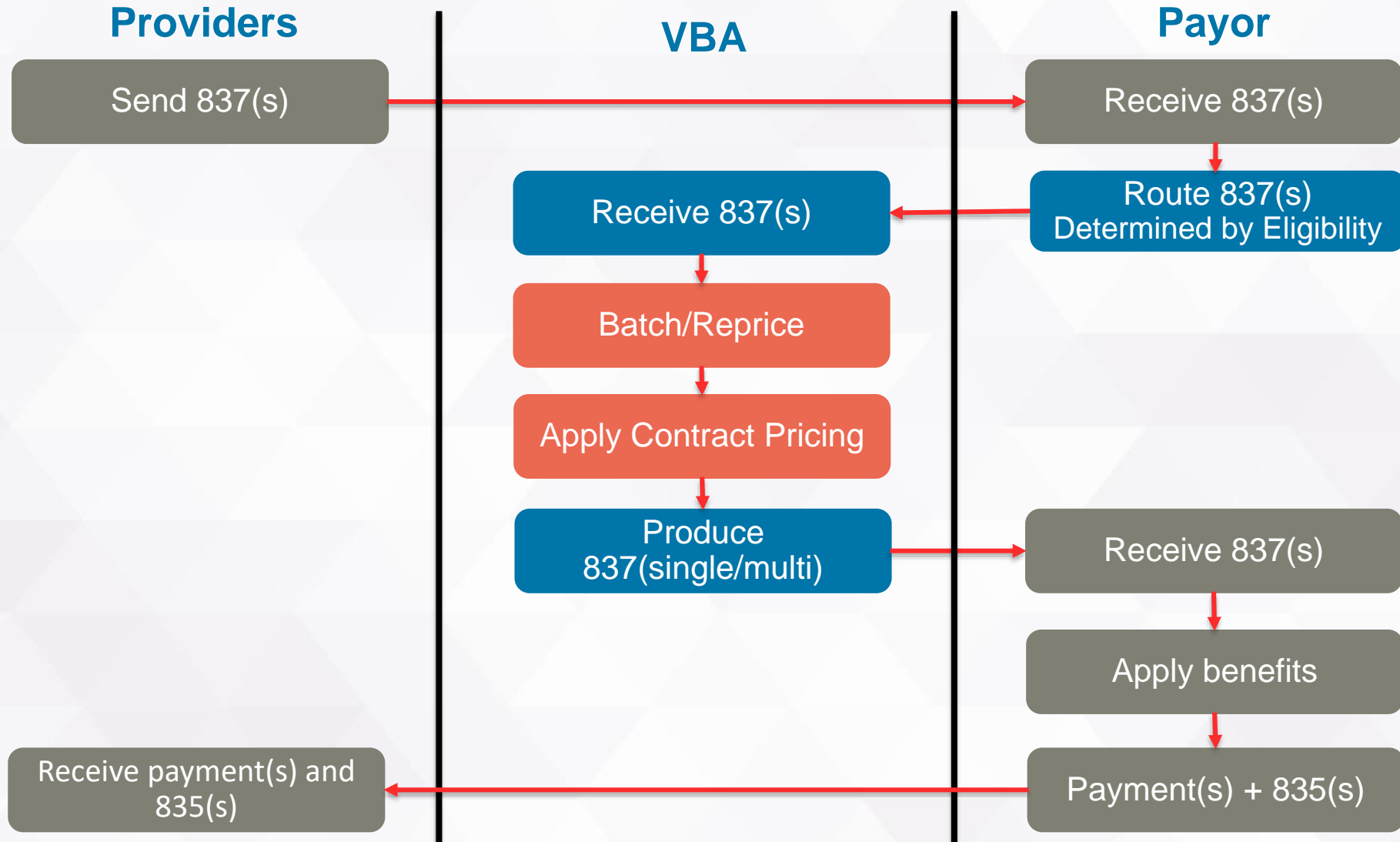
Automate Administration of Bundles



Key Takeaway: No change in the way providers submit claims or the way a payor adjudicates claims

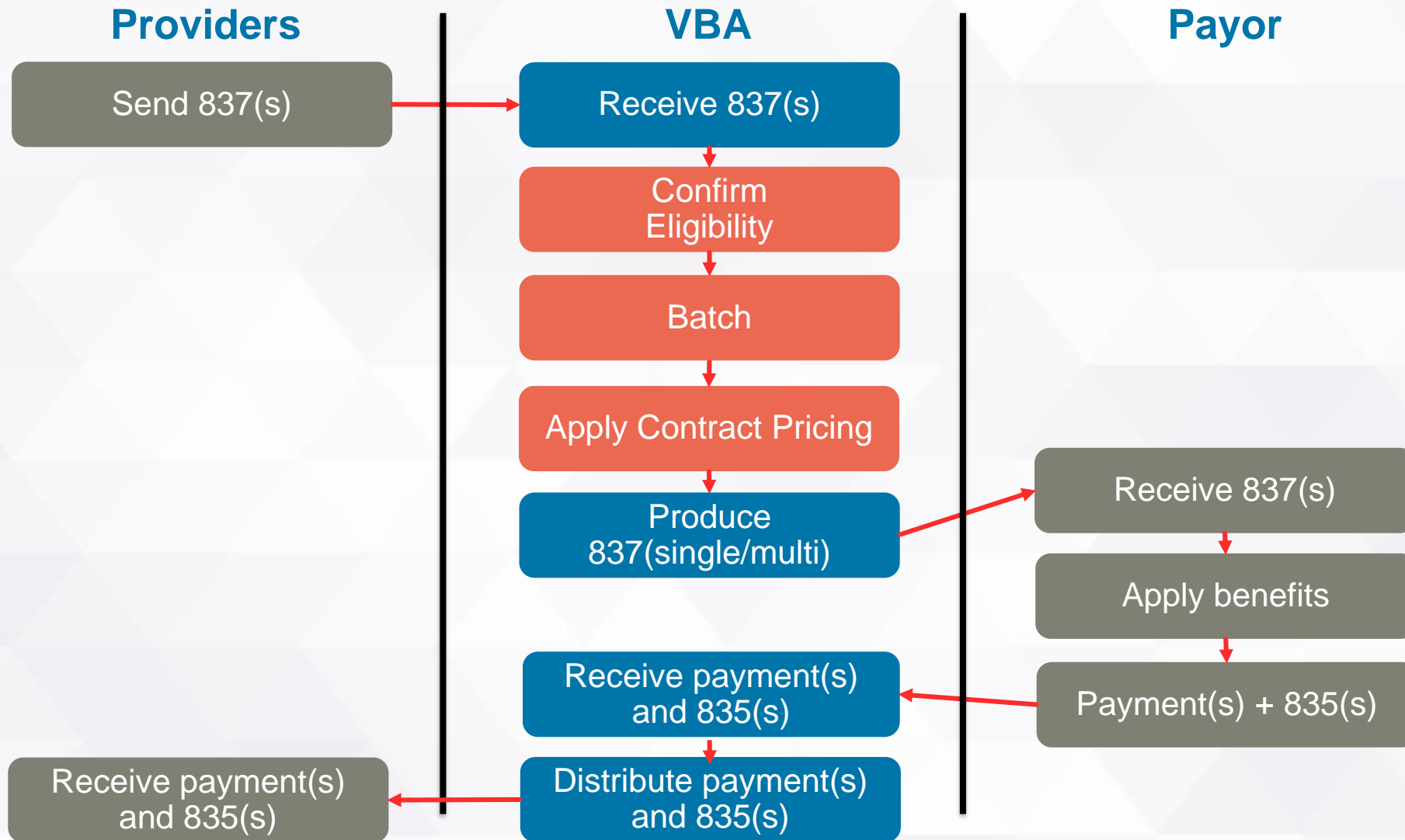
Value Based Administration

Direct to Payor w/Payor Payment Distribution



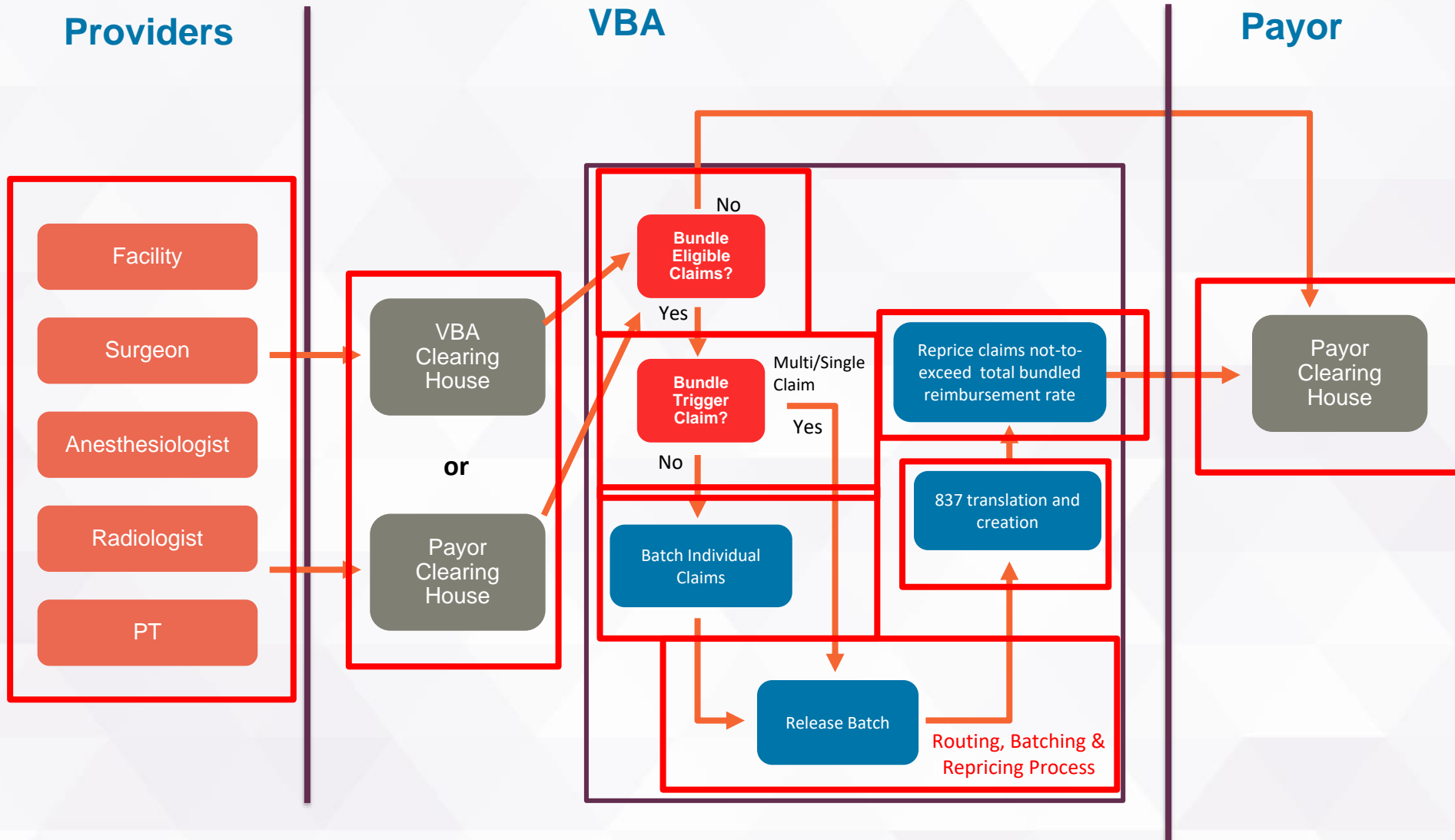
Value Based Administration

Direct to VBA w/VBA Payment Distribution



Value Based Administration Example

Prospective Bundle Administration

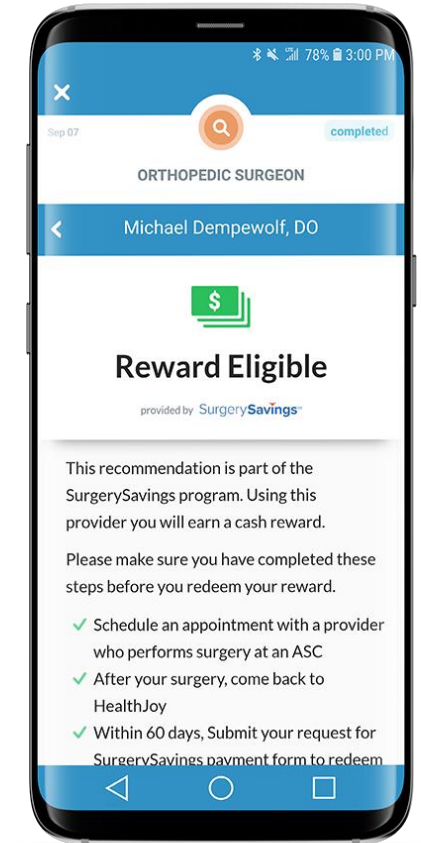


5 Things Payors Should Be Able To Do:

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5. Member Steerage to Maximize Savings Opportunities

Surgery Savings

- Surgery Savings is a consumer driven steerage program to reduce the cost of surgeries.
- ValueHealth will customize a Tier 1 Network of low-cost, high quality facilities that participate with Payor.
- When an member needs surgery, they simply access the app with a few simple steps.
- Member takes control of their health decisions and receives a cash and/or benefit incentive.
- Participant incentive payments are set by Payor or Employer.
 - We recommend cash incentives and no deductibles and coinsurance.
- Covers most orthopedic and bariatric surgeries.
- Cost is \$2 PEPM



Summary

- Surgery is leading value-based care transformation
- Orthopedics is the “spear” in value-based care transformation
- TJR is the “tip of the spear”
- Other Orthopedic procedures to follow
- Other specialties will follow orthopedics
- We can dramatically improve the value delivered to the payor
- Providers must be technology enabled, data driven and payor focused
- Administer Value Based Models Including Bundles
- Define the Bundle
- Enter Into Provider Agreements
- Adjudicate the Bundle
- Member Steerage to Maximize Savings Opportunities

Thank You

ValueHealth